

# HYPER INVERTER PACKAGED AIR-CONDITIONERS

(Split system, air to air heat pump type)

## **CEILINING CASSETTE-4 WAY TYPE**

Single type FDT71VNXWVH Twin type FDT71VNXWPVH

## DUCT CONNECTED-HIGH STATIC PRESSURE TYPE

Single type FDU71VNXWVH

### **CEILING SUSPENDED TYPE**

Single type FDE71VNXWVH Twin type FDE71VNXWPVH

## **V Multi System**

(OUTDOOR UNIT) (INDOOR UNIT) FDC71VNX-W FDT40VH FDE40VH

## CEILING CASSETTE-4 WAY COMPACT TYPE

Twin type FDTC71VNXWPVH

## DUCT CONNECTED-LOW/MIDDLE STATIC PRESSURE TYPE

Single type FDUM71VNXWVH Twin type FDUM71VNXWPVH

## **WALL MOUNTED TYPE**

Single type SRK71VNXWZR

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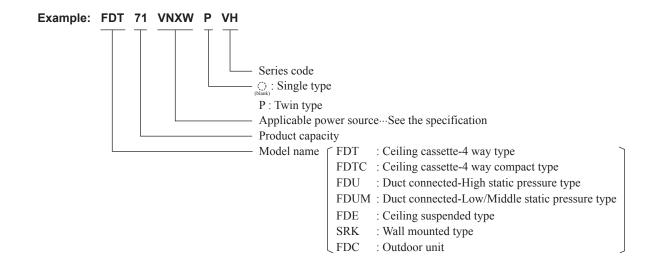
## 1. HYPER INVERTER PACKAGED AIR-CONDITIONERS

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## ■How to read the model name



## 1.1 SPECIFICATIONS

## (1) Ceiling cassette-4 way type (FDT) Single type

			Model _		VNXWVH
Item				Indoor unit FDT71VH	Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W
Power source				,	V 50Hz / 220V 60Hz
	Nominal cooling capacity (rang		kW		n.) - 8.0(Max.)]
	Nominal heating capacity (range)		kW	8.0 [ 3.6(Mi	n.) - 9.0(Max.)]
	Power consumption	Cooling		1	1.69
	Heating		kW	1	1.75
	Max power consumption		1 [	4	1.11
		Cooling		7.5	5 / 7.8
	Running current	Heating	1 A	7.8	3 / 8.2
	Inrush current, max current		1	5,	19.1
Operation		Cooling		,	98
data	Power factor	Heating	<b>-</b> % <b>-</b>		97
	EER	Cooling			1.20
	COP	Heating			1.58
	001	Cooling	+		1.30
	Sound power level		-	64	66
		Heating			
	Sound pressure level	Cooling	dB(A)	P-Hi: 46 Hi: 35 Me: 33 Lo: 31	51
		Heating	<b>┧</b> `´		51
	Silent mode sound	Cooling	_		49 / 47(Normal/Silent)
	pressure level	Heating		_	46.5 / 45.5(Normal/Silent)
Exterior dime	nsions (Height x Width x Depth)		mm	Unit $236 \times 840 \times 840$ Panel $35 \times 950 \times 950$	750 × 880(+88) × 340
Exterior appe	arance			Plaster white	Stucco white
(Munsell color	r)			(6.8Y8.9/0.2) near equivalent	(4.2Y7.5/1.1) near equivalent
RAL color)	•			(RAL 9003) near equivalent	(RAL 7044) near equivalent
Net weight		kg	Unit 21 Panel 5	60	
Compressor type & Q'ty			_	RMT5118SWP1 x 1	
Compressor motor (Starting method)		kW	_	Direct line start	
Refrigerant oil (Amount, type)		L		0.675 (DIAMOND FREEZE MB75)	
Refrigerant (Type, amount, pre-charge length)		kg	B32 2 75 in outdoor unit (Incl.)	the amount for the piping of 30m)	
Heat exchang	·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		9	Louver fin & inner grooved tubing	M shape fin & inner grooved tubing
Refrigerant co	<u></u>				xpansion valve
Fan type & Q'			+ +	Turbo fan x1	Propeller fan x1
	<u> </u>		W	50 < Direct line start >	86 < Direct line start >
ran motor (St	tarting method)	0 15	VV	50 < Direct line start >	
Air flow		Cooling Heating	m³/min	P-Hi: 28 Hi: 21 Me: 19 Lo: 17 60 50	
Available exte	ernal static pressure		Pa	0	_
Outside air int	take			Possible	_
Air filter, Quali	ity / Quantity			Pocket plastic net x1(Washable)	_
	ation absorber			Rubber sleeve (for fan motor)	Rubber sleeve (for fan motor & compresso
Electric heate	r		W	_	20(Crank case heater)
	Remote control		+	(Option) Wired : BC-EX3A BC-E5	, RCH-E3 Wireless : RCN-T-5AW-E2
Operation	Room temperature control		+		by electronics
control	Operation display	-		memostat	by electronics
Safety equipn				Frost protection, Serial signal error pro	ection, Overcurrent protection stection, Indoor fan motor error protection sure control), Cooling overload protection
	Refrigerant piping size (O.D)	Liquid line	mm –	I/U φ 9.52 (3/8") Pipe φ 9.5	52 (3/8")x0.8 Ο/U φ 9.52 (3/8")
	Connecting method	Gas line	+		8(5/8")x1.0 φ 15.88 (5/8") Flare piping
			-	Flare piping	Γιαιθ μίμιιις
nstallation	Attached length of piping		m		_
data	Insulation for piping				Liquid & Gas lines)
	Refrigerant line (one way) length		m	Ma	x.50m
	Vertical height diff. between O	U and I/U	m	Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)	Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower)
Drain hose			Hose connectable VP25 (O.D.32)	Hole size φ 20 x 4 pcs	
Orain pump, r	max lift height		mm	_	_
	ed breaker size		Α		_
	d rotor ampere)		A		5.0
nterconnectir		ore number	+		able) / Termainal block (Screw fixing type)
P number	-5   CILC X O		+ +	IPX0	IP24
Standard acc	essories		+ +	Mounting kit, Drain hose	
staridard acc	00001103		+ +		or: :LB-T-5W-E
Option parts					

Notes (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

The pipe length is 7.5m.
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Item	Indoor air temperature		Outdoor air	temperature	Standards
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	Staridards
Cooling	27°C	19°C	35°C	24°C	ISO5151-T1
Heating	20°C	-	7°C	6°C	ISO5151-H1

- (2) This air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the ISO.
  (3) Sound level indicates the value in an anechoic chamber. During operation these values are somewhat higher due to ambient conditions.
  (4) Select the breaker size according to the own national standard.
  (5) The operation data indicate when the air-conditioner is operated at 230V 50Hz or 220V 60Hz.

### Twin type

tem			Model _	Indoor unit FDT40VH (2 units)	Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W
Power source				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7 50Hz / 220V 60Hz
ower source			14)4/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Nominal cooling capacity (range		kW		.) - 8.0(Max.)]
	Nominal heating capacity (rang	<u> </u>	kW		.) - 9.0(Max.)]
	Power consumption	Cooling		1.	-
	1 ower concumption	Heating	kW	1.3	83
	Max power consumption			4.	11
		Cooling		7.2	7.5
	Running current	Heating	1 A	8.1.	/ 8.5
	Inrush current, max current	Trouting	⊣ ^`		9.1
	illiusii cuitetti, max cuitetti	Caalina			
peration	Power factor	Cooling	<b>-</b>   % <b>-</b>	·	8
lata		Heating		·	8
	EER	Cooling		4.	40
	COP	Heating		4.	38
		Cooling			
	Sound power level	Heating	-	55	66
		Cooling	<b>⊣</b> ⊢		51
	Sound pressure level		dB(A)	P-Hi: 39 Hi: 33 Me: 31 Lo: 30	
	·	Heating			51
	Silent mode sound	Cooling	_	_	49 / 47(Normal/Silent)
	pressure level	Heating		<u> </u>	46.5 / 45.5(Normal/Silent)
Exterior dimensions (Height x Width x Depth)		mm	Unit 236 × 840 × 840 Panel 35 × 950 × 950	750 × 880(+88) × 340	
xterior appea	arance		1	Plaster white	Stucco white
Munsell color				(6.8Y8.9/0.2) near equivalent	(4.2Y7.5/1.1) near equivalent
RAL color)	,			(RAL 9003) near equivalent	(RAL 7044) near equivalent
let weight			ka	Unit 19 Panel 5	60
			kg	Unit 19 Paner5	
compressor ty	<u> </u>				RMT5118SWP1 x 1
ompressor m	notor (Starting method)		kW	_	Direct line start
efrigerant oil (Amount, type)		L	_	0.675 (DIAMOND FREEZE MB75)	
defrigerant (Type, amount, pre-charge length)		kg	R32 2.75 in outdoor unit (Incl. th	ne amount for the piping of 30m)	
leat exchanger		<del>                                     </del>	Louver fin & inner grooved tubing	M shape fin & inner grooved tubing	
Refrigerant co			+	•	pansion valve
an type & Q't	<u> </u>			Turbo fan x1	Propeller fan x1
an motor (Sta	arting method)		W	50 < Direct line start >	86 < Direct line start >
:		Cooling	m³/min	D. Hi. 00   Hi. 10   May 10   Lay 14	60
ir flow		Heating	7 111 / 1111	P-Hi: 20 Hi: 18 Me: 16 Lo: 14	50
vailable exter	rnal static pressure		Pa	0	_
Outside air int			1	Possible	_
			+		
ir filter, Qualit	·			Pocket plastic net x1(Washable) —	
hock & vibrat	tion absorber			Rubber sleeve (for fan motor)	Rubber sleeve (for fan motor & compres
			l W	– 20(Crank case heater)	
lectric heater	<u>r</u>		VV		ZO(Orank case neater)
	Remote control		VV	(Option) Wired: RC-EX3A, RC-E5,	RCH-E3 Wireless : RCN-T-5AW-E2
Operation	1		VV		, , ,
Operation	Remote control Room temperature control		VV		RCH-E3 Wireless : RCN-T-5AW-E2
Operation	Remote control		VV	Thermostat b	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics
Electric heater Degration Control  Safety equipm	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display		VV	Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protec Frost protection, Serial signal error protection	RCH-E3 Wireless : RCN-T-5AW-E2
peration ontrol	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display nents	Liquid line		Thermostat be Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Heating overload protection (High press	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics - ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection
peration ontrol	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display	Liquid line	- mm -	Thermostat be Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection deating overload protection High press I/U $\phi$ 6.35 (1/4") ② $\phi$ 9.52(3/8")x0.8	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics - ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control ), Cooling overload protection ① \( \phi \) 9.52(3/8")x0.8 O/U \( \phi \) 9.52 (3/8")
peration ontrol	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display nents  Refrigerant piping size (O.D)	Liquid line Gas line		Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection deating overload protection (High press I/U φ 6.35 (1/4") ②φ 9.52(3/8")x0.8  I/U φ 12.7 (1/2") ②φ 12.7(1/2")x0.8	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics - ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control ), Cooling overload protection ① \( \phi \) 9.52(3/8")x0.8 \( \text{O/U} \phi \) 9.52 (3/8") ① \( \phi \) 15.88(5/8")x1.0 \( \text{O/U} \phi \) 15.88 (5/8")
peration ontrol afety equipm	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display  nents  Refrigerant piping size (O.D) Connecting method		mm	Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection overload protection (High press I/U \$\phi\$ 6.35 (1/4")  \$\@\phi\$ 9.52(3/8")x0.8  I/U \$\phi\$ 12.7 (1/2")  \$\@\phi\$ 12.7(1/2")x0.8 (Flare piping	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics - ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control ), Cooling overload protection ① $\phi$ 9.52(3/8")x0.8 O/U $\phi$ 9.52 (3/8")
peration ontrol afety equipm	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display nents  Refrigerant piping size (O.D)			Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection deating overload protection (High press I/U φ 6.35 (1/4") ②φ 9.52(3/8")x0.8  I/U φ 12.7 (1/2") ②φ 12.7(1/2")x0.8	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics - ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection ① \( \phi \) 9.52(3/8")x0.8 \( \text{O/U} \phi \) 9.52 (3/8") ① \( \phi \) 15.88(5/8")x1.0 \( \text{O/U} \phi \) 15.88 (5/8")
peration ontrol afety equipm	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display  nents  Refrigerant piping size (O.D) Connecting method		mm	Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection overload protection (High press I/U \$\phi\$ 6.35 (1/4")  \$\@\phi\$ 9.52(3/8")x0.8  I/U \$\phi\$ 12.7 (1/2")  \$\@\phi\$ 12.7(1/2")x0.8 (Flare piping	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection ① \( \phi \) 9.52(3/8")x0.8 \( \O/U \( \phi \) 9.52 (3/8") \( \phi \) 15.88(5/8")x1.0 \( \O/U \( \phi \) 15.88 (5/8")  Flare piping
peration ontrol afety equipm	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display  nents  Refrigerant piping size (O.D)  Connecting method Attached length of piping	Gas line	mm	Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection overheating overload protection (High press I/U \$\phi\$ 6.35 (1/4")	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection ① \( \phi \) 9.52(3/8")x0.8 \( \text{O/U} \( \phi \) 9.52 (3/8")  ① \( \phi \) 15.88(5/8")x1.0 \( \text{O/U} \( \phi \) 15.88 (5/8")  Flare piping  — iquid & Gas lines)
peration ontrol afety equipm	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display  nents  Refrigerant piping size (O.D)  Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) length	Gas line	mm m	Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection overheating overload protection (High press I/U \$\phi\$ 6.35 (1/4")	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection ① \( \phi \) 9.52(3/8")x0.8 \( \text{O/U} \( \phi \) 9.52 (3/8") ① \( \phi \) 15.88(5/8")x1.0 \( \text{O/U} \( \phi \) 15.88 (5/8")  Flare piping  — iquid & Gas lines)
peration ontrol afety equipm	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display  nents  Refrigerant piping size (O.D)  Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) lengty Vertical height diff. between Operation	Gas line	mm —	Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection overheating overload protection (High press I/U \$\phi\$ 6.35 (1/4")	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection ① \( \phi \) 9.52(3/8")x0.8 \( \O/U \( \phi \) 9.52 (3/8") \( \phi \) 15.88(5/8")x1.0 \( \O/U \( \phi \) 15.88 (5/8")  Flare piping  — iquid & Gas lines) .50m  Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower)
peration ontrol afety equipm stallation ata	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display  nents  Refrigerant piping size (O.D)  Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) lengi Vertical height diff. between Ordinal properties of the control o	Gas line	mm m	Thermostat be  Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection (High press I/U \$\phi\$ 6.35 (1/4")  \$\@2\phi\$ 9.52(3/8")x0.8  I/U \$\phi\$ 12.7 (1/2")  \$\@\phi\$ 12.7(1/2")x0.8 (Flare piping	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection ① \( \phi \) 9.52(3/8")x0.8 \( \text{O/U} \( \phi \) 9.52 (3/8") ① \( \phi \) 15.88(5/8")x1.0 \( \text{O/U} \( \phi \) 15.88 (5/8")  Flare piping  — iquid & Gas lines) .50m  Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower) Hole size \( \phi \) 20 x 4 pcs
peration ontrol afety equipm stallation ata	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display  ments  Refrigerant piping size (O.D) Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) lengt Vertical height diff. between Ordinan hose max lift height	Gas line	m m m mm	Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection overheating overload protection (High press I/U \$\phi\$ 6.35 (1/4")	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection ① \( \phi \) 9.52(3/8")x0.8 \( \O/U \( \phi \) 9.52 (3/8") \( \phi \) 15.88(5/8")x1.0 \( \O/U \( \phi \) 15.88 (5/8")  Flare piping  — iquid & Gas lines) .50m  Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower)
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Operation ontrol safety equipm stallation atta	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display  ments  Refrigerant piping size (O.D) Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) lengt Vertical height diff. between Ordinan hose max lift height	Gas line	m m m mm	Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection (High press I/U \$\phi\$ 6.35 (1/4")	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics  ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection ① φ 9.52(3/8")x0.8 O/U φ 9.52 (3/8") ① φ 15.88(5/8")x1.0 O/U φ 15.88 (5/8")  Flare piping  —  iquid & Gas lines) .50m  Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower) Hole size φ 20 x 4 pcs
Operation ontrol  Safety equipments of the control	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display  ments  Refrigerant piping size (O.D) Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) leng Vertical height diff. between Order of the control o	Gas line th //U and I/U	m m m A	Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection (High press I/U \$\phi\$ 6.35 (1/4")  \$\hat{2}\phi\$ 9.52(3/8")x0.8   I/U \$\phi\$ 12.7 (1/2")  \$\hat{2}\phi\$ 12.7(1/2")x0.8    Flare piping  Necessary (both L Max. Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)  Hose connectable VP25 (O.D.32)  Built-in drain pump , 850	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics  ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection ① \( \phi \) 9.52(3/8")x0.8 \( \text{O/U} \phi \) 9.52 (3/8")  \( \phi \) 15.88(5/8")x1.0 \( \text{O/U} \phi \) 15.88 (5/8")  Flare piping  —  Liquid & Gas lines)  50m  Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower)  Hole size \( \phi \) 20 x 4 pcs  —  1.0
Operation ontrol  Safety equipments a late of the commende of	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display  ments  Refrigerant piping size (O.D) Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) leng Vertical height diff. between Order of the control o	Gas line	m m m A	Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection (High press I/U \$\phi\$ 6.35 (1/4")  \$\@\phi\$ 9.52(3/8")x0.8  I/U \$\phi\$ 12.7 (1/2")  \$\@\phi\$ 12.7(1/2")x0.8 (Flare piping  Necessary (both L Max Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)  Hose connectable VP25 (O.D.32)  Built-in drain pump , 850  \$\phi\$ 1.6mm x 3 cores (Including earth cat	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics  ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection ① \$\phi\$ 9.52(3/8")x0.8 O/U \$\phi\$ 9.52 (3/8") ① \$\phi\$ 15.88(5/8")x1.0 O/U \$\phi\$ 15.88 (5/8")  Flare piping  —  Liquid & Gas lines)  50m  Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower)  Hole size \$\phi\$ 20 x 4 pcs —  -  -0  lobe) / Termainal block (Screw fixing type)
peration ontrol  afety equipm  astallation ata  brain pump, notecommende.  R.A. (Locked aterconnecting number)	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display  nents  Refrigerant piping size (O.D) Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) lengi Vertical height diff. between Orderian hose max lift height de breaker size de rotor ampere)  ng wires  Size x Control Refrigerant piping Refrigerant line (one way) lengi Vertical height diff. between Orderian hose max lift height Refrigerant piping Refrigerant line (one way) lengi Vertical height diff. between Orderian hose max lift height Refrigerant piping Refrige	Gas line th //U and I/U	m m m A	Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protection, Serial signal error protection, Serial signal error protection (High press I/U \$\phi\$ 6.35 (1/4") ② \$\phi\$ 9.52(3/8")x0.8  I/U \$\phi\$ 12.7 (1/2") ② \$\phi\$ 12.7(1/2")x0.8 (Flare piping  Necessary (both L Max. Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)  Hose connectable VP25 (O.D.32)  Built-in drain pump , 850  \$\phi\$ 1.6mm x 3 cores (Including earth cat IPX0	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics  ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection ① \$\phi\$ 9.52(3/8")x0.8 O/U \$\phi\$ 9.52 (3/8") ① \$\phi\$ 15.88(5/8")x1.0 O/U \$\phi\$ 15.88 (5/8")  Flare piping  — Liquid & Gas lines) .50m  Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower)  Hole size \$\phi\$ 20 x 4 pcs — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
peration ontrol  afety equipm  astallation ata  brain pump, note commende  arangemende  B.A. (Locked otterconnectine)	Remote control Room temperature control Operation display  nents  Refrigerant piping size (O.D) Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) lengi Vertical height diff. between Orderian hose max lift height de breaker size de rotor ampere)  ng wires  Size x Control Refrigerant piping Refrigerant line (one way) lengi Vertical height diff. between Orderian hose max lift height Refrigerant piping Refrigerant line (one way) lengi Vertical height diff. between Orderian hose max lift height Refrigerant piping Refrige	Gas line th //U and I/U	m m m A	Thermostat b  Compressor overheat protect Frost protection, Serial signal error protect Heating overload protection (Heating overload protection (Heating overload protection)  I/U \$\phi\$ 6.35 (1/4")	RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2 by electronics  ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection ① \$\phi\$ 9.52(3/8")x0.8 O/U \$\phi\$ 9.52 (3/8") ① \$\phi\$ 15.88(5/8")x1.0 O/U \$\phi\$ 15.88 (5/8")  Flare piping  —  Liquid & Gas lines)  50m  Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower)  Hole size \$\phi\$ 20 x 4 pcs —  -  -0  lobe) / Termainal block (Screw fixing type)

ne	pipe	lenath	ı is	7.5m.	

Item	Indoor air temperature		Item Indoor air temperature Outdoor air temperature			
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	Standards	
Cooling	27°C	19°C	35°C	24°C	ISO5151-T1	
Heating	20°C	_	7°C	6°C	ISO5151-H1	

- (2) This air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the ISO.
  (3) Sound level indicates the value in an anechoic chamber. During operation these values are somewhat higher due to ambient conditions.
  (4) Select the breaker size according to the own national standard.
  (5) The operation data indicate when the air-conditioner is operated at 230V 50Hz or 220V 60Hz.

### (2) Ceiling cassette-4 way compact type (FDTC) Twin type

N			Model			
Item				Indoor unit FDTC40VH (2 units) Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W		
Power source				1 Phase, 220-240V	/ 50Hz / 220V 60Hz	
	Nominal cooling capacity (rang	je)	kW	7.1 [ 3.2(Min	.) - 8.0(Max.)]	
	Nominal heating capacity (rang	je)	kW	8.0 [ 3.6(Min	.) - 9.0(Max.)]	
		Cooling			73	
	Power consumption Heating  Max power consumption		kW	1.	83	
			1	4.	11	
	Cooling				/ 8.0	
	Running current	Heating	1 <sub>A</sub>		/ 8.5	
	Inrush current, max current	ricating			19.1	
)	middirectit, max edirecti	Cooling			98	
Operation lata	Power factor		- % -		98	
iaia	FED	Heating	+			
	EER	Cooling	4		12	
	COP	Heating		4.	37	
	Sound power level	Cooling	_	59	66	
		Heating	_			
	Sound pressure level	Cooling	dB(A)	P-Hi: 44 Hi: 40 Me: 35 Lo: 27	51	
	Godina pressure level	Heating		1 111. 44 111. 40 IVIC. 00 E0. 21	51	
	Silent mode sound	Cooling		_	49 / 47(Normal/Silent)	
	pressure level	Heating		_	46.5 / 45.5(Normal/Silent)	
vterior dimen	sions (Height x Width x Depth)		mm	Unit 248 × 570 × 570	750 × 880(+88) × 340	
				Panel 10 × 620 × 620	700 × 000(100) × 040	
xterior appea				Fine snow	Stucco white	
Munsell color)				(8.0Y9.3/0.1) near equivalent	(4.2Y7.5/1.1) near equivalent	
RAL color)				(RAL 9001) near equivalent	(RAL 7044) near equivalent	
Net weight		kg	Unit 14 Panel 2.5	60		
Compressor type & Q'ty			_	RMT5118SWP1 x 1		
Compressor motor (Starting method)		kW	_	Direct line start		
lefrigerant oil (Amount, type)		L	_	0.675 (DIAMOND FREEZE MB75)		
Refrigerant (Type, amount, pre-charge length)		kg	R32 2.75 in outdoor unit (Incl. th	ne amount for the piping of 30m)		
Heat exchanger			Louver fin & inner grooved tubing	M shape fin & inner grooved tubing		
Refrigerant co					pansion valve	
an type & Q't			+	Turbo fan x1	Propeller fan x1	
	arting method)		W	50 < Direct line start >	86 < Direct line start >	
arrinotor (ote	atting metriod/	Cooling	- **	30 \ Direct line start >	60	
ir flow		Heating	m³/min	P-Hi: 13 Hi: 11 Me: 9 Lo: 7	50	
vailalala avea	mal static sussessus	rieating	Pa	0		
	nal static pressure		Pa		_	
outside air inta				Possible –		
ir filter, Qualit	<u> </u>			Pocket plastic net x1(Washable) —		
hock & vibrat				Rubber sleeve (for fan motor) Rubber sleeve (for compre		
lectric heater	1		W	0	20(Crank case heater)	
peration	Remote control			(Option) Wired: RC-EX3A, RC-E5,	RCH-E3 Wireless : RCN-TC-5AW-E2	
ontrol	Room temperature control			Thermostat b	by electronics	
	Operation display			-	_	
				•	tion for fan motor	
Safety equipm	ents				on thermostat	
,					stat for fan motor	
	1	Liquid line	+ +		emperature protection.  (1) φ 9.52(3/8")x0.8 O/U φ 9.52 (3/8")	
	Refrigerant piping size (O.D)	Liquid line	⊢ mm ⊢	, , , , , ,		
	Connecting mathed	Gas line	+ +	I/U φ 12.7 (1/2") ② φ 12.7(1/2")x0.8		
	Connecting method		-	Flare piping	Flare piping	
ıstallation ata	Attached length of piping		m	_	_	
aid	Insulation for piping				_iquid & Gas lines)	
	Refrigerant line (one way) length		m	Max.50m		
	Vertical height diff. between O/	U and I/U	m	Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)	Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower)	
Drain hose			Hose connectable with VP25 (O.D.32)	Hole size φ 20 x 4 pcs		
Drain pump, max lift height		mm	Built-in drain pump , 850	_		
Recommended breaker size		Α	-	_		
.R.A. (Locked	I rotor ampere)		А	5	5.0	
nterconnectin	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ore number	1		ble) / Termainal block (Screw fixing type)	
number	5 1.25 X O		+ +	IPX0	IP24	
	essories		+ +	Mounting kit, Drain hose		
Standard accessories				Mounting Mr., Drain 11030	_	
Option parts				OA Spager TO OAS EQ TO OA	D-E , Motion sensor : LB-TC-5W-E	

Notes (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

The pipe length is 7.5m.

	=				
Item	Indoor air t	emperature	Outdoor air	temperature	Standards
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	Staridards
Cooling	27°C	19°C	35°C	24°C	ISO5151-T1
Heating	20°C	_	7°C	6°C	ISO5151-H1

- (2) This air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the ISO.
- (3) Sound level indicates the value in an anechoic chamber. During operation these values are somewhat higher due to ambient conditions.
- (4) Select the breaker size according to the own national standard.
- (5) The operation data indicate when the air-conditioner is operated at 400V 50Hz or 380V 60Hz.
- (6) Indoor unit specifications for one unit. Capacity and operation data is two indoor units are combined and run together.

  (7) Branching pipe set "DIS-WA1G"×1(Option). ①: Pipe of O/U Branch, ②: Pipe of Branch I/U

## (3) Duct connected-High static pressure type (FDU) Single type

			Model	FDU71VNXWVH		
Item				Indoor unit FDU71VH	Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W	
Power source				1 Phase, 220-240V	50Hz / 220V 60Hz	
	Nominal cooling capacity	(range)	kW	7.1 [ 3.2(Min.	) - 8.0(Max.)]	
	Nominal heating capacity	(range)	kW	8.0 [ 3.6(Min.	) - 9.0(Max.)]	
	Power consumption	Rower consumption Cooling		1.	77	
	Heating		kW	1.	78	
	Max power consumption			4.	11	
	Running current Cooling Heating			7.9	8.3	
			Α	7.9	8.3	
	Inrush current, max currer	nt		5,	20	
Operation	Power factor	Cooling	<b> </b> %	9	8	
data	1 Ower lactor	Heating	/0	9	8	
	EER	Cooling	] [	4.0	01	
	COP	Heating		4.	49	
	Sound power level	Cooling		65	66	
	Souria power level	Heating		65	00	
	Cound proceure level	Cooling	4D(A)	P-Hi: 38 Hi: 33 Me: 29 Lo: 25	51	
	Sound pressure level	Heating	dB(A)	P-HI: 38 HI: 33 IVIE: 29 LO: 25	51	
	Silent mode sound	Cooling	[		49 / 47(Normal/Silent)	
	pressure level	Heating	<u></u>	_	46.5 / 45.5(Normal/Silent)	
exterior dimen	nsions (Height x Width x Dep	oth)	mm	280 × 950 × 635	750 × 880(+88) × 340	
Exterior appearance				Stucco white		
Munsell color	)			_	(4.2Y7.5/1.1) near equivalent	
RAL color)					(RAL 7044) near equivalent	
Net weight		kg	34	60		
Compressor type & Q'ty			_	RMT5118SWP1 x 1		
Compressor m	notor (Starting method)		kW	_	Direct line start	
Refrigerant oil (Amount, type)		L	_	0.675 (DIAMOND FREEZE MB75)		
Refrigerant (T	ype, amount, pre-charge ler	ngth)	kg	R32 2.75 in outdoor unit (Incl. th	e amount for the piping of 30m)	
Heat exchange	er			Louver fin & inner grooved tubing	M shape fin & inner grooved tubing	
Refrigerant control			Electronic ex	pansion valve		
an type & Q't	ty			Centrifugal fan ×2	Propeller fan ×1	
an motor (Sta	arting method)		W	130 < Direct line start >	86 < Direct line start >	
N:: £1		Cooling	m³/min	D. Hi. 04 - Hi. 10 - May 15 - Lay 10	60	
Air flow		Heating		P-Hi: 24 Hi: 19 Me: 15 Lo: 10	50	
Available exter	rnal static pressure	•	Pa	Standard: 35 Max: 200	_	
Outside air inta	ake			Possible	_	
Air filter, Qualit	ty / Quantity			Procure locally	_	
Shock & vibrat	tion absorber			Rubber sleeve (for fan motor)	Rubber sleeve (for compressor)	
Electric heater	•		W	_	20(Crank case heater)	
	Remote control			(Option) Wired: RC-EX3A, RC-E5	, RCH-E3 Wireless : RCN-KIT4-E2	
Operation	Room temperature contro	ol		Thermostat b		
control	Operation display		1	-	-	
			1	Overload protect	ion for fan motor	
Safety equipm	nents			Frost protection thermostat		
Jaioty Squipili	101110			Internal thermos		
	1	1 (20.00 0.00	+ -	Abnormal discharge to		
	Refrigerant piping size (O.	.D) Liquid line	mm	I/U φ 9.52 (3/8") Pipe φ 9.52		
	Commonting	Gas line	+ -	, , , , ,	5/8")x1.0 φ 15.88 (5/8")	
	Connecting method		+ +	Flare piping	Flare piping	
nstallation	Attached length of piping		m	_	_	
data	Insulation for piping			Necessary (both L		
	Refrigerant line (one way)		m	Max.	50m	
Vertical height diff. between O/U and I/U		m	Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)	Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower)		
Drain hose			Hose connectable VP25 (I.D.25, O.D.32)	Hole size φ 20 x 4 pcs		
Orain pump, m	nax lift height		mm	Built-in drain pump , 600	_	
Recommende	d breaker size		Α	-	-	
R.A. (Locked	d rotor ampere)		А	5	.0	
Interconnecting wires Size x Core number		e x Core number	1	φ 1.6mm x 3 cores + earth cable	Terminal block (Screw fixing type)	
nterconnectin						
				IPX0	IP24	
P number				IPX0  Mounting kit, Drain hose	IP24 —	
Interconnectin IP number Standard acce Option parts				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	

The	pipe	length	is	7.5m.

Item	Indoor air t	emperature	Outdoor air	temperature	External static pressure	Standards	
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	of indoor unit	Stariuarus	
Cooling	27°C	19°C	35°C	24°C	60Pa	ISO5151-T1	
Heating	20°C	_	7°C	6°C	bura	ISO5151-H1	

- (2) This air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the ISO.
- (3) Sound level indicates the value in an anechoic chamber. During operation these values are somewhat higher due to ambient conditions.
- (4) Select the breaker size according to the own national standard.
- (5) When wireless remote control is used, fan is 3 speed setting (Hi-Me-Lo) only.
- (6) The operation data indicate when the air-conditioner is operated at 230V 50Hz or 220V 60Hz.
- (7) The factory E.S.P. setting is set within the range of 80 150 Pa.If SW8-4 is turned to "ON", E.S.P. setting range can be changed to 10 200 Pa.(For RC-EX3A and RC-E5 only)

### (4) Duct connected-Low/Middle static pressure type (FDUM) Single type

			Model		VNXWVH		
Item				Indoor unit FDUM71VH	Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W		
Power source				1 Phase, 220-240V	50Hz / 220V 60Hz		
	Nominal cooling capacity (rang	ge)	kW		.) - 8.0(Max.)]		
	Nominal heating capacity (range)		kW	8.0 [ 3.6(Min.	.) - 9.0(Max.)]		
	Power consumption	Cooling		1.77			
	Heating		kW	1.	78		
	Max power consumption		7 [	4.	11		
	D	Cooling		7.9	/ 8.3		
	Running current	Heating	A	7.9	/ 8.3		
	Inrush current, max current		7 I	5,	20		
Operation		Cooling	1 0/	9	8		
data	Power factor	Heating	- %	9	8		
	EER	Cooling	1	4.	01		
	COP	Heating	<b></b>	4.			
		Cooling	+ +				
	Sound power level	Heating	1	65	66		
		Cooling	-		51		
	Sound pressure level		dB(A)	P-Hi: 38 Hi: 33 Me: 29 Lo: 25	51		
	Cilonet manda a com d	Heating	┥ ├		49 / 47(Normal/Silent)		
	Silent mode sound pressure level	Cooling	-   -	_	` ,		
Transaction of the	1	Heating		-	46.5 / 45.5(Normal/Silent)		
	nsions (Height x Width x Depth)		mm	280 × 950 × 635	750 × 880(+88) × 340		
Exterior appea (Munsell color (RAL color )				-	Stucco white (4.2Y7.5/1.1) near equivalent (RAL 7044) near equivalent		
Net weight			kg	34	60		
Compressor to	vne & ∩'tv		19	_	RMT5118SWP1 x 1		
	notor (Starting method)		kW	_	Direct line start		
<u> </u>	(Amount, type)		L	_	0.675 (DIAMOND FREEZE MB75)		
					,		
Refrigerant (Type, amount, pre-charge length)		kg	,	ne amount for the piping of 30m)			
Heat exchang	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		+	Louver fin & inner grooved tubing	M shape fin & inner grooved tubing		
Refrigerant co					pansion valve		
an type & Q'	<u>·</u>		1	Centrifugal fan ×2	Propeller fan ×1		
an motor (St	arting method)		W	130 < Direct line start >	86 < Direct line start >		
Air flow		Cooling Heating	m³/min	P-Hi: 24 Hi: 19 Me: 15 Lo: 10	60 50		
Available exte	rnal static pressure		Pa	Standard: 35 Max: 100	_		
Outside air int	ake			Possible	_		
Air filter, Quali	ty / Quantity			Procure locally	_		
Shock & vibra	tion absorber			Rubber sleeve (for fan motor)  Rubber sleeve (for compre			
lectric heate	r		W	_	20(Crank case heater)		
	Remote control			(Option) Wired: RC-EX3A, RC-E5	, RCH-E3 Wireless : RCN-KIT4-E2		
Operation	Room temperature control				by electronics		
control	Operation display		1	-	_		
Safety equipm	nents			Overload protect Frost protecti Internal thermos Abnormal discharge te	tat for fan motor		
	Refrigerant piping size (O.D)	Liquid line	mm	I/U φ 9.52 (3/8") Pipe φ 9.52	2(3/8")x0.8 O/U φ 9.52 (3/8")		
	nemgerant piping size (O.D)	Gas line	mm	φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(	5/8")x1.0 φ 15.88 (5/8")		
	Connecting method	•		Flare piping	Flare piping		
nstallation	Insulation for piping			Necessary (both L	Liquid & Gas lines)		
lata	Refrigerant line (one way) leng	th	m	Max.			
	Vertical height diff. between O		m	Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)	Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower)		
	Drain hose		+	Hose connectable VP25 (I.D.25, O.D.32)	Hole size φ 20 x 4 pcs		
rain numn n	nax lift height		mm	Built-in drain pump, 600			
	ed breaker size		A		<u> </u>		
	d rotor ampere)		A		.0		
,		oro number	A		.u / Terminal block (Screw fixing type)		
nterconnectin	ig wires   Size x C	ore number	+ +	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
IP number			+	IPX0	IP24		
Standard acce	essories		1	Mounting kit, Drain hose			
Option parts			1	Filter set : UM-FL2EF,	Motion sensor : LB-KIT		

Notes (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

The pipe length is 7.5m.

. ,						
Item	Indoor air t	emperature	Outdoor air	temperature	External static pressure	Standards
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	of indoor unit	Staridards
Cooling	27°C	19°C	35°C	24°C	35Pa	ISO5151-T1
Heating	20°C	_	7℃	6°C	JUPA	ISO5151-H1

- (2) This air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the ISO.
- (3) Sound level indicates the value in an anechoic chamber. During operation these values are somewhat higher due to ambient conditions.
- (4) Select the breaker size according to the own national standard.
- (5) The operation data indicate when the air-conditioner is operated at 230V 50Hz or 220V 60Hz.
  (6) Static pressure of option air filter "UM-FL2EF" is 5Pa initially.
  (7) The external static pressure setting can be changed to 10-100Pa. (For RC-EX3A and RC-E5 only)

#### Twin type

			Model		/NXWPVH		
Item				Indoor unit FDUM40VH (2 units)	Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W		
Power source	T				V 50Hz / 220V 60Hz		
	Nominal cooling capacity (ran	<u> </u>	kW		.) - 8.0(Max.)]		
	Nominal heating capacity (ran	ge)	kW	8.0 [ 3.6(Min	.) - 9.0(Max.)]		
	Power consumption	Cooling		1.76			
	Heating		kW	1.	80		
	Max power consumption			4.	11		
	Dunning ourrent	Cooling		7.8	/ 8.2		
	Running current	Heating	A	8.0	/ 8.4		
	Inrush current, max current		7	5,	20		
Operation		Cooling	0.1	9	98		
data	Power factor	Heating	<b>-</b> %	9	98		
	EER	Cooling	1	4.	03		
	COP	Heating	┥ ト		44		
		Cooling	+ +				
	Sound power level	Heating	-	60	66		
		Cooling	┥ ト		51		
	Sound pressure level		dB(A)	P-Hi: 37 Hi: 32 Me: 29 Lo: 26	51		
	Ollerature also	Heating	-		-		
	Silent mode sound pressure level	Cooling	-	<del>_</del>	49 / 47(Normal/Silent)		
F. 4	11	Heating	-		46.5 / 45.5(Normal/Silent)		
	nsions (Height x Width x Depth)		mm	280 × 950 × 635	750 × 880(+88) × 340		
Exterior appearance (Munsell color) (RAL color )			_	Stucco white (4.2Y7.5/1.1) near equivalent (RAL 7044) near equivalent			
Net weight			kg	29	60		
Compressor to	vne & O'tv		9		RMT5118SWP1 x 1		
	notor (Starting method)		kW		Direct line start		
			L	<del>_</del>	0.675 (DIAMOND FREEZE MB75)		
	(Amount, type)		+ +				
Refrigerant (Type, amount, pre-charge length)		kg		ne amount for the piping of 30m)			
leat exchang				Louver fin & inner grooved tubing	M shape fin & inner grooved tubing		
Refrigerant co					pansion valve		
an type & Q'	<u> </u>			Centrifugal fan ×2	Propeller fan ×1		
an motor (St	arting method)		W	100 < Direct line start >	86 < Direct line start >		
Air flow		Cooling Heating	m³/min	P-Hi: 13 Hi: 10 Me: 9 Lo: 8	60 50		
Available exte	rnal static pressure		Pa	Standard: 35 Max: 100	_		
Outside air int	take			Possible	_		
Air filter, Quali	ty / Quantity			Procure locally	_		
Shock & vibra	ition absorber			Rubber sleeve (for fan motor)	Rubber sleeve (for compressor)		
lectric heater			W	_	20(Crank case heater)		
	Remote control			(Option) Wired: RC-FX3A RC-F5	, RCH-E3 Wireless : RCN-KIT4-E2		
Operation	Room temperature control				by electronics		
control	Operation display				_		
Safety equipm				Frost protecti Internal thermos	tion for fan motor on thermostat stat for fan motor emperature protection.		
	Pofrigorant pining size (C.D.)	Liquid line	mm	I/U φ 6.35 (1/4") ② φ 9.52(3/8")x0.8	① φ 9.52(3/8")x0.8 O/U φ 9.52 (3/8")		
	Refrigerant piping size (O.D)	Gas line	mm -	φ 12.7 (1/2") ②φ 12.7(1/2")x0.8 ①	φ 15.88(5/8")x1.0 O/U φ 15.88 (5/8")		
	Connecting method	•		Flare piping	Flare piping		
nstallation	Insulation for piping			Necessary (both I	Liquid & Gas lines)		
lata	Refrigerant line (one way) leng	th	m		.50m		
	Vertical height diff. between O		m	Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)	Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower)		
	Drain hose			Hose connectable VP25 (I.D.25, O.D.32)	Hole size φ 20 x 4 pcs		
)rain numn n	nax lift height		mm	Built-in drain pump , 600			
	ed breaker size		A	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
	d rotor ampere)	\	A		(.O		
Interconnectin	ig wires Size x C	ore number		•	/ Terminal block (Screw fixing type)		
P number				IPX0	IP24		
Standard acce	essories			Mounting kit, Drain hose	_		
Standard accessories Option parts					Motion sensor : LB-KIT		

Notes (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

The pipe length is 7.5m.

		-					
Item			Outdoor air temperature		External static pressure	Standards	
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	of indoor unit	Stariuarus	
Cooling	27°C	19°C	35°C	24°C	35Pa	ISO5151-T1	
Heating	20°C	_	7°C	6°C	35Fa	ISO5151-H1	

- (2) This air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the ISO.
- (3) Sound level indicates the value in an anechoic chamber. During operation these values are somewhat higher due to ambient conditions.
- (4) Select the breaker size according to the own national standard.

- (6) The operation data indicate when the air-conditioner is operated at 230V 50Hz or 220V 60Hz.
  (6) Static pressure of option air filter "UM-FL2EF" is 5Pa initially.
  (7) The external static pressure setting can be changed to 10-100Pa. (For RC-EX3A and RC-E5 only)

### (5) Ceiling suspended type (FDE) Single type

			Model	FDE71V	NXWVH
Item				Indoor unit FDE71VH	Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W
Power source				1 Phase, 220 - 240\	/ 50Hz / 220V 60Hz
	Nominal cooling capacity (rang	je)	kW	7.1 [ 3.2(Min.	) - 8.0(Max.)]
	Nominal heating capacity (rang	ge)	kW	8.0 [ 3.6(Min.	) - 9.0(Max.)]
	Power consumption	Cooling		1.8	37
	Power consumption	Heating	kW	1.8	37
	Max power consumption	•	7 [	4.	l1
	Din a comment	Cooling		8.3 /	8.7
	Running current	Heating	7 A [	8.3 /	8.7
	Inrush current, max current		7	5, 1	9.1
Operation		Cooling	94	9	8
data	Power factor	Heating	%	9	8
	EER	Cooling		3.8	30
	COP	Heating	<b>1</b>	4.2	28
		Cooling	1		
	Sound power level	Heating	-	60	66
	-	Cooling	┥ ト		51
	Sound pressure level	Heating	dB(A)	P-Hi: 47 Hi: 41 Me: 37 Lo: 32	51
	Silent mode sound	Cooling	┥ ├		49 / 47(Normal/Silent)
	pressure level	Heating	┥ ├		46.5 / 45.5(Normal/Silent)
xterior dime	nsions (Height x Width x Depth)	1 rouning	mm	210 × 1,320 × 690	750 × 880(+88) × 340
Exterior appea			111111	Plaster white	Stucco white
Munsell color				(6.8Y8.9/0.2) near equivalent	(4.2Y7.5/1.1) near equivalent
RAL color)	,			(RAL 9003) near equivalent	(RAL 7044) near equivalent
let weight			kg	33	60
Compressor t	vne & O'tv		1 13	_	RMT5118SWP1 x 1
	notor (Starting method)		kW	_	Direct line start
	(Amount, type)		L	_	0.675 (DIAMOND FREEZE MB75)
	ype, amount, pre-charge length)		+ +	R32 2.75 in outdoor unit (Incl. th	
Heat exchang			kg	Louver fin & inner grooved tubing	M shape fin & inner grooved tubing
			+ +	Capillary tubes + Elect	
Refrigerant co			+	Capillary tubes + Elect	
an type & Q'	<u>·</u>		W		Propeller fan ×1
an motor (St	arting method)	Caalina	l vv	50 < Direct line start >	86 < Direct line start >
Air flow		Cooling	m³/min	P-Hi: 20 Hi: 16 Me: 13 Lo: 10	60
Vice Helelie 1	unal atatia augus :::-	Heating	D-		50
	rnal static pressure		Pa	0	
Outside air int	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		+ +	Not possible	
Air filter, Quali	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		+	Pocket plastic net ×2(Washable)	- Publican stars "
	tion absorber		1 100	Rubber sleeve (for fan motor)	Rubber sleeve (for compressor)
lectric heate	<u> </u>		W		20(Crank case heater)
Operation	Remote control		1	(Option) Wired: RC-EX3A, RC-E	
ontrol	Room temperature control			Thermostat b	y electronics
	Operation display		1	-	-
				Overload protect	
Safety equipn	nents			Frost protection Internal thermos	
				Abnormal discharge te	
		Liquid line	+ +		(3/8")x0.8 O/U \( \phi \) 9.52 (3/8")
	Refrigerant piping size (O.D)	Gas line	mm -		5/8")x1.0 φ 15.88 (5/8")
	Connecting method	1		Flare piping	Flare piping
nstallation	Insulation for piping			Necessary (both L	
lata	Refrigerant line (one way) leng	th	m	Max.	
	Vertical height diff. between O		m	Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)	Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower)
	Drain hose	2 414 70		Hose connectable with VP20 (O.D.26)	Hole size φ 20 x 4 pcs
rain numn r	nax lift height		mm		
	nax iiit neignt ed breaker size		mm		
			A		-
•	d rotor ampere)	oro number	A		(Tarminal block (Saray fixing type)
nterconnectir	ig wires   Size x C	ore number			Terminal block (Screw fixing type)
P number	<del></del>			IPX0	IP24
Standard acco	essories			Mounting kit, Drain hose	
Option parts				Motion ser	nsor : LB-E

Notes (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

The pipe length is 7.5m.

* *					
Item	Indoor air t	emperature	Outdoor air	temperature	Standards
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	Staridards
Cooling	27°C	19°C	35°C	24°C	ISO5151-T1
Heating	20°C	_	7°C	6°C	ISO5151-H1

- (2) This air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the ISO.(3) Sound level indicates the value in an anechoic chamber. During operation these values are somewhat higher due to ambient conditions.
- (4) Select the breaker size according to the own national standard.
- (5) The operation data indicate when the air-conditioner is operated at 230V 50Hz or 220V 60Hz.

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### Twin type

			Model	FDE71VI	
Item				Indoor unit FDE40VH (2 units)	Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W
Power source				1 Phase, 220 - 240\	/ 50Hz / 220V 60Hz
	Nominal cooling capacity (range	ge)	kW	7.1 [ 3.2(Min.	) - 8.0(Max.)]
	Nominal heating capacity (ran	ge)	kW	8.0 [ 3.6(Min.	) - 9.0(Max.)]
	Power consumption	Cooling		1.5	76
	Heating		kW	2.	10
	Max power consumption			4.1	11
	Dunning ourrent	Cooling		7.8	8.2
	Running current	Heating	A	9.3 /	9.8
	Inrush current, max current		7 1	5, 1	9.1
Operation	Davis of atan	Cooling	0/	9	8
data	Power factor	Heating	- %	9	8
	EER	Cooling		4.0	03
	COP	Heating	7	3.8	81
		Cooling			
	Sound power level	Heating	1	60	66
		Cooling	╡ l		51
	Sound pressure level	Heating	dB(A)	P-Hi: 46 Hi: 38 Me: 36 Lo: 31	51
	Silent mode sound	Cooling	<b> </b>	_	49 / 47(Normal/Silent)
	pressure level	Heating	┥	_	46.5 / 45.5(Normal/Silent)
Exterior dime	nsions (Height x Width x Depth)	1	mm	210 × 1,070 × 690	750 × 880(+88) × 340
Exterior appea				Plaster white	Stucco white
(Munsell color				(6.8Y8.9/0.2) near equivalent	(4.2Y7.5/1.1) near equivalent
(RAL color)	,			(RAL 9003) near equivalent	(RAL 7044) near equivalent
Net weight			kg	28	60
Compressor t	vpe & Q'tv			_	RMT5118SWP1 x 1
	motor (Starting method)		kW	_	Direct line start
<u> </u>	I (Amount, type)		L	_	0.675 (DIAMOND FREEZE MB75)
	Type, amount, pre-charge length)		kg	R32 2.75 in outdoor unit (Incl. th	,
Heat exchang	<del>,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</del>		I Ng	Louver fin & inner grooved tubing	M shape fin & inner grooved tubing
Refrigerant co	<u> </u>			Electronic exp	
Fan type & Q'				Centrifugal fan ×2	Propeller fan ×1
	arting method)		W	30 < Direct line start >	86 < Direct line start >
an motor (ot	arting method)	Cooling			60
Air flow		Heating	m³/min	P-Hi: 13 Hi: 10 Me: 9 Lo: 7	50
Available ovto	ernal static pressure	rieating	Pa	0	_
Outside air int	<u> </u>		Га	Not possible	
Air filter, Quali				Pocket plastic net ×2(Washable)	<del>_</del>
	<u> </u>				— Dulphan alasya (fan asmanasan)
Electric heate	ation absorber		W	Rubber sleeve (for fan motor)	Rubber sleeve (for compressor)
Electric neate	1		VV	(Oution) Wind to BO 5Y0A BO 5	20(Crank case heater)
Operation	Remote control			(Option) Wired: RC-EX3A, RC-E	
control	Room temperature control			Thermostat b	by electronics
	Operation display			-	-
				Overload protect Frost protecti	
Safety equipn	nents			Internal thermos	
				Abnormal discharge te	
	Define and it is (C.7)	Liquid line			3 ① φ 9.52(3/8")x0.8 O/U φ 9.52 (3/8"
	Refrigerant piping size (O.D)	Gas line	– mm	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	① φ 15.88(5/8")x1.0 φ 15.88 (5/8")
	Connecting method			Flare piping	Flare piping
nstallation	Insulation for piping		1	Necessary (both L	
data	Refrigerant line (one way) leng	th	m	Max.	
	Vertical height diff. between O		m	Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)	Max.15m (Outdoor unit is lower)
Drain hose			Hose connectable with VP20 (O.D.26)	Hole size φ 20 x 4 pcs	
Orain pump r	max lift height		mm	_	—
	ed breaker size		A		
	d rotor ampere)		A	5	.0
nterconnectir		ore number			/ Terminal block (Screw fixing type)
P number	ig will co	OLO HOLLIDO	+	φ 1.6πm x 3 cores + earth cable /	IP24
Standard acc	essories		+	Mounting kit, Drain hose	
	C3301163				
Option parts				iviolion ser	nsor : LB-E

Notes (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

The pipe length is 7.5m.

Item	Indoor air t	emperature	Outdoor air	temperature	Chandauda
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	Standards
Cooling	27°C	19°C	35°C	24°C	ISO5151-T1
Heating	20°C	_	7°C	6°C	ISO5151-H1

- (2) This air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the ISO.(3) Sound level indicates the value in an anechoic chamber. During operation these values are somewhat higher due to ambient conditions.
- (4) Select the breaker size according to the own national standard.
- (5) The operation data indicate when the air-conditioner is operated at 230V 50Hz or 220V 60Hz.

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### (6) Wall mounted type (SRK) Single type

Item			Model		/NXWZR		
			$\overline{}$	Indoor unit SRK71ZR-W	Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W		
Power source	1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	/ 50Hz / 220V 60Hz		
	Nominal cooling capacity (ra		kW		.) - 8.0(Max.)]		
	Nominal heating capacity (range)		kW	8.0 [ 3.6(Min.) - 9.0(Max.)]			
	Power consumption	Power consumption Cooling Heating		1.93			
	- oner concumpation			1.	78		
	Max power consumption			4.	11		
	Dunning summer	Cooling		8.6	/ 9.0		
	Running current	Heating	A	7.9	/ 8.3		
	Inrush current, max current			5, 1	19.1		
Operation		Cooling			98		
data	Power factor	Heating	- %		98		
	EER	Cooling			68		
	COP	Heating	-		49		
	001	Cooling		57			
	Sound power level		-	60	- 66		
		Heating	_				
	Sound pressure level	Cooling	dB(A)	Hi: 44 Me: 41 Lo: 37 ULo: 25	51		
		Heating	_ ` ′	Hi: 46 Me: 39 Lo: 35 ULo: 28	51		
	Silent mode sound	Cooling	_		49 / 47(Normal/Silent)		
	pressure level	Heating			46.5 / 45.5(Normal/Silent)		
Exterior dimer	nsions (Height x Width x Depth	)	mm	339 × 1,197 × 262	750 × 880(+88) × 340		
Exterior appea	arance			Fine snow	Stucco white		
(Munsell color	7)			(8.0Y9.3/0.1) near equivalent	(4.2Y7.5/1.1) near equivalent		
(RAL color)				(RAL 9003) near equivalent	(RAL 7044) near equivalent		
Net weight			kg	15.5	60		
Compressor t	ype & Q'ty			_	RMT5118SWP1 x 1		
	notor (Starting method)		kW	_	Direct line start		
	I (Amount, type)		L	_	0.675 (DIAMOND FREEZE MB75)		
	Type, amount, pre-charge lengt	b)	kg	P22.2.75 in outdoor unit (Incl. th	ne amount for the piping of 30m)		
		1)	, kg	,	,		
Heat exchang				Louver fin & inner grooved tubing	M shape fin & inner grooved tubing		
Refrigerant co					pansion valve		
Fan type & Q'	<u> </u>			Tangential fan x1	Propeller fan x1		
Fan motor (St	arting method)		W	56 < Direct line start >	86 < Direct line start >		
Air flow		Cooling	m³/min	Hi: 20.5 Me: 18.6 Lo: 16.2 ULo: 10.4	60		
All HOW		Heating	1117111111	Hi: 25.0 Me: 19.8 Lo: 17.3 ULo: 13.3	50		
Available exte	rnal static pressure		Pa	0	_		
Outside air int	take			Not possible	_		
Air filter, Quali	ty / Quantity			Polypropylene net (Washable) x 2	_		
Shock & vibra	tion absorber			Rubber sleeve (for fan motor)	Rubber sleeve (for fan motor & compresso		
Electric heater			W	_	20(Crank case heater)		
	Remote control			(Ontion) Wired : RC-EX3A RC-E5	RCH-E3 Interface kit : SC-BIKN2-E		
Operation	Room temperature control				by electronics		
control							
	Operation display		+		POWER: Green , 3D AUTO: Orange		
Safety equipments				Frost protection, Serial signal error prote	ction, Overcurrent protection ection, Indoor fan motor error protection ure control), Cooling overload protection		
Salety equipit	Liquid line				2/3/8"\v0.8		
Salety equipit	Refrigerant piping size (O.D.)	Liquid line	mm	I/U φ 9.52 (3/8") Pipe φ 9.52	2(3/0 )λ0.0		
Salety equipir	Refrigerant piping size (O.D)	Liquid line Gas line	mm	I/U φ 9.52 (3/8") Pipe φ 9.52 φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88			
Safety equiph	Refrigerant piping size (O.D)  Connecting method		mm				
	Connecting method		mm m	φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(	(5/8")x1.0 φ 15.88 (5/8")		
nstallation	Connecting method Attached length of piping			φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(  Flare piping  —	5/8")x1.0 φ 15.88 (5/8")   Flare piping   —		
nstallation	Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping	Gas line	m	φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(  Flare piping	5/8")x1.0 φ 15.88 (5/8")   Flare piping   —   iquid & Gas lines)		
nstallation	Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) ler	Gas line	m	φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(  Flare piping    Necessary (both I	5/8")x1.0 φ 15.88 (5/8")  Flare piping  —  Liquid & Gas lines) .50m		
nstallation	Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) ler Vertical height diff. between	Gas line	m	φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(  Flare piping   Necessary (both I  Max  Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)	5/8")x1.0		
nstallation data	Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) ler Vertical height diff. between Drain hose	Gas line	m m m	φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(  Flare piping    Necessary (both I	5/8")x1.0 φ 15.88 (5/8")  Flare piping  —  Liquid & Gas lines) .50m		
nstallation data Orain pump, n	Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) ler Vertical height diff. between Drain hose max lift height	Gas line	m m m	φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(  Flare piping   Necessary (both I  Max  Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)	5/8")x1.0		
nstallation data Drain pump, n	Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) ler Vertical height diff. between Drain hose	Gas line	m m m A	φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(  Flare piping  -  Necessary (both I  Max  Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)  Hose connectable (VP16)  -	5/8")x1.0		
nstallation data Drain pump, r Recommende	Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) ler Vertical height diff. between Drain hose max lift height	Gas line	m m m	φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(  Flare piping  -  Necessary (both I  Max  Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)  Hose connectable (VP16)  -	5/8")x1.0		
Installation data Drain pump, r Recommende L.R.A. (Locket	Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) ler Vertical height diff. between Drain hose max lift height ad breaker size d rotor ampere)	Gas line	m m m A	φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(  Flare piping  -  Necessary (both I  Max  Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)  Hose connectable (VP16)  -	5/8")x1.0		
Installation data Drain pump, r Recommende	Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) ler Vertical height diff. between Drain hose max lift height ad breaker size d rotor ampere)	Gas line  ligth  O/U and I/U	m m m A	φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(  Flare piping  -  Necessary (both I  Max  Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)  Hose connectable (VP16)  -	5/8")x1.0		
Installation data Drain pump, r Recommende L.R.A. (Locked Interconnectir	Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) ler Vertical height diff. between Drain hose max lift height do breaker size d rotor ampere) ng wires Size x	Gas line  ligth  O/U and I/U	m m m A	φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(  Flare piping  —  Necessary (both I  Max  Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)  Hose connectable (VP16)  —  1.5mm² x 4 cores (Including earth cable)  IPX0  Mounting kit, Clean filter  (Allergen clear filter ×1,	5/8")x1.0		
Installation data  Drain pump, respectively. Recommende L.R.A. (Locked interconnecting pumber)	Connecting method Attached length of piping Insulation for piping Refrigerant line (one way) ler Vertical height diff. between Drain hose max lift height do breaker size d rotor ampere) ng wires Size x	Gas line  ligth  O/U and I/U	m m m A	φ 15.88 (5/8") φ 15.88(  Flare piping  -  Necessary (both I  Max  Max.30m (Outdoor unit is higher)  Hose connectable (VP16)  -  1.5mm² x 4 cores (Including earth cab  IPX0  Mounting kit, Clean filter	5/8")x1.0		

Notes (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

The pipe length is 7.5m.

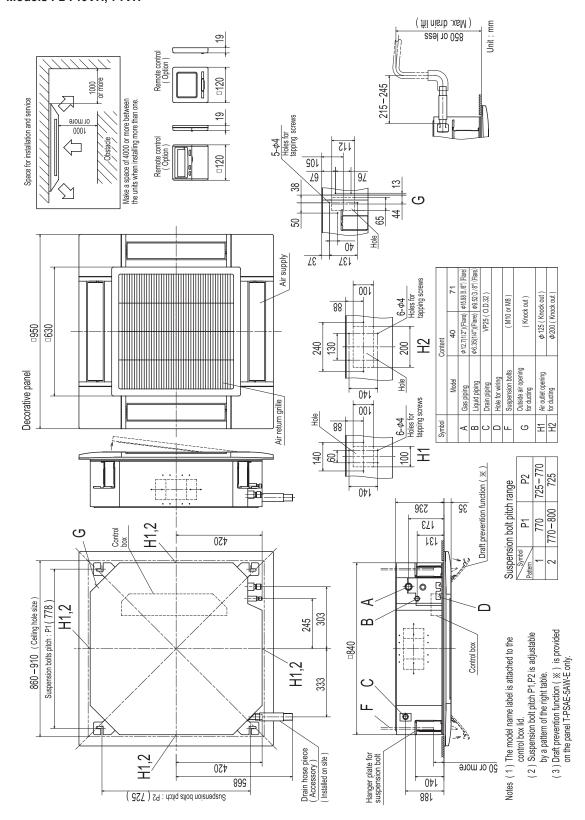
Item	Indoor air t	emperature	Outdoor air	temperature	Standards
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	Staridards
Cooling	27°C	19°C	35°C	24°C	ISO5151-T1
Heating	20°C	_	7°C	6°C	ISO5151-H1

- (2) This air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the ISO.
- (3) Sound level indicates the value in an anechoic chamber. During operation these values are somewhat higher due to ambient conditions.

  (4) Select the breaker size according to the own national standard.
- (5) The operation data indicate when the air-conditioner is operated at 230V 50Hz or 220V 60Hz.

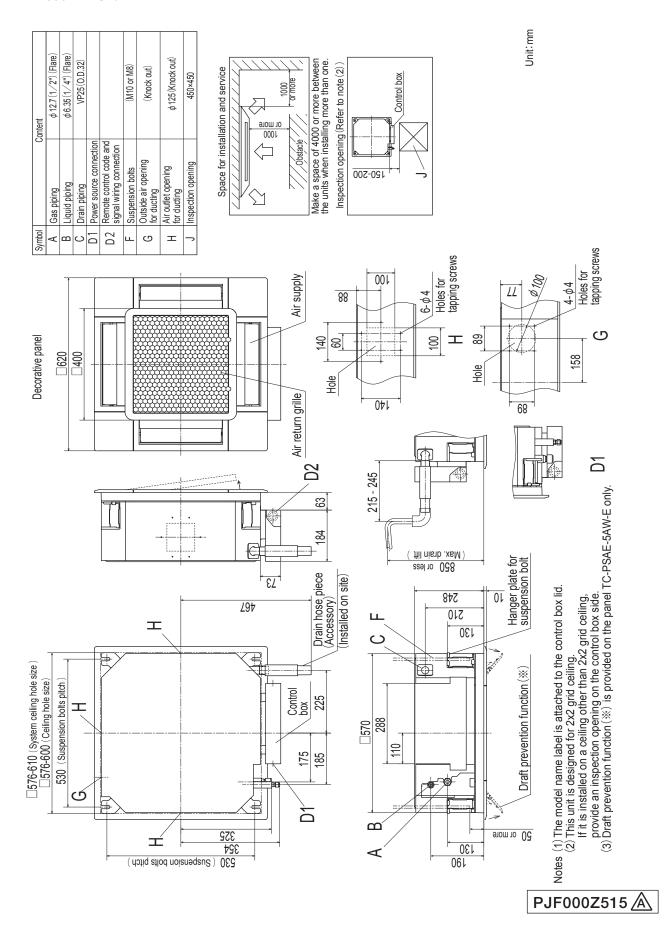
## 1.2 EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS

- (1) Indoor units
  - (a) Ceiling cassette-4 way type (FDT)
    Models FDT40VH, 71VH

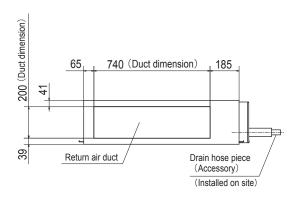


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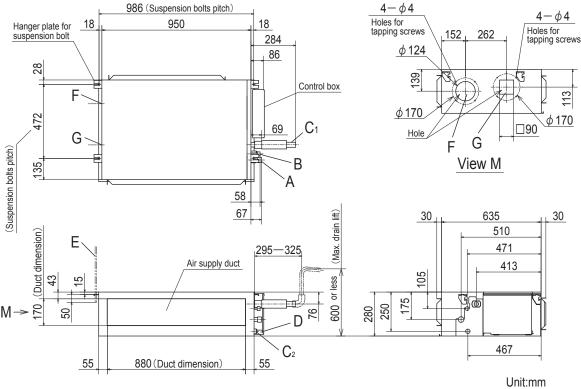
## (b) Ceiling cassette-4 way compact type (FDTC) Model FDTC40VH



## (c) Duct connected-High static pressure type (FDU) Model FDU71VH



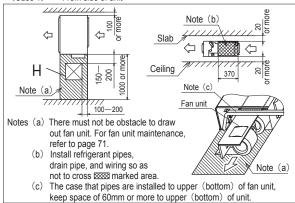
Symbol		Content
Α	Gas piping	$\phi$ 15.88 (5/8") (Flare)
В	Liquid piping	$\phi$ 9.52 (3/8") (Flare)
C1	Drain piping	VP25 (O.D.32)
C2	Drain piping (Gravity drainage)	VP20
D	Hole for wiring	
E	Suspension bolts	(M10)
F	Outside air opening for ducting	(Knock out)
G	Air outlet opening for ducting	(Knock out)
Н	Inspection opening	(450×450)

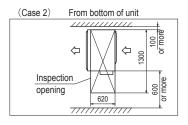


Space for installation and service

Select either of two cases to keep space for installation and services.

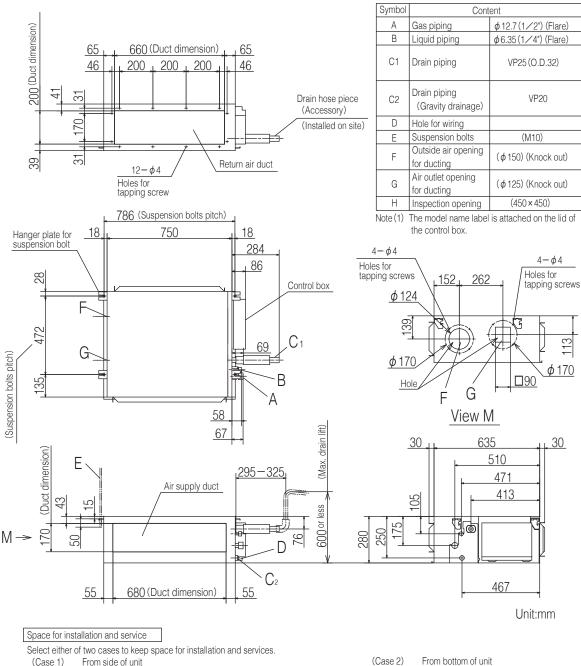
(Case 1) From side of unit

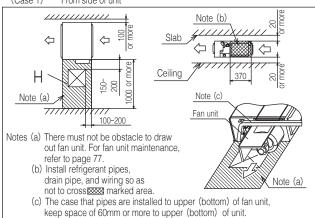


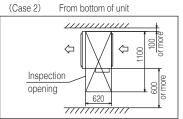


Note (1) The model name label is attached on the lid of the control box.

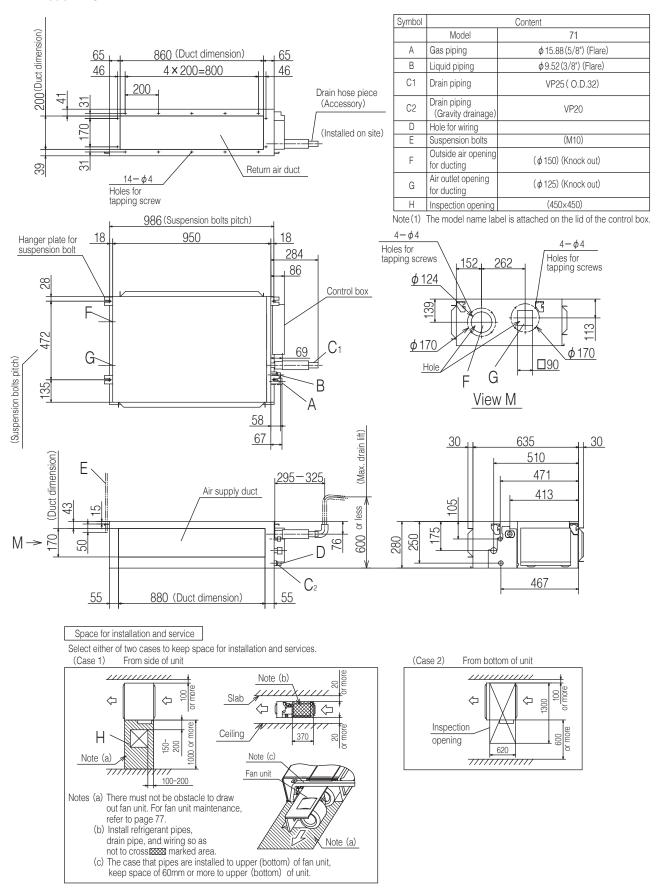
## (d) Duct connected-Low / Middle static pressure type (FDUM) Model FDUM40VH



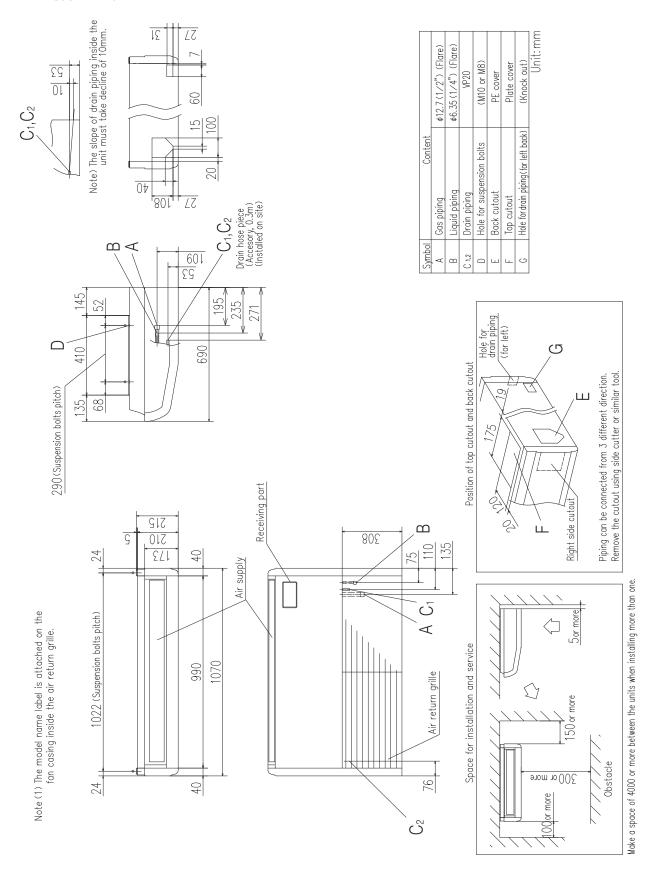




#### **Model FDUM71VH**

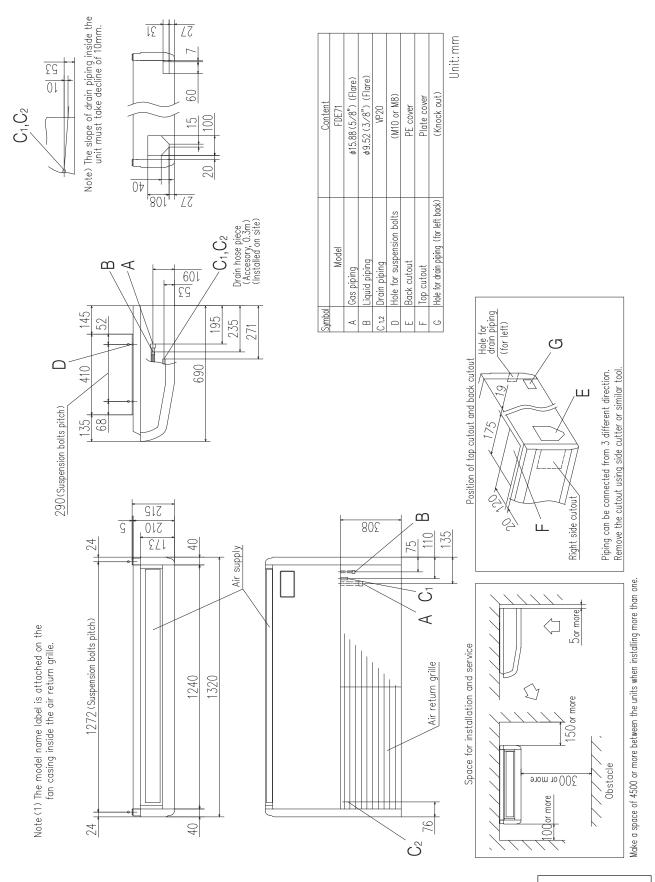


## (e) Ceiling suspended type (FDE) Model FDE40VH



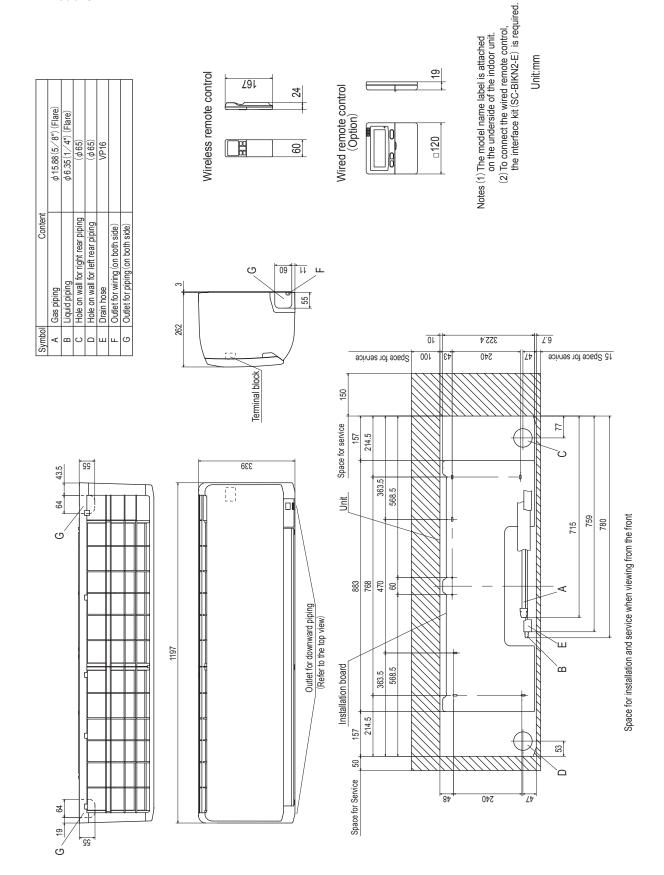
PFA004Z084

## Model FDE71VH



PFA004Z085

## (f) Wall mounted type (SRK) Model SRK71ZR-W

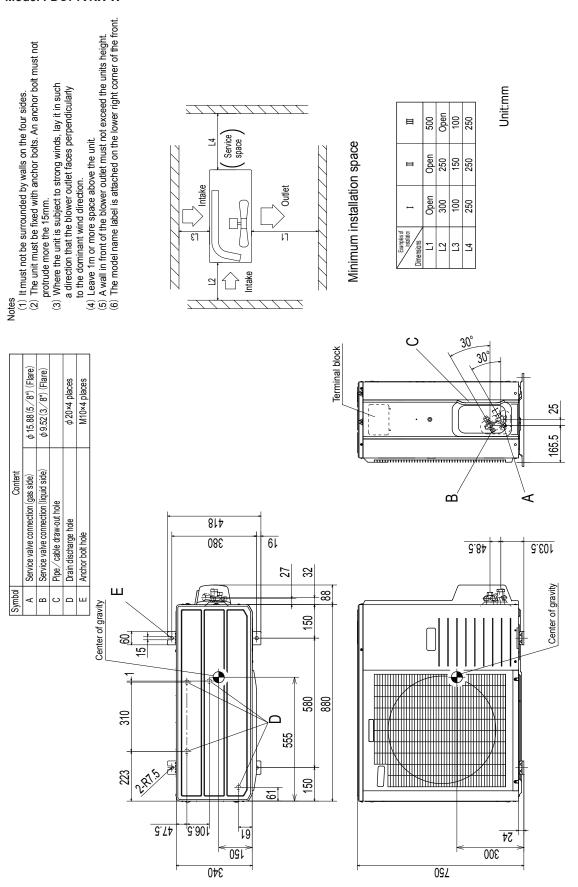


RLD000Z005A

PCA001Z879

#### (2) Outdoor unit

### Model FDC71VNX-W

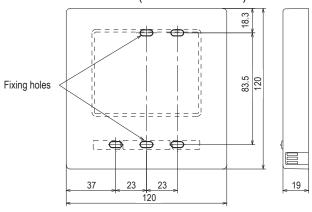


#### (3) Remote control (Option parts)

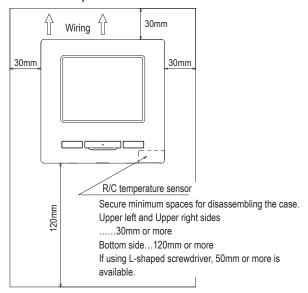
#### (a) Wired remote control

#### **Model RC-EX3A**

### Dimensions (Viewed from front)



#### Installation space



#### • Do not install the remote control at following places.

- 1) It could cause break-down or deformation of remote control.
  - · Where it is exposed to direct sunlight
  - Where the ambient temperature becomes 0 °C or below, or 40 °C or above
  - · Where the surface is not flat
  - · Where the strength of installation area is insufficient
- 2) Moisture may be attached to internal parts of the remote control, resulting in a display failure.
  - · Place with high humidity where condensation occurs on the remote control
  - · Where the remote control gets wet
- 3) Accurate room temperature may not be detected using the temperature sensor of the remote control.
  - Where the average room temperature cannot be detected.
  - Place near the equipment to generate heat
  - Place affected by outside air in opening/closing the door
  - Place exposed to direct sunlight or wind from air-conditioner
  - · Where the difference between wall and room temperature is large
- 4) When you are using the automatic grille up and down panel in the IU, you may not be able to confirm the up and down motion.
  - · Where the IU cannot be visually confirmed

#### R/C cable:0.3mm<sup>2</sup>x2 cores

When the cable length is longer than 100 m, the max size for wires used in the R/C case is  $0.5~\text{mm}^2$ . Connect them to wires of larger size near the outside of R/C. When wires are connected, take measures to prevent water, etc. from entering inside.

≦ 200 m	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> x 2 cores
≤ 300m	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> x 2 cores
≤ 400m	1.25 mm <sup>2</sup> x 2 cores
≤ 600m	2.0 mm <sup>2</sup> x 2 cores

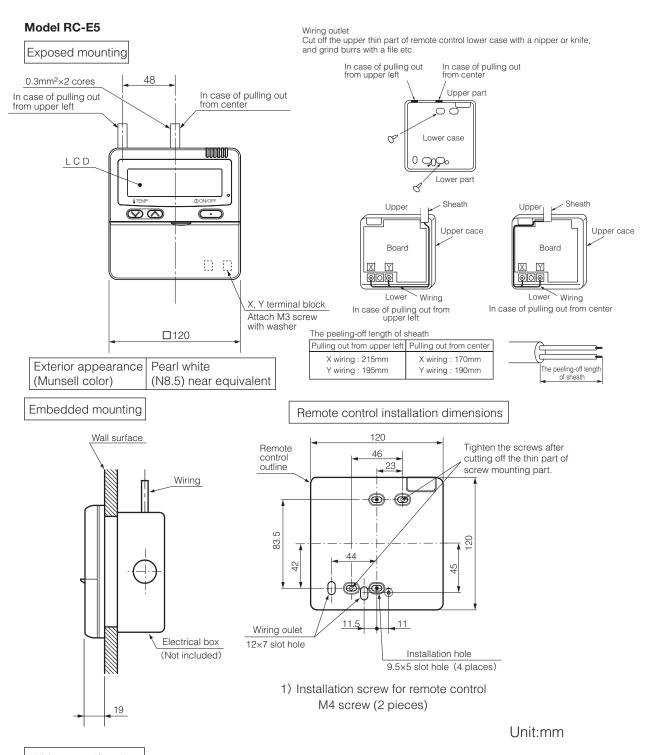
## • When installing the unit at a hospital, telecommunication facility, etc., take measures to suppress electric noises.

It could cause malfunction or break-down due to hazardous effects on the inverter, private power generator, high frequency medical equipment, radio communication equipment, etc.

The influences transmitted from the remote control to medical or communication equipment could disrupt medical activities, video broadcasting or cause noise interference.

Adapted RoHS directive

PJZ000Z333



### Wiring specifications

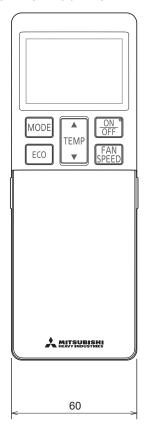
If the prolongation is over 100m, change to the size below.
 But, wiring in the remote control case should be under 0.5mm². Change the wire size outside of the case according to wire connecting. Waterproof treatment is necessary at the wire connecting section. Be careful about contact failure.

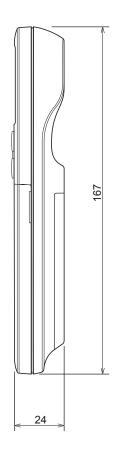
Length	Wiring thickness
100 to 200m	0.5mm <sup>2</sup> ×2 cores
Under 300m	0.75mm <sup>2</sup> ×2 cores
Under 400m	1.25mm <sup>2</sup> ×2 cores
Under 600m	2.0mm <sup>2</sup> ×2 cores

PJZ000Z295

## (b) Wireless remote control

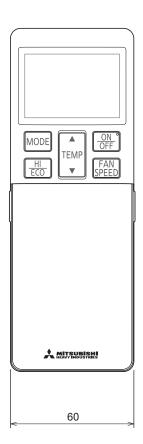
## RCN-E2(Option parts) (Except SRK series)

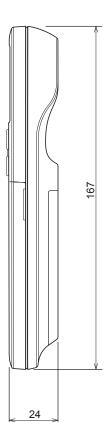




Unit: mm

## SRK series only

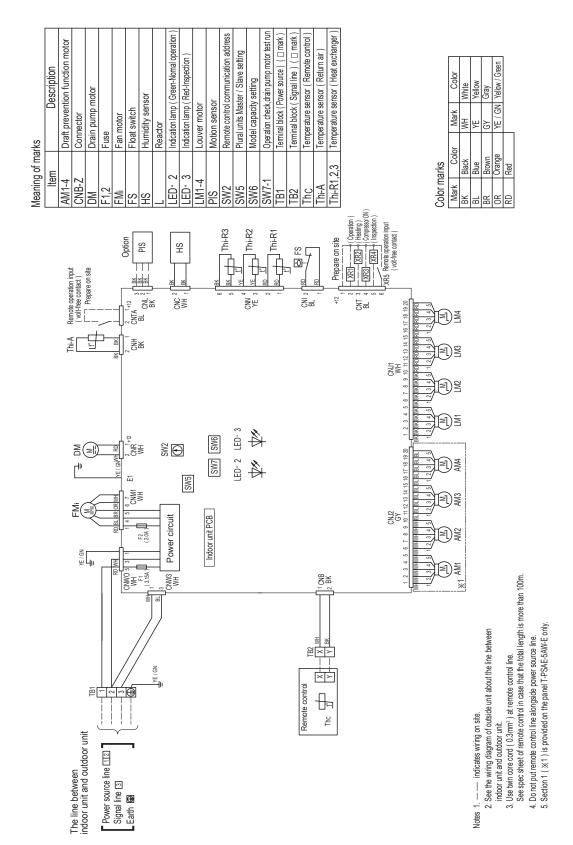




Unit: mm

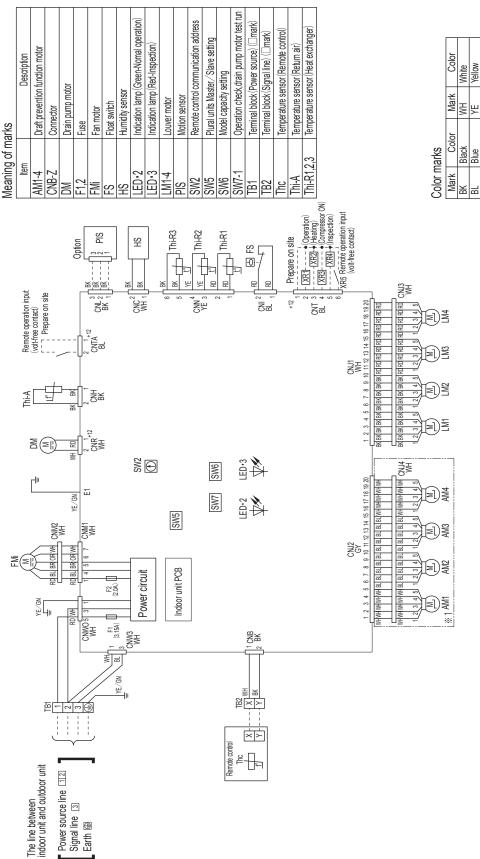
## 1.3 ELECTRICAL WIRING

- (1) Indoor units
  - (a) Ceiling cassette-4 way type (FDT)
    Models FDT40VH, 71VH



PJF000Z554

## (b) Ceiling casette-4 way compact type (FDTC) **Model FDTC40VH**



Gray Orange Red Brown Blue Mark BR BR OR OR

> 2. See the wiring diagram of outdoor unit about the line between Notes 1. - - - - indicates wiring on site.

indoor unit and outdoor unit.

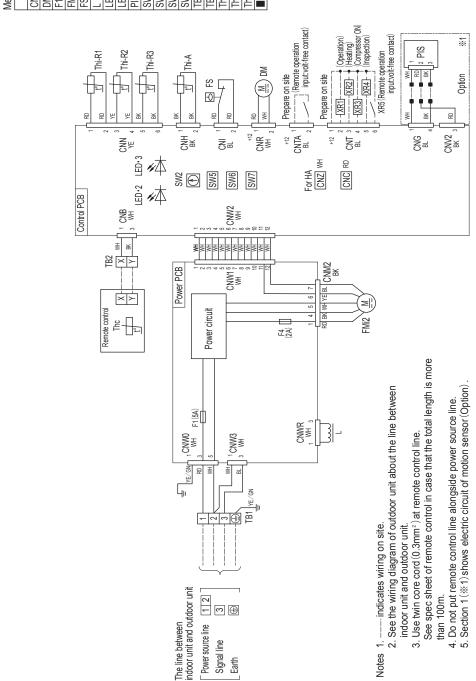
Use twin core  $cord(0.3mm^2)$  at remote control line. Do not put remote control line alongside power source line. Draft prevention function (% 1) is provided on the panel TC-PSAE-5AW-E only.

PJF000Z516 🗥

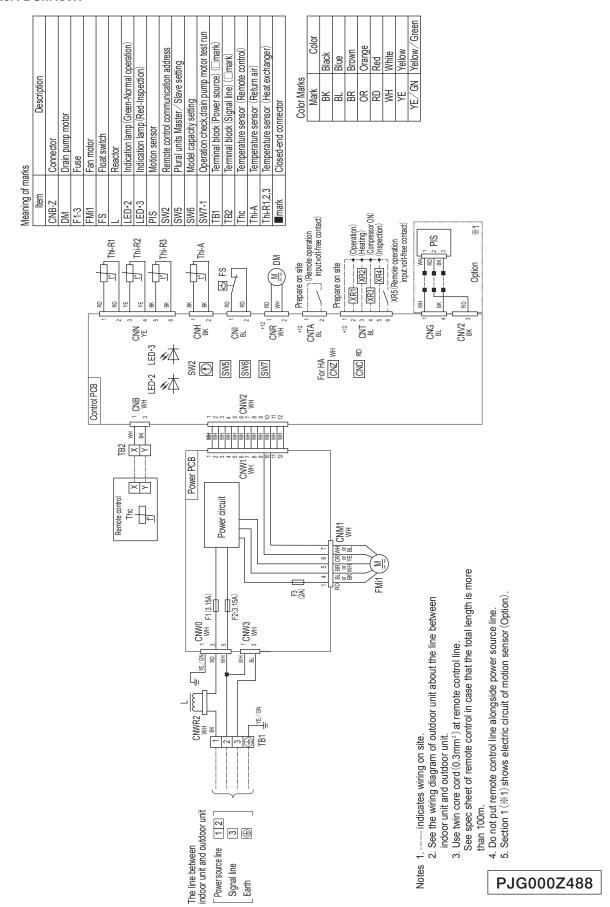
## (c) Duct connected-High static pressure type (FDU) Model FDU71VH

leaning of marks	narks
Item	Description
SNB-Z	Connector
M	Drain pump motor
1,4	Fuse
:Mi2	Fan motor
S.	Float switch
	Reactor
.ED•2	Indication lamp (Green-Normal operation)
.ED•3	Indication lamp (Red-Inspection)
Slo	Motion sensor
sw2	Remote control communication address
3W5	Plural units Master / Slave setting
3W6	Model capacity setting
3W7-1	Operation check, drain pump motor test run
.B1	Terminal block (Power source) (□mark)
B2	Terminal block (Signal line) (□mark)
hc hc	Temperature sensor (Remote control)
hi-A	Temperature sensor (Return air)
hi-R1,2,3	Temperature sensor (Heat exchanger)
mark	Closed-end connector

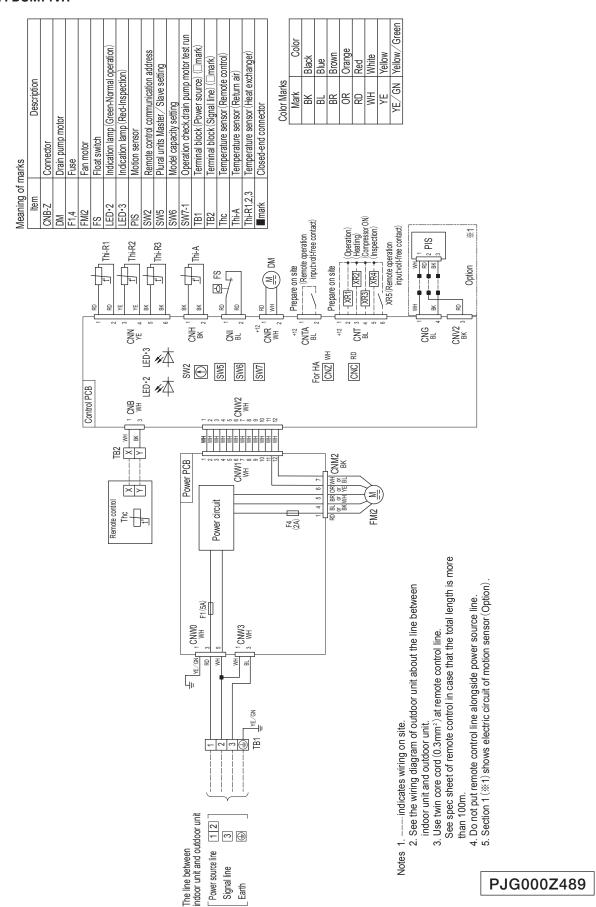
	Color	Black	Blue	Red	White	Yellow	Yellow/Green
Color Marks	Mark	¥	В	RD	MM	Æ	YE/GN



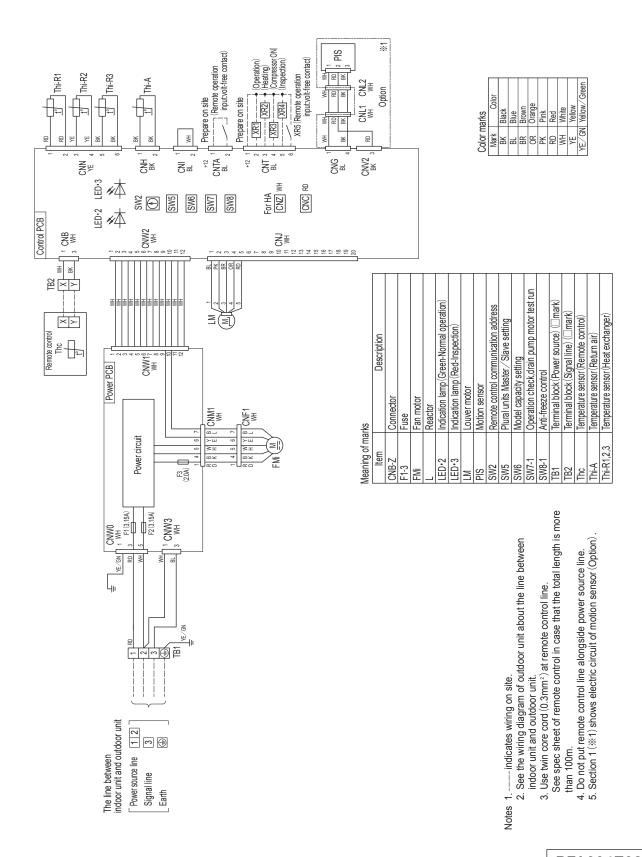
## (d) Duct connected-Low / Middle static pressure type (FDUM) Model FDUM40VH



#### **Model FDUM71VH**



## (e) Ceiling suspended type (FDE) Models FDE40VH, 71VH



PFA004Z087

## (f) Wall mounted type (SRK) Model SRK71ZR-W

CNY 5 M LM1 CNF	Item Description
	<u> </u>

RWA000Z417<u>A</u>

## (2) Outdoor unit

Power source 1 Phase 220-240V 50Hz / 220V 60Hz

## Model FDC71VNX-W

E <del>                                     </del>	The AT, IR2 Heat exchanger) The S Hepterature sensor The S Suddongles LPT Low pressure sensor IPM Intelligent power module TB Tembral block TB Temperature sensor TEMPERATURE
	Color marks  Mark Rec Color BK Black BR Brown OR Orange FD Red VH White YE Yellow YG Yellow YG Yellow YG Yellow YG Yellow
	Particular Swa
AH (	CAPE NO. ON PROPERTY OF THE PR
OS 11	COMPZ
MCCB	12   12   12   12   13   12   13   13

SW3-1	SW3-1 Defrost control change	The defrosting operation interval becomes brother by turning ON this switch. This switch should be tuned ON in the area where outside temperature becomes below the freezing point.
SW3-2	SW3-2 Snow guard fan control	When this switch is turned ON, the outdoor unif fan Will unfor 10 Seconds in every 10 minutes, when outdoor temperature falls to minutes, when outdoor temperature falls to 3° Cor fower and the compressor is not running when the unit is used in a very snowy country, set this switch to ON.
SW5-3,	SW5-3,4 Trial operation	Method of trial operation.  1. That logeration can be performed by using SW5-3.  2. Cooling that operation will be performed when SW5-4 is OFF and heading trial operation when SW5-4 is ON.  3. Be sure to turn OFF SW6-3 after the trial operation is finished.

Earth wire size  $(mm^2)$ 

Indoor-outdoor wire size x number (mm<sup>2</sup>) φ 1.6mm x 3

Power cable length (m)

Model MAX over current Power cable size (mm²) Power cable, indoor-outdoor connecting wires

1

3.5

8

7

φ 1.6mm

		shorter by turning ON this switch. This switch should be turned ON in the ar where outside temperature becomes belothe freezing point.
SW3-2	SW3-2 Snow guard fan control	When this switch is turned ON, the outdoo unit fan will run for 10 seconds in every 1 minudes, when outdoor temperature falls 5 32 or hower and the compressor is not running when the unit is used in a very snowy country, set this switch to ON.
SW5-3,4	SW5-3,4 Trial operation	Method of trial operation  1. Trial operation can be performed by usi SW6-5.  2. Cooling trial operation will be performed when SW6-4 is OFF and hearing trial operation when SW6-4 is ON.  3. Be sure to turn OFF SW6-3 after the tr operation is finished.

in effect in each country.

• Refer to installation manual or technical manual about usage of local setting switch. Don't operate SW3-3,SW5-1,SW7-2,SW7,SW8

PCA001Z880

## 1.4 NOISE LEVEL

Notes(1) The data are based on the following conditions.

Ambient air temperature: Indoor unit 27°CWB. Outdoor unit 35°CDB.

(2) The data in the chart are measured in an anechoic room.

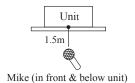
(a) Ceiling cassette - 4 way type (FDT)

(3) The noise levels measured in the field are usually higher than the data because of reflection.

#### (1) Indoor units

Measured based on JIS B 8616

Mike position



## (i) Sound power level

#### Model FDT40VH

Noise level Cooling : 50 dB (A) Heating : 50 dB (A) -Cooling O Sound power level (dB)

#### Model FDT71VH

Noise level Cooling : 59 dB (A) Heating : 60 dB (A) power level (dB) 60 Sound Mid octave band frequency (Hz)

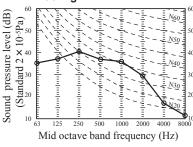
#### (ii) Sound pressure level

Mid octave band frequency (Hz)

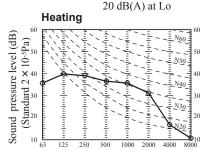
#### Model FDT40VH

Noise level 36 dB(A) at P-Hi 33 dB(A) at Hi 30 dB(A) at Me 26 dB(A) at Lo

#### Cooling



#### Noise level 36 dB(A) at P-Hi 33 dB(A) at Hi 28 dB(A) at Me



#### Model FDT71VH

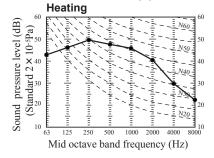
Noise level 46 dB (A) at P-Hi 34 dB (A) at Hi 31 dB (A) at Me 26 dB (A) at Lo

## Cooling Sound pressure level (dB) (Standard $2 \times 10^{-5}$ Pa) 250 500 1000 2000 4000

Mid octave band frequency (Hz)

#### Noise level 46 dB (A) at P-Hi 34 dB (A) at Hi 31 dB (A) at Me 26 dB (A) at Lo

Mid octave band frequency (Hz)



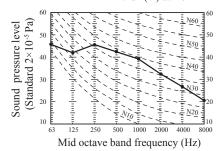
#### (b) Ceiling cassette-4 way compact type (FDTC)

Measured based on JIS B 8616 Mike position as right



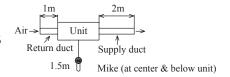
#### Model FDTC40VH

Noise level 44 dB(A) at P-Hi 40 dB(A) at Hi 35 dB(A) at Me 27 dB(A) at Lo



### (c) Duct connected-High static pressure type (FDU)

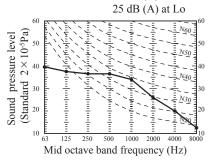
Measured based on JIS B 8616 Mike position as right



#### Model FDU71VH

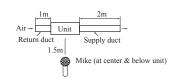
**Noise level** 38 dB (A) at P-Hi 33 dB (A) at Hi

29 dB (A) at Me

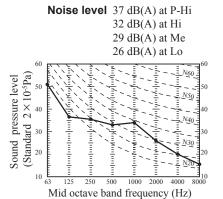


### (d) Duct connected-Low/Middle static pressure type (FDUM)

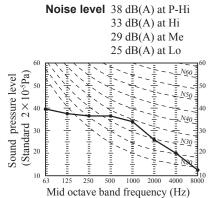
Measured based on JIS B 8616 Mike position as right







#### Model FDUM71VH



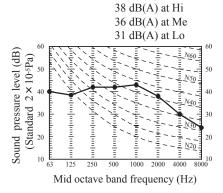


### (e) Ceiling suspended type (FDE)

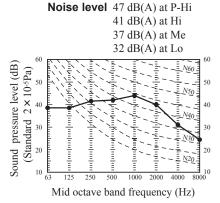
Noise level 46 dB(A) at P-Hi

Measured based on JIS B 8616 Mike position as right

#### Model FDE40VH



## Model FDE71VH



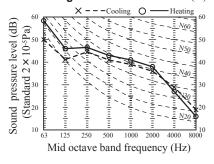
E 1m Mike (in front & below unit)

#### (f) Wall mounted type (SRK)

Measured based on JIS C 9612 Mike position as right



Model SRK71ZR-W Cooling noise level Hi: 44 dB (A) Heating noise level Hi: 46 dB (A)



### (2) Outdoor unit

Measured based on JIS B 8616

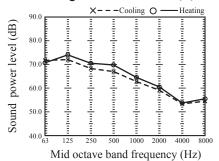
Mike position: at highest noise level in position as mentioned below

Distance from front side 1m Height

### Model FDC71VNX-W

### (a) Sound power level

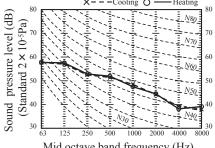
Cooling noise level 66 dB (A) Heating noise level 66 dB (A)



### (b) Sound pressure level

### (i) Rating mode

Cooling noise level 51 dB (A) Heating noise level 51 dB (A)



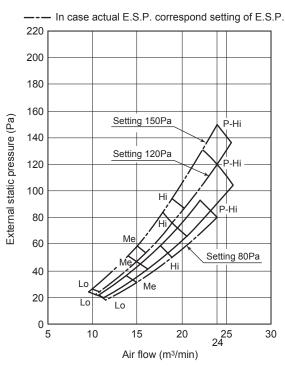
Mid octave band frequency (Hz)

## 1.5 CHARACTERISTICS OF FAN

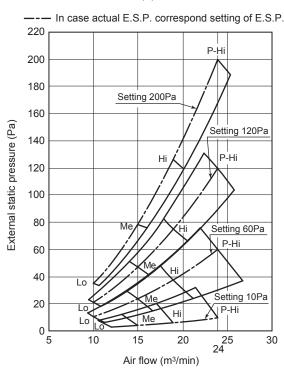
- (1) Duct connected-High static pressure type (FDU)
  - Characteristic FAN (1) shows air flow vs. External Static Pressure (E.S.P.) range where settings of E.S.P. are maximum E.S.P. (SW8-4 OFF: 150Pa, SW8-4 ON: 200Pa), rated E.S.P., and minimum E.S.P. (SW8-4 OFF: 80Pa, SW8-4 ON: 10Pa)
  - · Characteristic FAN (2) shows air flow vs E.S.P. curve when set fan tap is set P-Hi with each setting of E.S.P. by remote control.
  - External Static Pressure (E.S.P.) can be set by wired remote control.
  - You can set required E.S.P. by wired remote control which calculate it with the set air flow rate and pressure loss of the duct connected.

#### **Model FDU71VH**

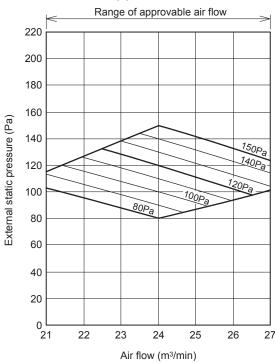
■SW8-4 : OFF (Range of use limitation : Setting 80Pa-150Pa)
Characteristic FAN (1)



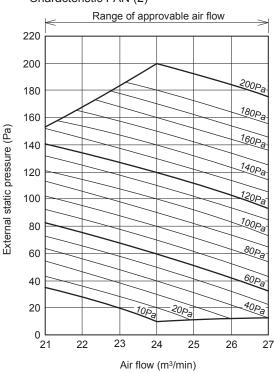
■SW8-4 : ON (Range of use limitation : Setting 10Pa-200Pa)
Characteristic FAN (1)



### Characteristic FAN (2)



### Characteristic FAN (2)



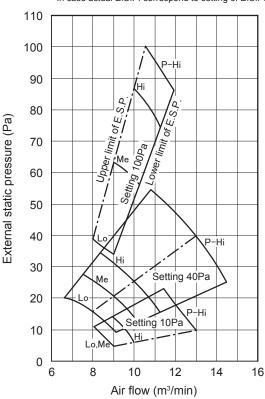
#### (2) Duct connected-Low / Middle static pressure type (FDUM)

- · Characteristic FAN (1) shows air flow vs. External Static Pressure (E.S.P.) range where settings of E.S.P. are maximum E.S.P. (100Pa), rated E.S.P., and minimum E.S.P. (10Pa)
- · Characteristic FAN (2) shows air flow vs E.S.P. curve when set fan tap is set P-Hi with each setting of E.S.P by remote control.
- External Static Pressure (E.S.P.) can be set by wired remote control.
- · You can set required E.S.P. by wired remote control which calculate it with the set air flow rate and pressure loss of the duct connected.

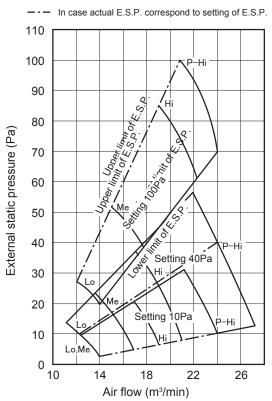
#### Model FDUM40VH

#### Characteristic FAN(1)

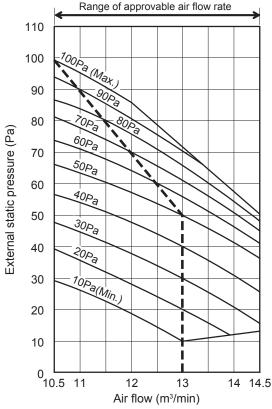
--- In case actual E.S.P. correspond to setting of E.S.P. 110



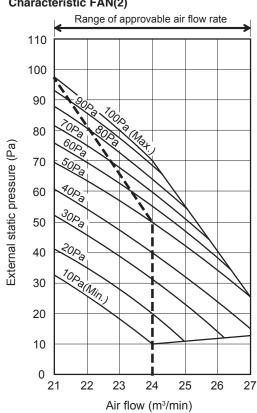
### Model FDUM71VH Characteristic FAN(1)



### Characteristic FAN(2)



#### Characteristic FAN(2)



## 1.6 TEMPERATURE AND VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION

Indoor temperature

Cooling 27°CDB / 19°CWB

Heating 20°CDB

Note: These figures represent the typical main range of temperature and velocity distribution at the center of air outlet within the published conditions.

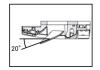
In the actual installation, they may differ from the typical figures under the influence of air temperature conditions, ceiling height, operation conditions and obstacles.

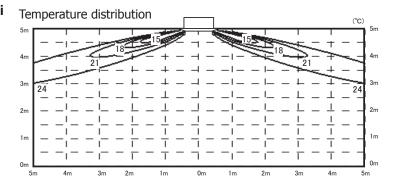
### (1) Ceiling cassette - 4 way type (FDT)

#### **Model FDT40VH**

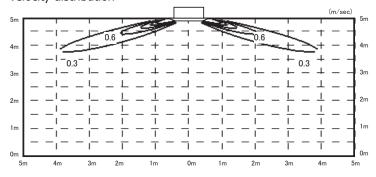
### Cooling Air flow: P-Hi

Louver position





### Velocity distribution

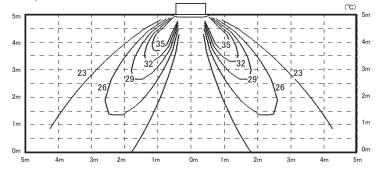


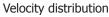
## Heating Air flow: P-Hi

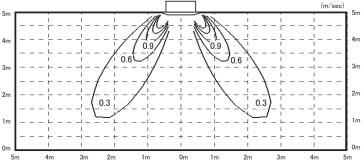
Louver position



### Temperature distribution



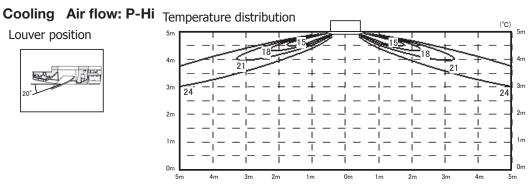




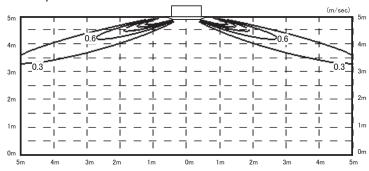
### Model FDT71VH

Louver position





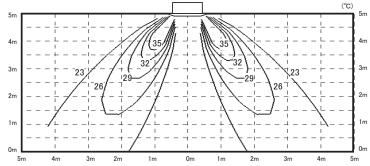
### Velocity distribution

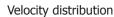


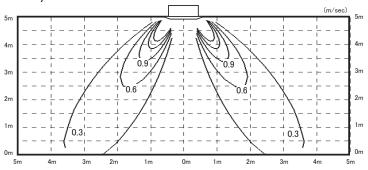
# Heating Air flow: P-Hi Temperature distribution

Louver position







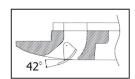


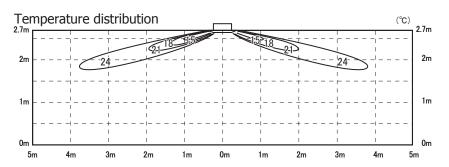
### (2) Ceiling casstte-4 way compact type (FDTC)

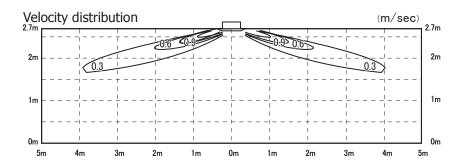
### **Model FDTC40VH**

### Cooling Air flow: P-Hi

Louver position

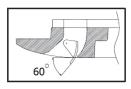


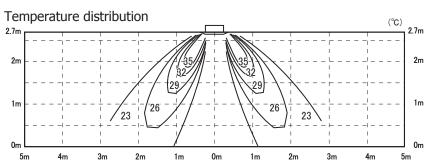


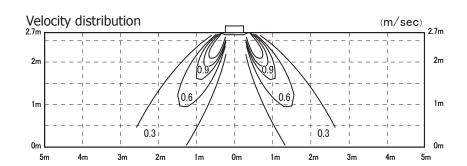


## Heating Air flow: P-Hi

Louver position







### (3) Ceiling suspended type (FDE)

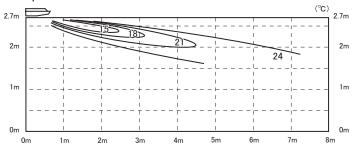
### Model FDE40VH

### Cooling Air flow: P-Hi

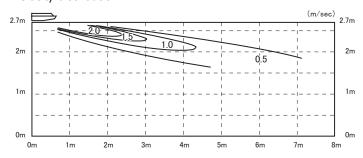
Louver position



Temperature distribution

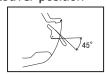


### Velocity distribution

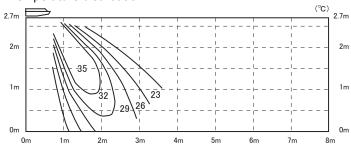


## Heating Air flow: P-Hi

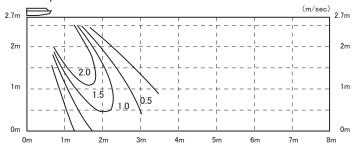
Louver position



Temperature distribution



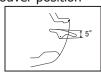
### Velocity distribution



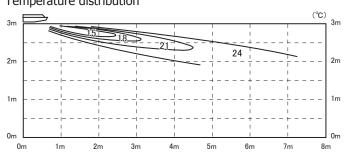
### Model FDE71VH

### Cooling Air flow: P-Hi

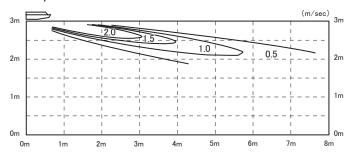
Louver position



Temperature distribution

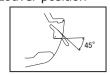


## Velocity distribution

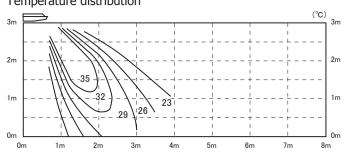


### Heating Air flow: P-Hi

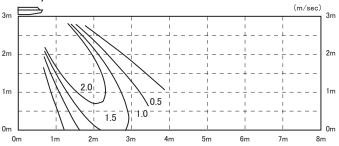
Louver position



### Temperature distribution

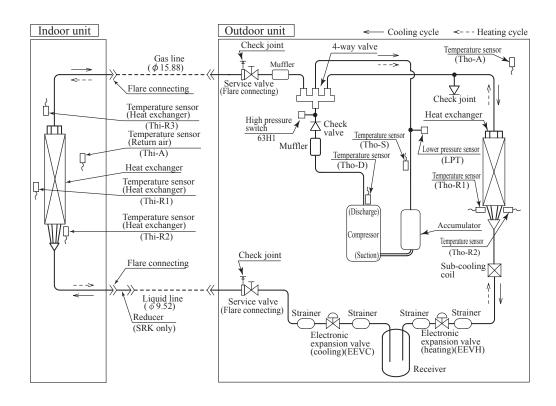


### Velocity distribution

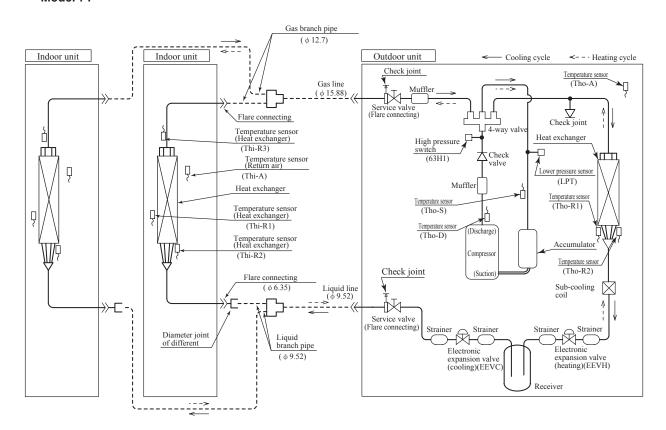


### 1.7 PIPING SYSTEM

(1) Single type Model 71



## (2) Twin type Model 71



# **Preset point of the protective devices**

Parts name	Mark	Equipped unit	71 model
Temperature sensor (for protection overloading in heating)	Thi-R	Indoor unit	OFF 63℃ ON 56℃
Temperature sensor (for frost prevention)	Thi-R		OFF 1.0℃ ON 10℃
Temperature sensor (for protection high pressure in cooling)	Tho-R	Outdoor unit	OFF 65℃ ON 51℃
Temperature sensor (for detecting discharge pipe temperature)	Tho-D	Outdoor unit	OFF 115℃ ON 85℃
High pressure switch (for protection)	63H1	Outdoor unit	OFF 4.15MPa ON 3.15MPa
Low pressure sensor (for protection)	LPT	Outdoor unit	OFF 0.079MPa ON 0.227MPa

## 1.8 RANGE OF USAGE & LIMITATIONS

On exeting temperature year		See next page.
Operating temperature ran	ge	When used below -5°C, install a snow hood (locally procured).
Recommendable area to ir	nstall	Considering to get sufficient heating capacity, the area where the averaged lowest ambient air temperature in day time during winter is above 0°C, and it has no accumulation of snow.
Installation site		The limitations of installation space are shown in the page for exterior dimensions.  Install the indoor unit at least 2.5m higher than the floor surface.
Temperature and humidity indoor unit in the ceiling (N	conditions surrounding the ote 2)	Model FDE Dew point temperature : 23°C or less, relative hummdity : 80% or less Other models Dew point temperature : 28°C or less, relative hummdity : 80% or less
Limitations on unit and pipi	ing installation	See pages 48.
Compressor	Cycle Time	7 minutes or more (from OFF to OFF) or (from ON to ON)
ON-OFF cycling	Stop Time	3 minutes or more
	Voltage range	Rating ±10%
Power source	Voltage drop at start-up	Min.85% of rating
	Phase-to-phase imbalance	3% or less

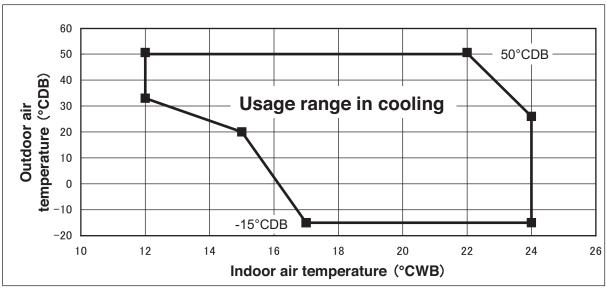
Note 1. Do not install the unit in places which:

- 1) Flammable gas may leak.
- 2) Carbon fiber, metal particles, powder, etc. are floating.
- 3) Cosmetic or special sprays are used frequently.
- 4) Exposed to oil splashes or steam (e.g. kitchen and machine plant).
- 5) Exposed to sea breeze (e.g. coastal area) or calcium chloride (e.g. snow melting agent).
- 6) Exposed to ammonia substance (e.g. organic fertilizer).
- 7) Matters affecting devices, such as sulfuric gas, chlorine gas, acid, alkali, etc. may generate or accumulate.
- 8) Chimney smoke is hanging.
- 9) Sucking the exhaust gas from heat exchanger.
- 10) Adjacent to equipment generating electromagnetic waves or high frequency waves.
- 11) There is light beams that affect the receiving device of indoor unit in case of the wireless specification.
- 12) Snow falls heavily.
- 13) At an elevation of 1000 meters or higher.
- 14) On mobile machine (e.g. vehicle, ship, etc.)
- 15) Splashed with water to indoor unit (e.g. laundry room).
- 16) Indoor units of twin and triple specifications separately in a room with partition.
- Note 2. If ambient temperature and humidity exceed the above conditions, add polyurethane foam insulation (10mm or thicker) on the outer plate of indoor unit
- Note 3. Both gas and liquid pipes need to be coverd with 20mm or thicker heat insulation materials at the place where humidity exceeds 70%.
- Note 4. When snow accumulate, install a snow hood on site.
- Note 5. The indoor unit shall be installed in a room with minimum installation area or more according to the refrigerant charge amount. (for details, refer to installation sheet)

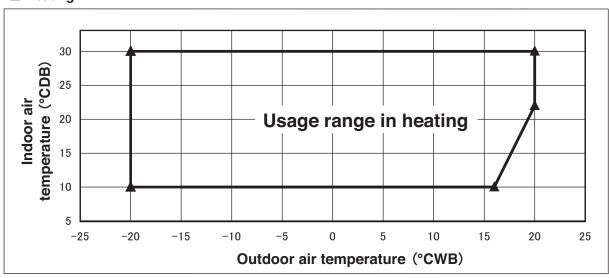
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### **Operating temperature range**

#### ■ Cooling



#### Heating



Decline in cooling and heating capacity or operation stop may occur when the outdoor unit is installed in places where natural wind can increase or decrease its design air flow rate.

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### "CAUTION" Cooling operation under low outdoor air temperature conditions

PAC models can be operated in cooling mode at low outdoor air temperature condition within above temperature range. However in case of severely low temperature conditions if the following precaution is not observed, it may not be operated in spite of operable temperature range mentioned above and cooling capacity may not be established under certain conditions.

#### [Precaution]

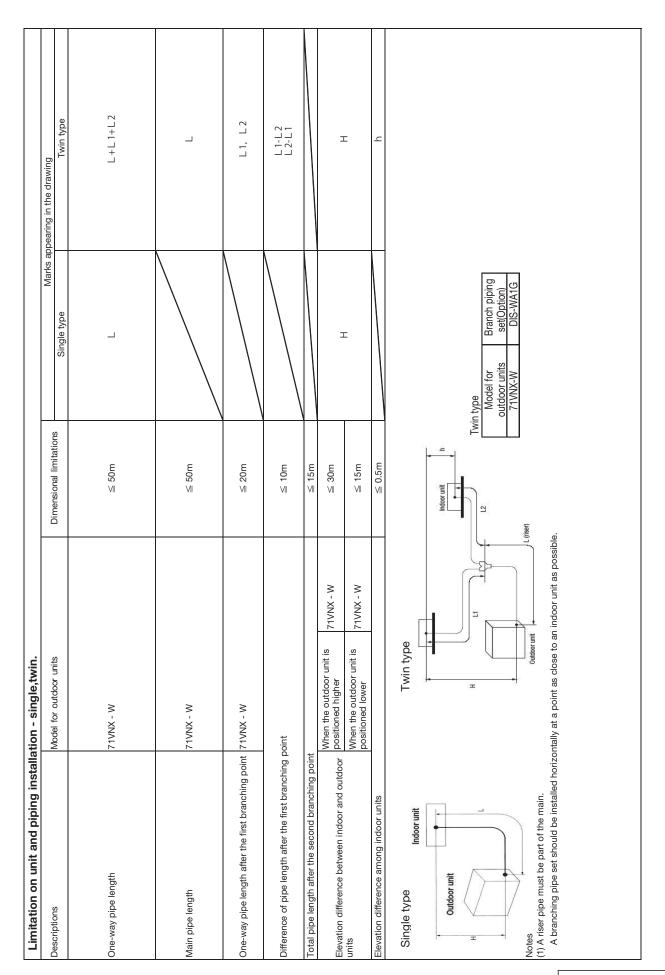
In case of severely low temperature condition

- 1) Install the outdoor unit at the place where strong wind cannot blow directly into the outdoor unit.
- 2) If there is no installation place where can prevent strong wind from directly blowing into the outdoor unit, mount the flex flow adapter (prepared as option part) or like such devices onto the outdoor unit in order to divert the strong wind.

#### [Reason]

Under the low outdoor air temperature conditions of -5°C or lower, the outdoor fan is controlled at lower or lowest speed by outdoor fan control, but if strong wind directly blow into the outdoor unit, the outdoor heat exchanger temperature will drop more.

This makes high and low pressures to drop as well. This low pressure drop makes the indoor heat exchanger temperature to drop and will activate anti-frost control at indoor heat exchanger at frequent intervals, that cooling operation may not be established for any given time.



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## 1.9 SELECTION CHART

Correct the cooling and heating capacity in accordance with the operating conditions. The net cooling and heating capacity can be obtained in the following way.

Net capacity = Capacity shown in the capacity tables (1.9.1) × Correction factors shown in the table (1.9.2) (1.9.3) (1.9.4).

Caution: In case that the cooling operation during low outdoor air temperature below -5°C is expected, install the outdoor unit where it is not influenced by natural wind. Otherwise protection control by low pressure will be activated much more frequently and it will cause insufficient capacity or breakdown of the compressor in worst case.

### 1.9.1 Capacity tables

(1) Ceiling cassette-4 way type (FDT)

(a) Single type

Model FDT71VNXWVH Indoor unit FDT71VH Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W

Cooling N	/lode															(kW
							Ind	oor air t	empera	ture						
Outdoor air temp.	18 °	CDB	21 °	CDB	23 °	CDB	26 °	CDB	27 °	CDB	28 °	CDB	31 °	CDB	33 °	CDB
all temp.	12 °	CWB	14 °	CWB	16 °	CWB	18 °	CWB	19 °	CWB	20 °	CWB	22 °	CWB	24 °	CWB
°CDB	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC
-15							6.36	6.02	6.54	5.95	6.74	5.87	7.15	6.26	7.55	6.09
-10							6.36	6.02	6.54	5.95	6.74	5.87	7.15	6.26	7.55	6.09
-5							6.36	6.02	6.54	5.95	6.74	5.87	7.15	6.26	7.55	6.09
0					5.98	5.49	6.36	6.02	6.54	5.95	6.74	5.87	7.15	6.26	7.55	6.09
5					5.98	5.49	6.36	6.02	6.54	5.95	6.74	5.87	7.15	6.26	7.55	6.09
11					5.98	5.49	6.36	6.02	6.54	5.95	6.74	5.87	7.15	6.26	7.55	6.09
13					5.98	5.49	6.36	6.02	6.54	5.95	6.74	5.87	7.15	6.26	7.55	6.09
15					5.98	5.49	6.36	6.02	6.54	5.95	6.74	5.87	7.15	6.26	7.55	6.09
17					6.40	5.63	6.81	6.15	7.01	6.07	7.23	5.99	7.66	6.37	8.10	6.18
19					6.83	5.76	7.26	6.28	7.47	6.19	7.71	6.11	8.18	6.48	8.65	6.29
21					6.78	5.75	7.20	6.26	7.41	6.18	7.65	6.10	8.13	6.47	8.61	6.28
23					6.72	5.73	7.14	6.24	7.35	6.16	7.60	6.09	8.08	6.46	8.57	6.27
25			6.28	5.95	6.69	5.72	7.11	6.23	7.33	6.15	7.57	6.08	8.06	6.45	8.55	6.27
27			6.25	5.94	6.66	5.71	7.08	6.23	7.30	6.15	7.64	6.10	7.99	6.44		
29			6.11	5.89	6.53	5.67	6.99	6.20	7.25	6.13	7.55	6.07	7.86	6.41		
31			5.98	5.84	6.39	5.62	6.90	6.17	7.20	6.12	7.46	6.05	7.73	6.38		
33	5.52	5.35	5.78	5.67	6.26	5.58	6.81	6.15	7.15	6.11	7.37	6.03	7.60	6.35		
35	5.33	5.22	5.62	5.51	6.12	5.54	6.72	6.12	7.10	6.09	7.28	6.01	7.47	6.33		
37	5.20	5.09	5.48	5.37	5.96	5.48	6.50	6.06	6.85	6.03	7.05	5.95	7.26	6.28		
39	5.06	4.96	5.34	5.23	5.79	5.43	6.28	6.00	6.60	5.96	6.82	5.89	7.04	6.24		
41	4.93	4.83	5.20	5.10	5.62	5.38	6.06	5.94	6.34	5.90	6.59	5.84	6.83	6.19		
43	4.80	4.70	5.06	4.96	5.46	5.33	5.84	5.73	6.09	5.83	6.36	5.78	6.62	6.15		
46	4.60	4.51	4.85	4.75	5.21	5.11	5.52	5.41	5.71	5.60	6.01	5.70	6.31	6.08		
50	3.73	3.66	3.96	3.88	4.29	4.21	4.59	4.50	4.77	4.68	4.91	4.81	5.05	4.94		1

()	Heating	Mode:	HC				(kW)
1	Out	door		Indoor	air temp	erature	:
1	air te	emp.			°CDB		
1	°CDB	°CWB	16	18	20	22	24
1	-19.8	-20	5.12	5.03	4.95	4.86	4.78
1	-17.7	-18	5.02	4.95	4.87	4.79	4.70
1	-15.7	-16	5.38	5.30	5.22	5.13	5.04
1	-13.5	-14	5.50	5.42	5.34	5.25	5.16
1	-11.5	-12	5.74	5.65	5.57	5.48	5.39
L	-9.5	-10	5.98	5.89	5.80	5.71	5.61
1	-7.5	-8	6.22	6.12	6.03	5.94	5.84
L	-5.5	-6	6.45	6.35	6.25	6.15	6.06
1	-3.0	-4	6.68	6.58	6.47	6.37	6.27
L	-1.0	-2	6.91	6.80	6.69	6.59	6.48
1	1.0	0	7.14	7.03	6.92	6.81	6.70
L	2.0	1	7.26	7.14	7.03	6.91	6.80
1	3.0	2	7.42	7.32	7.22	7.11	6.99
L	5.0	4	7.73	7.67	7.61	7.49	7.36
1	7.0	6	8.05	8.02	8.00	7.87	7.74
L	9.0	8	8.37	8.37	8.38	8.21	8.05
	11.5	10	8.69	8.72	8.76	8.56	8.35
	13.5	12	9.08	9.13	9.17	8.99	8.82
	15.5	14	9.48	9.53	9.58	9.43	9.28
	16.5	16	9.68	9.73	9.78	9.65	9.51

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#### (b) Twin type

Model FDT71VNXWPVH

Cooling Mode

Indoor unit FDT40VH (2 units)

Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W

0.11							Indo	oor air te	empera	ture						
Outdoor air temp.	18 °	CDB	21 °	CDB	23 °	CDB	26 °	CDB	27 °	CDB	28 °	CDB	31 °	CDB	33 °C	CDB
	12 °C	CWB	14 °(	14 °CWB 16 °CWB		18 °C	CWB	19 °C	CWB	20 °C	CWB	22 °C	CWB	24 °C	CWB	
°CDB	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC
-15							6.36	6.23	6.54	6.41	6.74	6.61	7.15	7.01	7.55	7.40
-10							6.36	6.23	6.54	6.41	6.74	6.61	7.15	7.01	7.55	7.40
-5	ldot		<u> </u>		ldot		6.36	6.23	6.54	6.41	6.74	6.61	7.15	7.01	7.55	7.40
0					5.98	5.86	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.41	6.74	6.61	7.15	7.01	7.55	7.40
5	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		5.98	5.86	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.41	6.74	6.61	7.15	7.01	7.55	7.40
11	<u> </u>	تــــا	<u> </u>	ــــــــا	5.98	5.86	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.41	6.74	6.61	7.15	7.01	7.55	7.40
13	<u> </u>	$ldsymbol{\Box}$	<u> </u>	$\Box$	5.98	5.86	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.41	6.74	6.61	7.15	7.01	7.55	7.40
15	Щ.	lder	<b></b>	$oxed{oxed}$	5.98	5.86	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.41	6.74	6.61	7.15	7.01	7.55	7.40
17	<b>.</b>	تــــا	<u> </u>	آـــــا	6.40	6.27	6.81	6.67	7.01	6.87	7.23	7.08	7.66	7.51	8.10	7.77
19	<b>-</b>	igspace	<b></b>	igsquare	6.83	6.70	7.26	7.11	7.47	7.32	7.71	7.52	8.18	8.01	8.65	7.85
21	<b>\</b>	igsquare	\	$oxed{oxed}$	6.78	6.64	7.20	7.05	7.41	7.27	7.65	7.50	8.13	7.97	8.61	7.84
23	<b>-</b>	igspace	<b></b>	igsquare	6.72	6.58	7.14	7.00	7.35	7.21	7.60	7.45	8.08	7.92	8.57	7.84
25	<b>\</b>	igsquare	6.28	6.15	6.69	6.56	7.11	6.97	7.33	7.18	7.57	7.42	8.06	7.90	8.55	7.83
27	<b>!</b>	igsquare	6.25	6.12	6.66	6.53	7.08	6.94	7.30	7.15	7.64	7.49	7.99	7.83	\	$\Box$
29	<b>!</b>	$\vdash$	6.11	5.99	6.53	6.40	6.99	6.85	7.25	7.10	7.55	7.40	7.86	7.70	acksquare	Щ
31	<b>!</b>		5.98	5.86	6.39	6.26	6.90	6.76	7.20	7.05	7.46	7.31	7.73	7.57	Щ	Щ
33	5.52	5.41	5.78	5.67	6.26	6.13	6.81	6.67	7.15	7.01	7.37	7.23	7.60	7.45	Ч—	$\Box$
35	5.33	5.22	5.62	5.51	6.12	6.00	6.72	6.58	7.10	6.96	7.28	7.14	7.47	7.32	\	$\Box$
37	5.20	5.09	5.48	5.37	5.96	5.84	6.50	6.37	6.85	6.71	7.05	6.91	7.26	7.11	Ч—	$\Box$
39	5.06	4.96	5.34	5.23	5.79	5.67	6.28	6.15	6.60	6.46	6.82	6.68	7.04	6.90	\	$\Box$
41	4.93	4.83	5.20	5.10	5.62	5.51	6.06	5.94	6.34	6.22	6.59	6.46	6.83	6.70	Ч—	$\Box$
43	4.80	4.70	5.06	4.96	5.46	5.35	5.84	5.73	6.09	5.97	6.36	6.23	6.62	6.49	\	$\Box$
46	4.60	4.51	4.85	4.75	5.21	5.11	5.52	5.41	5.71	5.60	6.01	5.89	6.31	6.18	<b>Ч</b>	$\Box$
50	3.73	3.66	3.96	3.88	4.29	4.21	4.59	4.50	4.77	4.68	4.91	4.81	5.05	4.94		ldot

(kW)	Heating	Mode:	НС				(kW)
	Out	door		Indoor	air temp	erature	:
DB	air te	emp.			°CDB		
ΝB	°CDB	°CWB	16	18	20	22	24
SHC	-19.8	-20	5.17	5.09	5.00	4.91	4.83
7.40	-17.7	-18	5.06	4.99	4.91	4.82	4.74
7.40	-15.7	-16	5.40	5.32	5.24	5.16	5.07
7.40	-13.5	-14	5.52	5.44	5.35	5.27	5.18
7.40	-11.5	-12	5.75	5.66	5.58	5.49	5.39
7.40	-9.5	-10	5.98	5.89	5.80	5.71	5.61
7.40	-7.5	-8	6.20	6.11	6.02	5.93	5.83
7.40	-5.5	-6	6.44	6.34	6.24	6.15	6.05
7.40	-3.0	-4	6.67	6.57	6.47	6.37	6.26
7.77	-1.0	-2	6.91	6.80	6.69	6.59	6.48
7.85	1.0	0	7.14	7.03	6.92	6.80	6.69
7.84	2.0	1	7.26	7.14	7.03	6.91	6.80
7.84	3.0	2	7.42	7.32	7.22	7.11	6.99
7.83	5.0	4	7.73	7.67	7.61	7.49	7.36
	7.0	6	8.05	8.02	8.00	7.87	7.74
	9.0	8	8.37	8.37	8.38	8.21	8.05
	11.5	10	8.69	8.72	8.76	8.56	8.35
	13.5	12	9.08	9.13	9.17	8.99	8.82
	15.5	14	9.48	9.53	9.58	9.43	9.28
	16.5	16	9.68	9.73	9.78	9.65	9.51

PJF000Z588

Notes(1) These data show average status.

Depending on the system control, there may be ranges where the operation is not conducted continuously.

These data show the case where the operation frequency of a compressor is fixed. (Cooling only)

In the heating mode in which the outside air temperature is 0°CDB or less, the compressor operates at maximum frequency. (2) Capacities are based on the following conditions

Corresponding refrigerant piping length :7.5m

Level difference of Zero.

(3) Symbols are as follows TC: Total cooling capacity (kW) SHC: Sensible heat capacity (kW) HC: Heating capacity (kW)

### (2) Ceiling cassette-4 way compact type (FDTC)

#### (a) Twin type

Model FDTC71VNXWPVH Indoor unit FDTC40VH (2 units) Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W

Cooling M	lode							,	,							(kW
							Ind	oor air t	empera	ture						(,,,,,
Outdoor air temp.	18 °	CDB	21 °	CDB	23 °	CDB	26 °	CDB	27 °	CDB	28 °	CDB	31 °	CDB	33 °	CDB
ali terrip.	12 °	CWB	14 °	CWB	16 °	CWB	18 °	CWB	19 °	CWB	20 °	CWB	22 °	CWB	24 °	CWB
°CDB	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC
-15							6.36	6.23	6.54	6.32	6.74	6.29	7.15	6.71	7.55	6.62
-10							6.36	6.23	6.54	6.32	6.74	6.29	7.15	6.71	7.55	6.62
-5							6.36	6.23	6.54	6.32	6.74	6.29	7.15	6.71	7.55	6.62
0					5.98	5.81	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.32	6.74	6.29	7.15	6.71	7.55	6.62
5					5.98	5.81	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.32	6.74	6.29	7.15	6.71	7.55	6.62
11					5.98	5.81	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.32	6.74	6.29	7.15	6.71	7.55	6.62
13					5.98	5.81	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.32	6.74	6.29	7.15	6.71	7.55	6.62
15					5.98	5.81	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.32	6.74	6.29	7.15	6.71	7.55	6.62
17					6.40	5.98	6.81	6.53	7.01	6.49	7.23	6.46	7.66	6.88	8.10	6.78
19					6.83	6.16	7.26	6.70	7.47	6.66	7.71	6.62	8.18	7.04	8.65	6.94
21					6.78	6.14	7.20	6.68	7.41	6.64	7.65	6.61	8.13	7.03	8.61	6.93
23					6.72	6.11	7.14	6.66	7.35	6.62	7.60	6.59	8.08	7.01	8.57	6.92
25			6.28	6.15	6.69	6.10	7.11	6.65	7.33	6.61	7.57	6.58	8.06	7.00	8.55	6.91
27			6.25	6.12	6.66	6.09	7.08	6.64	7.30	6.60	7.64	6.60	7.99	6.98		
29			6.11	5.99	6.53	6.03	6.99	6.60	7.25	6.58	7.55	6.57	7.86	6.94		
31			5.98	5.86	6.39	5.98	6.90	6.57	7.20	6.56	7.46	6.54	7.73	6.90		
33	5.52	5.41	5.78	5.67	6.26	5.92	6.81	6.53	7.15	6.54	7.37	6.51	7.60	6.85		
35	5.33	5.22	5.62	5.51	6.12	5.87	6.72	6.50	7.10	6.53	7.28	6.48	7.47	6.81		
37	5.20	5.09	5.48	5.37	5.96	5.80	6.50	6.37	6.85	6.43	7.05	6.40	7.26	6.74		
39	5.06	4.96	5.34	5.23	5.79	5.67	6.28	6.15	6.60	6.34	6.82	6.31	7.04	6.68		
41	4.93	4.83	5.20	5.10	5.62	5.51	6.06	5.94	6.34	6.22	6.59	6.24	6.83	6.61		
43	4.80	4.70	5.06	4.96	5.46	5.35	5.84	5.73	6.09	5.97	6.36	6.16	6.62	6.49		
46	4.60	4.51	4.85	4.75	5.21	5.11	5.52	5.41	5.71	5.60	6.01	5.89	6.31	6.18		
50	3.73	3.66	3.96	3.88	4.29	4.21	4.59	4.50	4.77	4.68	4.91	4.81	5.05	4.94		I

	Out	door		Indoor	air temp	erature	:
DВ	air t	emp.			°CDB		
VB	°CDB	°CWB	16	18	20	22	24
SHC	-19.8	-20	4.45	4.38	4.30	4.23	4.15
6.62	-17.7	-18	4.59	4.52	4.45	4.37	4.29
6.62	-15.7	-16	5.19	5.11	5.03	4.95	4.86
6.62	-13.5	-14	5.38	5.30	5.22	5.14	5.05
6.62	-11.5	-12	5.78	5.70	5.61	5.52	5.43
6.62	-9.5	-10	6.18	6.09	6.00	5.90	5.81
6.62	-7.5	-8	6.58	6.48	6.38	6.28	6.18
6.62	-5.5	-6	6.73	6.63	6.53	6.42	6.32
6.62	-3.0	-4	6.88	6.78	6.67	6.56	6.46
3.78	-1.0	-2	7.03	6.92	6.81	6.70	6.60
6.94	1.0	0	7.19	7.07	6.96	6.84	6.73
6.93	2.0	1	7.26	7.14	7.03	6.91	6.80
5.92	3.0	2	7.42	7.32	7.22	7.11	6.99
6.91	5.0	4	7.73	7.67	7.61	7.49	7.36
	7.0	6	8.05	8.02	8.00	7.87	7.74
	9.0	8	8.37	8.37	8.38	8.21	8.05
	11.5	10	8.69	8.72	8.76	8.56	8.35
	13.5	12	9.08	9.13	9.17	8.99	8.82
	15.5	14	9.48	9.53	9.58	9.43	9.28
	16.5	16	9.68	9.73	9.78	9.65	9.51

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#### (3) Duct connected-High static pressure type (FDU)

#### (a) Single type

Model FDU71VNXWVH Indoor unit FDU71VH Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W

(kW) Heating Mode:HC Cooling Mode Indoor air temperature Outdoo 21 °CDB 23 °CDB 33 °CDB 18 °CDB 26 °CDB 27 °CDB 28 °CDB 31 °CDB air temp 12 °CWB 14 °CWB 16 °CWB 18 °CWB 19 °CWB 20 °CWB 22 °CWB 24 °CWB °CDB SHC SHC SHC SHC TC SHC TC SHC TC SHC TC TC TC SHC TC TC 6.36 5.69 6.54 5.63 6.74 5.58 7 15 5.92 5.78 -10 6.36 5.69 6.54 5.63 6.74 5.58 7.15 5.92 7.55 5.78 5.78 6.36 5.69 6.54 5.63 6.74 5.58 7.15 5.92 7.55 0 5.98 6.36 5.69 6.54 5.63 6.74 5.78 5.98 5.22 6.36 5.69 6.54 5.63 6.74 5.58 7.15 5.92 5.78 11 5.98 5.22 6.36 5.69 6.54 5.63 6.74 5.58 7.15 5.92 7.55 5.78 13 5.98 6.36 5.69 6.54 5.63 6.74 5.58 7.15 5.92 5.78 5.22 6.74 17 6.40 5.38 6.81 5.84 7.01 5.78 7.23 5.72 7.66 6.06 8.10 5.91 19 6.83 5.54 7.26 5.99 7.47 5.93 7.71 5.87 8.18 6.20 8.65 6.05 21 6.78 5.52 7.20 5.97 7.41 5.91 7.65 5.85 8.13 6.19 8.61 6.04 23 25 6.72 5.50 5.95 7.35 5.89 7.60 6.17 6.03 6.28 5.66 6.69 5.48 7.11 5.94 7.33 5.88 7.57 5.83 8.06 6.17 8.55 6.02 6.25 5.65 6.66 5.47 7.08 5.93 7.30 5.87 7.64 5.85 7.99 6.15 29 6.11 6.53 5.42 6.99 5.90 7.25 5.86 7.55 5.82 6.11 31 5.98 6.39 6.90 5.87 7.20 5.84 7.46 6.08 33 5.52 5.09 5.78 5.46 6.26 5.32 6.81 5.84 7.15 5.83 7.37 5.77 7.60 6.04 5.33 5.01 5.62 5.40 6.12 5.27 6.72 5.81 7.10 5.81 7.28 7.47 6.01 37 5.20 4.96 5.48 5.34 5.96 5.21 6.50 5.74 6.85 5.73 7.05 5.67 7.26 5.95 39 5.06 4.90 5.34 5.23 5.79 5.15 6.28 5.66 6.60 5.65 6.82 5.60 7.04 5.89 41 4.93 4.83 5.20 5.10 5.62 5.10 6.06 5.59 6.34 5.57 6.59 5.53 6.83 5.84 5.84 5.52 43 6.09 5.49 6.36 5.46 46 4.60 4.51 4.85 4.75 5.21 4.95 5.52 5.41 5.71 5.38 6.01 5.36 6.31 5.70 3.66 3.96 3.88 4.29 4.21 4.59 4.50 4.77 4.68 4.91 4.81 5.05 4.94

Heating	Heating Mode:HC (kW)													
Outdoor Indoor air temperature air temp. °CDB														
air te	emp.			°CDB										
°CDB	°CWB	16	18	20	22	24								
-19.8	-20	5.17	5.09	5.00	4.91	4.83								
-17.7	-18	5.35	5.26	5.18	5.09	5.00								
-15.7	-16	5.52	5.44	5.36	5.27	5.18								
-13.5	-14	5.65	5.57	5.49	5.40	5.30								
-11.5	-12	5.92	5.83	5.74	5.65	5.56								
-9.5	-10	6.18	6.09	6.00	5.90	5.81								
-7.5	-8	6.45	6.35	6.26	6.16	6.06								
-5.5	-6	6.63	6.53	6.43	6.33	6.23								
-3.0	-4	6.81	6.70	6.60	6.49	6.39								
-1.0	-2	6.99	6.88	6.77	6.66	6.56								
1.0	0	7.17	7.06	6.94	6.83	6.72								
2.0	1	7.26	7.14	7.03	6.91	6.80								
3.0	2	7.42	7.32	7.22	7.11	6.99								
5.0	4	7.73	7.67	7.61	7.49	7.36								
7.0	6	8.05	8.02	8.00	7.87	7.74								
9.0	8	8.37	8.37	8.38	8.21	8.05								
11.5	10	8.69	8.72	8.76	8.56	8.35								
13.5	12	9.08	9.13	9.17	8.99	8.82								
15.5	14	9.48	9.53	9.58	9.43	9.28								
16.5	16	9.68	9.73	9.78	9.65	9.51								

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These data show average status

Depending on the system control, there may be ranges where the operation is not conducted continuously.

These data show the case where the operation frequency of a compressor is fixed. (Cooling only)

In the heating mode in which the outside air temperature is 0°CDB or less, the compressor operates at maximum frequency. (2) Capacities are based on the following conditions.

Corresponding refrigerant piping length :7.5m Level difference of Zero.

(3) Symbols are as follows

TC: Total cooling capacity (kW) SHC :Sensible heat capacity (kW) HC :Heating capacity (kW)

### (4) Duct connected-Low / Middle static pressure type (FDUM)

#### (a) Single type

Model FDUM71VNXWVH Indoor unit FDUM71VH Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W Cooling Mode

0.11							Inde	oor air t	empera	ture						
Outdoor air temp.	18 °	CDB	21 °	CDB	23 °	CDB	26 °	CDB	27 °	CDB	28 °	CDB	31 °	CDB	33 °	CDB
un temp.	12 °	CWB	14 °	CWB	16 °	CWB	18 °0	CWB	19 °	CWB	20 °	CWB	22 °	CWB	24 °	CWB
°CDB	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC
-15							6.36	5.69	6.54	5.63	6.74	5.58	7.15	5.92	7.55	5.78
-10							6.36	5.69	6.54	5.63	6.74	5.58	7.15	5.92	7.55	5.78
-5							6.36	5.69	6.54	5.63	6.74	5.58	7.15	5.92	7.55	5.78
0					5.98	5.22	6.36	5.69	6.54	5.63	6.74	5.58	7.15	5.92	7.55	5.78
5					5.98	5.22	6.36	5.69	6.54	5.63	6.74	5.58	7.15	5.92	7.55	5.78
11					5.98	5.22	6.36	5.69	6.54	5.63	6.74	5.58	7.15	5.92	7.55	5.78
13					5.98	5.22	6.36	5.69	6.54	5.63	6.74	5.58	7.15	5.92	7.55	5.78
15					5.98	5.22	6.36	5.69	6.54	5.63	6.74	5.58	7.15	5.92	7.55	5.78
17					6.40	5.38	6.81	5.84	7.01	5.78	7.23	5.72	7.66	6.06	8.10	5.91
19					6.83	5.54	7.26	5.99	7.47	5.93	7.71	5.87	8.18	6.20	8.65	6.05
21					6.78	5.52	7.20	5.97	7.41	5.91	7.65	5.85	8.13	6.19	8.61	6.04
23					6.72	5.50	7.14	5.95	7.35	5.89	7.60	5.84	8.08	6.17	8.57	6.03
25			6.28	5.66	6.69	5.48	7.11	5.94	7.33	5.88	7.57	5.83	8.06	6.17	8.55	6.02
27			6.25	5.65	6.66	5.47	7.08	5.93	7.30	5.87	7.64	5.85	7.99	6.15		
29			6.11	5.60	6.53	5.42	6.99	5.90	7.25	5.86	7.55	5.82	7.86	6.11		
31			5.98	5.54	6.39	5.37	6.90	5.87	7.20	5.84	7.46	5.79	7.73	6.08		
33	5.52	5.09	5.78	5.46	6.26	5.32	6.81	5.84	7.15	5.83	7.37	5.77	7.60	6.04		
35	5.33	5.01	5.62	5.40	6.12	5.27	6.72	5.81	7.10	5.81	7.28	5.74	7.47	6.01		
37	5.20	4.96	5.48	5.34	5.96	5.21	6.50	5.74	6.85	5.73	7.05	5.67	7.26	5.95		
39	5.06	4.90	5.34	5.23	5.79	5.15	6.28	5.66	6.60	5.65	6.82	5.60	7.04	5.89		
41	4.93	4.83	5.20	5.10	5.62	5.10	6.06	5.59	6.34	5.57	6.59	5.53	6.83	5.84		
43	4.80	4.70	5.06	4.96	5.46	5.04	5.84	5.52	6.09	5.49	6.36	5.46	6.62	5.78		
46	4.60	4.51	4.85	4.75	5.21	4.95	5.52	5.41	5.71	5.38	6.01	5.36	6.31	5.70		
50	3.73	3.66	3.96	3.88	4.29	4.21	4.59	4.50	4.77	4.68	4.91	4.81	5.05	4.94		

Heating	Heating Mode:HC (kW)										
Outdoor air temperature °CDB											
air te	emp.			°CDB							
°CDB	°CWB	16	18	20	22	24					
-19.8	-20	5.17	5.09	5.00	4.91	4.83					
-17.7	-18	5.35	5.26	5.18	5.09	5.00					
-15.7	-16	5.52	5.44	5.36	5.27	5.18					
-13.5	.7 -18 5.35 5.26 5.18 5 .7 -16 5.52 5.44 5.36 5 .5 -14 5.65 5.57 5.49 5 .5 -12 5.92 5.83 5.74 5		5.40	5.30							
-11.5	-12	5.92	5.83	5.74	5.65	5.56					
-9.5	-10	6.18	6.09	6.00	5.90	5.81					
-7.5	-8	6.45	6.35	6.26	6.16	6.06					
-5.5	-6	6.63	6.53	6.43	6.33	6.23					
-3.0	-4	6.81	6.70	6.60	6.49	6.39					
-1.0	-2	6.99	6.88	6.77	6.66	6.56					
1.0	0	7.17	7.06	6.94	6.83	6.72					
2.0	1	7.26	7.14	7.03	6.91	6.80					
3.0	2	7.42	7.32	7.22	7.11	6.99					
5.0	4	7.73	7.67	7.61	7.49	7.36					
7.0	6	8.05	8.02	8.00	7.87	7.74					
9.0	8	8.37	8.37	8.38	8.21	8.05					
11.5	10	8.69	8.72	8.76	8.56	8.35					
13.5	12	9.08	9.13	9.17	8.99	8.82					
15.5	14	9.48	9.53	9.58	9.43	9.28					
16.5	16	9.68	9.73	9.78	9.65	9.51					

(kW)

PJG000Z623

### (b) Twin type

Model FDUM71VNXWPVH Indoor unit FDUM40VH (2 units) Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W

							Inde	oor air t	empera	ture						
Outdoor air temp.	18 °	CDB	21 °	CDB	23 °	CDB	26 °	CDB	27 °	CDB	28 °	CDB	31 °	CDB	33 °	CDB
ин септр.	12 °C	CWB	14 °0	CWB	16 °0	CWB	18 °	CWB	19 °C	CWB	20 °C	CWB	22 °	CWB	24 °(	CWB
°CDB	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC
-15							6.36	6.23	6.54	6.35	6.74	6.32	7.15	6.74	7.55	6.65
-10							6.36	6.23	6.54	6.35	6.74	6.32	7.15	6.74	7.55	6.65
-5							6.36	6.23	6.54	6.35	6.74	6.32	7.15	6.74	7.55	6.65
0					5.98	5.83	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.35	6.74	6.32	7.15	6.74	7.55	6.65
5					5.98	5.83	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.35	6.74	6.32	7.15	6.74	7.55	6.65
11					5.98	5.83	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.35	6.74	6.32	7.15	6.74	7.55	6.65
13					5.98	5.83	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.35	6.74	6.32	7.15	6.74	7.55	6.65
15					5.98	5.83	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.35	6.74	6.32	7.15	6.74	7.55	6.65
17					6.40	6.01	6.81	6.56	7.01	6.52	7.23	6.48	7.66	6.91	8.10	6.8
19					6.83	6.18	7.26	6.73	7.47	6.69	7.71	6.65	8.18	7.07	8.65	6.98
21					6.78	6.16	7.20	6.71	7.41	6.67	7.65	6.64	8.13	7.06	8.61	6.96
23					6.72	6.14	7.14	6.68	7.35	6.65	7.60	6.62	8.08	7.04	8.57	6.95
25			6.28	6.15	6.69	6.12	7.11	6.67	7.33	6.64	7.57	6.61	8.06	7.04	8.55	6.95
27			6.25	6.12	6.66	6.11	7.08	6.66	7.30	6.62	7.64	6.63	7.99	7.01		
29			6.11	5.99	6.53	6.06	6.99	6.63	7.25	6.61	7.55	6.60	7.86	6.97		
31			5.98	5.86	6.39	6.00	6.90	6.59	7.20	6.59	7.46	6.57	7.73	6.93		
33	5.52	5.41	5.78	5.67	6.26	5.95	6.81	6.56	7.15	6.57	7.37	6.54	7.60	6.89		
35	5.33	5.22	5.62	5.51	6.12	5.89	6.72	6.52	7.10	6.55	7.28	6.50	7.47	6.84		
37	5.20	5.09	5.48	5.37	5.96	5.82	6.50	6.37	6.85	6.46	7.05	6.42	7.26	6.77		
39	5.06	4.96	5.34	5.23	5.79	5.67	6.28	6.15	6.60	6.37	6.82	6.34	7.04	6.71		
41	4.93	4.83	5.20	5.10	5.62	5.51	6.06	5.94	6.34	6.22	6.59	6.26	6.83	6.64		
43	4.80	4.70	5.06	4.96	5.46	5.35	5.84	5.73	6.09	5.97	6.36	6.18	6.62	6.49		
46	4.60	4.51	4.85	4.75	5.21	5.11	5.52	5.41	5.71	5.60	6.01	5.89	6.31	6.18		
50	3.73	3.66	3.96	3.88	4.29	4.21	4.59	4.50	4.77	4.68	4.91	4.81	5.05	4.94		

(kW)	)	Heating	Mode:	НС				(kW)
		Out	door		Indoor	air temp	erature	:
DВ		air te	emp.			°CDB		
VB		°CDB	°CWB	16	18	20	22	24
SHC		-19.8	-20	5.17	5.09	5.00	4.91	4.83
6.65	Ш	-17.7	-18	5.35	5.26	5.18	5.09	5.00
6.65	Н	-15.7	-16	5.52	5.44	5.36	5.27	5.18
6.65		-13.5	-14	5.65	5.57	5.49	5.40	5.30
6.65	Н	-11.5	-12	5.92	5.83	5.74	5.65	5.56
6.65	Н	-9.5	-10	6.18	6.09	6.00	5.90	5.81
6.65	Н	-7.5	-8	6.45	6.35	6.26	6.16	6.06
6.65	Н	-5.5	-6	6.63	6.53	6.43	6.33	6.23
6.65	Н	-3.0	-4	6.81	6.70	6.60	6.49	6.39
3.81	Н	-1.0	-2	6.99	6.88	6.77	6.66	6.56
6.98	Н	1.0	0	7.17	7.06	6.94	6.83	6.72
6.96	Н	2.0	1	7.26	7.14	7.03	6.91	6.80
6.95	Н	3.0	2	7.42	7.32	7.22	7.11	6.99
3.95	Н	5.0	4	7.73	7.67	7.61	7.49	7.36
	Н	7.0	6	8.05	8.02	8.00	7.87	7.74
	H	9.0	8	8.37	8.37	8.38	8.21	8.05
	H	11.5	10	8.69	8.72	8.76	8.56	8.35
		13.5	12	9.08	9.13	9.17	8.99	8.82
		15.5	14	9.48	9.53	9.58	9.43	9.28
	H	16.5	16	9.68	9.73	9.78	9.65	9.51

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Notes(1) These data show average status.

Depending on the system control, there may be ranges where the operation is not conducted continuously.

These data show the case where the operation frequency of a compressor is fixed. (Cooling only)
In the heating mode in which the outside air temperature is 0°CDB or less, the compressor operates at maximum frequency.

(2) Capacities are based on the following conditions.

Corresponding refrigerant piping length :7.5m Level difference of Zero. (3) Symbols are as follows

TC :Total cooling capacity (kW)
SHC :Sensible heat capacity (kW)
HC :Heating capacity (kW)

### (5) Ceiling suspended type (FDE)

### (a) Single type

Cooling Mode

Model FDE71VNXWVH Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W Indoor unit FDE71VH

							Inde	oor air t	empera	ture						
Outdoor air temp.	18°	CDB	21 °	CDB	23 °	CDB	26 °	CDB	27 °	CDB	28 °	CDB	31 °	CDB	33 °	CDB
un temp.	12 °	CWB	14 °0	CWB	16 °C	CWB	18 °	CWB	19 °CWB		20 °CWB		22 °	CWB	24 °	CWB
°CDB	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC
-15							6.36	5.38	6.54	5.34	6.74	5.30	7.15	5.61	7.55	5.51
-10							6.36	5.38	6.54	5.34	6.74	5.30	7.15	5.61	7.55	5.51
-5							6.36	5.38	6.54	5.34	6.74	5.30	7.15	5.61	7.55	5.51
0					5.98	4.97	6.36	5.38	6.54	5.34	6.74	5.30	7.15	5.61	7.55	5.51
5					5.98	4.97	6.36	5.38	6.54	5.34	6.74	5.30	7.15	5.61	7.55	5.51
11					5.98	4.97	6.36	5.38	6.54	5.34	6.74	5.30	7.15	5.61	7.55	5.51
13					5.98	4.97	6.36	5.38	6.54	5.34	6.74	5.30	7.15	5.61	7.55	5.51
15					5.98	4.97	6.36	5.38	6.54	5.34	6.74	5.30	7.15	5.61	7.55	5.51
17					6.40	5.15	6.81	5.56	7.01	5.51	7.23	5.48	7.66	5.78	8.10	5.67
19					6.83	5.33	7.26	5.73	7.47	5.69	7.71	5.65	8.18	5.95	8.65	5.84
21					6.78	5.31	7.20	5.71	7.41	5.67	7.65	5.63	8.13	5.93	8.61	5.83
23					6.72	5.29	7.14	5.69	7.35	5.65	7.60	5.61	8.08	5.92	8.57	5.81
25			6.28	5.40	6.69	5.27	7.11	5.68	7.33	5.64	7.57	5.60	8.06	5.91	8.55	5.81
27			6.25	5.39	6.66	5.26	7.08	5.66	7.30	5.62	7.64	5.63	7.99	5.88		
29			6.11	5.33	6.53	5.20	6.99	5.63	7.25	5.61	7.55	5.60	7.86	5.84		
31			5.98	5.26	6.39	5.15	6.90	5.59	7.20	5.59	7.46	5.56	7.73	5.80		
33	5.52	4.86	5.78	5.18	6.26	5.09	6.81	5.56	7.15	5.57	7.37	5.53	7.60	5.75		
35	5.33	4.77	5.62	5.10	6.12	5.03	6.72	5.52	7.10	5.55	7.28	5.50	7.47	5.71		
37	5.20	4.70	5.48	5.04	5.96	4.96	6.50	5.44	6.85	5.46	7.05	5.41	7.26	5.64		
39	5.06	4.64	5.34	4.98	5.79	4.90	6.28	5.35	6.60	5.36	6.82	5.33	7.04	5.57		
41	4.93	4.58	5.20	4.92	5.62	4.83	6.06	5.27	6.34	5.27	6.59	5.25	6.83	5.51		
43	4.80	4.51	5.06	4.85	5.46	4.76	5.84	5.19	6.09	5.18	6.36	5.17	6.62	5.44		
46	4.60	4.42	4.85	4.75	5.21	4.66	5.52	5.06	5.71	5.04	6.01	5.05	6.31	5.34		
50	3.73	3.66	3.96	3.88	4.29	4.21	4.59	4.50	4.77	4.68	4.91	4.68	5.05	4.94		

Heating	Heating Mode:HC (kW)											
Out	door		Indoor	air temp	erature	;						
air te	emp.			°CDB								
°CDB	°CWB	16	18	20	22	24						
-19.8	-20	4.44	4.37	4.30	4.22	4.15						
-17.7	-18	4.59	4.52	4.45	4.37	4.29						
-15.7	-16	5.19	5.11	5.03	4.95	4.86						
-13.5	-14	5.39	5.31	5.23	5.14	5.05						
-11.5	-12	5.79	5.70	5.62	5.53	5.43						
-9.5	-10	6.19	6.10	6.00	5.91	5.81						
-7.5	-8	6.59	6.49	6.39	6.29	6.19						
-5.5	-6	6.74	6.64	6.53	6.43	6.33						
-3.0	-4	6.89	6.78	6.67	6.57	6.46						
-1.0	-2	7.04	6.93	6.82	6.71	6.60						
1.0	0	7.19	7.07	6.96	6.85	6.73						
2.0	1	7.26	7.14	7.03	6.91	6.80						
3.0	2	7.42	7.32	7.22	7.11	6.99						
5.0	4	7.73	7.67	7.61	7.49	7.36						
7.0	6	8.05	8.02	8.00	7.87	7.74						
9.0	8	8.37	8.37	8.38	8.21	8.05						
11.5	10	8.69	8.72	8.76	8.56	8.35						
13.5	12	9.08	9.13	9.17	8.99	8.82						
15.5	14	9.48	9.53	9.58	9.43	9.28						
16.5	16	9.68	9.73	9.78	9.65	9.51						

(kW)

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### (b) Twin type

Model FDE71VNXWPVH Indoor unit FDE40VH (2 units) Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W

Cooling M	lode															(KW
							Ind	oor air t	empera	ture						
Outdoor air temp.	18 °	CDB	21 °	CDB	23 °	CDB	26 °	CDB	27 °	27 °CDB		CDB	31 °	CDB	33 °	CDB
an temp.	12 °	CWB	14 °	CWB	16 °	CWB	18 °	CWB	19 °CWB		20 °CWB		22 °CWB		24 °CWB	
°CDB	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC	TC	SHC
-15							6.36	6.23	6.54	6.24	6.74	6.20	7.15	6.61	7.55	6.51
-10							6.36	6.23	6.54	6.24	6.74	6.20	7.15	6.61	7.55	6.51
-5							6.36	6.23	6.54	6.24	6.74	6.20	7.15	6.61	7.55	6.51
0					5.98	5.74	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.24	6.74	6.20	7.15	6.61	7.55	6.51
5					5.98	5.74	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.24	6.74	6.20	7.15	6.61	7.55	6.51
11					5.98	5.74	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.24	6.74	6.20	7.15	6.61	7.55	6.51
13					5.98	5.74	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.24	6.74	6.20	7.15	6.61	7.55	6.51
15					5.98	5.74	6.36	6.23	6.54	6.24	6.74	6.20	7.15	6.61	7.55	6.51
17					6.40	5.91	6.81	6.45	7.01	6.40	7.23	6.36	7.66	6.77	8.10	6.67
19					6.83	6.08	7.26	6.61	7.47	6.57	7.71	6.53	8.18	6.93	8.65	6.82
21					6.78	6.06	7.20	6.59	7.41	6.55	7.65	6.51	8.13	6.92	8.61	6.81
23					6.72	6.03	7.14	6.57	7.35	6.53	7.60	6.49	8.08	6.90	8.57	6.80
25			6.28	6.15	6.69	6.02	7.11	6.56	7.33	6.52	7.57	6.48	8.06	6.90	8.55	6.79
27			6.25	6.12	6.66	6.01	7.08	6.55	7.30	6.51	7.64	6.50	7.99	6.87		
29			6.11	5.99	6.53	5.96	6.99	6.52	7.25	6.49	7.55	6.47	7.86	6.83		
31			5.98	5.86	6.39	5.90	6.90	6.48	7.20	6.47	7.46	6.44	7.73	6.79		
33	5.52	5.41	5.78	5.67	6.26	5.85	6.81	6.45	7.15	6.45	7.37	6.41	7.60	6.75		
35	5.33	5.22	5.62	5.51	6.12	5.80	6.72	6.41	7.10	6.44	7.28	6.38	7.47	6.71		
37	5.20	5.09	5.48	5.37	5.96	5.73	6.50	6.33	6.85	6.35	7.05	6.30	7.26	6.65		
39	5.06	4.96	5.34	5.23	5.79	5.67	6.28	6.15	6.60	6.26	6.82	6.23	7.04	6.58		
41	4.93	4.83	5.20	5.10	5.62	5.51	6.06	5.94	6.34	6.17	6.59	6.15	6.83	6.52		
43	4.80	4.70	5.06	4.96	5.46	5.35	5.84	5.73	6.09	5.97	6.36	6.07	6.62	6.46		
46	4.60	4.51	4.85	4.75	5.21	5.11	5.52	5.41	5.71	5.60	6.01	5.89	6.31	6.18		
50	3.73	3.66	3.96	3.88	4.29	4.21	4.59	4.50	4.77	4.68	4.91	4.81	5.05	4.94		

(kW)		g Mode:	10				(kW
		door		Indoor	air temp	erature	:
OB	air t	emp.			°CDB		
VВ	°CDB	°CWB	16	18	20	22	24
SHC	-19.8	-20	4.44	4.37	4.30	4.22	4.15
6.51	-17.7	-18	4.59	4.52	4.45	4.37	4.29
6.51	-15.7	-16	5.19	5.11	5.03	4.95	4.86
6.51	-13.5	-14	5.39	5.31	5.23	5.14	5.05
6.51	-11.5	-12	5.79	5.70	5.62	5.53	5.43
6.51	-9.5	-10	6.19	6.10	6.00	5.91	5.81
6.51	-7.5	-8	6.59	6.49	6.39	6.29	6.19
6.51	-5.5	-6	6.74	6.64	6.53	6.43	6.33
6.51	-3.0	-4	6.89	6.78	6.67	6.57	6.46
6.67	-1.0	-2	7.04	6.93	6.82	6.71	6.60
6.82	1.0	0	7.19	7.07	6.96	6.85	6.73
6.81	2.0	1	7.26	7.14	7.03	6.91	6.80
6.80	3.0	2	7.42	7.32	7.22	7.11	6.99
6.79	5.0	4	7.73	7.67	7.61	7.49	7.36
	7.0	6	8.05	8.02	8.00	7.87	7.74
	9.0	8	8.37	8.37	8.38	8.21	8.05
	11.5	10	8.69	8.72	8.76	8.56	8.35
	13.5	12	9.08	9.13	9.17	8.99	8.82
	15.5	14	9.48	9.53	9.58	9.43	9.28
	16.5	16	9.68	9.73	9.78	9.65	9.51

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Notes(1) These data show average status.

Depending on the system control, there may be ranges where the operation is not conducted continuously.

Depending on the system control, there may be ranges where the operation is not conducted continuously. These data show the case where the operation frequency of a compressor is fixed. (Cooling only) In the heating mode in which the outside air temperature is 0°CDB or less, the compressor operates at maximum frequency.

(2) Capacities are based on the following conditions.

Corresponding refrigerant piping length: 7.5m

Level difference of Zero.

(3) Symbols are as follows

TC: Total cooling capacity (kW)

SHC: Sensible heat capacity (kW)

HC: Heating capacity (kW)

### (6) Wall mounted type (SRK)

#### (a) Single type

Model SRK71VNXWZR Indoor unit SRK71ZR-W Outdoor unit FDC71VNX-W Cooling Mode

Indoor air temperature Outdoo 18 °CDB 21 °CDB 23 °CDB 26 °CDB 27 °CDB 28 °CDB 31 °CDB 33 °CDB air temp 12 °CWB 14 °CWB 16 °CWB 18 °CWB 19 °CWB 20 °CWB 22 °CWB 24 °CWB °CDB TC SHC 6.36 5.33 6.54 5.28 6.74 5.24 7.15 5.53 7.55 5.42 -10 6.36 5.33 6.54 5.28 6.74 5.24 7.15 5.53 7.55 5.42 6.36 5.33 6.74 5.24 7.15 5.53 7.55 5.42 6.54 5.28 0 5.98 4.92 6.36 5.33 6.54 5.28 5.24 5.98 4.92 6.36 5.33 6.54 5.28 6.74 7.15 5.53 5.42 11 5.98 4.92 6.36 5.33 6.54 5.28 6.74 5.24 7.15 5.53 5.42 13 4.92 6.36 5.33 6.54 5.28 6.74 5.24 5.42 5.98 7.15 15 5.98 4.92 6.36 5.33 6.54 5.28 6.74 5.24 7.15 5.53 7.55 5.42 17 6.40 5.09 6.81 5.49 7.01 5.45 7.23 5.40 7.66 5.69 8.10 5.57 19 5.57 6.83 5.27 7.26 5.66 7.47 5.61 7.71 8.18 5.85 8.65 5.73 21 6.78 5.25 7.20 5.64 8.13 5.84 8.61 23 6.72 5 22 7.14 5.62 7.35 5.57 7.60 5.53 8.08 5.82 8 57 5.70 25 6.28 5.35 6.69 5.21 7.11 5.61 7.33 5.56 7.57 5.52 8.06 5.82 8.55 5.70 27 7.08 5.60 7.30 5.55 7.64 5.54 5.34 6.66 5.20 7.99 5.79 6.25 29 6.11 5.28 6.53 5.14 6.99 5.56 7.25 5.53 7.55 5.51 7.86 5.75 31 5.98 5.22 6.39 5.09 6.90 5.53 7.20 5.52 7.46 5.48 7 73 5.71 33 35 5.52 4.82 5.78 5.14 6.26 5.03 6.81 5.50 7.15 5.50 7.37 5.45 7.60 5.67 5.62 5.42 7.47 4.73 5.07 6.12 4.98 6.72 5.46 5.63 5.33 7.10 5.48 7.28 37 4.91 5.20 5.48 5.01 5.96 6.50 5.38 6.85 5.39 7.05 5.34 7.26 5.57 39 5.06 4 61 5.34 4 95 5.79 4.85 6.28 5.30 6.60 5.30 6.82 5.26 7.04 5.50 41 4.93 4.55 5.20 4.89 5.62 4.78 6.06 5.22 6.34 5.21 6.59 5.19 6.83 5.44 4.72 5.84 5.14 4.80 4.49 5.06 4.83 5.46 6.09 5.13 6.36 5.11 6.62 5.38 46 4.60 4.40 4.85 4.74 4.62 5.52 5.03 5.71 5.00 6.01 5.00 5.28 50 3 73 3 66 3 96 3 88 4 29 4 21 4 59 4 50

Outdo	oor	HC (kW)									
	001	Indoor air temperature									
DB air ter	np.			°CDB							
VB °CDB °	CWB	16	18	20	22	24					
SHC -19.8	-20	4.55	4.48	4.40	4.33	4.25					
5.42 -17.7	-18	4.60	4.53	4.47	4.39	4.31					
5.42 -15.7	-16	5.12	5.04	4.96	4.88	4.80					
5.42 -13.5	-14	5.29	5.21	5.13	5.05	4.96					
5.42 -11.5	-12	5.63	5.55	5.46	5.38	5.29					
5.42 -9.5	-10	5.97	5.89	5.80	5.71	5.61					
5.42 -7.5	-8	6.32	6.22	6.13	6.03	5.94					
5.42 -5.5	-6	6.53	6.43	6.33	6.23	6.13					
5.42 -3.0	-4	6.74	6.63	6.53	6.43	6.32					
5.57 -1.0	-2	6.95	6.84	6.73	6.62	6.51					
5.73 1.0	0	7.16	7.04	6.93	6.82	6.71					
5.72 2.0	1	7.26	7.14	7.03	6.91	6.80					
5.70 3.0	2	7.42	7.32	7.22	7.11	6.99					
5.70 5.0	4	7.73	7.67	7.61	7.49	7.36					
7.0	6	8.05	8.02	8.00	7.87	7.74					
9.0	8	8.37	8.37	8.38	8.21	8.05					
11.5	10	8.69	8.72	8.76	8.56	8.35					
13.5	12	9.08	9.13	9.17	8.99	8.82					
15.5	14	9.48	9.53	9.58	9.43	9.28					
16.5	16	9.68	9.73	9.78	9.65	9.51					



Depending on the system control, there may be ranges where the operation is not conducted continuously.

These data show the case where the operation frequency of a compressor is fixed. (Cooling only)
In the heating mode in which the outside air temperature is 0°CDB or less, the compressor operates at maximum frequency.

(2) Capacities are based on the following conditions.

Corresponding refrigerant piping length: 7.5m

Level difference of Zero.

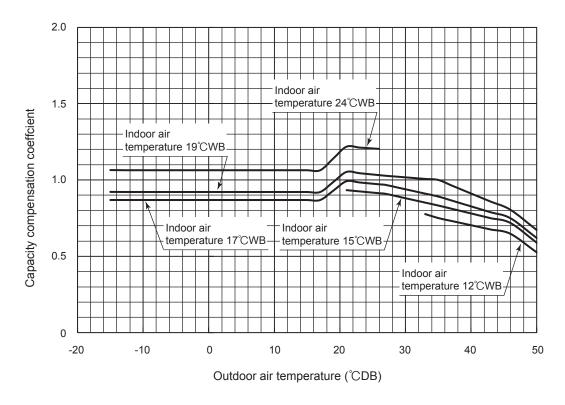
(3) Symbols are as follows TC :Total cooling capacity (kW) SHC :Sensible heat capacity (kW) HC :Heating capacity (kW)

### [References data]

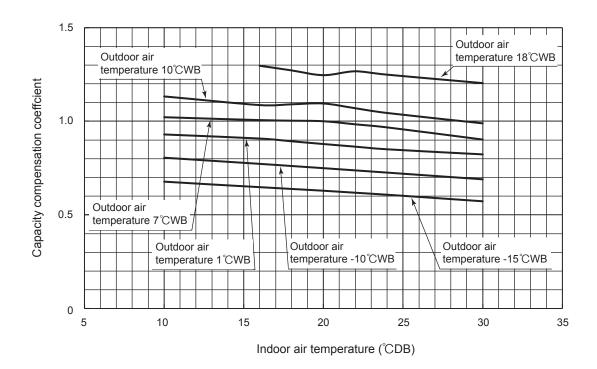
Capacity variation against outdoor and indoor temperature at the maximum compressor speed capacity compensation coefficient shows the ratio to nominal capacity.

### Model FDC71VNX-W

### 1 Cooling



### 2 Heating



# 1.9.2 Correction of cooling and heating capacity in relation to air flow rate control (Fan speed)

Fan speed	P-Hi or Hi	Me	Lo
Coefficient	1.00	0.97	0.95

# 1.9.3 Correction of cooling and heating capacity in relation to one way length of refrigerant piping

It is necessary to correct the cooling and heating capacity in relation to the one way equivalent piping length between the indoor and outdoor units.

Equivalent piping length (1)(m)			7.5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
Heating			1	1	1	1	1	0.998	0.998	0.993	0.993	0.988
Cooling	FDC71 model	φ 15.88	1	0.996	0.989	0.982	0.975	0.968	0.961	0.954	0.947	0.940

Note (1) Calculate the equivalent length using the following formula.

• Equivalent length =Actual length + (Equivalent bend length x number of bends in the piping.) Equivalent length per bend.

Gas pipe diameter (mm)	φ 15.88
Equivalent bend length	0.25

### 1.9.4 Height difference between the indoor unit and outdoor unit

When the outdoor unit is located below indoor units in cooling mode, or when the outdoor unit is located above indoor units in heating mode, the correction coefficient mentioned in the below table should be subtracted from the value in the above table.

Height difference between the indoor unit and outdoor unit in the vertical height difference	5m	10m	15m	20m	25m	30m
Adjustment coefficient	0.99	0.98	0.97	0.96	0.95	0.94

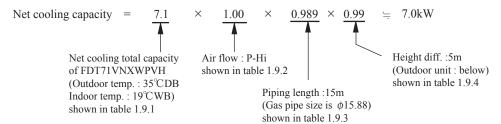
#### Piping length limitations

Item	Model	FDC71
Max. one way piping length		50m
Max. vertical height difference		Outdoor unit is higher 30m Outdoor unit is lower 15m

Note (1) Values in the table indicate the one way piping length between the indoor and outdoor units.

#### How to obtain the cooling and heating capacity

Example: The net cooling capacity of the model FDT71VNXWPVH with the air flow "P-Hi", the piping length of 15m, the outdoor unit located 5m lower than the indoor unit, indoor wet-bulb temperature at 19.0°C and outdoor dry-bulb temperature 35°C is



However, install the piping so that the piping length is within +5 m of the limit length (actual length) for the respective types.

### 1.10 APPLICATION DATA

### 1.10.1 Installation of indoor unit

(1) Ceiling cassette-4 way type(FDT)

This manual is for the installation of the indoor unit.

For electrical wiring work (Indoor unit), refer to page 91. For remote control installation, refer to page 95. For wireless kit installation, refer to page 141. For electrical wiring work (Outdoor unit) and refriger ant pipe work installation for outdoor unit, refer to page 107. For motion sensor kit installation, refer to page 173. This unit must always be used with the panel.

#### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully first of all and then strictly follow it during the installation work in order to protect yourself.
- The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, <u>AWARNING</u> and <u>ACAUTION</u>. AWARNING: Wrong installation would cause serious consequences such as injuries or death. ACAUTION: Wrong installation might cause serious consequences depending on circumstances. Both mentions the important items to protect your health and safety so strictly follow them by any means.
- The meanings of "Marks" used here are as shown on the right:
- Never do it under any circumstances. • After completing the installation, do commissioning to confirm there are no abnormalities, and explain to the customers about "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS", correct operation method and maintenance method (air filter

cleaning, operation method and temperature setting method) with user's manual of this unit. Ask your customers to keep this installation manual together with the user's manual. Also, ask them to hand over the user's manual to the new user when the owner is changed.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

#### Installation should be performed by the specialist.

If you install the unit by yourself, it may lead to serious trouble such as water leakage, electric shock, fire, and injury due to overturn

#### Install the system correctly according to these installation manuals.

mproper installation may cause explosion, injury, water leakage, electric shock, and fire. Check the density refered by the foundula (accordance with ISO5149).

If the density exceeds the limit density, please consult the dealer and installate the ventilation system  $\ensuremath{\bullet}$  Use the genuine accessories and the specified parts for installation.

### If parts unspecified by our company are used it could cause water leakage, electric shock, fire, and injury due to overturn of the unit.

Ventilate the working area well in case the refrigerant leaks during installation

If the refrigerant contacts the fire, toxic gas is produced In case of R32, the refrigerant could be ignited because of its flammability.

Install the unit in a location that can hold heavy weight.

Improper installation may cause the unit to fall leading to accid

■Install the unit properly in order to be able to withstand strong winds such as typhoons, and earthquakes.

Improper installation may cause the unit to fall leading to accidents

 $\ensuremath{\bullet}$  Do not mix air in to the cooling cycle on installation or removal of the air-conditioner. If air is mixed in, the pressure in the cooling cycle will rise abnormally and may cause explosion and injuries

• Be sure to have the electrical wiring work done by qualified electrical installer, and use exclusive circuit. Power source with insufficient capacity and improper work can cause electric shock and fire

•Use specified wire for electrical wiring, fasten the wiring to the terminal securely, and hold the cable securely in

order not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal. Loose connections or hold could result in abnormal heat generation or fire

● Arrange the electrical wires in the control box properly to prevent them from rising. Fit the lid of the services

panel property.

Improper fitting may cause abnormal heat and fire. Check for refrigerant gas leakage after installation is completed.

If the refrigerant gas leaks into the house and comes in contact with a fan heater, a stove, or an oven, toxic gas is produced.

•Use the specified pipe, flare nut, and tools for R32 or R410A. Using existing parts (R22) could cause the unit failure and serious accident due to explosion of the cooling cycle

● Tighten the flare nut according to the specified method by with torque wrench.

If the flare nut were tightened with excess torque, it could cause burst and refrigerant leakage after a long period. ● Do not put the drainage pipe directly into drainage channels where poisonous gases such as sulfide gas can

Poisonous gases will flow into the room through drainage pipe and seriously affect the user's health and safety. This can also cause the corrosion of the indoor unit and a resultant unit failure or refrigerant leak.

• Connect the pipes for refrigeration circuit securely in installation work before compressor is operated.

If the compressor is operated when the service valve is open without connecting the pipe, it could cause explosion and injuries due to abnormal high pressure in the system.

Stop the compressor before removing the pipe after shutting the service valve on pump down work. If the pipe is removed when the compressor is in operation with the service valve open, air would be mixed in the refrigeration circuit

and it could cause explosion and injuries due to abnormal high pressure in the cooling cycle.

Only use prescribed option parts. The installation must be carried out by the qualified installer.

If you install the system by yourself, it can cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire

Do not repair by yourself. And consult with the dealer about repair. mproper repair may cause water leakage, electric shock or fire

Consult the dealer or a specialist about removal of the air-conditioner. Improper installation may cause water leakage, electric shock or fire

Turn off the power source during servicing or inspection work.

If the power is supplied during servicing or inspection work, it could cause electric shock and injury by the operating fan Do not run the unit when the panel or protection guard are taken off.

Touching the rotating equipment, hot surface, or high voltage section could cause an injury to be caught in the machine, to get

burned, or electric shock Shut off the nower before electrical wiring work.

It could cause electric shock, unit failure and improper runn

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#### **⚠ CAUTION**

Perform earth wiring surely.

Do not connect the earth wiring to the gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod and telephone earth wiring. Improper earth could cause unit failure and electric shock due to a short-circuit.

Earth leakage breaker must be installed.

If the earth leakage breaker is not installed, it can cause electric shocks.

 Use the circuit breaker of correct capacity. Circuit breaker should be the one that disconnect all noles under over current.

Using the incorrect one could cause the system failure and fire.

 Do not use any materials other than a fuse of correct capacity where a fuse should be used. Connecting the circuit by wire or copper wire could cause unit failure and fire

 Do not install the indoor unit near the location where there is possibility of flammable gas leakage. If the gas leaks and gathers around the unit, it could cause fire.

 Do not install and use the unit where corrosive gas (such as sulfurous acid gas etc.) or flammable gas (su
as thinner, petroleum etc.) may be generated or accumulated, or volatile flammable substances are handle It could cause the corrosion of heat exchanger, breakage of plastic parts etc. And inflammable gas could cause fire.

Secure a space for installation, inspection and maintenance specified in the manual.

Insufficient space can result in accident such as personal injury due to falling from the installation place

Do not use the indoor unit at the place where water splashes such as laundry.

Indoor unit is not waterproof. It could cause electric shock and fire Do not use the indoor unit for a special purpose such as food storage, cooling for precision

instrument, preservation of animals, plants, and a work of art. It could cause the damage of the items.

 Do not install nor use the system near equipments which generate electromagnetic wave or high harmonics. Equipments like inverter equipment, private power generator, high-frequency medical equipment, or telecommunication equipment might influence the air-conditioner and cause a malfunction and breakdown. Or the air conditioner might influence medical equipments or telecommunication equipments, and obstruct their medical activity or cause jamming.

Do not install the remote control at the direct sunlight.

It could cause breakdown or deformation of the remote control Do not install the indoor unit at the place listed below.

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Places where flammable gas could leak.

Places where carbon fiber, metal powder or any powder is floated. Place where the substances which affect the air conditioner are generated such as sulfide gas, chloride gas, acid, alkali or ammonic atmospheres.

Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly. On vehicles and ships Places where machinery which generates high harmonics is used

Highly salted area such as beach Heavy snow area
Places where the system is affected by

smoke from a chimney. Altitude over 1000m

■ Do not install the indoor unit in the locations listed below (Re sure to install the indoor unit

to cording to the installation manual for each model because each indoor unit has each limitation)

Locations with any obstacles which can prevent inlet and Do not install the motion sensor mounting panel at following p outlet air of the unit

Locations where vibration can be amplified due to characteristic degradation. insufficient strength of structure.

Locations where the infrared receiver is exposed to the direct sunlight or the strong light beam. (in case of the Place where static electricity or electromagnetic wave generates

- Place where static electricity or electromagnetic wave generates

- Place where it is exposed to high temperature or humidity for a

infrared specification unit) long period of time. Locations where an equipment affected by high harmonics is . Dusty place or where the lens face could be fouled or damaged

placed. (TV set or radio receiver is placed within 5m) Locations where drainage cannot run off safely.
It can affect performance or function and etc..

Do not put any valuables which will break down by getting wet under the air-conditioner.

ion could drop when the relative humidity is higher than 80% or drain pipe is clogged, and it damages user's belongings. Do not use the base frame for the outdoor unit which is corroded or damaged after a long period of use.

It could cause the unit falling down and injury.

 Pay attention not to damage the drain pan by weld sputter when brazing work is done near the unit. If sputter entered into the unit during brazing work, it could cause damage (pinhole) of drain pan and leakage of water.

To avoid damaging, keep the indoor unit packed or cover the indoor unit.

• Install the drain pipe to drain the water surely according to the installation manual. Improper connection of the drain pipe may cause dropping water into room and damaging user's belongings

 Be sure to perform air tightness test by pressurizing with nitrogen gas after completed refrigerant piping work. If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of refrigerant leakage in the small room, lack of oxygen can

• For drain pipe installation, be sure to make descending slope of greater than 1/100, not to make traps make air-bleeding.

Check if the drainage is correctly done during commissioning and ensure the space for inspection and maintenance

 Ensure the insulation on the pipes for refrigeration circuit so as not to condense water. ncomplete insulation could cause condensation and it would wet ceiling, floor, and any other valuables

 Do not install the outdoor unit where is likely to be a nest for insects and small animals nsects and small animals could come into the electronic components and cause breakdown and fire. Instruct the user to 🚫

Pay extra attention, carrying the unit by hand.

Carry the unit with 2 people if it is heavier than 20kg. Do not use the plastic straps but the grabbing place, moving the unit ly hand. Use protective gloves in order to avoid injury by the aluminum fin Make sure to dispose of the packaging material.

Leaving the materials may cause injury as metals like nail and woods are used in the package Do not operate the system without the air filter.

It may cause the breakdown of the system due to clogging of the heat exchanger.

Do not touch any button with wet hands.

 Do not touch the refrigerant piping with bare hands when in operation. The pipe during operation would become very hot or cold according to the operating condition, and it could cause a burn or frostbi

 Do not clean up the air-conditioner with water. t could cause electric shock.

ccur, which can cause serious accidents

 Do not turn off the power source immediately after stopping the operation Be sure to wait for more than 5 minutes. Otherwise it could cause water leakage or breakdow

Do not control the operation with the circuit breaker.

It could cause fire or water leakage. In addition, the fan may start operation unexpectedly and it may cause injury























#### **1**Before installation

- ●Install correctly according to the installation manual. When moving the indoor unit, hold only
- Confirm the following points:

OUnit type/Power source specification
OPipes/Wires/Small parts OAccessory items

When moving the indoor unit, hold only the hanging hardware (4 places) only, with care not to apply forces to any other parts of the unit (particularly the refrigerant pipe, drain pipe, and resin parts).

#### Accessory item

For ur	it hanging		For refrigerant pi	pe	For drain pipe					
Flat washer (M10)	Level gauge	Pipe cover(big) Pipe cover (small)		Strap	Pipe cover(big)	Pipe cover(small)	Drain hose	Hose damp		
0	000 000 000 000					0				
8	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1		
For unit hanging	For unit hight position adjustment and hanging suport	For heat insulation of gas pipe	For heat insulation of liquid tube	For pipe cover fixing	For heat insulation of drain socket	For heat insulation of drain socket	For drain pipe connecting	For drain hose mounting		

#### 2 Selection of installation location for the indoor unit

- ① Select the suitable areas to install the unit under approval of the user
  - Areas where the indoor unit can deliver hot and cold wind sufficiently. Suggest to the user
    to use a circulator if the ceiling height is over 3m to avoid warm air being accumulated on
    the ceiling.
  - In case of the panel having the motion sensor, the installation height must be no higher than 4 m. It could reduce the sensitivity of motion sensor, disabling the detection.
  - · Areas where there is enough space to install and service.
  - Areas where it can be drained properly. Areas where drain pipe descending slope can be taken.
  - Areas where there is no obstruction of air flow on both air return grille and air supply port.
  - · Areas where fire alarm will not be accidentally activated by the air-conditioner.
  - · Areas where the supply air does not short-circuit.
  - · Areas where it is not influenced by draft air.
  - · Areas not exposed to direct sunlight.
  - Areas where dew point is lower than around 28°C and relative humidity is lower than 80%
     This indoor unit is tested under the condition of JIS (Japan Industrial Standard) high humidity condition and confirmed there is no problem. However, there is some risk of condensation drop if the air conditioner is operated under the severer condition than mentioned above.

If there is a possibility to use it under such a condition, attach additional insulation of 10 to 20mm thick for entire surface of indoor unit, refrigeration pipe and drain pipe.

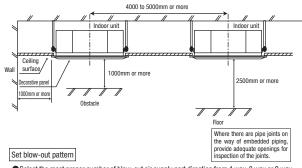
- · Areas where TV and radio stays away more than 1m. (It could cause jamming and noise.)
- Areas where any items which will be damaged by getting wet are not placed such as food, table wares, server, or medical equipment under the unit.
- Areas where there is no influence by the heat which cookware generates.
- Areas where not exposed to oil mist, powder and/or steam directly such as above fryer.
- Areas where lighting device such as fluorescent light or incandescent light doesn't affect the operation.

(A beam from lighting device sometimes affects the infrared receiver for the wireless remote control and the air-conditioner might not work properly.)

- ②Check if the place where the air-conditioner is installed can hold the weight of the unit. If it is not able to hold, reinforce the structure with boards and beams strong enough to hold it. If the strength is not enough, it could cause injury due to unit falling.
- ③If there are 2 units of wireless type, keep them away for more than 6m to avoid malfunction due to cross communication.
- (4) When plural indoor units are installed nearby, keep them away for more than 4 to 5m.

#### Space for installation and service

- When it is not possible to keep enough space between indoor unit and wall or between indoor units, close the air supply port where it is not possible to keep space and confirm there is no short-circuit of air flow.
- ●Install the indoor unit at a height of more than 2.5m above the floor.



- Select the most proper number of blow-out air supply port direction from 4 way, 3 way or 2 way
  according to the shape of the room and installation position. (1 way is not available.)
- If it is necessary to change the number of air supply port, prepare the covering materials.
   (sold as accessory)
- •Instruct the user not to use low fan speed when 2 way or 3 way air supply is used.
- Do not use 2 way air supply port under high temperature and humidity environment.
   (Otherwise it could cause condensation and leakage of water.)
- It is possible to set the air flow direction port by port independently. Refer to the user's manual for details.

#### **③Preparation before installation**

- If suspension bolt becomes longer, do reinforcement of earthquake resistant
- OFor grid ceiling

When suspension bolt length is over 500mm, or the gap between the ceiling and roof is over 700mm, apply earthquake resistant brace to the bolt.

Oln case the unit is hanged directly from the slab and is installed on the ceiling plane which has enough strength.

When suspension bolt length is over 1000mm, apply the earthquake resistant brace to the bolt.

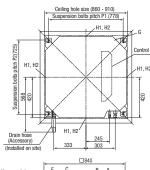
Prepare four (4) sets of suspension bolt, nut and spring washer (M10 or M8) on site.

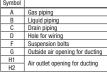
Ceiling opening, Suspension bolts pitch, Pipe position

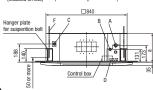
It is possible the suspension bolts pitch to adjust according to the this table.

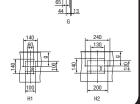
Mark Type	P1	P2
1	770	725-770
2	770-800	725

						(mm)
Series	Туре	а	d	f	g	h
ingle Split (PAC)	40 to 71 type	236	37	105	88	67
series	100 to 140 type	298	99	167	140	129
VRF (KX)	28 to 71 type	236	37	105	88	67
series	90 to 160 type	298	99	167	140	129
	Combat					





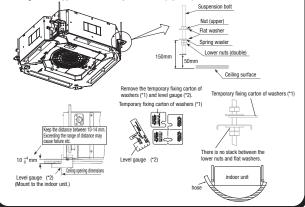




#### (4)Installation of indoor unit

#### Work procedure

- 1. Set the suspension bolt length to about 50 mm from the ceiling.
- Temporarily locate the lower nuts of the suspension bolts (4 places) at a position approximately 150 mm from the ceiling.
- Temporarily locate the upper nuts of the suspension bolts (4 places) at positions sufficiently distance from the lower nuts so that they do not interfere with the suspension of the indoor unit and with its height adjustment.
- 4. Set the upper nuts of the suspension bolts and upper washers (4 places) at positions sufficiently distance from the lower nuts. Then, push and insert the temporary fixing carton of washers (\*1) onto suspension bolts. Make sure that the upper washers do not slide down.
- 5. Suspend the indoor unit.
- 6. After suspending the indoor unit, mount the level gauge (\*2) to the air outlet of the indoor unit, and adjust the suspension height of the indoor unit. Loosen the upper nuts (4 places), and adjust the suspension height using the lower nuts (4 places). Confirm there is no slack between the lower nuts and flat washers of the indoor unit hanger plate (4 places).
- 7. Remove the temporary fixing carton of washers (from all 4 places).
- Make sure that the indoor unit is installed horizontally. Confirm the levelness of the indoor unit using a level gauge or transparent hose filled with water. (Keep the height difference at both ends of the indoor unit within 3 mm.)
- Tighten the upper nuts of the suspension bolts (4 places).



#### (4) Installation of indoor unit (continued)

#### Protection of the indoor unit

If it is not possible to install the panel for a while or if attaching the ceiling board after installing the indoor unit, protect the indoor unit by using upper carton.



#### Caution

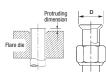
- Do not adjust the unit height by adjusting the upper nuts. Doing so will cause unexpected stress on the indoor unit and cause the unit to become deformed, prevent the panel from being installed, and be generated fan interference noise.
- Make sure that the indoor unit is installed horizontally and set the appropriate gap between the underside of the unit and the ceiling plane. Improper installation may cause air leakage, dew condensation, water leakage and noise.
- Even after the panel has been installed, the unit height can still be finely adjusted. Refer to the panel installation manual for details
- Make sure there is no gap between the panel and the ceiling surface, and between the panel and the indoor unit. Any gap may cause air and/or water to leak, or condensation to

#### **5**Refrigerant pipe

- Be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant pipes. Use the flare nut attached to the product. Regarding whether existing pipes can be reused or not, and the washing method, refer to the instruction n integrating wherein examinations are reused or inc, and use washing iterator, reter to the instruction unit, catalogue or technical data.

  1) In case of reuse: Do not use old flare nut, but use the nut attached to the unit.
  2) In case of reuse: Flare the end of pipe replaced partially for R32 or R410A.

  [AWARNING]: When flared joints are reused indoors, the flare part shall be re-fabricated. (only for R32)



		Protruding dimension for flare, mm			
Pipe dia	Min. pipe wall thickness	For R32 For R410A Conventional tool		Flare O.D.	Flare nut tightening torque
mm	mm			mm	N-m
6.35	0.8			8.9 - 9.1	14 - 18
9.52	0.8			12.8 - 13.2	34 - 42
12.7	0.8	0 - 0.5	0.7 - 1.3	16.2 - 16.6	49 - 61
15.88	1			19.3 - 19.7	68 - 82
19.05	1.2			23.6 - 24.0	100 - 120

- Use phosphorus deoxidized copper alloy seamless pipe (C1220T) for refrigeration pipe installation. In addition, make sure there is no damage both inside and outside of the pipe, and no harmful substances such as sulfur, oxide, dust or a contaminant stuck on the pipes.
- Do not use any refrigerant other than the designated refrigerant. Using other refrigerant except the designated refrigerant, may degrade inside refrigeration oil. And air getting into refrigeration circuit may cause over-pressure and resultant it may result in bursting, etc.

  Store the copper pipes indoors and seal the both end of them until they are brazed in order to avoid any
- dust, dirt or water getting into pipe. Otherwise it will cause degradation of refrigeration oil and compressor breakdown, etc
- ●Use special tools for R32 or R410A refrigerant

#### Work procedure

- 1. Remove the flare nut and blind flanges on the pipe of the indoor unit.
  - \*\* Make sure to loosen the flare nut with holding the nut on pipe side with a spanner and giving torque to the nut with another spanner in order to avoid unexpected stress to the copper pipe, and then remove them. (Gas may come out at this time, but it is not abnormal.)
- Pay attention whether the flare nut pops out. (as the indoor unit is sometimes pressured.) 2. Make a flare on liquid pipe and gas pipe, and connect the refrigeration pipes on the indoor unit. \*Bend radius of pipe must be 4D or larger. Once a pipe is bent, do not readjust the bending.
  - Do not twist a pipe or collapse to 2/3D or smaller.

     Make sure to use flare nuts assembled on the unions. Usage of other flare nuts could cause refrigerant
  - \*Do a flare connection as follows
  - Make sure to hold the nut on indoor unit pipe side using double spanner method as indicated when fastening / loosening flare nuts in order to prevent unintentional twisting of the copper pipe.
  - When fastening the flare nut, align the refrigeration pipe with the center of flare nut, screw the nut for 3-4 times by hand and then tighten it by spanner with the specified torque mentioned in the table above
- Cover the flare connection part of the indoor unit with attached insulation material after a gas leakage inspection, and tighten both ends with attached straps.

  - Make sure to insulate both gas pipes and liquid pipes completely.
     %Incomplete insulation may cause dew condensation or water dropping.
     Use heat-resistant (120 °C or more) insulations on the gas side pipes.
  - In case of using at high humidity condition, reinforce insulation of refrigerant pipes.
     Surface of insulation may cause dew condition or water dropping, if insulations are not reinfoced
- reinioceu.

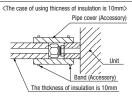
  Refrigerant is charged in the outdoor unit.

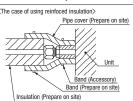
  As for the additional refrigerant charge for the indoor unit and piping, refer to the installation manual attached to the outdoor unit.

#### 5 Refrigerant pipe (continued)

Refrigerating machine oil should not be applied to the threads of union or external surface of flare. It is because, even if the same tightening torque is applied, the oil is likely to decrease the slide friction force on the threads and increase, in turn, the axial component force so that it could crack the flare

Refrigerating machine oil may be applied to the internal surface of flare only





### **6**Drain pipe

#### Caution

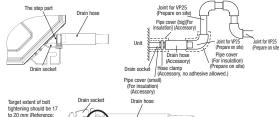
- Install the drain pipe according to the installation manual in order to drain properly.
- Imperfection in draining may cause flood indoors and wetting the household goods, etc.

  Do not put the drain pipe directly into the ditch where toxic gas such as sulfur, the other harmful and inflammable gas is generated. Toxic gas would flow into the room and it would cause serious damage to user's health and safety (some poisoning or deficiency of oxygen). In addition, it may cause corrosion of heat exchanger and bad smell.
- Connect the pipe securely to avoid water leakage from the joint.
- Insulate the pipe properly to avoid condensation drop.
- Check if the water can flow out properly from both the drain outlet on the indoor unit and the end of the drain pipe after installation.
- Make sure to make descending slope of greater than 1/100 and do not make up-down bend and/or trap in the midway. In addition, do not put air vent on the drain pipe. Check if water is drained out properly from the pipe during commissioning. Also, keep sufficient space for inspection and maintenance.

#### Work procedure

- Make sure that the drain hose (the soft PVC side) is inserted into the end of the step part of the drain socket.
  - Fix the hose clamp so that its bolt is located on the outside of the indoor unit, and the bolt are fastened in a vertical orientation
- Do not apply adhesives on this end.

  Position the hose clamp so that it touches the insulation of the drain hose, and then tighten the bolt.
- Turn the bolt several times until it is securely tightened, but do not tighten it excessively.



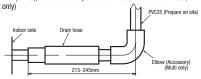


- Prepare a joint for connecting VP25 pipe, adhere and connect the joint to the drain hose (the rigid PVC side), and adhere and connect VP25 pipe (prepare on site). As for drain pipe, apply VP25 made of rigid PVC which is on the market.

  ■ Make sure that the adhesive will not get into the supplied drain hose
  - It may cause the flexible part broken after the adhesive is dried up and gets rigid
  - The flexible drain hose is intended to absorb a small difference at installation of the unit or drain pipes. Intentional bending, expanding may cause the flexible hose broken and water leakage.

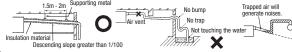


As for drain pipe, apply VP25 (0D32).
If apply PVC25 (0D25), connect the expanded connector to the drain hose, with adhesive. (Multi unit only)



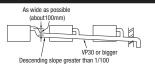
- Make sure to make descending slope of greater than 1/100 and do not make up-down bend and/or trap in the midway.

  Pay attention not to give stress on the pipe on the indoor unit side, and support and fix the pipe
  - as close place to the unit as possible when connecting the drain pipe.
  - Bo nt set up air vent.
     15m 2m Supporting metal



#### **6 Drain pipe (continued)**

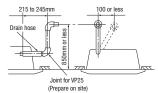
When sharing a drain pipe for more than 1 unit, lay the main pipe 100mm below the drain outlet of the unit. In addition, select VP30 or bigger size for main drain pipe.



- 6. Insulate the drain pipe
  - Be sure to insulate the drain socket and rigid PVC pipe installed indoors otherwise it may cause dew condensation and water leakage.
    - \*After drainage test implementation, cover the drain socket part with pipe cover (small size), then use the pipe cover (big size) to cover the pipe cover (small size), clamps and part of the drain hose, and fix and wrap it with tapes to wrap and make joint part gapless.

#### Drain up

 The position for drain pipe outlet can be raised up to 850mm above the ceiling. Use elbows for installation to avoid obstacles inside ceiling. If the horizontal drain pipe is too long before vertical pipe, the backflow of water will increase when the unit is stopped, and it may cause overflow of water from the drain pan on the indoor unit. In order to avoid overflow, keep the horizontal pipe length and offset of the pipe within the limit shown in the figure

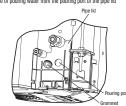


- After installing the drain pipe, make sure that drain system works correctly and that no water leaks from the joint and drain pan. Check whether the motor sound of the drain pump is normal.
- Conduct a drain test when installing, even during the heating season.
   In the case of new buildings, be sure to complete the test before fixing the ceiling.
- Pour about 1,000 cc of test water into the drain pan of the indoor unit. Exercise care not to allow electrical equipment such as the drain pump and other components to become wet while filling water.

Pour test water through the pouring port of the pipe lid using a feed water pump or a similar device, or through the refrigerant pipe joint.

In case of pouring water from the pouring port of the pipe lid





- 2. Make sure that water drains out completely and that no water leaks from any joints of the drain pipe during the test.
  Test to confirm that the water drains out correctly while listening to the drain pump motor operating sound.
- At the drain socket (transparent), it is possible to check whether the water drains out correctly
- Unplug the rubber plug on the indoor unit so that the remaining water drains from the drain pan after the draining test.

After checking the water drainage, fix the rubber plug correctly. Installation work for the drain pipe must be performed for the entire drain pipe up to the indoor unit. If the pipe lid has been removed in order to pour water, mount the pipe lid again.

#### Drain pump operation

- In case electrical wiring work completed
- Drain pump can be operated by the wired remote control
- For the operation method, refer to Operation for drain pump in the installation manual for wiring work.

  In case electrical wiring work not completed
- Drain pump will run continuously when the dip switch "SW7-1" on the indoor unit PCB is turned ON, the connector CnB is disconnected, and then the power source (230VAC on the terminal block ① and ②) is turned ON Make sure to turn OFF "SW7-1" and reconnect the connector CnB after the test.

#### **7Wiring-out position and wiring connection**

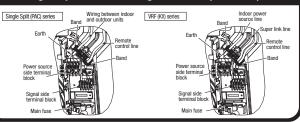
- Electrical installation work must be performed according to the installation manual by an electrical installation service provider qualified by a power provider of the country, and be executed according to the technical standards and other regulations applicable to electrical installation in the country.
- Be sure to use an exclusive circuit.
- Use specified cord, fasten the wiring to the terminal securely, and hold the cord securely in order not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal.
   Do not put both power source line and signal line on the same route. It may cause miscommuni-
- cation and malfunction.
- Be sure to do D type earth work.
   For the details of electrical wiring work, see attached instruction manual for electrical wiring work.
- and remove the lid
- Remove the 2 screws from the wiring cover, and remove the wiring cover. Hold each wire inside the unit, and securely
- fasten them to the terminal block.
  Fix the wiring using clamps. Install the wiring cover and the lid of
- the control box

Main fuse specification					
Specification		Lid of the			
T3.15A L250V	SSA564A149AF	control box			





#### (7) Wiring-out position and wiring connection (continued)



#### **®Panel installation**

- Install the panel on the indoor unit after electrical wiring work.
- Refer to the attached manual for panel installation for details.

#### 9Check list after installation

Check the following items after all installation work completed.

Check if;	Expected trouble	Check
The indoor and outdoor units are fixed securely?	Falling, vibration, noise	
Inspection for leakage is done?	Insufficient capacity	
Insulation work is properly done?	Water leakage	
Water is drained properly?	Water leakage	
Power source voltage is same as mentioned in the model name plate?	PCB burnt out, not working at all	
There is mis-wiring or mis-connection of piping?	PCB burnt out, not working at all	
Earth wiring is connected properly?	Electric shock	
Cable size comply with specified size?	PCB burnt out, not working at all	
Any obstacle blocks air flow on air inlet and outlet?	Insufficient capacity	

#### ①How to check the dirt of drain pan and cleanimg the inlet of the drain pump. (Maintenance)

#### The method of checking the dirt of drain pan

- It is possible to check dirt on the drain pan and drain pump inlet without removing the panel.

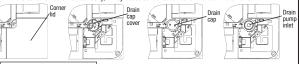
- Open the inlet grille and remove the corner lid on the drain pan side.

  Remove the drain cap cover (1 screw) from the panel corner.

  Check the dirt on the drain pan from the drain cap, and check the drain pump inlet. If the drain pan is very dirty, remove the drain pan and clean it.

  4. After checking, refix the drain cap cover securely.

  If the cover is not refixed correctly, it may cause condensation to form and/or water to leak



#### Cleaning of drain pump inlet

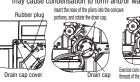
- It is possible to clean the drain pump inlet and surrounding area by removing the drain cap only; it

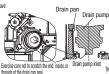
- It is possible to clean the drain pump inlet and surrounding area by removing the drain cap only; it is not necessary to remove the panel and drain pan.
  Before removing the drain cap, remove the rubber plug and drain water from the drain pan.
  1. Remove the drain cap cover as described above.
  2. Insert the nose of the pliers into the concave portions (2 places) of the drain cap, and rotate the pliers about 1 turn in the CCW direction. The drain cap is removed.
  3. When cleaning the drain pump inlet, use a soft plastic tool. If a metallic tool is used, the drain cap mounting portion may be scratched and water may leak.
  4. Before mounting the drain cap, rinse it and remove any foreign material infrom the inside of the cap. If the drain cap is installed with foreign material inside it, it may cause water to leak.
  5. Insert the nose of the pliers into the concave portions of the drain cap and rotate the pliers to install the drain cap botate the drain cap about 1 turn in the CW direction until it stons rotation. If the drain cap is notation is the drain cap in the train cap in the CW direction until it stons rotation. If the drain cap is retain cap is in the CW direction until it stons rotation. If the drain cap is retain cap is in the CW direction until it stons rotation. If the drain cap is retain cap is a stone of the drain cap is retain cap is the retain cap is retained the retain cap is retained and the drain cap is retained and the retained the
- drain cap. Rotate the drain cap about 1 turn in the CW direction until it stops rotating. If the drain cap is drain cap. Horate the drain cap about 1 turn in the LW direction until istops rotating. If the drain cap is not rotated for 1 or more turns, the cap will not have been installed correctly.

  Remove the drain cap, and then install it again correctly.

  6. After tightening the drain cap, make sure the triangle (J.) mark of the drain cap comes close to the triangle mark on the panel, if these triangle marks are not close to each other, tighten the drain cap further.

  7. Refix the drain cap cover and rubber plug securely. If the cover is not refixed correctly, it
- may cause condensation to form and/or water to leak







Notes for removing the drain pan

Before removing the drain pan, drain water from the drain pan. Remove the rubber plug and drain water

The drain pan is installed by the temporary installation plate. Remove the 2 drain pan fixing screws, and loosen the 2 screws of the temporary installation plate. Slide the temporary installation plate. Slide the temporary installation plate to the dustide of the drain pan. And then, it is possible to remove the drain pan.

When reinstalling the drain pan, slide the temporary installation plate to the inside and temporarily fix the drain pan. Then, fighten the 2

drain pan fixing screws and the 2 screws of the temporary installation plate. Also, refix the rubber plug securely.







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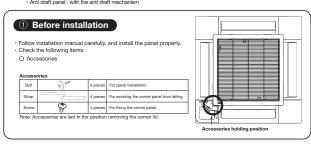
## Panel installation

Read this manual together with the indoor unit's installation manual.



#### Function

The Anti draft panel has the anti draft mechanism. If the Anti draft panel is installed and the anti draft function is set, the anti draft function will be oprerated and reduce the draft feeling. (Refer to <a href="Refer Panel setting">Refer to <a href

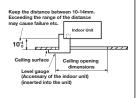


#### ② Checking the indoor unit installation position

- · Read this manual together with the air-conditioner installation manual carefully.
- · Check if the opening size for the indoor unit is correct with the level gauge supplied in the indoor unit.
- Check if the gap between the plane and the indoor unit is correct by inserting the level gauge into the air outlet port of the indoor unit. (See below drawing)
- · Adjust the installation elevation if necessary.
- Remove the level gauge before installing the panel.

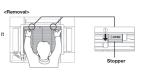
If there is a height difference beyond the design limit between the installation level of the indoor unit and the panel, the panel may be subject to excessive stress during installation and it may cause distortion and damage.

\* The installation level of the indoor unit can be adjusted finely from the opening provided on the corner, even after panel is Installed (Refer to Installing the panel In for details.)



#### 3 Removing the inlet grille

- Hold the stoppers on the inlet grille (2 places) toward OPEN direction, open the inlet grille.
   Remove the hooks of the inlet grille from the panel while it is in the open position.



### Removing the corner lid

· Pull the corner lid toward the direction indicated by the arrow and remove it. (Same way for all 4 corner lids)



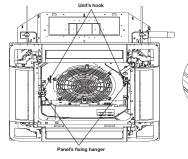
## ⑤ Orientation of the panel installation Take note that there is an orientation to install the panel. ake note that there is an orientation to install the pane Install the panel with the orientation shown on the rid Align the "PIPE SIDE" mark (on the panel) with the refrigerant pipes on the indoor unit. Align the "DRAIN" mark (on the panel) with the drain pipe on the indoor unit. Ha CAUTION ~~ In case the orientation of the panel is not correct, it will lead to air leakage and also it is not possible to connect the flap motor wiring. M 0

#### 6 Installing the panel

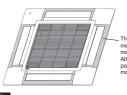
- Temporary hanging

  Lift up the hanger (2 places) on the panel for temporary support.

  Hang the panel on the hook on the indoor unit.







The Anti draft panel moves the parts of the anti draft mechanism (shaded area,4 places). Note that they may break if they are moved forcibly by hand. Although the parts (shaded area) of the Standard panel are separate parts from the body, they do not move.

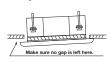
The parts (shaded area), of the anti draft mechanism around the air outlet, are separate parts. Handle the panel with care. Especialy, the shaded area of the Anti draft panel move. Note that they may break if they are moved forcibly by hand.

2. Fix the panel on the indoor unit

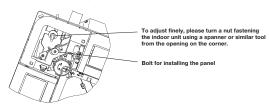
Fasten the panel on the indoor unit with the 4 bolts supplied with the panel.

 Improperly tightened fixing bolts cause the problems listed below, so make sure that bolts are securely tightened. Air leakage
Air leakage along
the ceiling Fouling 0,0

If there is a gap between the ceiling and the panel even after the fixing botts are tightened, adjust the installation level of the indoor unit again.



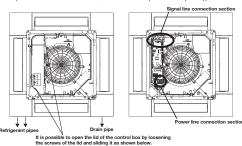
It is possible to adjust the installation height of the indoor unit with the panel installed as long as there is no influence on the drain pipe inclination and/or the indoor unit levelness.



Do not give any stress on the panel when adjusting the height of the indoor unit to avoid unexpected distortion. It may cause the distortion of panel or failing to close the inlet grille, and the parts of the anti draft mechanism.

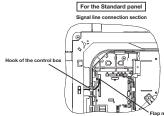
### ② Electrical wiring

The wiring work varies depending on the panel type. Select the wiring work appropriate for the panel type. The connection positions of the indoor unit are as shown below irrespective of the panel type.



- <For the Standard panel>
  1. Loosen 2 screws on the control box lid of the indoor unit, and remove the lid by sliding it.
  2. Pass the flap motor wiring (20-wire) through the hook of the control box, and connect to CnJ1 (20P, white).
  3. Fix the control box lid of the indoor unit, and tighten 2 screws.

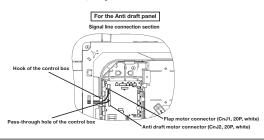




- <For the Anti draft panel>
  1. Loosen 2 screws on the control box lid of the indoor unit, and remove the lid by sliding it.
  2. Pass the flap motor cable (20-wire) through the hook of the control box, and connect to CnJ1 (20P, white).
  3. Pass the anti draft motor cable (20-wire) through the hook of the control box, and connect to CnJ2 (20P, white).
  4. Fix the control box lid of the indoor unit, and tighten the 2 screws.

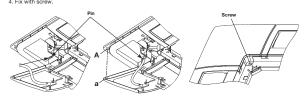
otor connector (CnJ1, 20P, white)





### 8 Installing a corner lid

- To avoid unexpected falling of the corner lid, put the strap onto the corner lid's pin with turning the strap up.
   Then hang the strap of a corner lid onto the panel's pin.
   First insert the part "a" of a corner lid into the part "A" of the panel, and then engage 2 hooks.
   Fix with scrape.

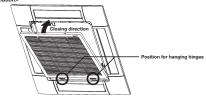


#### 9 Installing the inlet grille

To attach the inlet grille, follow the procedure described in Removing the intergrile) in the reverse order.

1. Hang the hooks of the inlet grille in the hole of the panel. (The hooks of the grille can be hanged in 4 side of the panel as following.)

2. After the grille is hanged, close the grille while the stoppers(2 places) on the grille are kept pressed to "OPEN" direction. When the grille comes to the original position, release the stoppers to hold the grille. Make sure to hear the sound of "CLICK" in both stoppers.



- Installing the inlet grille from the hinge side.
   Be careful in the inlet grille Installing, unstable installing may cause grille falling.
   Repair or replace the distorted, broken stopper at once, or the grille falling may occur.

#### 10 Panel setting

<Flap swing range setting (Individual flap cotrol setting)>

It is possible to change the swing range of the flap by the wired remote control. Once the upper and lower limit positions are set, the flap will swing within the set range. It is also possible to set the different range to each flap.

The anti draft function will not be operated if the anti draft panel is installed and its wirings are only connected. To operate the anti draft function, enable the anti draft setting by using the wired or wireless remote control.

Note: It is not possible to set by the following remote control models or older.

Wired:RC-EX1A, RC-E5, RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-E1R

Once you have enabled the settings in this mode, the anti draft function is operated when the air-conditioner is started, and the parts of the anti draft mechanism are always open when the air-conditioner is operating. When the air-conditioner is stopped, they are closed. It is possible to enabled or disabled the anti draft function for each air outlet.

For the setting details, refer to the user's manual supplied with the remote control.

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#### (2) Ceiling cassette-4 way compact type(FDTC)

This manual is for the installation of the indoor unit.

For electrical wiring work (Indoor unit), refer to page 91. For remote control installation, refer to page 95. For wireless kit installation, refer to page 149. For electrical wiring work (Outdoor unit) and refrigerant pipe work installation for outdoor unit, refer to page 107. For motion sensor kit installation, refer to page

#### This unit must always be used with the panel. **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS** Read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully first of all and then strictly follow it during the installation work in order to protect yourself. [AWARNING]: Wrong installation would cause serious consequences such as injuries or death. ACAUTION: Wrong installation might cause serious consequences depending on circumstances. Both mentions the important items to protect your health and safety so strictly follow them by any means. The meanings of "Marks" used here are as shown on the right: Never do it under any circumstances. | • Always do it according to the instruction. After completing the installation, do commissioning to confirm there are no abnormalities, and explain to the customers about "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS", correct operation method and maintenance method (air filter cleaning, operation method and temperature setting method) with user's manual of this unit. Ask your customers to keep this installation manual together with the user's manual. Also, ask them to hand over the user's manual to the new user when the owner is changed. **⚠ WARNING** Installation should be performed by the specialist. 0 If you install the unit by yourself, it may lead to serious trouble such as water leakage, electric shock, fire, and injury due to overturn of the unit • Install the system correctly according to these installation manuals. 0 Improper installation may cause explosion, injury, water leakage, electric shock, and fire • Check the density refered by the foumula (accordance with ISO5149). If the density exceeds the limit density, please consult the dealer and installate the ventilation system • Use the genuine accessories and the specified parts for installation. If parts unspecified by our company are used it could cause water leakage, electric shock, fire, and injury due to overturn of the unit Ventilate the working area well in case the refrigerant leaks during installation. If the refrigerant contacts the fire, toxic gas is produced $\triangle \mathbf{Q}$ In case of R32, the refrigerant could be ignited because of its flammability. Install the unit in a location that can hold heavy weight allation may cause the unit to fall leading to Install the unit properly in order to be able to withstand strong winds such as typhoons, and earthquakes. 0 Improper installation may cause the unit to fall leading to accidents • Do not mix air in to the cooling cycle on installation or removal of the air-conditioner. If air is mixed in, the pressure in the cooling cycle will rise abnormally and may cause explosion and injurie: Be sure to have the electrical wiring work done by qualified electrical installer, and use exclusive circuit. 0

 Perform earth wiring surely. Do not connect the earth wiring to the gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod and telephone earth wiring. Improper earth could cause unit failure and electric shock due to a short-circuit. Earth leakage breaker must be installed. (I If the earth leakage breaker is not installed, it can cause electric shocks. • Use the circuit breaker of correct capacity. Circuit breaker should be the one that disconnect all poles under over current. a sing the incorrect one could cause the system failure and fire. Do not use any materials other than a fuse of correct capacity where a fuse should be used. Connecting the circuit by wire or copper wire could cause unit failure and fir Do not install the indoor unit near the location where there is possibility of flammable gas leakage If the gas leaks and gathers around the unit, it could cause fire. Do not install and use the unit where corrosive gas (such as sulfurous acid gas etc.) or flammable gas (such as thinner, petroleum etc.) may be generated or accumulated, or volatile flammable substances are handled. It could cause the corrosion of heat exchanger, breakage of plastic parts etc. And inflammable gas could cause fire. Secure a space for installation, inspection and maintenance specified in the manual. 0 Insufficient space can result in accident such as personal injury due to falling from the installation place Do not use the indoor unit at the place where water splashes such as laundry. Indoor unit is not waterproof. It could cause electric shock and fire. Do not use the indoor unit for a special purpose such as food storage, cooling for precision instrument, preservation of animals, plants, and a work of art. It could cause the damage of the items. • Do not install nor use the system near equipments which generate electromagnetic wave or high harmonics. Equipments like inverter equipment, private power generator, high-frequency medical equipment, or telecommunication equipment might influence the air-conditioner and cause a malfunction and breakdown. Or the air-conditioner might influence medical equipments or telecommunication equipments, and obstruct their medical activity or cause jamming Do not install the remote control at the direct sunlight. It could cause breakdown or deformation of the remote control Do not install the indoor unit at the place listed below. Places where cosmetics or special sprays are Places where flammable gas could leak. Places where carbon fiber, metal powder or any powder is floated. Place where the substances which affect the air conditioner are generated such as suffide gas, chloride gas, acid, alkali or ammonic atmospheres. frequently used. Highly salted area such as beach. Heavy snow area Places where the system is affect Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly. On vehicles and ships smoke from a chimney. Places where machinery which generates high harmonics is used. Altitude over 1000m Do not install the indoor unit in the locations listed below (Re sure to install the indoor unit) coording to the installation manual for each model because each indoor unit has each limitation)
Locations with any obstacles which can prevent inlet and
Do not install the motion sensor mounting panel at following p Do not install the motion sensor mounting panel at following place outlet air of the unit It could cause detection error, incapacity of detection, or Locations where vibration can be amplified due to characteristic degradation.

• Place where vibration is applied to it for a long period of time. Insufficient strength of structure.

Locations where the infrared receiver is exposed to the direct sunlight or the strong light beam. (in case of the Place where static electricity or electromagnetic wave generates. Place where it is exposed to high temperature or humidity for a infrared specification unit) long period of time Locations where an equipment affected by high harmonics is • Dusty place or where the lens face could be fouled or damaged. placed. (TV set or radio receiver is placed within 5m)
Locations where drainage cannot run off safely.
t can affect performance or function and etc.. Do not put any valuables which will break down by getting wet under the air-conditioner tion could drop when the relative humidity is higher than 80% or drain pipe is clogged, and it dam • Do not use the base frame for the outdoor unit which is corroded or damaged after a long period of use. It could cause the unit falling down and injury. • Pay attention not to damage the drain pan by weld sputter when brazing work is done near the unit. a If sputter entered into the unit during brazing work, it could cause damage (pinhole) of drain pan and leakage of water. To avoid damaging, keep the indoor unit packed or cover the indoor unit. • Install the drain pipe to drain the water surely according to the installation manual. Improper connection of the drain pipe may cause dropping water into room and damaging user's belonging Be sure to perform air tightness test by pressurizing with nitrogen gas after completed refrigerant piping work 0 If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of refrigerant leakage in the small room, lack of oxygen can occur, which can cause serious accidents • For drain pipe installation, be sure to make descending slope of greater than 1/100, not to make traps 0 ke air-bleeding. Check if the drainage is correctly done during commissioning and ensure the space for inspection and maintenanc Ensure the insulation on the pipes for refrigeration circuit so as not to condense water. Ø Incomplete insulation could cause condensation and it would wet ceiling, floor, and any other valuables • Do not install the outdoor unit where is likely to be a nest for insects and small animals. ects and small animals could come into the electronic components and cause breakdown and fire. Instruct the user to 🦯 keep the surroundings clean. Pay extra attention, carrying the unit by hand. Carry the unit with 2 people if it is heavier than 20kg. Do not use the plastic straps but the grabbing place, moving the unit by hand. Use protective gloves in order to avoid injury by the aluminum fin. Make sure to dispose of the packaging material A eaving the materials may cause injury as metals like nail ar ds are used in the nackage Do not operate the system without the air filter. It may cause the breakdown of the system due to clogging of the heat exchange Do not touch any button with wet hands. It could cause electric shock Do not touch the refrigerant piping with bare hands when in operation. The pipe during operation would become very hot or cold according to the operating condition, and it could cause a burn or frostbits Do not clean up the air-conditioner with water. It could cause electric shock. Do not turn off the power source immediately after stopping the operation. Be sure to wait for more than 5 minutes. Otherwise it could cause water leakage or breakdo Do not control the operation with the circuit breaker. It could cause fire or water leakage. In addition, the fan may start operation unexpectedly and it may cause injury

▲ CAUTION

ower source with insufficient capacity and improper work can cause electric shock and fire

in order not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal.

Improper fitting may cause abnormal heat and fire

to abnormal high pressure in the system.

services panel property.

Loose connections or hold could result in abnormal heat generation or fire.

Check for refrigerant gas leakage after installation is completed.

Use the specified pipe, flare nut, and tools for R32 or R410A.

Use specified wire for electrical wiring, fasten the wiring to the terminal securely, and hold the cable securely

If the refrigerant gas leaks into the house and comes in contact with a fan heater, a stove, or an oven, toxic gas is produced

Do not put the drainage pipe directly into drainage channels where poisonous gases such as sulfide gas can

Poisonous gases will flow into the room through drainage pipe and seriously affect the user's health and safety. This can also cause the corrosion of the indoor unit and a resultant unit failure or refrigerant leak.

If the compressor is operated when the service valve is open without connecting the pipe, it could cause explosion and injuries due

If the pipe is removed when the compressor is in operation with the service valve open, air would be mixed in the refrigeration circuit

Connect the pipes for refrigeration circuit securely in installation work before compressor is operated.

Stop the compressor before removing the pipe after shutting the service valve on pump down work.

Using existing parts (R22) could cause the unit failure and serious accident due to explosion of the cooling cycle

If the flare nut were tightened with excess torque, it could cause burst and refrigerant leakage after a long perio

Tighten the flare nut according to the specified method by with torque wrench.

and it could cause explosion and injuries due to abnormal high pressure in the cooling cycle. Only use prescribed option parts. The installation must be carried out by the qualified installer.

Do not repair by yourself. And consult with the dealer about repair.

Consult the dealer or a specialist about removal of the air-conditioner.

If you install the system by yourself, it can cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire

• Arrange the electrical wires in the control box properly to prevent them from rising. Fit the lid of the

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#### **1**Before installation

- Install correctly according to the installation manual. When moving the indoor unit, hold only
- Confirm the following points:

OUnit type/Power source specification

OPipes/Wires/Small parts OAccessory items

When moving the indoor unit, hold only the hanging hardware (4 places) only, with care not to apply forces to any other parts of the unit (particularly the refrigerant pipe, drain pipe, and resin parts).

For un	it hanging	For refrigerant pipe			For drain pipe			
Flat washer (M10)	Level gauge	Pipe cover(big)	Pipe cover (small)	Strap	Pipe cover(big)	Pipe cover(small)	Drain hose	Hose clamp
0)						0		8
8	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1
For unit hanging	For unit hight position adjustment and hanging suport	For heat insulation of gas pipe	For heat insulation of liquid tube	For pipe cover fixing	For heat insulation of drain socket	For heat insulation of drain socket	For drain pipe connecting	For drain hos

#### 2 Selection of installation location for the indoor unit

- (1) Select the suitable areas to install the unit under approval of the user.
- Areas where the indoor unit can deliver hot and cold wind sufficiently. Suggest to the user to use
  a circulator if the ceiling height is over 3m to avoid warm air being accumulated on the ceiling.
- In case of the panel having the motion sensor, the installation height must be no higher than 4 m. It could reduce the sensitivity of motion sensor, disabling the detection.
- · Areas where there is enough space to install and service.
- Areas where it can be drained properly. Areas where drain pipe descending slope can be taken.
- · Areas where there is no obstruction of air flow on both air return grille and air supply port.
- Areas where fire alarm will not be accidentally activated by the air-conditioner.
- · Areas where the supply air does not short-circuit.
- · Areas where it is not influenced by draft air.
- Areas not exposed to direct sunlight.
- Areas where dew point is lower than around 28°C and relative humidity is lower than 80%.
   This indoor unit is tested under the condition of JIS (Japan Industrial Standard) high humidity condition and confirmed there is no problem. However, there is some risk of condensation drop if the air-conditioner is operated under the severer condition than mentioned above. If there is a possibility to use it under such a condition, attach additional insulation of 10 to 20mm thick for entire surface of indoor unit, refrigeration pipe and drain pipe.
- Areas where TV and radio stays away more than Tm. (It could cause jamming and noise.)
   Areas where any items which will be damaged by getting wet are not placed such as food, table wares, server, or medical equipment under the unit.
- · Areas where there is no influence by the heat which cookware generates.
- Areas where not exposed to oil mist, powder and/or steam directly such as above fryer.

  Areas where not exposed to oil mist, powder and/or steam directly such as above fryer.

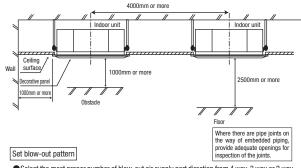
  Areas where not exposed to oil mist, powder and/or steam directly such as above fryer.
- Areas where lighting device such as fluorescent light or incandescent light doesn't affect the operation

(A beam from lighting device sometimes affects the infrared receiver for the wireless remote control and the air-conditioner might not work properly.)

- ②Check if the place where the air-conditioner is installed can hold the weight of the unit. If it is not able to hold, reinforce the structure with boards and beams strong enough to hold it. If the strength is not enough, it could cause injury due to unit falling.
- ③If there are 2 units of wireless type, keep them away for more than 6m to avoid malfunction due to cross communication.
- ④When plural indoor units are installed nearby, keep them away for more than 4m.

#### Space for installation and service

- When it is not possible to keep enough space between indoor unit and wall or between indoor units, close the air supply port where it is not possible to keep space and confirm there is no short-circuit of air flow.
- ●Install the indoor unit at a height of more than 2.5m above the floor.



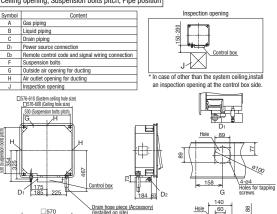
- Select the most proper number of blow-out air supply port direction from 4 way, 3 way or 2 way according to the shape of the room and installation position. (1 way is not available.)
- If it is necessary to change the number of air supply port, prepare the covering materials.
   (sold as accessory)
- ●Instruct the user not to use low fan speed when 2way or 3way air supply is used.
- Do not use 2way air supply port under high temperature and humidity environment.
  (Otherwise it could cause condensation and leakage of water)
- It is possible to set the air flow direction port by port independently. Refer to the user's manual for details.

#### 3 Preparation before installation

- If suspension bolt becomes longer, do reinforcement of earthquake resistant.
   OFor grid ceiling
  - When suspension bolt length is over 500mm, or the gap between the ceiling and roof is over 700mm, apply earthquake resistant brace to the bolt.
- Oln case the unit is hanged directly from the slab and is installed on the ceiling plane which has enough strength.
- When suspension bolt length is over 1000mm, apply the earthquake resistant brace to the bolt.

  Prepare four (4) sets of suspension bolt, nut and spring washer (M10 or M8) on site.

#### Ceiling opening, Suspension bolts pitch, Pipe position



#### (4)Installation of indoor unit

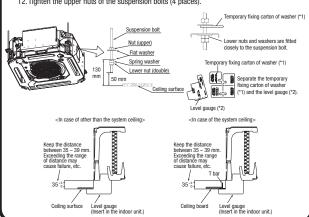
#### Work procedure

This unit is designed to install on a system ceiling.
 If necessary, remove T bars temporarily before installing the unit.
 When it is installed on a ceiling other than the system ceiling, install an inspection port at the control box side

100

6-ø4 Holes for tapping

- Determine the position of suspension bolts (530 mm × 530 mm).
- Use 4 suspension bolts, and fix them such that each bolt can withstand a pull-out load of 500 N.
- 4. Set the suspension bolt length to about 50 mm from the ceiling.
- Temporarily locate the lower nuts of the suspension bolts (4 places) at a position approximately 130 mm from the ceiling.
- Temporarily locate the upper nuts of the suspension bolts (4 places) at positions sufficiently distance from the lower nuts so that they do not interfere with the suspension of the indoor unit and with its height adjustment.
- 7. Set the upper nuts of the suspension bolts and upper washers (4 places) at positions sufficiently distance from the lower nuts. Then, push and insert the temporary fixing carton of washers (\*1) onto suspension bolts. Make sure that the upper washers do not slide down.
- Suspend the indoor unit.
- 9. After suspending the indoor unit, mount the level gauge (\*2) to the air outlet of the indoor unit, and adjust the suspension height of the indoor unit. Loosen the upper nuts (4 places), and adjust the suspension height using the lower nuts (4 places). Confirm there is no slack between the lower nuts and flat washers of the indoor unit hancer plate (4 places).
- 10. Remove the temporary fixing carton of washers (from all 4 places).
- 11. Make sure that the indoor unit is installed horizontally. Confirm the levelness of the indoor unit using a level gauge or transparent hose filled with water.
- (Keep the height difference at both ends of the indoor unit within 3 mm.) 12. Tighten the upper nuts of the suspension bolts (4 places).



#### 4 Installation of indoor unit (continued)

#### Protection of the indoor unit

If it is not possible to install the panel for a while or if attaching the ceiling board after installing the indoor unit, protect the indoor unit by using upper carton



#### Caution

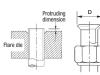
- Do not adjust the unit height by adjusting the upper nuts. Doing so will cause unexpected stress on the indoor unit and cause the unit to become deformed, prevent the panel from being installed, and be generated fan interference noise.
- Make sure that the indoor unit is installed horizontally and set the appropriate gap between the underside of the unit and the ceiling plane. Improper installation may cause air leakage. dew condensation, water leakage and noise.
- Make sure there is no gap between the panel and the ceiling surface, and between the panel and the indoor unit. Any gap may cause air and/or water to leak, or condensation to form.

#### **5**Refrigerant pipe

#### Caution

- Be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant pipes. Use the flare nut attached to the product. Regarding whether existing pipes can be reused or not, and the washing method, refr unit, catalogue or technical data.

  1) In case of reuse: Do not use old flare nut, but use the nut attached to the unit.
  - 2) In case of reuse: Flare the end of pipe replaced partially for R32 or R410A.



		Protruding dimension for flare, mn				
Pipe dia.	Min. pipe wall thickness	For R32 Conventional For R410A tool		Flare O.D.	Flare nut tightening torque	
mm	mm			mm	N-m	
6.35	0.8			8.9 - 9.1	14 - 18	
9.52	0.8			12.8 - 13.2	34 - 42	
12.7	0.8	0 - 0.5	0.7 - 1.3	16.2 - 16.6	49 - 61	
15.88	1			19.3 - 19.7	68 - 82	
19.05	1.2			23.6 - 24.0	100 - 120	

- Use phosphorus deoxidized copper alloy seamless pipe (C1220T) for refrigeration pipe installation In addition, make sure there is no damage both inside and outside of the pipe, and no harmful substances such as sulfur, oxide, dust or a contaminant stuck on the pipes.
- Do not use any refrigerant other than the designated refrigerant. Using other refrigerant except the designated refrigerant, may degrade inside refrigeration oil. And air
- getting into refrigeration circuit may cause over-pressure and resultant it may result in bursting, etc.

  Store the copper pipes indoors and seal the both end of them until they are brazed in order to avoid any dust, dirt or water getting into pipe. Otherwise it will cause degradation of refrigeration oil and compressor breakdown etc.
- Use special tools for R32 or R410A refrigerant.

#### Work procedure

- 1. Remove the flare nut and blind flanges on the pipe of the indoor unit.
  - \* Make sure to loosen the flare nut with holding the nut on pipe side with a spanner and giving torque to the nut with another spanner in order to avoid unexpected stress to the copper pipe, and then remove them. (Gas may come out at this time, but it is not abnormal.)
- Pay attention whether the flare nut pops out. (as the indoor unit is sometimes pressured.)
- 2. Make a flare on liquid pipe and gas pipe, and connect the refrigeration pipes on the indoor unit. \*Bend radius of pipe must be 4D or larger. Once a pipe is bent, do not readjust the bending Do not twist a pipe or collapse to 2/3D or smaller.
  - Make sure to use flare nuts assembled on the unions. Usage of other flare nuts could cause refrigerant
  - \*Do a flare connection as follows:

reinfoced.

manual attached to the outdoor unit.

- Make sure to hold the nut on indoor unit pipe side using double spanner method as indicated when fastening / loosening flare nuts in order to prevent unintentional twisting of the copper pipe.
- When fastening the flare nut, align the refrigeration pipe with the center of flare nut, screw the nut for 3-4 times by hand and then tighten it by spanner with the specified torque mentioned in the table above.



- 3. Cover the flare connection part of the indoor unit with attached insulation material after a gas leakage inspection, and tighten both ends with attached straps.
  - Make sure to insulate both gas pipes and liquid pipes completely
  - Incomplete insulation may cause dew condensation or water dropping. Use heat-resistant (120 °C or more) insulations on the gas side pipe
  - In case of using at high humidity condition, reinforce insulation of refrigerant pipes. Surface of insulation may cause dew condition or water dropping, if insulations are not
- Refrigerant is charged in the outdoor unit. As for the additional refrigerant charge for the indoor unit and piping, refer to the installation

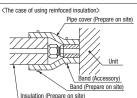
### **5**Refrigerant pipe (continued)

#### Caution

Refrigerating machine oil should not be applied to the threads of union or external surface of flare. It is because, even if the same tightening torque is applied, the oil is likely to decrease the slide friction force on the threads and increase, in turn, the axial component force so that it could crack the flare by the stress corrosion.

Refrigerating machine oil may be applied to the internal surface of flare only

<The case of using thicness of insulation is 10mm> Pipe cover (Accessory) Band (Accessory) The thckness of insulation is 10mm



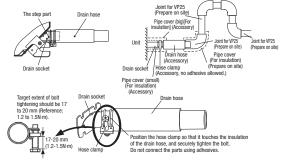
#### **6** Drain pipe

#### Caution

- Install the drain pipe according to the installation manual in order to drain properly.
   Imperfection in draining may cause flood indoors and wetting the household goods,etc.
- Do not put the drain pipe directly into the ditch where toxic gas such as sulfur, the other harmful and inflammable gas is generated. Toxic gas would flow into the room and it would cause serious damage to user's health and safety (some poisoning or deficiency of oxygen). In addition, it may cause corrosion of heat exchanger and bad smell.
- Connect the pipe securely to avoid water leakage from the joint.
- Insulate the pipe properly to avoid condensation drop.
   Check if the water can flow out properly from both the drain outlet on the indoor unit and the end of the drain pipe after installation.
- Make sure to make descending slope of greater than 1/100 and do not make up-down bend and/or trap in the midway. In addition, do not put air vent on the drain pipe. Check if water is drained out properly from the pipe during commissioning. Also, keep sufficient space for inspection and maintenance.

#### Work procedure

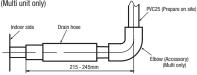
- 1. Make sure that the drain hose (the soft PVC side) is inserted into the end of the step part of the Fix the hose clamp so that its bolt is located on the outside of the indoor unit, and the bolt are
  - fastened in a vertical orientation. Do not apply adhesives on this end.
- Position the hose clamp so that it touches the insulation of the drain hose, and then tighten the bolt. Turn the bolt several times until it is securely tightened, but do not tighten it excessively.



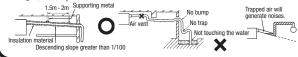
- Prepare a joint for connecting VP25 pine, adhere and connect the joint to the drain hose (the rigid PVC side), and adhere and connect VP25 pipe (prepare on site) \*As for drain pipe, apply VP25 made of rigid PVC which is on the market
- Make sure that the adhesive will not get into the supplied drain hose It may cause the flexible part broken after the adhesive is dried up and gets rigid.
- The flexible drain hose is intended to absorb a small difference at installation of the unit or drain pipes, Intentional bending, expanding may cause the flexible hose broken and wate



 As for drain pipe, apply VP25 (0D32). If apply PVC25 (0D25), connect the expanded connector to the drain hose, with adhesive. (Multi unit only)

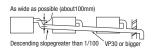


- Make sure to make descending slope of greater than 1/100 and do not make up-down bend and/or trap in the midway.
  - Pay attention not to give stress on the pipe on the indoor unit side, and support and fix the pipe as close place to the unit as possible when connecting the drain pipe
  - Do nt set up air vent.



#### **6** Drain pipe (continued)

When sharing a drain pine for more than 1. unit, lay the main pipe 100mm below the drain outlet of the unit. In addition, select VP30 or bigger size for main drain pipe.

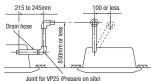


- 6. Insulate the drain pipe
- Be sure to insulate the drain socket and rigid PVC pipe installed indoors otherwise it may cause
  - dew condensation and water leakage. 

    After drainage test implementation, cover the drain socket part with pipe cover (small size), then use the pipe cover (big size) to cover the pipe cover (small size), clamps and part of the drain hose, and fix and wrap it with tapes to wrap and make joint part gapless

#### Drain up

 The position for drain pipe outlet can be raised up to 850mm above the ceiling. Use elbows for installation to avoid obstacles inside ceiling. If the horizontal drain pipe is too long before vertical pipe, the backflow of water will increase when the unit is stopped, and it may cause overflow of water from the drain pan on the indoor unit. In order to avoid overflow, keep the horizontal pipe length and offset of the pipe within the limit shown in the figure below.

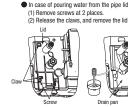


- After installing the drain pipe, make sure that drain system works correctly and that no water leaks from the joint and drain pan. Check whether the motor sound of the drain pump is normal. Conduct a drain test when installing, even during the heating season.

- In the case of new buildings, be sure to complete the test before fixing the ceiling.
   Pour about 1,000 cc of test water into the drain pan of the indoor unit. Exercise care not to allow electrical equipment such as the drain pump and other components to become wet while filling water

Pour test water through the pipe lid using a feed water pump or a similar device, or through the refrigerant pipe joint.







2. Make sure that water drains out completely and that no water leaks from any joints of the drain pipe during the test.

Test to confirm that the water drains out correctly while listening to the drain pump motor operating sound At the drain socket (transparent), it is possible to check whether the water drains out correctly.

3. Unplug the rubber plug on the indoor unit so that the remaining water drains from the drain

pan after the draining test. After checking the water drainage, fix the rubber plug correctly. Installation work for the drain pipe must be performed for the entire drain pipe up to the indoor unit.

If the pipe lid has been removed in order to pour water, mount the pipe lid again

#### Drain pump operation

- In case electrical wiring work completed
- Drain pump can be operated by the wired remote control
- For the operation method, refer to  $\hline \textbf{Operation for drain pump} \ \text{in the installation manual for wiring work}.$
- In case electrical wiring work not completed

Drain pump will run continuously when the dip switch "SW7-1" on the indoor unit PCB is turned ON, the connec-Date of the control o

#### **Wiring-out position and wiring connection**

- Electrical installation work must be performed according to the installation manual by an
  electrical installation service provider qualified by a power provider of the country, and be executed according to the technical standards and other regulations applicable to electrical installation in the country.

  Be sure to use an exclusive circuit.

- Be sure to use an exclusive circuit.

  Use specified cord, fasten the wiring to the terminal securely, and hold the cord securely in order not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal.

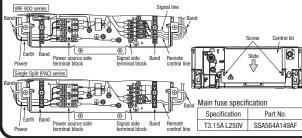
  Do not put both power source line and signal line on the same route. It may cause miscommunication and malfunction.

  Be sure to do D type earth work.

  For the details of electrical wiring work, see attached instruction manual for electrical wiring work.
- Loosen screws (2 pcs.) on the control box of the unit.
  Remove the control lid by sliding it in the arrow direction in the figure.
- Introduce the wiring in the control box, and connect it securely to the terminal block.

  Fix the wiring with bands as shown below.

  Install the control lid, with care not to pinch the wiring, and fix the lid with screws (2 pcs.).



#### ®Panel installation

- Install the panel on the indoor unit after electrical wiring work.
- Refer to the attached manual for panel installation for details.

#### 9 Check list after installation

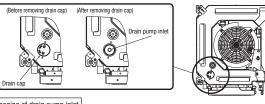
Check the following items after all installation work completed.

Check if;	Expected trouble	Check
The indoor and outdoor units are fixed securely?	Falling, vibration, noise	
Inspection for leakage is done?	Insufficient capacity	
Insulation work is properly done?	Water leakage	
Water is drained properly?	Water leakage	
Power source voltage is same as mentioned in the model name plate?	PCB burnt out, not working at all	
There is mis-wiring or mis-connection of piping?	PCB burnt out, not working at all	
Earth wiring is connected properly?	Electric shock	
Cable size comply with specified size?	PCB burnt out, not working at all	
Any obstacle blocks air flow on air inlet and outlet?	Insufficient capacity	

#### (10) How to check the dirt of drain pan and cleaning the inlet of the drain pump. (Maintenance)

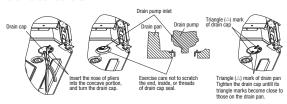
#### The method of checking the dirt of drain pan

- 1. Remove the panel according to the installation manual of the panel.
- 2. Check the dirt on the drain pan from the drain cap, and check the drain pump inlet. If the drain pan is very dirty, remove the drain pan and clean it



#### Cleaning of drain pump inlet

- It is possible to clean the drain pump inlet and surrounding area by removing the drain cap only; it is not necessary to remove the drain pan.
- Before removing the drain cap, remove the rubber plug and drain water from the drain pan. 1. Insert the nose of the pliers into the concave portions (2 places) of the drain cap, and rotate
- the pliers about 1 turn in the CCW direction. The drain cap is removed 2. When cleaning the drain pump inlet, use a soft plastic tool. If a metallic tool is used, the drain cap mounting portion may be scratched and water may leak.
- 3. Before mounting the drain cap, rinse it and remove any foreign material from the inside of the cap. If the drain cap is installed with foreign material inside it, it may cause water to leak.
- 4. Insert the nose of the pliers into the concave portions of the drain cap and rotate the pliers to install the drain cap. Rotate the drain cap about 1 turn in the CW direction until it stops rotating. If the drain cap is not rotated for 1 or more turns, the cap will not have been installed correctly. Remove the drain cap, and then install it again correctly.
- 5. After tightening the drain cap, make sure the triangle ( ) mark of the drain cap comes close to the triangle mark on the drain pan. If these triangle marks are not close to each other, tighten the drain cap further.
- 6. Refix the rubber plug securely. If the cover is not refixed correctly, it may cause condensation to form and/or water to leak



#### Notes for removing the drain pan

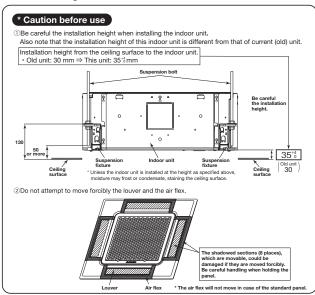
- Before removing the drain pan, drain water from the drain pan. Remove the rubber plug and drain water.
- The drain pan is installed by the temporary installation plate. Remove the 2 drain pan fixing screws, and loosen the 2 screws of the temporary installation plate. Slide the temporary installation plate to the outside of the drain pan. And then, it is possible
- Office the temporary installation plate to the outside of the train pair. And their, it is possible to remove the drain pan, allow the temporary installation plate to the inside and temporarily fix the drain pan. Then, tighten the 2 drain pan fixing screws and the 2 screws of the temporary installation plate. Also, refix the rubber plug securely.



### Panel installation

PJF012D503A

Read this manual together with the indoor unit's installation manual.



### **⚠** WARNING

- Fasten the wiring to the terminal securely and hold the cable securely so as not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal.
   Loose connection or hold will cause abnormal heat generation or fire.
- Make sure the power source is turned off when electric wiring work.

  Otherwise, electric shock, malfunction and improper running may occur.



#### Function

The draft prevention panel has the draft prevention mechanism. If the draft prevention panel is installed and the draft prevention function is set, the draft prevention function will be operated and reduce the draft feeling. (Refer to <a href="Refer to to the panel setting">(Refer to to Teans setting)</a> for details.)

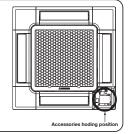
- Standard panel: without the draft prevention mechanism

- Draft prevention panel: with the draft prevention mechanism

### ① Before installation

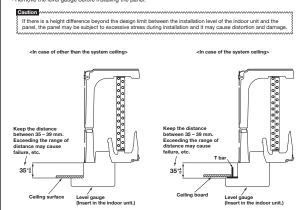
- · Follow installation manual carefully, and install the panel properly.
- Check the following items

Bolt	E James	4 pieces	For panel installation
Strap		4 pieces	For avoiding the corner panel from falling
Grille hook	<b>-</b>	1 piece	For avoiding the grille from falling
Screw	9	4 pieces	For fixing the corner panel



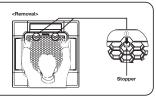
### ② Checking the indoor unit installation height

- Read this manual together with the air-conditioner installation manual carefully.
   Check if the opening size for the indoor unit is correct with the level gauge supplied in the indoor unit.
   Check if the gap between the plane and the indoor unit is correct by inserting the level gauge into the air outlet port of the indoor unit. (See below drawing)
- Adjust the installation elevation if necessary.
  Remove the level gauge before installing the panel.



### ③ Removing the inlet grille

- While placing a finger behind the stopper (2 places) and pressing it in the direction of arrow ①, pull the grille downward to open the grille.
   Release the hooks of the inlet grille from the panel while it is in the open position.



### Removing the corner lid

· Pull the corner lid toward the direction indicated by the arrow and remove it. (Same way for all 4 corner lids)





#### ⑤ Before installing the panel <Only Draft prevention panel>

- (1) Loosen screws (2 pcs.) on the control lid of the unit.

- () Lossen screws (2 pcs.) on the control lid of the unit.

  2 Slidde the control lid in the arrow direction in the figure, and remove it.

  3 Lossen screws on the wiring cover (2 places).

  4 Slide the wiring cover (2 places) in the arrow direction in the figure, and remove it.

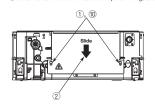
  5 Disconnect the relay connector of the air flex motor wiring attached to the panel.

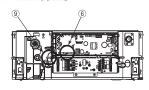
  6 Connect the air flex motor wiring to CNJ2 (20 P, gray) on PCB in the control box of the unit.

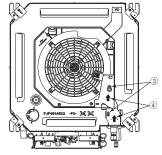
  7 Pass the air flex motor wiring as shown in the figure.

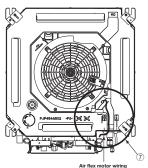
  8 Install the wiring cover (1 place) with care not to pinch wiring, and fix it with a screw.

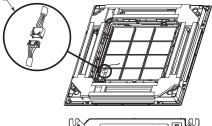
  9 Install the control lid with care not to pinch wiring, and fix with screws (2 places,).

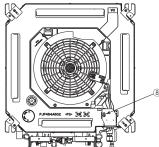


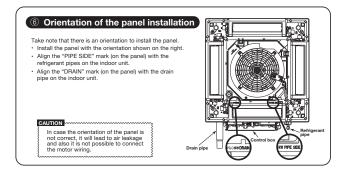




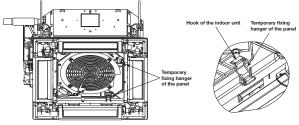








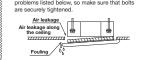
## 7 Installing the panel 1. Temporary hanging • Lift up the hanger (2 places) on the panel for temporary support. • Hang the panel on the hook on the indoor unit.



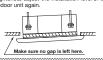
2. Fix the panel on the indoor unit

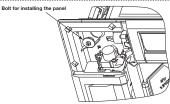
Fasten the panel on the indoor unit with the 4 bolts supplied with the panel





If there is a gap between the ceiling and the panel even after the fixing bolts are tightened, adjust the installation level of the indoor unit again.





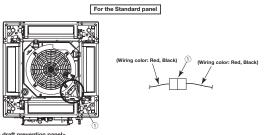
Do not give any stress on the panel when adjusting the height of the indoor unit to avoid unexpected distortion. It may cause the distortion of panel or failing to close the [inlet grille, and the parts of the draft prevention mechanism.

#### 8 Electrical wiring

The wiring work varies depending on the panel type. Select the wiring work appropriate for the panel type.

- CFor the standard panels

① Connect the connector of the louver motor wiring (Wiring color: Red, Black) at the panel side to the connector CnJ3 (20 P, White) of the louver motor wiring (Wiring color: Red, Black) at the unit side.



- For the draft prevention panels

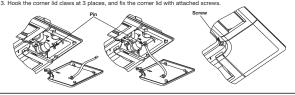
  ① Connect the connector of the louver motor wiring (Wiring color: Red, Black) at the panel side to the connector CnJ3 (20 P, White) of the louver motor wiring (Wiring color: Red, Black) at the unit side.

  ② Connect the connector of the air flex motor wiring (Wiring color: Blue, White) at the panel side to the connector CnJ4 (20 P, White) of the air flex motor wiring (Wiring color: Blue, White) at the unit side.

# For the Draft prevention panel 10.2 Install the wiring co ver with care not to pinch wiring, and fix it with s Hook for <

#### 9 Installing a corner lid

To avoid unexpected falling of the comer lid, put the strap onto the corner lid's pin with turning the strap up.
 Then hang the strap of a corner lid onto the panel's pin.
 Hook the corner lid claws at 3 places, and fix the corner lid with attached screws.



#### (1) Installing the inlet grille

The panel and the inlet grille have no directional limitation to install, (Hinges of the inlet grille can be hooked at any side.) Install the inlet grille in the reverse order of the steps described at Removing the inlet grille.

② Insert the hinges of inlet grille with the panel.

Close then the inlet grille while pressing the stoppers (2 places).

Confirm that both stoppers are inserted securely in the panel.



### 1 Panel setting

<Louver swing range setting (Individual louver control setting)>

It is possible to change the swing range of the louver by the wired remote control. Once the upper and lower limit positions are set, the louver will swing within the set range. It is also possible to set the different range to each louver limit.

#### <Draft prevention setting>

The draft prevention function will not be operated if the draft prevention panel is installed and its wirings are only connected. To operate the draft prevention function, enable the draft prevention setting by using the wired or wireless remote control.

Note: It is not possible to set by the following remote control models or older: Wired:RC-EX3, RC-E5, RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-E1R

Once you have enabled the settings in this mode, the draft prevention function is operated when the air-conditioner is started, and the parts of the draft prevention mechanism are always open when the air-conditioner is operating. When the air-conditioner is stopped, they are closed. It is possible to enabled or disabled the draft prevention function for each air outlet.

For the setting details, refer to the user's manual supplied with the remote control.

## FRESH AIR INTAKE (Location for installation) FOR FDTC

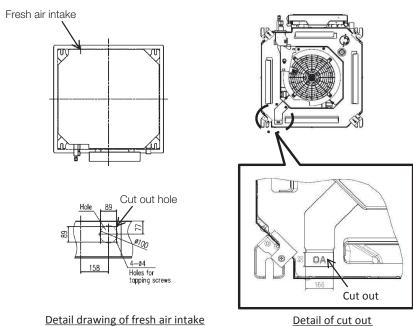
At the time of installation use the duct hole (cut out) located at the positions shown in follwing diagram, as and when required.

## (1) Temperature conditions for OA spacer (1)

- · Adjust the temperature conditions of mixed air with outdoor air and indoor air within the usage range of suction air temperature for the air-conditioner.
- · The usage temperature conditions of intake outdoor air and indoor air around the ducts are shown in the following table.
- · If the temperature conditions of intake outdoor air do not meet, process the outdoor air before intaking.

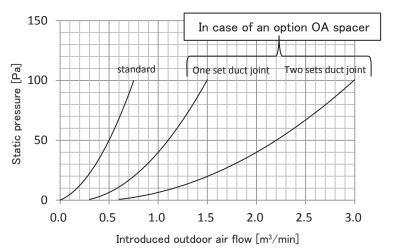
0	Usage temperature conditions			
Operation mode	Intake outdoor air	Indoor air around the ducts		
In heating	5°C DB or higher	18.5°C WB or lower and 60% RH or lower		
In cooling	29°C DB or lower and 80% RH or lower	20°C DB or higher		

Note(1): For the OA spacer, refer to page 199.



## ■ Fresh air intake amount & static pressure characteristics

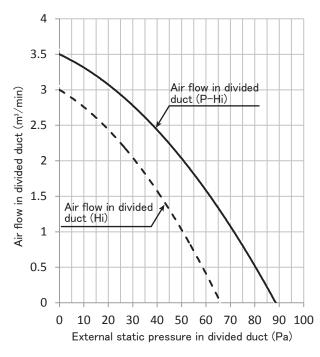
FDTC40VH

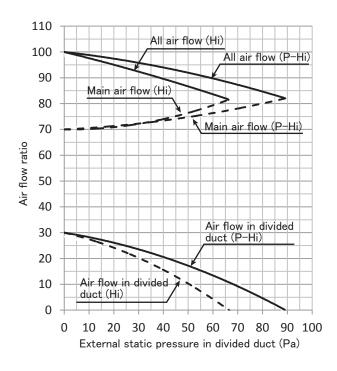


Detail of cut out

## CHARACTERISTICS OF AIR FLOW IN DIVIDED DUCT FOR FDTC

### **Model FDTC40VH**





### ■ Divided duct connection method

- 1. Open some one during 4 knock out holes, and please connect a divided duct. It isn't possible to use more than one hole at the same time.
- 2. Please make the wind shielding a blowout vent or the side where a divided duct was connected.
- 3. The shotage of the external static pressure by pressure loss for a connected divided duct and blowout unit is made up by a booster fan.

example: When  $2.5 \,\mathrm{m}^3/\mathrm{min}$  of ventilation by divided duct is needed in model FDTC40VH (In case of connection duct  $\phi$   $125 \,\mathrm{x}\,5\mathrm{m}$ )

- ①Duct resistance: Pressure loss by a flexible duct =35Pa (7Pa/m x 5m)
- ②Blowout unit: Pressure loss by a blowout unit =10Pa
- ③External static pressure when being 2.5m³/min =17Pa (See upper table.)
- $\Rightarrow$ Correspondence by a booster fan =1+2-3 =28Pa

#### (3) Duct connected-High static pressure type (FDU)

(a) Indoor unit

PJG012D022

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O

•This munual is for instaration of an indoor unit and an outdoor air processing unit (FDU-F).
•This manual is for the installation of an indoor unit.
For electrical wiring work (Indoor), refer to page 91. For remote con trol installation, refer to page 95. For wireless kit installation, refer to page 157. For electrical wiring work (Outdoor) and refrigerant pipe work installation for outdoor unit, refer to page 107.

#### The case of FDU-F

- The total connection capacity of the other air conditioning units and the outdoor air processing units must be from 50% to 100% (the total includes the outdoor air processing unit) The connection capacity of the outdoor air processing unit must not exceed 30% of the capacity of
- Single outdoor air processing unit can be used alone. The connection capacity of the outdoor air processing unit must be from 50% to 100% of the total capacity of the outdoor unit.

  Maximum number of outdoor air processing units that can be connected to the outdoor unit is 2units
- Capacities of the suction air processing units can be calculated with the forllowing formulas.
   FDU650FKXZE1 = 90, FDU1100FKXZE1 = 140

#### **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

- Read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully first of all and then strictly follow it during the installation work
- The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, <u>AWARNING</u> and <u>ACAUTION</u>. | The precadulate | The precad
- Both mentions the important items to protect your health and safety so strictly follow them by any means. ■ The meanings of "Marks" used here are as shown on the right:

  | ○ Never do it under any circumstances. 
  | ○ ◆ Always do it according to the instruction.
- After completing the installation, do commissioning to confirm there are no abnormalities, and explain to the customers about "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS", correct operation method and maintenance method (air filter cleaning, operation method and temperature setting method) with user's manual of this unit. Ask your customers to keep this installation manual together with the user's manual. Also, ask them to hand over the user's manual to the new user when the owner is changed.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

- Installation should be performed by the specialist.
  - 0 If you install the unit by yourself, it may lead to serious trouble such as water leakage, electric shock, fire, and injury due to overturn
- Install the system correctly according to these installation manuals. tion may cause explosion, injury, water leakage, electric shock, and fin
- Check the density refered by the foundula (accordance with ISO5149)
- If the density exceeds the limit density please consult the dealer and installate the ventilation system
- Use the genuine accessories and the specified parts for installation.
- f parts unspecified by our company are used it could cause water leakage, electric shock, fire, and injury due to overturn of the
- Ventilate the working area well in case the refrigerant leaks during installation. If the refrigerant contacts the fire, toxic gas is produced. In case of R32, the refrigerant could be ignited bec
- Install the unit in a location that can hold heavy weight.
  - moroper installation may cause the unit to fall leading to accidents
- Install the unit properly in order to be able to withstand strong winds such as typhoons, and earthquakes. nproper installation may cause the unit to fall leading to accidents
- Do not mix air in to the cooling cycle on installation or removal of the air-conditioner. If air is mixed in, the pressure in the cooling cycle will rise abnormally and may cause explosion and injur
- Be sure to have the electrical wiring work done by qualified electrical installer, and use exclusive circuit.
- Power source with insufficient capacity and improper work can cause electric shock and fire Use specified wire for electrical wiring, fasten the wiring to the terminal securely, and hold the cable securely
  in order not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal.
- oose connections or hold could result in abnormal heat generation or fire.
- Arrange the electrical wires in the control box properly to prevent them from rising. Fit the lid of the services panel property.
- proper fitting may cause abnormal heat and fire Check for refrigerant gas leakage after installation is completed.
- If the refrigerant gas leaks into the house and comes in contact with a fan heater, a stove, or an oven, toxic gas is produced
- Use the specified pipe, flare nut, and tools for R32 or R410A.
- ting parts (R22) could cause the unit failure and serious accident due to explosion of the cooling cycle Tighten the flare nut according to the specified method by with torque wrench.
- f the flare nut were tightened with excess torque, it could cause burst and refrigerant leakage after a long perio
- Do not put the drainage pipe directly into drainage channels where poisonous gases such as sulfide gas
- Poisonous gases will flow into the room through drainage pipe and seriously affect the user's health and safety. This can also cause the corrosion of the indoor unit and a resultant unit failure or refrigerant leak. Connect the pipes for refrigeration circuit securely in installation work before compressor is operated.
- If the compressor is operated when the service valve is open without connecting the pipe, it could cause explosion and injuries due to abnormal high pressure in the system
- Stop the compressor before removing the pipe after shutting the service valve on pump down work. If the pipe is removed when the compressor is in operation with the service valve open, air would be mixed in the refrigeration circuit and it could cause explosion and injuries due to abnormal high pressure in the cooling cycle.
- Only use prescribed option parts. The installation must be carried out by the qualified installer. If you install the system by yourself, it can cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire
- Do not repair by yourself. And consult with the dealer about repair.
- cause water leakage, electric shock or fire Consult the dealer or a specialist about removal of the air-conditioner.
- mproper installation may cause water leakage, electric shock or fire. Turn off the power source during servicing or inspection work.
- If the power is supplied during servicing or inspection work, it could cause electric shock and injury by the operating far Do not run the unit when the panel or protection guard are taken off.
- Touching the rotating equipment, hot surface, or high voltage section could cause an injury to be caught in the machine, to get burned, or electric shock.
- Shut off the power before electrical wiring work. It could cause electric shock, unit failure and improper running

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

#### Perform earth wiring surely.

Do not connect the earth wiring to the gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod and telephone earth wiring. Improper earth could cause unit failure and electric shock or fire due to a short circuit

- Earth leakage breaker must be installed.
  - If the earth leakage breaker is not installed, it could cause electric shocks or fire.
- Use the circuit breaker of correct capacity. Circuit breaker should be the one that disconnect all sing the incorrect one could cause the system failure and fire.
- Do not use any materials other than a fuse of correct capacity where a fuse should be used. Connecting the circuit by wire or copper wire could cause unit failure and fire
- Do not install the indoor unit near the location where there is possibility of flammable gas leakages
- If the gas leaks and gathers around the unit, it could cause fire. Do not install and use the unit where corrosive gas (such as sulfurous acid gas etc.) or flammable gas (such as thinner, petroleum etc.) may be generated or accumulated, or volatile flammable substances are handled.
- ould cause the corrosion of heat exchanger, breakage of plastic parts etc. And inflammable gas could cause fire Secure a space for installation, inspection and maintenance specified in the manual.
- sufficient space can result in accident such as personal injury due to falling from the installation plac Do not use the indoor unit at the place where water splashes such as laundry.
- Indoor unit is not waterproof. It could cause electric shock and fire.
- Do not use the indoor unit for a special purpose such as food storage, cooling for precision instrument, preservation of animals, plants, and a work of art. It could cause the damage of the items.
- Do not install nor use the system near equipments which generate electromagnetic wave or high harmonics. Equipments like inverter equipment, private power generator, high-frequency medical equipment, or telecommunication equipment might influence the air-conditioner and cause a malfunction and breakdown. Or the air-conditioner might influence medical equipments or telecommunication equipments, and obstruct their medical activity or cause jamming.
- Do not install the remote control at the direct sunlight.

#### t could cause breakdown or deformation of the remote control Do not install the indoor unit at the place listed below.

- Places where flammable gas could leak. Places where carbon fiber, metal powder or any powder is floated. Place where the substances which affect the air-onditioner are generated
- such as sulfide gas, chloride gas, acid, alkali or ammonic atmospheres.

  Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly. State as a barried year. The area of the a

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- Places where cosmetics or special sprays are frequently used. Highly salted area such as beach.
- Places where the system is affected by smoke from a chimney.
  Altitude over 1000m
- Do not install the indoor unit in the locations listed below (Be sure to install the indoor unit according to the installation manual for each model because each indoor unit has each limitation). Locations with any obstacles which can prevent inlet and outlet
   in the unit places. It could cause detection error, incapacity
  - Locations where vibration can be amplified due to insufficient strength of structure.
  - Locations where the infrared receiver is exposed to the direct sunlight or the strong light beam. (in case of the infrared specification unit)
  - Locations where an equipment affected by high harmonics is cocacions where an equipment anected by high ham placed. (TV set or radio receiver is placed within 5m) Locations where drainage cannot run off safely. can affect performance or function and etc..
- of detection, or characteristic degradation.

  Place where vibration is applied to it for a long period of time. Place where static electricity or electromag

  - Place where static electricity or electromag-netic wave generates.

    Place where it is exposed to high temperature or humidity for a long period of time.

    Dusty place or where the lens face could be fouled or damaged.
- Do not put any valuables which will break down by getting wet under the air-conditioner.
  Condensation could drop when the relative humidity is higher than 80% or drain pipe is clogged, and it damages user's belongings.

This model is high static ducted type air-conditioning unit. Therefore, do not use this model for direct

#### ①Before installation Install correctly according to the installation manual. Confirm the following points: Ounit type/Power source specification OPipes/Wires/Small parts OAccessory items Accessory item 0 0 6 0

#### 2 Selection of installation location for the indoor unit

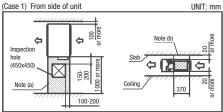
- ① Select the suitable areas to install the unit under approval of the user.
- ·Areas where the indoor unit can deliver hot and cold wind sufficiently. Suggest to the user to use a circulator if the ceiling height is over 3m to avoid warm air being accumulated on the ceiling.
- ·Areas where there is enough space to install and service. ·Areas where it can be drained properly. Areas where drain pipe descending slope can be taken
- •Areas where there is no obstruction of air flow on both air return grille and air supply port.
  •Areas where fire alarm will not be accidentally activated by the air-conditioner.
- ·Areas where the supply air does not short-circuit.
- Areas where it is not influenced by draft air.
- ·Areas not exposed to direct sunlight.
- ·Areas where dew point is lower than around 28°C and relative humidity is lower than 80%. This indoor unit is tested under the condition of JIS (Japan Industrial Standard) high humidity condition and confirmed there is no problem. However, there is some risk of condensation drop if the air-conditioner is operated under the severer condition than mentioned abo If there is a possibility to use it under such a condition, attach additional insulation of 10 to
- 20mm thick for entire surface of indoor unit, refrigeration pipe and drain pipe. Areas where TV and radio stavs away more than 1m. (It could cause iamming and noise.)
- Areas where any items which will be damaged by getting wet are not placed such as food, table wares, server, or medical equipment under the unit.
- ·Areas where there is no influence by the heat which cookware generates
- Areas where not exposed to oil mist, powder and/or steam directly such as above fryer
- Areas where lighting device such as fluorescent light or incandescent light doesn't affect the operation.
- (A beam from lighting device sometimes affects the infrared receiver for the wireless remote control and the air-conditioner might not work properly.)

  When operating the suction air processing unit independently, it operates in the outdoor air
- processing mode. Blowout temperatures are not same at the standard unit operation and the outdoor air
- processing mode operations.
- Since the temperatures become higher during cooling or lower during heating, take care of the direction of blowout outlet. Avoid directing the blowout outlet to the space where people are present
- (2) Check if the place where the air-conditioner is installed can hold the weight of the unit. If it is not able to hold, reinforce the structure with boards and beams strong enough to hold it. If the strength is not enough, it could cause injury due to unit falling.

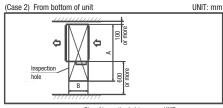
### Space for installation and service

Make installation altitude over 2.5m.

Select either of two cases to keep space for installation and services.



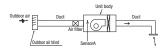
Notes (a) There must not be obstacle to draw out fan motor. ( marked area) (b) Install refrigerant pipe, drain pipe, and wiring so as not to cross marked area



(Size of inspe	UNIT: mm		
Single type	-	71	100-140
Multi type	45, 56	71, 90	112-160
FDU-F	-	650	1100
A	1100	1300	1720
В	6	725	

#### 3 Cautions for the handling and installation place of outdoor air processing unit

①This unit monitors the outdoor air temperature at the position of sensor A in the figure, and controls the start and stop with the thermostat based on the value of sensor A and the setting temperature by the remote control.



Remote control's setting temperature indicates the outdoor air temperature that controls the start and stop of operation

When the thermostat is turned off, the operation is changed to the fan mode so that the outdoor air is blown out directly into the room. For example if the remote control is set to 22°C in cooling operation, and if the outdoor air temperature is 22°C or lower at that time, the unit will go into fan operation.

- When there is a difference between the air-conditioning temperature in the room during cooling operation and the temperature of air blown out from the outdoor air processing unit, dewing water may drip from the unit. To prevent the dewing, provide a sufficient heat insulation means at the air blow outlet.
- 3 Since the air blow outlet on the outdoor air processing unit may blow out the outdoor air directly, orient the outlet in such a way that it will not blow air directly to persons in the room.
- 4 Since the unit controls the thermostat start and stop by monitoring the outdoor air temperature, it is prohibited to monitor the room temperature by means of the room temperature monitoring by changing the thermostat setting at the remote control side and the option remote temperature sensor. Otherwise, dewing water may drip from the unit at lower outdoor air temperatures during cooling operation.
- ⑤Install the remote control of the outdoor air processing unit at a place closer to the administrator to avoid the end user from using the remote control.

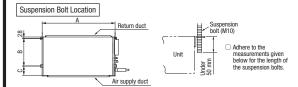
When handing over the unit to the end user, make sure to explain sufficiently about the foregoing cautions, the installation place of the remote control for the outdoor air processing unit and the position of air blow outlet

#### 4 Preparation before installation

- If suspension bolt becomes longer, do reinforcement of earthquake resistant.
  - OFor grid ceiling

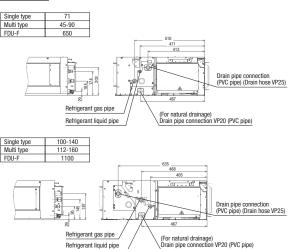
When the suspension bolt length is over 500mm, or the gap between the ceiling and roof is over 700mm, apply earthquake resistant brace to the bolt.

- OIn case the unit is hanged directly from the slab and is installed on the ceiling plane which has enough strength.
- When suspension bolt length is over 1000mm, apply the earthquake resistant brace to the bolt.
- Prepare four (4) sets of suspension bolt, nut and spring washer (M10) on site.



			UNIT: mm
Single type	_	71	100-140
Multi type	45, 56	71, 90	112-160
FDU-F	_	650	1100
A	786	986	1720
В	472	472	725
C	135	135	180

Pipe locations UNIT: mm



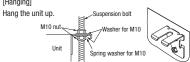
## **5**Installation of indoor unit

## Work procedure

- 1. Prepare a hole of specified size on the ceiling.
- 2. Install suspension bolts at specified positions.
- Make sure to use four suspension bolts.
   Adjust the indoor unit position in order to fit with it.
- 4. Agust the moor unit position in order or warms.
  5. Make sure to install the indoor unit horizontally. Confirm the levelness of the indoor unit with a level gauge or transparent hose filled with water. Keep the height difference at both ends of the indoor unit within 3mm.
- 6. Tighten four upper nuts and fix the unit after height and levelness adjustment.

## Installation

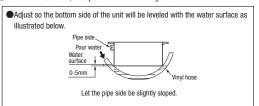
## [Hanging]



the unit and the ceiling hole do not match upon installation, it may be adjusted with the long holed installation tool.

## Adjustment for horizontality

○Either use a level vial, or adjust the level according to the method below.



Olf the unit is not leveled, it may cause malfunctions or inoperation of the float switch.

## **6 Duct Work**

- ① A corrugated board (for preventing sputtering) is attached to the main body of the air-conditioner (on the outlet port). Do not remove it until connecting the duct.
- An air filter can be provided on the main body of the air-conditioner (on the inlet port). Remove it when connecting the duct on the inlet port.
- ② Blowout duct
  - Use rectangular duct to connect with unit.
- Duct size for each unit is as shown below

			UNIT: mm	
Single type	-	71	100-140	
Multi type	45, 56	71, 90	112-160	
FDU-F	-	650	1100	
A	682	882	1202	
В	172	172		
1				
в⊨			-me	

- Duct should be at their minimum length.
- •We recommend to use sound and heat insulated duct to prevent it from condensation.
- Connect duct to unit before ceiling attachment.
- When connecting the duct to the inlet port, remove the air filter if it is fitted to the inlet port.
- Inlet port size for each unit is as shown below.

			UNIT: mm
Single type	-	71	100-140
Multi Type	45, 56	71, 90	112-160
FDU-F	-	650	1100
A	582	742	1282
В	202	202	237

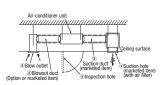


- Make sure to insulate the duct to prevent dewing on it.
- 4 Install the specific blowout duct in a location where the air will circulate to the entire room
  - Conduct the installation of the specific blowout hole and the connection of the duct before attaching them to the ceiling.
- Insulate the area where the duct is secured by a band for dew condensation prevention.
- Make sure provide an inspection hole on the ceiling. It is indispensable to service electric equipment, motor, functional components and cleaning of heat exchanger.

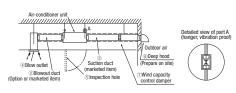
## **6 Duct Work (continued)**

- 6Make sure to insulate ducts, in order to prevent dewing on them.
- \*\*Connect the duct with care not to touch the blower (fan motor) with fingers. Or, when inhaling air directly from the suction side, install an air filter at the air suction inlet.

FDU

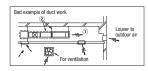


FDU-F



## Bad example of duct work

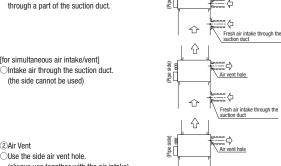
- (1) If a duct is not provided at the suction side but it is substituted with the space over the ceiling. humidity in the space will increase by the influence of capacity of ventilation fan, strength of wind blowing against the out door air louver, weather (rainy day) and others.
  - a)Moisture in air is likely to condense over the external plates of the unit and to drip on the ceiling. Unit should be operated under the conditions as listed in the above table and within the limitation of wind volume. When the building is a concrete structure, especially immediately after the construction, humidity tends to rise even if the space over the ceiling is not substituted in place of a duct. In such occasion, it is necessary to insulate the entire unit with glass wool (25mm). (Use a wire net or equivalent to hold the glass wool in place.)
  - b)It may run out the allowable limit of unit operation (Example, the case of FDU: When outdoor air temperature is 35°CDB, suction air temperature is 27°CWB) and it could result in such troubles as compressor overload, etc...
  - c)There is a possibility that the blow air volume may exceed the allowable range of operation due to the capacity of ventilation fan or strength of wind blowing against external air louver so that drainage from be heat exchanger may fall to reach the drain pan but leak outside (Example: drip on to the ceiling) with consequential water leakage in the room.
- ②If vibration damping is not conducted between the unit and the duct, and between the unit and the slab, vibration will be transmitted to the duct and vibration noise may occur. Also, vibration may be transmitted from the unit to the slab. Vibration damping must be performed.



## Connecting the air intake/vent ducts the case of FDU

- 1)Fresh Air Intake
- [for air intake duct only]
- OUse the side fresh air intake hole, or supply through a part of the suction duct.

[for simultaneous air intake/vent]



Side fresh air intake hole

Fresh air intake through the suction duct

(2)Air Vent

- Ouse the side air vent hole. (always use together with the air intake)
- Olnsulate the duct to protect it from dew condensation

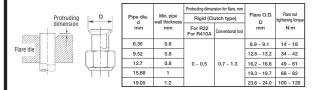
## 7Refrigerant pipe

## Caution

- Be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant pipes. Use the flare nut attached to the product. Regarding whether existing pipes can be reused or not, and the washing method, refer to the inst outdoor unit, catalogue or technical data.

  1) In case of reuse: Do not use old flare nut, but use the one attached to the unit.
- 2) In case of reuse: Flare the end of pipe replaced partially for R32 or R410A

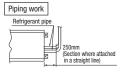
MARNING : When flared joints are reused indoors, the flare part shall be re-fabricated. (only for R32)



- •Use phosphorus deoxidized copper alloy seamless pipe (C1220T) for refrigeration pipe installation In addition, make sure there is no damage both inside and outside of the pipe, and no harmful substances such as sulfur, oxide, dust or a contaminant stuck on the pipes
- Do not use any refrigerant other than R32 or R410A.

Use special tools for R32 or R410A refrigerant

- Using other refrigerant except R32 or R410A (R22 etc.) may degrade inside refrigeration oil. And air getting into refrigeration circuit may cause over-pressure and resultant it may result in bursting, etc.
- Store the copper pipes indoors and seal the both end of them until they are brazed in order to avoid any dust, dirt or water getting into pipe. Otherwise it will cause degradation of refrigeration oil and compressor breakdown, etc.



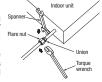
When conducting piping work, make sure to allow the pipes to be aligned in a straight line for at least 250 mm, as shown in the left illustration. (This is necessary for the drain pump to function)

## Work procedure

- Remove the flare nut and blind flanges on the pipe of the indoor unit.
   Make sure to loosen the flare nut with holding the nut on pipe side with a spanner and giving torque to the nut with another spanner in order to avoid unexpected stress to the copper pipe, and then remove them. (Gas may come out at this time, but it is not abnormal.)
- Pay attention whether the flare nut pops out. (as the indoor unit is sometimes pressured.)
- 2. Make a flare on liquid pipe and gas pipe, and connect the refrigeration pipes on the indoor unit. \*\*Bend radius of pipe must be 4D or larger. Once a pipe is bent, do not readjust the bending Do not twist a pipe or collapse to 2/3D or smaller.
  - Make sure to use flare nuts assembled on the unions. Usage of other flare nuts could cause refrigerant leakage.

    \*\*Do a flare connection as follows:
- Make sure to hold the nut on indoor unit pipe side using double spanner method as indicated when fastening / loosening flare nuts in order to prevent unintentional twisting of the copper pipe.

  • When fastening the flare nut, align the refrigeration pipe
- with the center of flare nut, screw the nut for 3-4 times by hand and then tighten it by spanner with the specified torque mentioned in the table above



- Cover the flare connection part of the indoor unit with attached insulation material after a gas leakage inspection, and tighten both ends with attached straps.
- Make sure to insulate both gas pipes and liquid pipes completely.
   Incomplete insulation may cause dew condensation or water dropping.

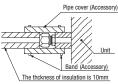
- Use heat-resistant (120 °C or more) insulations on the gas side pipes.
   In case of using at high humidity condition, reinforce insulation of refrigerant pipes Surface of insulation may cause dew condition or water dropping, if insulations are not reinfoced
- Refrigerant is charged in the outdoor unit.

As for the additional refrigerant charge for the indoor unit and piping, refer to the installation manual attached to the outdoor unit.

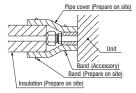
Refrigerating machine oil should not be applied to the threads of union or external surface of flare. It is because, even if the same tightening torque is applied, the oil is likely to decrease the slide friction force on the threads and increase, in turn, the axial component force so that it could crack the flare

Refrigerating machine oil may be applied to the internal surface of flare only

(The case of using thicness of insulation is 10mm)



<The case of using reinfoced insulation>



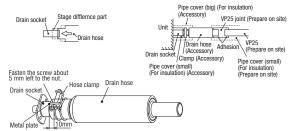
## ®Drain pipe

## Caution

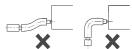
- Install the drain pipe according to the installation manual in order to drain properly. Imperfection in draining may cause flood indoors and wetting the household goods, etc.
- Do not put the drain pipe directly into the ditch where toxic gas such as sulfur, the other harmful and inflammable gas is generated. Toxic gas would flow into the room and it would cause serious damage to user's health and safety (some poisoning or deficiency of oxygen). In addition, it may cause corrosion of heat exchanger and bad smell.
- Connect the pipe securely to avoid water leakage from the joint.
- Insulate the pipe properly to avoid condensation drop.
- Check if the water can flow out properly from both the drain outlet on the indoor unit and the end of the drain pine after installation
- Make sure to make descending slope of greater than 1/100 and do not make up-down bend and/or trap in the midway. In addition, do not put air vent on the drain pipe. Check if water is drained out properly from the pipe during commissioning. Also, keep sufficient space for inspection and maintenance.

## Work procedure

- 1. Make sure to insert the drain hose (the end mode of soft PVC) to the end of the step part of drain socket.
  - Attach the hose clamp to the drain hose around 10mm from the end, and fasten the screw about 5mm left to the nut.
  - Do not apply adhesives on this end.
  - Do not use acetone-based adhesives to connect to the drain socket.

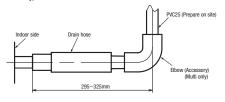


- Prepare a joint for connecting VP25 pipe, adhere and connect the joint to the drain hose (the end made of rigid PVC), and adhere and connect VP25 pipe (prepare on site). \*As for drain pipe, apply VP25 made of rigid PVC which is on the market.
- Make sure that the adhesive will not get into the supplied drain hose.
- It may cause the flexible part broken after the adhesive is dried up and gets rigid.
- The flexible drain hose is intended to absorb a small difference at installation of the unit or drain pipes. Intentional bending, expanding may cause the flexible hose broken and water leakage.

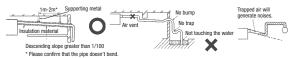


As for drain pipe, apply VP25 (OD32).

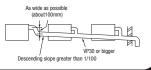
If apply PVC25 (OD25), connect the expanded connector to the drain hose, with adhesive (Multi unit only)



- 3. Make sure to make descending slope of greater than 1/100 and do not make up-down bend and/or trap in the midway.
  - Pay attention not to give stress on the pipe on the indoor unit side, and support and fix the pipe as close place to the unit as possible when connecting the drain pipe
  - Do not set up air vent.



When sharing a drain pipe for more than one unit, lay the main pipe 100mm below the drain outlet of the unit. In addition, select VP30 or bigger size for main drain pipe.

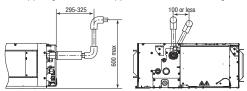


## **®Drain pipe (continued)**

- 4. Insulate the drain pipe.
- Be sure to insulate the drain socket and rigid PVC pipe installed indoors otherwise it may cause dew condensation and water leakage
  - \* After drainage test implementation, cover the drain socket part with pipe cover (small size), then use the pipe cover (big size) to cover the pipe cover (small size), clamps and part of the drain hose, and fix and wrap it with tapes to wrap and make joint part gapless.

## Drain up

The position for drain pipe outlet can be raised up to 600mm above the ceiling. Use elbows. for installation to avoid obstacles inside ceiling. If the horizontal drain pipe is too long before vertical pipe, the backflow of water will increase when the unit is stopped, and it may cause overflow of water from the drain pan on the indoor unit. In order to avoid overflow, keep the horizontal pipe length and offset of the pipe within the limit shown in the figure below

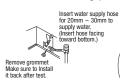


Otherwise, the construction point makes it same as drain pipe construction.

- Conduct a drain test after completion of the electrical work.
- 2. During the trail, make sure that drain flows properly through the piping and that no water leaks from connections
- 3. In case of a new building, conduct the test before it is furnished with the ceiling.
- 4. Be sure to conduct this test even when the unit is installed in the heating season.

## Procedures

Supply about 2000 cc of water to the unit through the air outlet by using a feed water pump. 2. Check the drain while cooling operation.



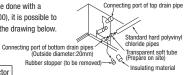


Drain situation can be checked with transparent socket.

If the electrical work has not been completed, connect a convex joint in the drain pipe connection to provide a water inlet. Then, check if water leaks from the piping system and that drain flows through the drain pipe normally.

## Outline of bottom drain piping work

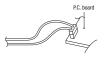
 If the bottom drain piping can be done with a descending gradient (1/50-1/100), it is possible to connect the pipes as shown in the drawing below.



Uncoupling the drain motor connector

 Uncouple the connector CnR for the drain motor as illustrated in the drawing on the right.

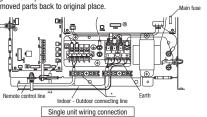
Note: If the unit is run with the connector coupled. drain water will be discharged from the upper drain pipe joint, causing a water leak



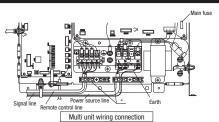
## **9 Wiring-out position and wiring connection**

- Electrical installation work must be performed according to the installation manual by an electrical installation service provider qualified by a power provider of the country, and be executed according to the technical standards and other regulations applicable to electrical installation in the country.
- Be sure to use an exclusive circuit. Use specified cord, fasten the wiring to the terminal securely, and hold the cord securely in
- Do not put both power source line and signal line on the same route. It may cause miscommunication and malfunction.
- Be sure to do D type earth work.
   For the details of electrical wiring work, see attached instruction manual for electrical wiring work.
- Remove a lid of the control box (2 screws)
- Hold each wiring inside the unit and fasten them to terminal block securely.
- Fix the wiring with clamps.
- 4. Install the removed parts back to original place.

order not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal.



## (9) Wiring-out position and wiring connection (continued)



Main fuse specification

Please fix the wiring in the band not to move even if it pulls.

Mo	del	Specification	Port No
FDU	FDU-F	эреспісації	Part No.
45-90 650 112-160 1100		T 5A L 250V	SSA564A149AH
		T 6.3A L 250V	SSA564A149AJ

## **10** External static pressure setting

ou can set External Static Pressure (E.S.P.) by method of MANUAL SETTING on remote control. Idoor unit will control fan-speed to keep rated air flow volume at each fan speed setting (Lo-P-Hi) You can set required E.S.P. by wired remote control that calculated with the set air flow rate and pressure loss of the duct connected.

- How to set E.S.P. by wired remote control
   1 Push "•" marked button(E.S.P. button).
- 2 Select indoor unit No. by using \$\Display\$ button.
- set E.S.P. by button. See detailed procedure in technical manual



You can not set E.S.P. by wireless remote control.

E.S.P. button

With E.S.P. setting, confirm that actual E.S.P. agrees with E.S.P. setting.
When E.S.P. setting is higher than actual E.S.P., the air flow rate becomes excessively higher.
This will cause water leakage if water splashes.
When E.S.P. setting is lower than actual E.S.P., the air flow rate becomes excessively lower and
the cooling or heating may become ineffective.
In order to reduce the risk above the factory E.S.P. setting is set within the range of 80 – 150 Pa
(E.S.P. setting No. 8 – 15). Be sure to use within the range of 80 – 150 Pa in actual operations. If
actual E.S.P. is lower than 80 Pa, it may cause water leakage.

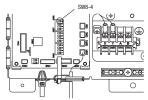
Setting No.	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
E.S.P (Pa)	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150	

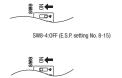
If 1-7 is selected for the setting No. on the remote control, the setting No. shows No. 8. If 16 - 20 is selected for the setting No. on the remote control, the setting No. shows No. 15. Factory default is No. 8

## The Case of FDU-F

Setting No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
E.S.P. (Pa)	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120

※ If 13-20 is selected for the setting No. on the remote control, the setting No. shows No. 12. Factory default is No. 8





SW8-4:0N (E.S.P. setting No. 1-19)

If SW8-4 is turned to "0N", E.S.P. setting range can be changed to 10 - 200 Pa (E.S.P. setting No. 1 - 19). This should not be used when actual E.S.P. cannot be confirmed, because the risk above

Setting No.																			
E.S.P. (Pa)	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	200

※ If 20 is selected for the setting No. on the remote control, the setting No. shows No. 19.

## (1)Check list after installation

Check the following items after all installation work completed.

Check if	Expected trouble	Check
The indoor and outdoor units are fixed securely?	Falling, vibration, noise	
Inspection for leakage is done?	Insufficient capacity	
Insulation work is properly done?	Water leakage	
Water is drained properly?	Water leakage	
Power source voltage is same as mentioned in the model name plate?	PCB burnt out, not working at all	
No mis-wiring or mis-connection of piping?	PCB burnt out, not working at all	
Earth wiring is connected properly?	Electric shock	
Cable size comply with specified size?	PCB burnt out, not working at all	
Any obstacle blocks air flow on air inlet and outlet?	Insufficient capacity	
Is setting of E.S.P finished?	Excessive air flow, water drop blow out	

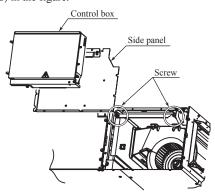
## (b) Replacement procedure of the fan unit

Notes(1) The unit is a heavy item. It must be supported securely and handled with care not to drop when it is necessary to replace.

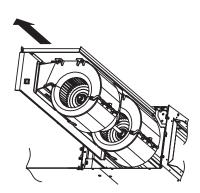
(2) For the maintenance space, refer to page 71.

## Model FDU71VH

1) Remove the control box and the side panel, and remove the screws marked in the circles (2 places) in the figure.



2) Take out the fan unit in the arrow direction.



## (4) Duct connected-Low/Middle static pressure type (FDUM)

PJG012D021

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## (a) Indoor unit

This manual is for the installation of an indoor unit. For electrical wiring work (Indoor), refer to page 91. For remote control installation, refer to page 95. For wireless kit installation, refer to page 157. For electrical wiring work (Outdoor) and refrigerant pipe work installation for outdoor unit, refer to page 107.

## **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

- Read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully first of all and then strictly follow it during the installation work in order to protect yourself.
- <u>AWARNING</u>: Wrong installation would cause serious consequences such as injuries or death. ACAUTION: Wrong installation might cause serious consequences depending on circumstances Both mentions the important items to protect your health and safety so strictly follow them by any means.
- ●The meanings of "Marks" used here are as shown on the right: Never do it under any circumstances.
- ◆After completing the installation, do commissioning to confirm there are no abnormalities, and explain to the customers about "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS", correct operation method and maintenance method (air filter cleaning, operation method and temperature setting method) with user's manual of this unit. Ask your customers to keep this installation manual together with the user's manual. Also, ask them to hand over the user's manual to the new user when the owner is changed

## **MARNING**

## Installation should be performed by the specialist.

If you install the unit by yourself, it may lead to serious trouble such as water leakage, electric shock, fire, and injury due to overturn of the unit

Install the system correctly according to these installation manuals.

Improper installation may cause explosion, injury, water leakage, electric shock, and fire

Check the density refered by the foumula (accordance with ISO5149).

If the density exceeds the limit density, please consult the dealer and installate the ventilation system

•Use the genuine accessories and the specified parts for installation.

f parts unspecified by our company are used it could cause water leakage, electric shock, fire, and injury due to overturn of the unit.

Ventilate the working area well in case the refrigerant leaks during installation.

If the refrigerant contacts the fire, toxic gas is produced

In case of R32, the refrigerant could be ignited because of its flami

Install the unit in a location that can hold heavy weight. Improper installation may cause the unit to fall leading to accidents

• Install the unit properly in order to be able to withstand strong winds such as typhoons, and earthquakes.

Improper installation may cause the unit to fall leading to accidents

Do not mix air in to the cooling cycle on installation or removal of the air-conditioner

If air is mixed in, the pressure in the cooling cycle will rise abnormally and may cause explosion and injuri

Be sure to have the electrical wiring work done by qualified electrical installer, and use exclusive circuit. Power source with insufficient capacity and improper work can cause electric shock and fire

•Use specified wire for electrical wiring, fasten the wiring to the terminal securely, and hold the cable securely in

order not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal. s or hold could result in abnormal heat gener

●Arrange the electrical wires in the control box properly to prevent them from rising. Fit the lid of the services

nproper fitting may cause abnormal heat and fire Check for refrigerant gas leakage after installation is completed.

If the refrigerant gas leaks into the house and comes in contact with a fan heater, a stove, or an oven, toxic gas is produce

Ouse the specified pipe, flare nut, and tools for R32 or R410A.

Using existing parts (R22) could cause the unit failure and serious accident due to explosion of the cooling cycle  $\ensuremath{\bullet}$  Tighten the flare nut according to the specified method by with torque wrench.

If the flare nut were tightened with excess torque, it could cause burst and refrigerant leakage after a long perio

• Do not put the drainage pipe directly into drainage channels where poisonous gases such as sulfide gas can

Poisonous gases will flow into the room through drainage pipe and seriously affect the user's health and safety. This can also cause the corrosion of the indoor unit and a resultant unit failure or refrigerant leak

• Connect the pipes for refrigeration circuit securely in installation work before compressor is operated. or is operated when the service valve is open without connecting the pipe, it could cause explosion and injuries due

to abnormal high pressure in the system. • Stop the compressor before removing the pipe after shutting the service valve on pump down work.

If the pipe is removed when the compressor is in operation with the service valve open, air would be mixed in the refrigeration circuit 
and it could cause explosion and injuries due to abnormal high pressure in the cooling cycle.

• Only use prescribed option parts. The installation must be carried out by the qualified installer.

If you install the system by yourself, it can cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire

Do not repair by yourself. And consult with the dealer about repair

mproper repair may cause water leakage, electric shock or fire

Consult the dealer or a specialist about removal of the air-conditioner. Improper installation may cause water leakage, electric shock or fire.

Turn off the power source during servicing or inspection work.

If the power is supplied during servicing or inspection work, it could cause electric shock and injury by the operating fan

Do not run the unit when the panel or protection guard are taken off.

Touching the rotating equipment, hot surface, or high voltage section could cause an injury to be caught in the machine, to get rned, or electric shock.

• Shut off the power before electrical wiring work.

It could cause electric shock, unit failure and improper running.

## **⚠ CAUTION**

Perform earth wiring surely.

Do not connect the earth wiring to the gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod and telephone earth wiring, Improper earth could cause unit failure and electric shock or fire due to a short circuit.

Earth leakage breaker must be installed.

If the earth leakage breaker is not installed, it could cause electric shocks or fire

Use the circuit breaker of correct capacity. Circuit breaker should be the one that disconnect all

Connecting the circuit by wire or copper wire could cause unit failure and fire.

If the gas leaks and gathers around the unit, it could cause fire.

• Do not use the indoor unit at the place where water splashes such as laundry.

It could cause the damage of the items. Do not install nor use the system near equipments which generate electromagnetic wave or high harmonics.

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according to the installation manual for each model because each indoor unit has each limitation

Do not put any valuables which will break down by getting wet under the air-conditioner.

It could cause the unit falling down and injury.

If sputter entered into the unit during brazing work, it could cause damage (pinhole) of drain pan and leakage of water. To avoid damaging, keep the indoor unit packed or cover the indoor unit.

Install the drain pipe to drain the water surely according to the installation manual.

user's health and safety.

 Be sure to perform air tightness test by pressurizing with nitrogen gas after completed refrigerant piping work If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of refrigerant leakage in the small room, lack of oxygen can

 For drain pipe installation, be sure to make descending slope of greater than 1/100, not to make traps and not to make air-bleeding

Check if the drainage is correctly done during commissioning and ensure the space for inspection and maintenance

 Ensure the insulation on the pipes for refrigeration circuit so as not to condense water. Incomplete insulation could cause condensation and it would wet ceiling, floor, and any other valuables.

Do not install the outdoor unit where is likely to be a nest for insects and small animals.

nsects and small animals could come into the electronic components and cause breakdown and fire. Instruct the user to 🤇 eep the surroundings clean. Pay extra attention, carrying the unit by hand.

Carry the unit with 2 people if it is heavier than 20kg. Do not use the plastic straps but the grabbing place, moving the unit by hand. Use protective gloves in order to avoid injury by the aluminum fin. Make sure to dispose of the packaging material.

Leaving the materials may cause injury as metals like nail and woods are used in the package

 Do not operate the system without the air filter It may cause the breakdown of the system due to clogging of the heat exchanger.

Do not touch any button with wet hands.

Do not touch the refrigerant piping with bare hands when in operation.

The pipe during operation would become very hot or cold according to the operating condition, and it could co Do not clean up the air-conditioner with water.

It could cause electric shock.

Do not turn off the power source immediately after stopping the operation.

Be sure to wait for more than 5 minutes. Otherwise it could cause water leakage or bre

 Do not control the operation with the circuit breaker. It could cause fire or water leakage. In addition, the fan may start operation unexpectedly and it may cause injury.

## Using the incorrect one could cause the system failure and fire Do not use any materials other than a fuse of correct capacity where a fuse should be used. • Do not install the indoor unit near the location where there is possibility of flammable gas leakage: Do not install and use the unit where corrosive gas (such as sulfurous acid gas etc.) or flammable gas (such as thinner, petroleum etc.) may be generated or accumulated, or volatile flammable substances are handled. t could cause the corrosion of heat exchanger, breakage of plastic parts etc. And inflammable gas could cause fire. Secure a space for installation, inspection and maintenance specified in the manu 0 sufficient space can result in accident such as personal injury due to falling from the installation place Indoor unit is not waterproof. It could cause electric shock and fire. Do not use the indoor unit for a special purpose such as food storage, cooling for precision instrument, preservation of animals, plants, and a work of art. Equipments like inverter equipment, private power generator, high-frequency medical equipment, or telecommunication equipment might influence the air-conditioner and cause a malfunction and breakdown. Or the air-conditioner might influence medical equipments or telecommunication equipments, and obstruct their medical activity or cause jamming. Do not install the remote control at the direct sunlight. It could cause breakdown or deformation of the remote control. Do not install the indoor unit at the place listed below. Places where fammable gas could leak. Places where tammable gas could leak. Places where carbon fiber, metal powder or any powder is floated. Place where the substances which affect the air-conditioner are generated such as sufflet gas, choirde gas, add, Malior ammoric atmospheres. Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly. Places where cosmetics or special sprays are frequently used. Highly salted area such as beach Heavy snow area Places where the system is affected by smoke from a chimney. On vehicles and ships Places where machinery which generates high harmonics is used. Altitude over 1000m Do not install the indoor unit in the locations listed below (Be sure to install the indoor unit Place where vibration is applied to it for a long Locations with any obstacles which can prevent inlet and outlet Locations where vibration can be amplified due to insufficient strength of structure. Locations where the infrared receiver is exposed to the direct period of time. Place where static electricity or electromagsunlight or the strong light beam. (in case of the infrared specification unit) netic wave generates. Locations where an equipment affected by high harmonics is Place where it is exposed to high temperature or humidity for a long period of time. Dusty place or where the lens face could be placed. (TV set or radio receiver is placed within 5m) Locations where drainage cannot run off safely. It can affect performance or function and etc.. ation could drop when the relative humidity is higher than 80% or drain pipe is clogged, and it damages user's belongings. Do not use the base frame for the outdoor unit which is corroded or damaged after a long period of use. Pay attention not to damage the drain pan by weld sputter when brazing work is done near the unit. Œ Œ mproper connection of the drain pipe may cause dropping water into room and damaging user's belonging • Do not share the drain pipe for indoor unit and GHP (Gas Heat Pump system) outdoor unit. Toxic exhaust gas would flow into room and it might cause serious damage (some poisoning or deficiency of oxygen) to 0 occur, which can cause serious accidents 0

OThis model is middle static ducted type air conditioning unit. Therefore, do not use this model for direct blow type air conditioning unit.

## ③ Before installation ● Install correctly according to the installation manual. ● Confirm the following points:

OUnit type/Power source specification

OPipes/Wires/Small parts

Accessory item

For hanging For refrigerant pipe For drain pipe

Tall washer (M10) Pipe cover (mail) Strap Pipe cover (big) Pipe cover (mail) Drain hose Hose clamp

| International Control Pipe Cover (big) Pipe cover (mail) Drain hose Hose clamp

lose clamp	
()	
1	
r drain hose ounting	Accessory parts are stored inside this suction side.

OAccessory items

## 2 Selection of installation location for the indoor unit

- ① Select the suitable areas to install the unit under approval of the user.
- Areas where the indoor unit can deliver hot and cold wind sufficiently. Suggest to the user to use a circulator if the ceiling height is over 3m to avoid warm air being accumulated on the ceiling.
- · Areas where there is enough space to install and service.
- Areas where it can be drained properly. Areas where drain pipe descending slope can be taken.
- · Areas where there is no obstruction of air flow on both air return grille and air supply port.
- · Areas where fire alarm will not be accidentally activated by the air-conditioner.
- · Areas where the supply air does not short-circuit.
- · Areas where it is not influenced by draft air.
- · Areas not exposed to direct sunlight.
- Areas where dew point is lower than around 28°C and relative humidity is lower than 80%. This indoor unit is tested under the condition of JIS (Japan Industrial Standard) high humidity condition and confirmed there is no problem. However, there is some risk of condensation drop if the air-conditioner is operated under the severer condition than mentioned above. If there is a possibility to use it under such a condition, attach additional insulation of 10 to 20mm thick for entire surface of indoor unit, refrigeration pipe and drain pipe.
- Areas where TV and radio stays away more than 1m. (It could cause jamming and noise.)
- Areas where any items which will be damaged by getting wet are not placed such as food, table wares, server, or medical equipment under the unit.
- · Areas where there is no influence by the heat which cookware generates.
- Areas where not exposed to oil mist, powder and/or steam directly such as above fryer.
- Areas where lighting device such as fluorescent light or incandescent light doesn't affect the operation.

(A beam from lighting device sometimes affects the infrared receiver for the wireless remote control and the air conditioner might not work properly.)

② Check if the place where the air-conditioner is installed can hold the weight of the unit. If it is

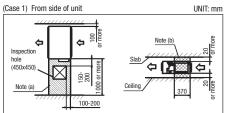
② Check if the place where the air-conditioner is installed can hold the weight of the unit. If it is not able to hold, reinforce the structure with boards and beams strong enough to hold it. If the strength is not enough, it could cause injury due to unit falling.

## Space for installation and service

Make installation altitude over 2.5m.

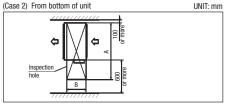
(Indoor Unit)

Select either of two cases to keep space for installation and services.



Notes (a) There must not be obstacle to draw out fan motor. (

(b) Install refrigerant pipe, drain pipe, and wiring so as not to cross marked area



(Size of inspection hole) UNIT: mm Single type   40-50   60, 71   100-140									
10-50	60, 71	100-140							
22-56	71, 90	112-160							
1100	1300	1720							
62	725								
	22-56 1100	2-56 71,90							

## 3 Preparation before installation

If suspension bolt becomes longer, do reinforcement of earthquake resistant.

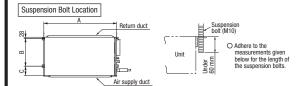
OFor grid ceiling

When the suspension bolt length is over 500mm, or the gap between the ceiling and roof is over 700mm, apply earthquake resistant brace to the bolt.

Oln case the unit is hanged directly from the slab and is installed on the ceiling plane which has enough strength.

When suspension bolt length is over 1000mm, apply the earthquake resistant brace to the bolt.

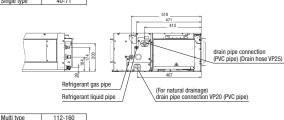
Prepare four (4) sets of suspension bolt, nut and spring washer (M10) on site.

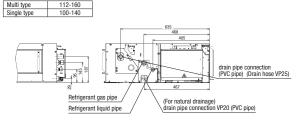


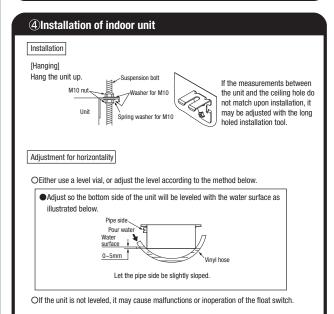
			UNIT: mm
Multi type	22-56	71, 90	112-160
Single type	40-50	60, 71	100-140
Α	786	986	1404
В	472	472	530
С	135	135	180

Pipe locations UNIT: mm

Multi type







## **5 Duct Work**

- 1) A corrugated board (for preventing sputtering) is attached to the main body of the air-conditione (on the outlet port). Do not remove it until connecting the duct.
- ●An air filter can be provided on the main body of the air-conditioner (on the inlet port). Remove it when connecting the duct on the inlet port

## 2 Blowout duct

 Use rectangular duct to connect with unit. Duct size for each unit is as shown below.

			UNII: mm
Single type	40-50	60, 71	100-140
Multi type	22-56	71, 90	112-140
A	682	882	1202
В	172	172	172
B			

- Duct should be at their minimum length.
- •We recommend to use sound and heat insulated duct to prevent it from condensation.
- Connect duct to unit before ceiling attachment.

## 3 Inlet port

- When shipped the inlet port lies on the back.
- ●When connecting the duct to the inlet port, remove the air filter if it is fitted to the inlet port.
- •When placing the inlet port to carry out suction from the bottom side, use the following procedure to replace the suction duct joint and the bottom plate.



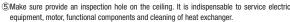


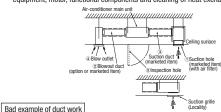


and duct joint.



- Fit the duct join with a screw; fit the bottom plate
- Make sure to insulate the duct to prevent dewing on it.
- (4)Install the specific blowout duct in a location where the air will circulate to the entire room.
- Conduct the installation of the specific blowout hole and the connection of the duct before attaching them to the ceiling.
- Insulate the area where the duct is secured by a band for dew condensation prevention.





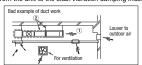
(1) If a duct is not provided at the suction side but it is substituted with the space over the ceiling humidity in the space will increase by the influence of capacity of ventilation fan, strength of wind blowing against the out door air louver, weather (rainy day) and others.

a)Moisture in air is likely to condense over the external plates of the unit and to drip on the ceiling. Unit should be operated under the conditions as listed in the above table and within the limitation of wind volume. When the building is a concrete structure, especially immediately after the construction, humidity tends to rise even if the space over the ceiling is not substituted in place of a duct. In such occasion, it is necessary to insulate the entire unit with glass wool (25mm). (Use a wire net or equivalent to hold the glass wool in place.)

b)It may run out the allowable limit of unit operation (Example: When outdoor air temperature is 35°C DB, suction air temperature is 27°C WB) and it could result in such troubles as compressor overload. etc.

c)There is a possibility that the blow air volume may exceed the allowable range of operation due to the capacity of ventilation fan or strength of wind blowing against external air louver so that drainage from be heat exchanger may fall to reach the drain pan but leak outside (Example: drip on to the ceiling) with consequential water leakage in the room.

2)If vibration damping is not conducted between the unit and the duct, and between the unit and the slab, vibration will be transmitted to the duct and vibration noise may occur. Also, vibration may be transmitted from the unit to the slab. Vibration damping must be performed.



## **5 Duct Work (continued)**

## Connecting the air intake/vent ducts

1)Fresh Air Intake

[for air intake duct only]

OUse the side fresh air intake hole, or supply through a part of the suction duct.

[for simultaneous air intake/vent] OIntake air through the suction duct (the side cannot be used)

②Air Vent OUse the side air vent hole. (always use together with the air intake)

take through the 分 <u></u> 17 分 Air vent hole = 4

Olnsulate the duct to protect it from dew condensation

## 6 Refrigerant pipe

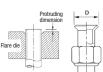
## Caution

Blowout

Be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant pipes. Use the flare nut attached to the product. Regarding whether existing pipes can be reused or not, and the washing method, refer to the instruction manual of the outdoor unit, catalogue or technical data.

I) In case of reuse: Do not use old flare nut, but use the one attached to the unit.
 In case of reuse: Flare the end of pipe replaced partially for R32 or R410A.

 $\boxed{\underline{\triangle}\text{WARNING}} : \text{When flared joints are reused indoors, the flare part shall be re-fabricated. (only for R32)}$ 



		Protruding dimer	sion for flare, mm		Flare nut tightening torque N·m	
Pipe dia.	Min. pipe wall thickness	Rigid (CI	utch type)	Flare O.D.		
mm	mm	For R32 For R410A	Conventional tool	mm		
6.35	6.35 0.8		0.7 - 1.3	8.9 - 9.1	14 - 18	
9.52	0.8	0 - 0.5		12.8 - 13.2	34 - 42	
12.7	0.8			16.2 - 16.6	49 - 61	
15.88	1			19.3 - 19.7	68 - 82	
19.05	1.2			23.6 - 24.0	100 - 120	

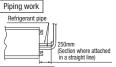
 Use phosphorus deoxidized copper alloy seamless pipe (C1220T) for refrigeration pipe installation. In addition, make sure there is no damage both inside and outside of the pipe, and no harmful substances such as sulfur, oxide, dust or a contaminant stuck on the pipes.

Do not use any refrigerant other than R32 or R410A.

Using other refrigerant except R32 or R410A (R22 etc.) may degrade inside refrigeration oil. And air getting into refrigeration circuit may cause over-pressure and resultant it may result in bursting, etc.

Store the copper pipes indoors and seal the both end of them until they are brazed in order to avoid any dust, dirt or water getting into pipe. Otherwise it will cause degradation of refrigeration oil and compressor breakdown, etc.

Use special tools for R32 or R410A refrigerant.



When conducting piping work, make sure to allow the pipes to be aligned in a straight line for at least 250 mm, as shown in the left illustration. (This is necessary for the drain pump

## Work procedure

1. Remove the flare nut and blind flanges on the pipe of the indoor unit.

Make sure to loosen the flare nut with holding the nut on pipe side with a spanner and giving torque to the
nut with another spanner in order to avoid unexpected stress to the copper pipe, and then remove them.
 (Gas may come out at this time, but it is not abnormal.)
 Pay attention whether the flare nut pops out. (as the indoor unit is sometimes pressured.)

Make a flare on liquid pipe and gas pipe, and connect the refrigeration pipes on the indoor unit. & Bend radius of pipe must be 4D or larger. Once a pipe is bent, do not readjust the bending

Do not twist a pipe or collapse to 2/3D or smaller.

■ Make sure to use flare nuts assembled on the unions.
Usage of other flare nuts could cause refrigerant

\*Do a flare connection as follows

 Make sure to hold the nut on indoor unit pipe side using double spanner method as indicated when fastening / loosening flare nuts in order to prevent unintentional twisting of the copper pipe.

When fastening the flare nut, align the refrigeration pipe

with the center of flare nut, screw the nut for 3-4 times by hand and then tighten it by spanner with the specified torque mentioned in the table above.

Cover the flare connection part of the indoor unit with attached insulation material after a gas

leakage inspection, and tighten both ends with attached straps.

Make sure to insulate both gas pipes and liquid pipes completely

\*\*Incomplete insulation may cause dew condensation or water dropping.

Use heat-resistant (120 °C or more) insulations on the gas side pipes.

In case of using at high humidity condition, reinforce insulation of refrigerant pipes.

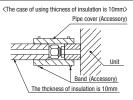
Surface of insulation may cause dew condition or water dropping, if insulations are not

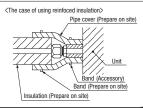
## **6**Refrigerant pipe (continued)

Refrigerant is charged in the outdoor unit As for the additional refrigerant charge for the indoor unit and piping, refer to the installation manual attached to the outdoor unit.

Refrigerating machine oil should not be applied to the threads of union or external surface of flare. It is because, even if the same tightening torque is applied, the oil is likely to decrease the slide friction force on the threads and increase, in turn, the axial component force so that it could crack the flare

Refrigerating machine oil may be applied to the internal surface of flare only.





## 7 Drain pipe

## Caution

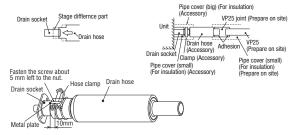
- Install the drain pipe according to the installation manual in order to drain properly. Imperfection in draining may cause flood indoors and wetting the household goods, etc.
- Do not put the drain pipe directly into the ditch where toxic gas such as sulfur, the other harmful and inflammable gas is generated. Toxic gas would flow into the room and it would cause serious damage to user's health and safety (some poisoning or deficiency of oxygen). In addition, it may cause corrosion of heat exchanger and bad smell.
- Connect the pipe securely to avoid water leakage from the joint.
- Insulate the pipe properly to avoid condensation drop.
- Check if the water can flow out properly from both the drain outlet on the indoor unit and the end of the drain pipe after installation.
- Make sure to make descending slope of greater than 1/100 and do not make up-down bend and/or trap in the midway. In addition, do not put air vent on the drain pipe. Check if water is drained out properly from the pipe during commissioning. Also, keep sufficient space for inspection and maintenance.

## Work procedure

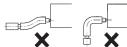
1. Make sure to insert the drain hose (the end mode of soft PVC) to the end of the step part of drain socket.

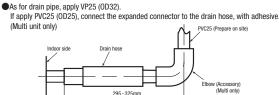
Attach the hose clamp to the drain hose around 10mm from the end, and fasten the screw about 5mm left to the nut.

- Do not apply adhesives on this end.
- Do not use acetone-based adhesives to connect to the drain socket



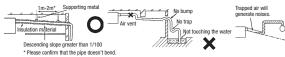
- 2. Prepare a joint for connecting VP25 pipe, adhere and connect the joint to the drain hose (the end made of rigid PVC), and adhere and connect VP25 pipe (prepare on site). %As for drain pipe, apply VP25 made of rigid PVC which is on the market.
  - Make sure that the adhesive will not get into the supplied drain hose.
  - It may cause the flexible part broken after the adhesive is dried up and gets rigid.
  - The flexible drain hose is intended to absorb a small difference at installation of the unit or drain pipes. Intentional bending, expanding may cause the flexible hose broken and water leakage.



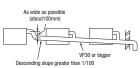


## ⑦Drain pipe (continued)

- 3. Make sure to make descending slope of greater than 1/100 and do not make up-down bend and/or trap in the midway.
  - Pay attention not to give stress on the pipe on the indoor unit side, and support and fix the pipe as close place to the unit as possible when connecting the drain pipe.
  - Do not set up air vent.



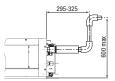
When sharing a drain pipe for more than one unit, lay the main pipe 100mm below the drain outlet of the unit. In addition, select VP30 or bigger size for main drain pipe.

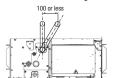


- 4. Insulate the drain pipe.
  - Be sure to insulate the drain socket and rigid PVC pipe installed indoors otherwise it may cause dew condensation and water leakage.
    - X After drainage test implementation, cover the drain socket part with pipe cover (small size), then use the pipe cover (big size) to cover the pipe cover (small size), clamps and part of the drain hose, and fix and wrap it with tapes to wrap and make joint part gapless.

## Drain up

• The position for drain pipe outlet can be raised up to 600mm above the ceiling. Use elbows for installation to avoid obstacles inside ceiling. If the horizontal drain pipe is too long before vertical pipe, the backflow of water will increase when the unit is stopped, and it may cause overflow of water from the drain pan on the indoor unit. In order to avoid overflow, keep the horizontal pipe length and offset of the pipe within the limit shown in the figure below.



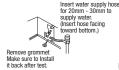


Otherwise, the construction point makes it same as drain pipe construction.

## Drain test

- 1. Conduct a drain test after completion of the electrical work.
- 2. During the trail, make sure that drain flows properly through the piping and that no water leaks from connections.
- 3. In case of a new building, conduct the test before it is furnished with the ceiling.
- 4. Be sure to conduct this test even when the unit is installed in the heating season.

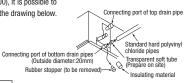
- 1. Supply about 1000 cc of water to the unit through the air outlet by using a feed water pump.
- 2. Check the drain while cooling operation.





## Outline of bottom drain piping work

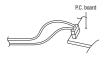
 If the bottom drain piping can be done with a descending gradient (1/50-1/100), it is possible to connect the pines as shown in the drawing below



## Uncoupling the drain motor connector

 Uncouple the connector CnR for the drain motor as illustrated in the drawing on the right.

Note: If the unit is run with the connector coupled, drain water will be discharged from the upper drain pipe joint, causing a water leak



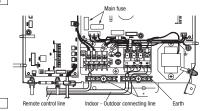
## **®Wiring-out position and wiring connection**

Electrical installation work must be performed according to the installation manual by an
electrical installation service provider qualified by a power provider of the country, and be
executed according to the technical standards and other regulations applicable to electrical
installation in the country.

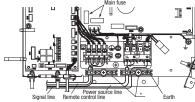
Be sure to use an exclusive circuit.

- Use specified cord, fasten the wiring to the terminal securely, and hold the cord securely in order not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal.
- Do not put both power source line and signal line on the same route. It may cause miscommunication and malfunction.
- Be sure to do D type earth work.
- For the details of electrical wiring work, see attached instruction manual for electrical wiring work.
- 1. Remove a lid of the control box (2 screws).
- 2. Hold each wiring inside the unit and fasten them to terminal block securely.
- 3. Fix the wiring with clamps.
- 4. Install the removed parts back to original place.

## Single unit wiring connection



Multi unit wiring connection



\* Please fix the wiring in the band not to move even if it po

Main	fuse	specification

Model	Specification	Part No.
22-56	T3.15A L250V	SSA564A149AF
71-160	T5A L250V	SSA564A149AH

## 

You can set External Static Pressure (E.S.P.) by either method of MANUAL SETTING or AUTO-MATIC SETTING by remote control.

Indoor unit will control fan-speed to keep rated air flow volume at each fan speed setting (Lo-Uhi)

## 1. MANUAL SETTING

You can set required E.S.P. by wired remote control that calculated with the set air flow rate and pressure loss of the duct connected.

Select No.1-10 (10Pa-100Pa) from following table according to calculation result. Refer to technical manual for details of air flow characteristic.

Setting No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
External Static Pressure (Pa)	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

- When you set No.11-19 by remote control, unit will control fan-speed with setting of No.10 Factory default is at No.5.
- How to set E.S.P by wired remote control
  - ① Push "

    " marked button(E.S.P button).
  - $\ \ \, \ \ \, \ \ \, \ \ \,$  Select indoor unit No. by using  $\ \, \mbox{\Large \clubsuit}$  button.
  - ③ Select setting No. by using **♦** button and set E.S.P. by button. See detailed procedure in technical manual.



You can not set E.S.P. by wireless remote control.



## Caution

Be sure to set E.S.P. according to actual duct connected.

Wrong settings causes excessive air flow volume or water drop blown out.

## 2. AUTOMATIC SETTING

Indoor unit will recognize E.S.P. by itself automatically and select appropriate fan speed No.1-10.

## **9 External static pressure setting (continued)**

- How to start automatic setting
  - 1), 2 Same setting as MANUAL SETTING.
  - $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mbox{3}}}$  Select [AUT] by using  $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\Leftrightarrow$}}$  button and press  $\ensuremath{\mbox{$\bigcirc$}}$  button .
  - ② After setting E.S.P. at "AUT", operate unit in FAN mode with certain fan speed (Lo-Uhi).

Indoor unit fan will run automatically and recognize E.S.P. by itself.

The operation for automatic E.S.P. recognition will last about 6 minutes, and it will be stopped after recognition is completed.

## Caution

- Be sure to execute AUTOMATIC SETTING by remote control AFTER ducting work is completed. When duct specification is changed after AUTOMATIC SETTING, be sure to execute AUTOMATIC SETTING again after power resetting and turning on again.
- Be sure to execute AUTOMATIC SETTING before trial cooling operation.
  (See ELECTRICAL WIRING WORK INSTRUCTION about trial cooling operation)
- Before AUTOMATIC SETTING, be sure to check that return air filter in duct is installed and damper is opened.

Wrong procedure causes excessive air flow or water drop blown out.

## Notice

- During operation for automatic recognition (the Auto Operation), fan rotates with certain speeds regardless of set fan speed by remote control.
- When duct is set with low static pressure (around 10-50Pa), even if indoor unit operate with higher air flow volume than rated one, but it is not abnormal.
- · When you changed operation mode or stop operation with ON/OFF button during Auto Operation, the Auto operation will be canceled.
- $\cdot$  In such case, be sure to execute AUTOMATIC SETTING again according to above procedure.

## **10 Check list after installation**

Check the following items after all installation work completed

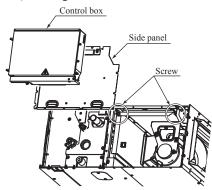
Check if	Expected trouble	Check
The indoor and outdoor units are fixed securely?	Falling, vibration, noise	
Inspection for leakage is done?	Insufficient capacity	
Insulation work is properly done?	Water leakage	
Water is drained properly?	Water leakage	
Power source voltage is same as mentioned in the model name plate?	PCB burnt out, not working at all	
No mis-wiring or mis-connection of piping?	PCB burnt out, not working at all	
Earth wiring is connected properly?	Electric shock	
Cable size comply with specified size?	PCB burnt out, not working at all	
Any obstacle blocks air flow on air inlet and outlet?	Insufficient capacity	
Is setting of E.S.P finished?	Excessive air flow, water drop blow out	

## (b) Replacement procedure of the fan unit

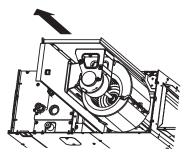
Notes(1) The unit is a heavy item. It must be supported securely and handled with care not to drop when it is necessary to replace. (2) For the maintenance space, refer to page 77.

## (i) Model FDUM40VH

1) Remove the control box and the side panel, and remove screws marked in the circles (2 places) in the figure.

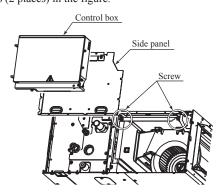


2) Take out the fan unit in the arrow direction.

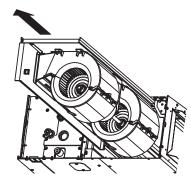


## (ii) Model FDUM71VH

1) Remove the control box and the side panel, and remove screws marked in the circles (2 places) in the figure.



2) Take out the fan unit in the arrow direction.



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## (5) Ceiling suspended type (FDE)

This manual is for the installation of an indoor unit.

For electrical wiring work (Indoor), refer to page 91. For remote control installation, refer to page 95. For wireless kit installation, refer to page 165. For electrical wiring work (Outdoor) and refrigerant pipe work installation for outdoor unit, refer to page

## **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

- Read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully first of all and then strictly follow it during the installation work in order to protect yourself
- <u>AWARNING</u>: Wrong installation would cause serious consequences such as injuries or death. ACAUTION: Wrong installation might cause serious consequences depending on circumstances
- Both mentions the important items to protect your health and safety so strictly follow them by any means. ●The meanings of "Marks" used here are as shown as follows:
- Never do it under any circumstances. 

  Always do it according to the instruction.

  After completing the installation, do commissioning to confirm there are no abnormalities, and explain to the
- customers about "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS", correct operation method and maintenance method (air filter cleaning, operation method and temperature setting method) with user's manual of this unit. Ask your customers to keep this installation manual together with the user's manual. Also, ask them to hand over the user's manual to the new user when the owner is changed.

## **⚠WARNING**

Installation should be performed by the specialist.

If you install the unit by yourself, it may lead to serious trouble such as water leakage, electric shock, fire, and injury due to overturn of the unit.

• Install the system correctly according to these installation manuals.

Improper installation may cause explosion, injury, water leakage, electric shock, and fire

• When installing in small rooms, take prevention measures not to exceed the density limit of refrigerant in the

event of leakage, referred by the formula (accordance with ISO5149). If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit, please consult the dealer and install the ventilation system, otherwise lack of oxygen can occur, which can cause serious accidents.

• Use the genuine accessories and the specified parts for installation.

If parts unspecified by our company are used it could cause water leakage, electric shock, fire, and injury due to overturn of the unit.

Ventilate the working area well in case the refrigerant leaks during installation.

If the refrigerant contacts the fire, toxic gas is produced

In case of R32, the refrigerant could be ignited because of its flammability

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●Install the unit in a location that can hold heavy weight. Improper installation may cause the unit to fall leading to accidents

• Install the unit properly in order to be able to withstand strong winds such as typhoons, and earthquakes. Improper installation may cause the unit to fall leading to accidents

Do not mix air in to the cooling cycle on installation or removal of the air-conditioner.

If air is mixed in, the pressure in the cooling cycle will rise abnormally and may cause explosion and injuries • Be sure to have the electrical wiring work done by qualified electrical installer, and use exclusive circuit.

Power source with insufficient capacity and improper work can cause electric shock and fire •Use specified wire for electrical wiring, fasten the wiring to the terminal securely, and hold the cable securely in order not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal.

Loose connections or hold could result in abnormal heat generation or fire. • Arrange the electrical wires in the control box properly to prevent them from rising. Fit the lid of the services panel property. A

Improper fitting may cause abnormal heat and fire.

Check for refrigerant gas leakage after installation is completed If the refrigerant gas leaks into the house and comes in contact with a fan heater, a stove, or an oven, toxic gas is produc

●Use the specified pipe, flare nut, and tools for R32 or R410A. Using existing parts (R22) could cause the unit failure and serious accident due to explosion of the cooling cycle

Tighten the flare nut according to the specified method by with torque wrench. If the flare nut were tightened with excess torque, it could cause burst and refrigerant leakage after a long period

● Do not put the drainage pipe directly into drainage channels where poisonous gases such as sulfide gas can occur.  $Poisonous\ gases\ will\ flow\ into\ the\ room\ through\ drainage\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ health\ and\ safety.\ This\ can\ also\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ health\ and\ safety.\ This\ can\ also\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ health\ and\ safety.\ This\ can\ also\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ health\ and\ safety.\ This\ can\ also\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ health\ and\ safety.\ This\ can\ also\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ health\ and\ safety.\ This\ can\ also\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ health\ and\ safety.\ This\ can\ also\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ health\ and\ safety.\ This\ can\ also\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ health\ and\ safety.\ This\ can\ also\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ health\ and\ safety.\ This\ can\ also\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ health\ and\ safety.\ This\ can\ also\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ health\ and\ safety.\ This\ can\ also\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ pipe\ and\ seriously\ affect\ the\ user's\ pipe\ and\ pipe\ a$ cause the corrosion of the indoor unit and a resultant unit failure or refrigerant leak

Connect the pipes for refrigeration circuit securely in installation work before compressor is operated. If the compressor is operated when the service valve is open without connecting the pipe, it could cause explosion and injuries due

to abnormal high pressure in the system Stop the compressor before removing the pipe after shutting the service valve on pump down work.

If the pipe is removed when the compressor is in operation with the service valve open, air would be mixed in the refrigeration circuit and it could cause explosion and injuries due to abnormal high pressure in the cooling cycle. •Only use prescribed option parts. The installation must be carried out by the qualified installer.

f you install the system by yourself, it can cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire Do not repair by yourself. And consult with the dealer about repair

Improper repair may cause water leakage, electric shock or fire Consult the dealer or a specialist about removal of the air-conditioner. 0

Improper installation may cause water leakage, electric shock or fire. ● Turn off the power source during servicing or inspection work.

If the power is supplied during servicing or inspection work, it could cause electric shock and injury by the operating fan ● Do not run the unit when the panel or protection guard are taken off. Touching the rotating equipment, hot surface, or high voltage section could cause an injury to be caught in the machine, to get

burned, or electric shock. Shut off the power before electrical wiring work. It could cause electric shock, unit failure and improper running

Ø

## **⚠** CAUTION

Perform earth wiring surely.

Do not connect the earth wiring to the gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod and telephone earth wiring. Improper earth could cause unit failure, electric shock and fire due to a short circuit.

Earth leakage breaker must be installed.

If the earth leakage breaker is not installed, it can cause fire and electric shocks.

 Use the circuit breaker of correct capacity. Circuit breaker should be the one that disconnect all poles under over current. Using the incorrect one could cause the system failure and fire

 Do not use any materials other than a fuse of correct capacity where a fuse should be used. Connecting the circuit by wire or copper wire could cause unit failure and fire.

 Do not install the indoor unit near the location where there is possibility of flammable gas leakage: If the gas leaks and gathers around the unit, it could cause fire.

 Do not install and use the unit where corrosive gas (such as sulfurous acid gas etc.) or flammable gas (such as thinner, petroleum etc.) may be generated or accumulated, or volatile flammable substances are handled.

It could cause the corrosion of heat exchanger, breakage of plastic parts etc. And inflammable gas could cause fire.

 Secure a space for installation, inspection and maintenance specified in the manual nsufficient space can result in accident such as personal injury due to falling from the installation place

 Do not use the indoor unit at the place where water splashes such as laundry. ndoor unit is not waterproof. It could cause electric shock and fire

Do not use the indoor unit for a special purpose such as food storage, cooling for precision instrument, preservation of animals, plants, and a work of art.
 It could cause the damage of the items.

 Do not install nor use the system near equipments which generate electromagnetic wave or high harmonics. Equipments like inverter equipment, private power generator, high-frequency medical equipment, or telecommunication equipment might influence the air-conditioner and cause a malfunction and breakdown. Or the air-conditioner might influence medical equipments or telecommunication equipments, and obstruct their medical activity or cause jamm

 Do not install the remote control at the direct sunlight. It could cause breakdown or deformation of the remote control

 Do not install the indoor unit at the place listed below Places where flammable gas could leak

Places where carbon fiber, metal powder or any powder is floated. Place where the substances which affect the air-conditioner are generated such as sulfide gas, chloride gas, acid, alkali or ammonic atmospheres.

Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly.

On vehicles and ships
Places where machinery which generates high harmonics is used

Places where cosmetics or special sprays are

Heavy snow area Places where the system is affected by

frequently used. Highly salted area such as beach.

smoke from a chimn Altitude over 1000m

 Do not install the indoor unit in the locations listed below (Be sure to install the indoor unit according to the installation manual for each model because each indoor unit has each limitation)

Locations with any obstacles which can prevent inlet and outlet

Locations where vibration can be amplified due to insufficient strenath of structure.

Locations where the infrared receiver is exposed to the direct sunlight or the strong light beam. (in case of the infrared specification unit)

Locations where an equipment affected by high harmonics is placed. (TV set or radio receiver is placed within 5m) Locations where drainage cannot run off safely. It can affect performance or function and etc..

Do not install the motion sensor at following places. It could cause detection error, incapacity of detection, or characteristic degradation Place where vibration is applied to it for a long period of time. Place where static electricity or electronetic wave generates. Place where it is exposed to high temperature or humidity for a long period of time Dusty place or where the lens face could be fouled or damaged.

 Do not put any valuables which will break down by getting wet under the air-conditioner. on could drop when the relative humidity is higher than 80% or drain pipe is clogged, and it dam

Do not use the base frame for the outdoor unit which is corroded or damaged after a long period of use. It could cause the unit falling down and injury.

 Pay attention not to damage the drain pan by weld sputter when brazing work is done near the unit If sputter entered into the unit during brazing work, it could cause damage (pinhole) of drain pan and leakage of water. To avoid damaging, keep the indoor unit packed or cover the indoor unit.

 Install the drain pipe to drain the water surely according to the installation manual. Improper connection of the drain pipe may cause dropping water into room and damaging user's belonging

• Do not share the drain pipe for indoor unit and GHP (Gas Heat Pump system) outdoor unit. Toxic exhaust gas would flow into room and it might cause serious damage (some poisoning or deficiency of oxygen) to user's health and safety.

 Be sure to perform air tightness test by pressurizing with nitrogen gas after completed refrigerant piping work. If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of refrigerant leakage in the small room, lack of oxygen can occur, which can cause serious accidents.

For drain pipe installation, be sure to make descending slope of greater than 1/100, not to make traps, and not to make air-bleeding.

Check if the drainage is correctly done during commissioning and ensure the space for inspection and maint Ensure the insulation on the pipes for refrigeration circuit so as not to condense water.

 Do not install the outdoor unit where is likely to be a nest for insects and small animals. ects and small animals could come into the electronic components and cause breakdown and fire. Instruct the user to keep the surro

Pav extra attention, carrying the unit by hand.

Carry the unit with 2 people if it is heavier than 20kg. Do not use the plastic straps but the grabbing place, moving the uni by hand. Use protective gloves in order to avoid injury by the aluminum fin.

 Make sure to dispose of the packaging material Leaving the materials may cause injury as metals like nail and woods are used in the package Do not operate the system without the air filter.

It may cause the breakdown of the system due to clogging of the heat exchanger. Do not touch any button with wet hands.

 Do not touch the refrigerant piping with bare hands when in operation. The pipe during operation would become very hot or cold according to the operating condition, and it could cause a burn or fros

 Do not clean up the air-conditioner with water. It could cause electric shock. Do not turn off the power source immediately after stopping the operation

Be sure to wait for more than 5 minutes. Otherwise it could cause water leakage or breakdowr

Do not control the operation with the circuit breaker.

t could cause fire or water leakage. In addition, the fan may start operation unexpectedly and it may cause injury

## 1 Before installation Install correctly according to the installation manual •Confirm the following points: OUnit type/Power source specification OPipes/Wires/Small parts OAccessory items Accessory item For unit hanging <u></u> (0)Q (M)

## ②Selection of installation location for the indoor unit

- ① Select the suitable areas to install the unit under approval of the user
  - Areas where the indoor unit can deliver hot and cold wind sufficiently. Suggest to the user to use a circulator if the ceiling height is over 3m to avoid warm air being accumulated on the ceiling. In case of having the motion sensor, the installation height must be no higher than
  - 4 m. It could reduce the sensitivity of motion sensor, disabling the detection. Areas where there is enough space to install and service.

  - Areas where it can be drained properly. Areas where drain pipe descending slope can be taken.

    Areas where there is no obstruction of air flow on both air return grille and air supply port.

  - Areas where fire alarm will not be accidentally activated by the air-conditioner. Areas where the supply air does not short-circuit. Areas where it is not influenced by draft air.

  - Areas not exposed to direct sunlight.

    Areas where dew point is lower than around 28°C and relative humidity is lower than 80%. This indoor unit is tested under the condition of JIS (Japan Industrial Standard) high humidity condition and confirmed there is no problem. However, there is some risk of condensation drop if the air-conditioner is operated under the severer condition than mentioned above.

    If there is a possibility to use it under such a condition, attach additional insulation of
  - 10 to 20mm thick for entire surface of indoor unit, refrigeration pipe and drain pipe.

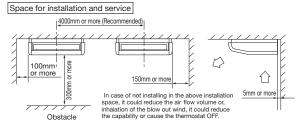
    Areas where TV and radio stays away more than 1m. (It could cause jamming and noise.)
  - Areas where any items which will be damaged by getting wet are not placed

  - such as food, table wares, server, or medical equipment under the unit.

    Areas where there is no influence by the heat which cookware generates.

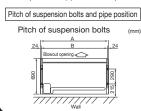
    Areas where not exposed to oil mist, powder and/or steam directly such as above fryer.

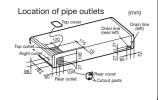
    Areas where lighting device such as fluorescent light or incandescent light
  - doesn't affect the operation. A beam from lighting device sometimes affects the infrared receiver for the wireless remote control and the air conditioner might not work properly.)
- (2) Check if the place where the air-conditioner is installed can hold the weight of the unit. If it is not able to hold, reinforce the structure with boards and beams strong enough.
- to hold it. If the strength is not enough, it could cause injury due to unit falling If there are 2 units of wireless type, keep them away for more than 6m to avoid malfunction due to cross communication.
- When plural indoor units are installed nearby, it is recommended to separate each other more than 4m.



## ③Preparation before installation

- •If suspension bolt becomes longer, do reinforcement of earthquake resistant. O For grid ceiling
  - When suspension bolt length is over 500mm, or the gap between the ceiling and roof is over 700mm, apply earthquake resistant brace to the bolt.
- O In case the unit is hanged directly from the slab and is installed on the ceiling plane which has enough strength.
- When suspension bolt length is over 1000mm, apply the earthquake resistant brace to the bolt.
- Prepare four (4) sets of suspension bolt, nut and spring washer (M10) on site.





## ③Preparation before installation (continued)

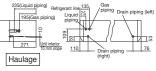
			(mm)
Series	type	Α	В
Single split (PAC)	40 to 50type	1070	1022
series	60 to 71type	1320	1272
	100 to 140type	1620	1572
	36 to 56type	1070	1022
VRF (KX) series	71type	1320	1272
	112 to 140type	1620	1572

\*Pipes can be taken out in 3 directions (rear, right or

Cut out holes using nippers, etc.
Cut out holes to take out pipes along the cutoff line on the rear cover.
Cut out the top face cover aligning to the piping position

position. When taking pipe out to right-hand side, cut out a hole along the groove at the inside of side panel. After installing pipes and wires, seal clearances around pipes and wires with putty, etc. to shut off dust

Make sure to install the covers at rear and top in order to protect the inside of unit from intrusion of dust or protect wires from damages by sharp edges. When taking then out to the right-hand side, remove burrs or sharp edge: from the cutout.



Pipe position

- •Move the box as close to the installation area as possible packed.
- •If it must be unpacked, wrap the unit with a nylon sling, and be careful not to damage the unit.
- \*Do not hold fragile plastic parts, such as the side panel,
- •If you need to lay the unit on a floor after unpacking, always put it with the intake grille facing upward.

## Preparation before instalation

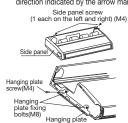
1. Remove the air return grille. Slide stoppers (4 places) of the catches. then pull out the pins (4 or 6 places).



Remove the hanging plate Remove the screw, and then loosen the fixing bolts. Unscrew 8-12mm

## 2. Remove the side panel.

Remove the screw and detach the side panel by sliding it toward the direction indicated by the arrow mark.



Hanging plate (4) Installation of indoor unit

## **⚠ WARNING**

Completely seal the hole in the wall with putty. If not sealed properly, dust, insects, small animals, and highly humid air may enter the room from outside, which could result in fire or other hazarde.

## **⚠** CAUTION

Completely seal the hole in the wall with putty. If not sealed properly, furniture and other fixtures may be damaged by water leakage or condensation.



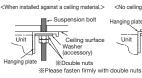
Ceiling

Hanging plate

## Work procedure

- Select the suspension bolt locations and the pipe hole location. (1) Use enclosed paper pattern as a reference, and drill the holes for the suspension bolts and pipe. Decide the locations based on direct measurements
- (2) Once the locations are properly placed, the paper pattern can be removed.
- 2. Install the suspension bolts in place.
- 3. Fix with 4 suspension bolts, which can endure load of 500N.
- Check the measurements given at the right figure for the length of the suspension bolts
- 5. Fasten the hanging plate onto the suspension bolts.

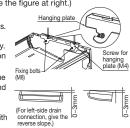


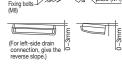




Install the unit to the hanging plate. (See the figure at right.)

- (1) Slide the unit in from front side to get it hanged on the hanging plate with the bolts. (2) Fasten the four fixing bolts (M8: 2
- each on the left and right sides) firmly. (3) Fasten the two screws (M4: 1 each on
- the left and right sides). **⚠WARNINIG**: Hang a side panel on from the panel side to the rear side and then fasten it securely onto the indoor unit with screws
- \*To ensure smooth drain flow, install the unit with a descending slope toward the drain outlet.





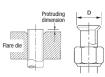
⚠ CAUTION: Do not give the reversed slope, which may cause water leaks.

## ⑤ Refrigerant pipe

## Caution

- Be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant pipes. Use the flare nut attached to the product.Regarding whether existing pipes can be reused or not, and the washing method, refer to the instruction manual of the Regarding whether existing pipes can be outdoor unit, catalogue or technical data.
  - 1) In case of reuse: Do not use old flare nut, but use the one attached to the unit.
  - 2) In case of reuse: Flare the end of pipe replaced partially for R32 or R410A.

MARNING : When flared joints are reused indoors, the flare part shall be re-fabricated. (only for R32)



		Protruding dimension for flare, mm																	
Pipe dia. d	Min. pipe wall thickness	Rigid (CI	utch type)	Flare O.D. D	Flare nut tightening torque														
mm	mm	For R32 For R410A	Conventional tool	mm	N-m														
6.35	0.8			8.9 - 9.1	14 - 18														
9.52	0.8																		12.8 - 13.2
12.7	0.8	0 - 0.5	0.7 - 1.3	16.2 - 16.6	49 - 61														
15.88	1						19.3 - 19.7	68 - 82											
19.05	1.2			23.6 - 24.0	100 - 120														

- Use phosphorus deoxidized copper alloy seamless pipe (C1220T) for refrigeration pipe installation. In addition, make sure there is no damage both inside and outside of the pipe, and no harmful substances such as sulfur, oxide, dust or a contaminant stuck on the pipes
- ●Do not use any refrigerant other than R32 or R410A.

  Using other refrigerant except R32 or R410A (R22 etc.) may degrade inside refrigeration oil. And air
- getting into refrigeration circuit may cause over-pressure and resultant it may result in bursting, etc.

  Store the copper pipes indoors and seal the both end of them until they are brazed in order to avoid any dust, dirt or water getting into pipe. Otherwise it will cause degradation of refrigeration oil and compressor breakdown, etc
- Ouse special tools for R32 or R410A refrigerant.

## Work procedure

- Remove the flare nut and blind flanges on the pipe of the indoor unit.
   Make sure to loosen the flare nut with holding the nut on pipe side with a spanner and giving torque to the nut with another spanner in order to avoid unexpected stress to the copper pipe, and then remove them. (Gas may come out at this time, but it is not abnormal.)
- Pay attention whether the flare nut pops out, (as the indoor unit is sometimes pressured.)
- Make a flare on liquid pipe and gas pipe, and connect the refrigeration pipes on the indoor unit.

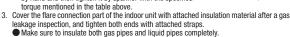
  When pulling out pipes backward or upward, install them passing through the attached
- cover together with the electrical cabling.

  Seal the gap with putty, or other, to protect from dust, etc.

  Bend radius of pipe must be 4D or larger. Once a pipe is bent, do not readjust the bending.
- Do not twist a pipe or collapse to 2/3D or smaller.

  Make sure to use flare nuts assembled on the unions.
  Usage of other flare nuts could cause refrigerant leakage.
- ★ Do a flare connection as follows:
   Make sure to hold the nut on indoor unit pipe side using double spanner method as indicated when fastening /
- outpute spatial method as mulcated when asterling / loosening flare nuts in order to prevent unintentional twisting of the copper pipe.

  When fastening the flare nut, align the refrigeration pipe with the center of flare nut, screw the nut for 3-4 times by hand and then tighten it by spanner with the specified

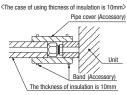


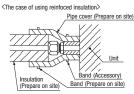
- Make sure to insulate born gas pipes and liquid pipes completely.
   Incomplete insulation may cause dew condensation or water dropping.
   Use heat-resistant (120 °C or more) insulations on the gas side pipes.
   In case of using at high humidity condition, reinforce insulation of refrigerant pipes.
   Surface of insulation may cause dew condition or water dropping, if insulations are not reinfoced. Refrigerant is charged in the outdoor unit.
- As for the additional refrigerant charge for the indoor unit and piping, refer to the installation

Refrigerating machine oil should not be applied to the threads of union or external surface of flare. It is because, even if the same tightening torque is applied, the oil is likely to decrease the slide friction force on the threads and increase, in turn, the axial component force so that it could crack the flare

by the stress corrosion.

Refrigerating machine oil may be applied to the internal surface of flare only.

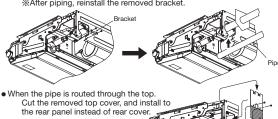




The pipe can be connected from three different directions. (back, reight, top)

When the pipe is routed through the back

If the bracket is removed, piping work will become easy \*After piping, reinstall the removed bracket.



## **6** Drain pipe

The drain pipes may pull out either from back, right or left side.

- Install the drain pipe according to the installation manual in order to drain properly. Imperfection in draining may cause flood indoors and wetting the household goods, etc.
- Do not put the drain pipe directly into the ditch where toxic gas such as sulfur, the other harmful andinflammable gas is generated. Toxic gas would flow into the room and it would cause serious damage to user's health and safety (some poisoning or deficiency of oxygen). In addition, it may cause corrosion of heat exchanger and bad smell.
- Connect the pipe securely to avoid water leakage from the joint. Insulate the pipe properly to avoid condensation drop.

- Check if the water can flow out properly from both the drain outlet on the indoor unit and the end of the drain pipe after installation.

  Make sure to make descending slope of greater than 1/100 and do not make up-down bend and/or trap in the midway. In addition, do not put air vent on the drain pipe. Check if water is drained out properly from the pipe during commissioning. Also, keep sufficient space for inspection and maintenance

## Work procedure

- 1. Insert drain hose completely to the base, and tighten the drain hose clamp securely. (adhesive must not be used.)
- \*When plumbing on the left side, move the rubber plug and the cylindrical insulating materials by the pipe connecting hole on the left side of the unit to the right side
- ⚠ Beware of a possible outflow of water that may
- occur upon removal of a drain plug.

  2. Fix the drain hose at the lowest point with a hose clamp supplied as an accessory. \*\*Give a drain hose a gradient of 10mm as
  - illustrated in the right drawing by laying it without leaving a slack.
- Take head of electrical cables so that they may not run beneath the drain hose.
   A drain hose must be clamped down with a hose clamp.
- There is a possibility that drain water overflows. Connect VP20(prepare on site) to drain hose. (Adhesive must not be used.) W Use commercially available rigid PVC general pipe VP20 for drain pipe.
- Do not to make the up-down bending and trap in the mid-way while assum
  - ing that the drain pipes is downhill. (more than 1/100)

    Never set up air vent.
  - Insulate the drain pipe.
  - Insulate the drain hose clamp with the heat insulation supplied as accessories.
  - When the unit is installed in a humid place, consider precautions against dew condensation such as heat insulation for the drain pipe.

## Drain test

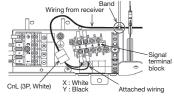
- After installation of drain pipe, make sure that drain system work in good condition and no water leakage from joint and drain pan.
- Do drain test even if installation of heating season.

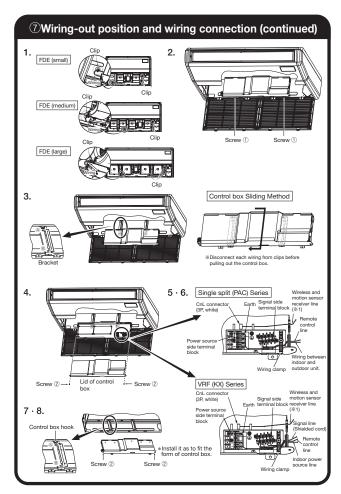
## **Wiring-out position and wiring connection**

- Electrical installation work must be performed according to the installation manual by an electrical installation service provider qualified by a power provider of the country, and be executed according to the technical stan-dards and other regulations applicable to electrical installation in the country. Be sure to use an exclusive circuit.
- Use specified cord, fasten the wiring to the terminal securely, and hold the cord securely in order not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal.
- Do not put both power source line and signal line on the same route. It may cause miscommunication and malfunction.
- Be sure to do D type earth work.
- For the details of electrical wiring work, see attached instruction manual for electrical wiring work.
- Remove wiring from clips.
- Remove the control box (Screw ①, 2pcs).
  Pull out the control box by sliding along the groove on the bracket
- (Direction  $\mathbb{A} \to \mathbb{B}$ ). Remove the lid of control box (Screw  $\mathbb{Q}$ , 2pcs)
- Hold each wiring inside the unit and connect to the terminal block surely.
- Fix the wiring by clamp.
  Install the lid of control box (Screw ②, 2pcs).
- Return the control box to the original place by sliding along the groove on the bracket (Direction  $\widehat{\mathbb{B}} \rightarrow \widehat{\mathbb{A}}$ ). Install the removed parts at their original places.
- \*\*1 Wiring for the signal receiving section of wireless kit (Option) and motion sensor kit (Option) are connected at the time of shipping from the factory. It is not necessary to disconnect these wiring when wired remote control is connected. When the wired/wireless kits are used together, it becomes necessary to set the slaves and remote control. For the methods of installing the wireless kit and the motion sensor kit, refer to the attached installation manuals.

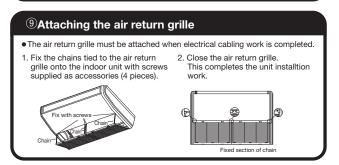
## NOTICE

When installing the Superlink adapter, remove the band fixed the wiring from receiver.





## \*\*Boontrol mode switching\*\* \*\*The control content of indoor units can be switched in following way. ( is the default setting) \*\*Switch No. | Control Content | \*\*Sw8-4 | ON | Indoor unit silent mode | \*\*OFF | Normal operation\*\*



## **10**Check list after installation • Check the following items after all installation work completed. Check if Expected trouble The indoor and outdoor units are fixed securely? Falling, vibration, noise Inspection for leakage is done? Insufficient capacity Insulation work is properly done? Water leakage Water is drained properly? Water leakage Power source voltage is same as mentioned in the model name plate? PCB burnt out, not working at all There is mis-wiring or mis-connection of piping? PCB burnt out, not working at all Earth wiring is connected properly? Electric shock Cable size comply with specified size? PCB burnt out, not working at all Any obstacle blocks air flow on air inlet and outlet? Insufficient capacity

## (6) Wall mounted type (SRK) Model SRK71ZR-W

RLD012A018 🛕

Model SRK63,71,80,100ZR R32/R410A REFRIGERANT USED

- This installation manual deals with an indoor unit installation only. For an outdoor unit installation, refer to page 107.
- This unit is designed for R32 or R410A. See a label on the outdoor unit to check refrigerant information

## **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

tion work in order to protect yourself.

• The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, AWARNING and ACAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in personal injury or property damage.

Both mention the important items to protect your health and safety. Therefore, strictly follow them by any means.

## **⚠ WARNING**

Be sure to use only for residential purpose.

If this unit is installed in inferior environment such as machine shop, vehicle (like ship), warehouse, it can malfunction

Installation must be carried out by the qualified installer completely in accordance with the installation manual

dance with the installation manual.
Installation by non qualified person or incorrect installation can cause serious troubles such as water leak, electric shock, fire and personal injury.

Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves while performing installation work. Improper safety measures can result in personal injury.

Use the original accessories and the specified components for the installation. Using parts other than those prescribed may cause water leak, electric shock, fire and personal injury.

Do not install the unit near the location where leakage of flammable gases can occur. If leaked gases accumulate around the unit, it can cause fire resulting in property damage and personal injury.

When installing the unit in small rooms, make sure that refrigerant density does not exceed the limit (Reference: ISO5149) in the event of leakage.

If refrigerant density exceeds the limit, consult the dealer and install the ventilation system.

If refrigerant density exceeds the limit, consult the dealer and install the ventilation system. Otherwise lack of oxygen can occur resulting in serious accident.

Install the unit in a location where unit will remain stable, horizontal and free of any vibration transmission.

Unsultable installation location can cause the unit to fall resulting in material damage and personal injury.

Do not run the unit with removed panels or protections.

Touching rotating equipments, hot surfaces or high voltage parts can cause personal injury due to entrapment, burn or electric shock.

This unit is designed specifically for R32 or R410A.

Using any other refrigerant can cause unit failure and personal injury.

Do not vent R32 or R410A into atmosphere.

R32 is a fluorinated greenhouse gas with a Global Warming Potential(GWP)=675.

R410A is a fluorinated greenhouse gas with a Global Warming Potential(GWP)=2088.

Make sure that no air enters the refrigerant circuit when the unit is installed and removed.

Make sure that no air enters the retrigerant circuit when the unit is installed and removed.

If air enters the refrigerant circuit, the pressure in the refrigerant circuit will become too high, which can cause burst and personal injury.

Be sure to use the prescribed pipes, flare nuts and tools for R32 or R410A.

Using existing parts (for R22 or R407C) can cause refrigerant circuit burst resulting in unit failure and personal injury.

Be sure to connect both liquid and gas connecting pipes properly before operating the compressor.

Be sure to connect both induit and gas connecting pipes properly erating the compressor.

Do not open the liquid and gas operation valves before completing piping work, and evacuation.

If the compressor is operated when connecting pipes are not connected and operation valves are open, air can be sucked into the refrigerant circuit which can cause anomalous high pressure result-

open, all can be sourced into the fellingorist contact which can cause a source and injury.

Be sure to tighten the flare nuts to specified torque using the torque wrench. Tightening flare nuts with excess torque can cause burst and refrigerant leakage after a long period.

During pump down work, be sure to stop the compressor before closing operation valves and removing connecting pipes. If the connecting pipes are removed when the compressor is in operation and operation valves are open, air can be sucked into the refrigerant circuit which can cause anomalous high pressure resulting in burst or personal injury.

ing in burst or personal injury.

In the event of refrigerant leakage during installation, be sure to ventilate the working area properly.

If the refrigerant comes into contact with naked flames, poisonous gases will be produced.

Electrical work must be carried out by the qualified electrician, strictly in accordance with national or regional electricity regulations.

Incorrect installation can cause electric shock, fire or personal injury.

Make sure that earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker of appropriate capacities are installed.

Circuit breaker should be able to disconnect all poles under over current. Absence of appropriate breakers can cause electric shock, personal injury or property damage.

Be sure to switch off the power source in the event of installation, maintenance or service.

If the power source is not switched off, there is a risk of electric shock, unit failure or personal injury.

Be sure to tighten the cables securely in terminal block and relieve the ca-

Be sure to tighten the cables securely in terminal block and relieve the ca-bles properly to prevent overloading the terminal blocks.

Loose connections or cable mountings can cause anomalous heat production or fire.

Do not process, splice or modify the power cable, or share the socket with other power plugs.

Improper power cable or power plug can cause fire or electric shock due to poor connection, insuf-

Do not perform any change in protective device or its setup condition yourself. Changing protective device specifications can cause electric shock, fire or burst.

Be sure to clamp the cables properly so that they do not touch any internal

component of the unit.
If cables touch any internal component, it can cause overheating and fire.
Be sure to install service cover properly.
Improper installation can cause electric shock or fre due to intrusion of dust or water

Be sure to use the prescribed power and connecting cables for electrical work. Using improper cables can cause electric leak or fire.

This appliance must be connected to main power source by means of a circuit breaker or switch with a contact separation of at least 3mm. Improper electrical work can cause unit failure or personal injur-

When plugging this unit, a plug conforming to the standard IEC60884-1 must be

Using improper plug can cause electric shock or fre.

Be sure to connect the power source cable with power source properly.

Improper connection can cause intrusion of dust or water resulting in electric shock or fire.

## **⚠** CAUTION

Take care when carrying the unit by hand.
If the unit weight is more than 20kg, it must be carried by two or more persons.
Do not carry the unit by the plastic straps. Always use the carry handle.
Do not install the outdoor unit in a location where insects and small animals can inhabit.
Insects and small animals can enter the electrical parts and cause damage resulting in fire or per-

Insects and small animals can enter the electrical parts and cause damage resulting in fre or personal injury. Instruct the user to keep the surroundings clean.

If the outdoor unit is installed at height, make sure that there is enough space for installation, maintenance and service.

Insufficient space can result in personal injury due to falling from the height.

Do not install the unit near the location where neighbours are bothered by noise or air generating from the unit.

It can affect surrounding environment and cause a claim.

Do not install in the locations where unit is directly exposed to corrosive gases (like sulphide gas, chloride gas), sea breeze or salty atmosphere.

It can cause corrosion of heat exchanger and damage to plastic parts.

Do not install the unit close to the equipments that generate electromagnetic waves and/or high-harmonic waves.

waves and/or high-harmonic waves.

Equipment such as inverters, standby generators, medical high frequency equipments and telement equipments can affect the system, and cause malfunctions and breakdowns.

The system can also affect medical equipment and telecommunication equipment, and obstruct its function or cause jamming.

Do not install the unit in the locations where:

ficient insulation or over-o

Do not install the unit in the locations where:

There are heat sources nearby.

Unit is directly exposed to rain or sunlight.

There is any obstacle which can prevent smooth air circulation from inlet and outlet side of the unit.

Unit is directly exposed to oil mist and steam such as kitchen.

Chemical substances like ammonia (organic fertilizer), calcium chloride (snow melting agent) and acid (sulfurous acid etc.), which can harm the unit, will generate or accumulate.

Drain water can not be discharged properly.

Ty set or radio preciver is placed within 1 m.

TV set or radio receiver is placed within 1m.
 Height above sea level is more than 1000m.
 It can cause performance degradation, corrosion and damage of components, unit malfunction and fire.

Dispose of all packing materials properly.

Packing materials contain nails and wood which can cause personal injury.

Keep the polybag away from children to avoid the risk of suffocation.

**Do not put anything on the outdoor unit.**Object may fall causing property damage or personal injury.

Object may fall causing property damage or personal injury.

Do not touch the aluminum fin of the outdoor unit.

Aluminium fin temperature is high during heating operation. Touching fin can cause burn.

Do not touch any refrigerant pipe with your hands when the system is in operation. During operation the refrigerant pipes become extremely hot or extremely cold depending on the operating condition. Touching pipes can cause personal injury like burn (hot/cold).

Install isolator or disconnect switch on the power source wiring in accordance with the local codes and regulations.

The isolator should be locked in OFF state in accordance with EN60204-1.

1. ACCESSORIES AND TOOLS Standard accessories (supplied with indoor unit) 1pc 689 (1) Installation board (6) Batteries (R03 (AAA, Micro) 1.5VI 2pcs 1pc (7) Air-cleaning filters 2pcs (2) Remote control (3) Remote control holder 1pc (8) Filter holders 2pc Tapping screws
(for installation board ø4 X 25mm) (9) Insulation (#486 50 X 100 t3) 0 10pcs (5) Wood screws (for remote control holder ø3.5 X 16mm)

	Locally procured parts
(a)	Sleeve (1pc)
(b)	Sealing plate (1pc)
(c)	Inclination plate (1pc)
(d)	Putty
(e)	Connecting cable
(f)	Drain hose (extension hose)
(g)	Piping cover (for insulation of connection piping)
(h)	Clamp and screw (for finishing work)
(i)	Electrical tape

Tools for installation Work			
Plus headed driver	Hole core drill (65mm in diameter		
Knife	Wrench key (Hexagon) [4mm]		
Saw	Flaring tool set*		
Tape measure	Gas leak detector*		
Torque wrench (14.0-82.0N·m (1.4-8.2kgf·m))	Pipe bender		
Plier	Gauge for projection adjustmen		
Pipe cutter	(Used when flare is made by us ing conventional flare tool)		
* Designed specifically for R32 or R410.			

Installation example

100

(Unit : mm)

## 2. SELECTING INSTALLATION LOCATION

After getting customer's approval, select installation location according to following guidelines.

- Indoor unit
   Where there is no obstruction to the airflow and where the cooled and heated air can be evenly distributed.
   A colid place where the unit or the unit
- distributed.

  A solid place where the unit or the wall will not vibrate.

  A place where there will be enough space for servicing. (Where space mentioned on the right side can be secured.)

  Where it is easy to conduct wiring and piping work.

  A place where unit is not directly exposed to sunlight or street light.

  A place where it can be easily drained.

  A place separated at least 1m away from the television or the radio. (To prevent interference to impace and spunds.)

- ages and sounds.)

  A place where this unit is not affected by the high frequency equipment or electric equipment.

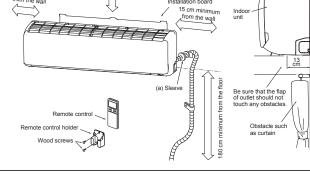
  Avoid installing this unit in place where there is much oil mist.

  A place where there is no electric equipment or household.

  Install the indoor unit on the wall where the height from the floor to the bottom of the unit is more than

## 2. Remote control

- A place where the air-conditioner can receive the signal surely during operating the remote control.
  A place where it is not affected by the TV, radio etc.
  Do not place where it is exposed to direct sunlight or near heat devices such as a stove.



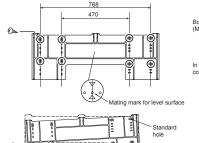
Indoor unit

10 cm minimum from the ceiling

Installation board

## 3. INSTALLING INSTALLATION BOARD

- Installation board should be installed on the wall which can support the weight of the indoor unit.
   Adjustment of the installation board in the horizontal direction is to be conducted with 8 screws in a
- temporary tightened state.
   With the standard hole as a center, adjust the board and level it.









Piping hole (ø65

240

5 cm minimum from the wall

**⚠** CAUTION

Improper adjustment of the installation board can cause water leakage

## 4. DRILLING HOLE AND FIXTURE OF SLEEVE

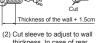
When drilling the wall that contains a metal lath, wire lath or metal plate, be sure to use sealing plate, sleeve and inclination plate (Locally procured parts)



core drill.



















(4) After piping work seal the hole in the wall with putty.

## **⚠ WARNING**

Piping for Gas 715

Drain hose 759 (ø16) Piping for Liquid 780

Completely seal the hole in the wall with putty. If not sealed properly, dust, insects, small animals, and highly humid air may enter the room from outside, which could result in fire or other hazards.

77

Piping hole (ø65)

## **⚠** CAUTION

Completely seal the hole in the wall with putty. If not sealed properly, furniture and other fixtures may be damaged by water leakage or condensation.

## 5. ELECTRICAL WIRING WORK

- Before installation, make sure that the power source complies with the air-conditioner's power speci-
- ncarron.

  Carry out electrical wiring work according to following guidelines.

## 1. Preparing cable

(1) Selecting cable

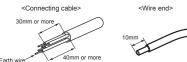
Select the connecting cable in accordance with the specifications mentioned below.

4-core\* 1.5mm² conformed with 60245 IEC57

\* 1 Earth wire is included (Yellow/Green).

(2) Arrange each wire length as shown below.

Make sure that each wire is stripped 10mm from the end.



(3) Attach round crimp-type terminal to each wire as shown in the below. Select the size of round crimp-type terminal after considering the specifications of terminal block and wire diameter.

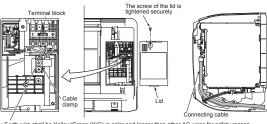


## 2. Connecting cable

- 2. Connecting cable
  (1) Open the air inlet panel.
  (2) Remove the lid.
  (3) Remove the cable clamp.
  (4) Connect the connecting wires to the terminal block.
  (5) Fix the connecting cable by cable clamp.
  (6) Fix the lid.
- (7) Close the air inlet panel.

## NOTE

Take care not to confuse the terminal numbers for indoor and outdoor connections.



Earth wire shall be Yellow/Green (Y/G) in color and longer than other AC wires for safety reason

**⚠ WARNING** 

Incorrect wiring connection can cause malfunction or fire

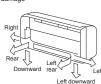
## 6. FORMING PIPING AND DRAIN HOSE

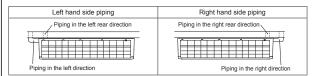
**1. Forming piping**Piping is possible in the right, rear, downward, left, left rear or left downward direction

## NOTE

Sufficient care must be taken not to damage

the panels when connecting pipes.





Forming of pipings.

• Hold the bottom of the piping and fix direction before stretching it and shaping it.

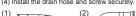


- Taping of the exterior
  Tape only the portion that goes through the wall.
  Always tape the wiring with the piping.



## 2. Drain change procedures

- Remove the screw and drain hose.
   Remove the drain cap by hand or pliers.
- (3) Insert the drain cap which was removed a (4) Install the drain hose and screw securely. Insert the drain cap which was removed at procedure (2) securely using a hexagonal wrench etc.











## **⚠** CAUTION

Incorrect installation of drain hose and cap can cause water leakage

## 7. DRAINAGE WORK

Arrange the drain hose in a downward angle. Avoid the following drain piping.











The drain hose is in the gutter.

Pour water to the drain pan located under the heat exchanger, and ensure that the water is discharged outdoor.
 When extended drain hose is present inside the room, insulate it securely with heat insulator available in the market.

Since this air-conditioner is designed to collect dew drops on the rear surface to the drain pan, do not install the connecting wire above the gutter.

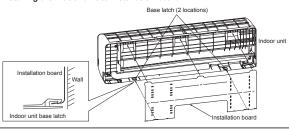


Incorrect drainage work can cause water leakage



## 8. INSTALLING INDOOR UNIT

Installing the indoor unit to installation board



(1) Pass the pipe through the hole in the wall, and hook the upper part of the indoor unit to the installation board.

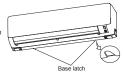


(2) Gently push the lower part to fix the indoor unit base lower latch to installation board.



## Removing the indoor unit from installation board

- (1) Push up at the marked portion of the indoor unit base latch, and slightly pull it toward you (both right and left hand sides). (The indoor unit base latch can be removed from the installation
- (2) Push up the indoor unit upward so that it can be removed from



Gas pipe

Ø O

## 9. CONNECTING PIPING WORK

## 1. Preparation of connecting pipe

1.1. Selecting connecting pipe
Select connecting pipe according to the following table.

	Model SRK63	Model SRK71/80	Model SRK100	
Gas pipe	ø12.7	ø15.88	ø15.88	
Liquid pipe	ø6.35	ø6.35	ø9.52	
Discount this leave weet to a secretar the s				

- Pipe wall thickness must be greater than or equal to 0.8 mm (ø15.88:1.0mm)
- Pipe material must be O-type (Phosphorus deoxidized seamless copper pipe ICS 23.040.15, ICS 77.150.30).

## 1.2. Cutting connecting pipe

- Cut the connecting pipe to the required length with pipe cutter.
   Hold the pipe downward and remove the burrs. Make sure that no foreign material enters the pipe.
   Cover the connecting pipe ends with the tape.

## 2. Piping work

2. Figing pipe

(1) Take out flare nuts from the operation valves of indoor unit and engage them onto connecting pipes.

(2) Flare the pipes according to table and figure shown below. Flare dimensions for R32 are different from those for conventional refrigerant. Although it is recommended to use the flaring tools designed specifically for R32 or R410A, conventional flaring tools can also be used by adjusting the dimension B with a flare adjustment gauge.

	Copper pipe outer diameter	А
−li∥	ø6.35	9.1
	ø9.52	13.2
	ø12.7	16.6
1 ( 11	ø15.88	19.7



	Copper pipe	B [Rigid (clutch) type]			
	outer diameter	R32 or R410A	Conventional		
	ø6.35				
	ø9.52	0-0.5	1.0-1.5		
	ø12.7	0-0.5	1.0-1.5		
	ø15.88				

2.2 Connecting pipes
(1) Connect pipes on both liquid and gas sides.
(2) Tighten nuts to specified torque shown in the table below.

Service valve size (mm)	Tightening torque (N·m)
ø6.35 (1/4")	14-18
ø9.52 (3/8")	34-42
ø12.7 (1/2")	49-61
ø15.88 (5/8")	68-82



## **⚠** CAUTION

- Do not apply refrigerating machine oil to the flared surface. It can cause refrigerant leakage.
   Do not apply excess torque to the flared nuts. The flared nuts may crack resulting in refrigerant
- leakage.

## 3. Heating and condensation prevention

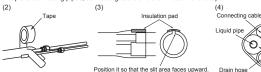
- (1) Dress the connecting pipes (both liquid and gas pipes) with insulation to prevent it from heating and
- Use the heat insulating material which can withstand 120°C or higher temperature. Make sure that insulation is wrapped tightly around the pipes and no gap is left between them.

  (2) Wrap the refrigerant pipings of indoor unit with indoor unit heat insulation using tape.

  (3) Cover the flare-connected joints (indoor side) with the indoor unit heat insulation and wrap it with an in-

- sulation pad (standard accessory provided with indoor unit).

  (4) Wrap the connecting pipes, connecting cable and drain hose with the tape



## NOTE

Locations where relative humidity exceeds 70%, both liquid and gas pipes need to be dressed with 20mm or thicker heat insulation materials.

## **⚠** CAUTION

- Improper insulation can cause condensate(water) formation during cooling operation.
- Improper insulation can leak or often sate(water) infiniation until gooding operation.
   Condensate can leak or drip causing damage to household property.
   Poor heat insulating capacity can cause pipe outer surface to reach high temperature during heating operation. It can cause cable deterioration and personal injury.

## 4. Finishing work

- 4. Final Initial Work
  4. Final Initial Work
  (1) Make sure that the exterior portion of connecting pipes, connecting cable and drain hose is wrapped properly with tape. Shape the connecting pipes to match with the contours of the pipe assembly route.
  (2) Fix the pipe assembly with the wall using clamps and screws. Pipe assembly should be anchored every 1.5m or less to isolate the vibration.
  (3) Install the service cover securely. Water may enter the unit if service cover is not installed properly, resulting in unit malfunction and failure.



0 0

## **⚠ WARNING** (only for R32)

- To avoid the risk of fire or explosion, the flared connection must/shall be installed outdoors.
- Reusable mechanical connectors and flared joints are not allowed indoors
- Flared joint outside for indoor unit

Make sure that the connecting pipes do not touch the components within the unit. If pipes touch the internal components, it may generate abnormal sounds and/or vibrations.

## 10. HOW TO OPEN, CLOSE, REMOVE AND INSTALL THE AIR INLET PANEL

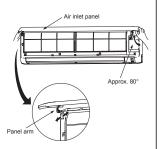
Pull the air inlet panel at both ends of lower part and release latches, then pull up the panel until you feel resistance. (The panel stops at approx. 60° open position)

2. Close

Hold the panel at both ends of lower part, lower it downward slowly, then push it slightly until the latch works.

3. Removing
Open the panel by 80° (as shown in the right illustration) and then pull it forward.

4. Installing
Seert the panel arm into the slot on the front 4. Installing Insert the panel arm into the slot on the front panel from the position shown in right illustra-tion, hold the panel at both ends of lower part, lower it downward slowly, then push it slightly until the latch works.



Installing remote control holder

 Select the place where the unit can receive signals. (2) Fix the holder to pillar or wall with wood

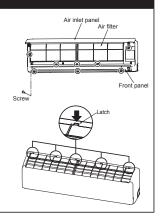
## 11. HOW TO REMOVE AND INSTALL FRONT PANEL

## 1. Removing

- (1) Remove the air inlet panel and the air filters.
   (2) Remove the 8 screws.
   (3) Remove the 5 upper latches and then front panel can be removed.

- panel can be removed.

  2. Installing
  (1) Cover the unit with the front panel and fix 5 upper latches.
  (2) Secure the front panel with the 8 screws.
  (3) Install the air inlet panel and the air filters.



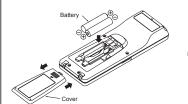
## 12. INSTALLING REMOTE CONTROL

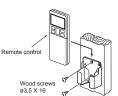
## Mount the batteries

- (1) Slide and take out the cover of backside.
  (2) Mount the batteries [R03 (AAA, Micro), ×2 pieces] in the body properly.
  (Fit he poles with the indication marks + & -)
- (3) Set the cover again.

## NOTE

- Do not use new and old batteries together.
   In case the unit is not operated for a long time, take out the batteries

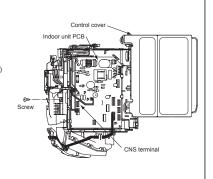




## 13. TERMINAL CONNECTION FOR AN INTERFACE

- (1) Remove the air inlet panel and
- front panel.
  (2) Remove the control cover.
  (Remove the screw.)
  (3) There is a terminal
  (respectively marked with CNS)
  for the indeper extent hourd. for the indoor control board. While connecting an interface, connect to the respective terminal securely with the connection harness supplied with an optional "Interface connection kit SC-BIKN-E and SC-BIKN2-E" and fasten the connection harness onto the indoor control box with the clamp and screw supplied with

For more details, refer to the user's manual of "Interface connection kit SC-BIKN-E and SC-BIKN2-E".



## 14. INSTALLING TWO AIR-CONDITIONERS IN THE SAME ROOM

In case two air-conditioners are installed in the same room, apply this setting so that one unit can be operated with only one remote control.

- Setting one remote control
  (1) Slide and take out the cover and batteries.
  (2) Cut the switching line next to the battery
- with wire cutters.
  (3) Set the batteries and cover again.



- Setting one indoor unit

  (1) Turn off the power source and turn it on after 1 minute.

  (2) Send the signal by pressing the ACL switch on the remote control that was set according to the procedure described on the left side.

  (3) Check that the reception buzzer sound "peep" is emitted from the indoor unit. Since the signal is sent about 6 seconds after the ACL switch is pressed, point the remote control to the indoor unit for a while.

If no reception buzzer is emitted, restart the setting from the beginning.





## 15. PUMP DOWN WORK

For the environmental protection, be sure to pump down when relocating or disposing of the unit. Pump down is the method of recovering refrigerant from the indoor unit to the outdoor unit before the connecting pipes are removed from the unit. When pump down is carried out, forced cooling operation is needed.

## Forced cooling operation

- (1) Turn off the power source and turn it on again after 1 miniute.
  (2) Press the ON/OFF button continuously for at
- least 5 seconds. Then operation will start

For the detail of pump down, refer to the installation manual of outdoor unit.



## 16. INSTALLATION CHECK AND TEST RUN

After finishing the installation work, check the following points again before turning on the power. Conduct a test run and ensure that the unit operates properly. At the same time, explain to the customer how to use the unit and how to take care of the unit following the user's manual.

Before test run Before test run, check following points.

Power source voltage complies with the rated voltage of air-conditioner.	
Earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker are installed.	
Power cable and connecting cable are securely fixed to the terminal block.	
Both liquid and gas operation valves are fully open.	
No gas leaks from the joints of the operation valves.	
Indoor and outdoor side pipe joints have been insulated.	
Hole on the wall is completely sealed with putty.	
Drain hose and cap are installed properly.	
Screw of the lid is tightened securely.	

Test run
Check following points during test run.

Indoor unit receives signal of remote control.	
Air-conditioning operation is normal.	
There is no abnormal noise.	
Water drains out smoothly.	
Display of remote control is normal.	

Alter test rull	
Explain the operating and maintenance methods to the user according to the user's manual.	
Keep this installation manual together with user's manual	

## NOTE

During restart or change in operation mode, the unit will not start operating for approximately 3 minutes. This is to protect the unit and it is not malfunction.

## (7) Effective range of cool/hot wind (Reference)

## (a) FDT series

Guideline for ceiling height

Fan Speed Setting	Model				
Tall Speed Setting	FDT40VH	FDT71VH			
Hi	2.7m	3.0m			
P-Hi	3.5m	3.8m			

Notes (1) If the ceiling height is over 3m, please consider to add circulators.

This table shows reference values in case of four outlet.

If you shut some outlets, they are different.

Fan speed setting can be changed by using a wired remote control.

## (b) FDE series

Model	Effective range
FDE40VH	7.5m
FDE71VH	8.0m

[Conditions] 1. Height of unit: 2.4 - 3.0 (m) above floor level

2. Fan speed: Hi

3. Location: Free space without obstacles

4. The effective range means the horizontal distance for wind to reach the floor.

5. Wind speed at the effective range: 0.5 m/s

## 1.10.2 Electric wiring work installation

PSC012D117 A

Electrical wiring work must be performed by an electrician qualified by a local power provider according to the electrical installation technical standards and interior wiring regulations applicable to the installation site.

- Read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully first of all and then strictly follow it during the installation work in order to protect yourself.
- The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, AWARNING and ACAUTION .

AWARNING: Wrong installation would cause serious consequences such as injuries or death. ACAUTION: Wrong installation might cause serious consequences depending on circumstances. Both mentions the important items to protect your health and safety so strictly follow them by any means.

- The meanings of "Marks" used here are as shown on the right: Never do it under any circumstances. Always do it according to the instruction.
- Accord with following items. Otherwise, there will be the risks of electric shock and fire caused by overheating or short-circuit.

## **↑**WARNING

- Be sure to have the electric wiring work done by qualified electrical installer, and use exclusive circuit.
- Power source with insufficient capacity and improper work can cause electric shock and fire
- Use specified wire for electrical wiring, fasten the wiring to the terminal securely, and hold the cable securely in order not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal. Loose connections or hold could result in abnormal heat generation or fire.
- ●Arrange the electrical wires in the control box properly to prevent them from rising. Fit the lid of the services panel property. Improper fitting may cause abnormal heat and fire.
- Ouse the genuine option parts. And installation should be performed by a specialist.
- If you install the unit by yourself, it could cause water leakage, electric shock and fire.

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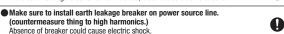
- ◆Do not repair by yourself. And consult with the dealer about repair. Improper repair may cause water leakage, electric shock or fire.
- Consult the dealer or a specialist about removal of the air-conditioner. Improper installation may cause water leakage, electric shock or fire.
- ●Turn off the power source during servicing or inspection work. If the power is supplied during servicing or inspection work, it could cause electric shock and injury by the operating fan.
- Shut off the power before electrical wiring work. It could cause electric shock, unit failure and improper running.

Perform earth wiring surely.

4 Do not connect the earth wiring to the gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod and telephone earth wiring. Improper earth could cause unit failure and electric shock due to a short-circuit.

Earth leakage breaker must be installed

If the earth leakage breaker is not installed, it can cause electric shocks.



 Use the circuit breaker of correct capacity. Circuit breaker should be the one that disconnect all poles under over current.
Using the incorrect one could cause the system failure and fire

Do not use any materials other than a fuse of correct capacity where a fuse

should be used.

Connecting the circuit by wire or copper wire could cause unit failure and fire

• Use power source line of correct capacity.

Using incorrect capacity one could cause electric leak, abnormal heat generation and fire. Do not mingle solid cord and stranded cord on power source and signal side

In addition, do not mingle difference capacity solid or stranded cord in audition, up not milligle difference capacity solid or stranded cord.

Inappropriate cord setting could cause loosing screw on terminal block, bad electrical contact smoke and fire.

contact, smoke and fire. ● Do not turn off the power source immediately after stopping the operation.

Be sure to wait for more than 5 minutes. Otherwise it could cause water leakage or

Do not control the operation with the circuit breaker. It could cause fire or water leakage. In addition, the fan may start operation unexpectedly and it may cause injury.

## Control mode switching The control content of indoor units can be switched in following way. ( is the default setting) Control Content Indoor unit address (0-Fh) Master/Slave Switching (plural /Slave unit Setting) SW5-2 SW6-1~4 Model capacity setting ON Operation check. Drain motor test run SW7 - 1 0FF Normal operation

## ①Electrical wiring connection

- Electrical wiring work must be performed by an electlician an qualified by a local power provider. These wiring specifications are determined on the assumption that the following instructions are observed:

  - instructions are observed:

    "Do not use orost other than copper ones.

    Do not use any source line lighter than one specified in parentheses for each type below.

    -traided cord (code designation 60245 IEC 51), if allowed in the relevant part 2;

    -ordinary though rubber sheathed cord (code designation 60245 IEC 53);

    -lat twin tinsel cord (code designation 60227 IEC 41);

    -ordinary polying (charide sheathed cord (code designation 60227 IEC 53);

    2) Connect the power source to the outdoor unit.

    3) Pay extra attention so as not to confuse signal line and power source line connection, become at the confuse signal than the confuse signal line and power source line connection, become at the confuse signal line and power source line connection, become at the confuse signal line and power source line connection, because the confuse signal line and power source line connection, because the confuse signal line and power source line connection, because the confuse signal line and power source line connection, because the confuse signal line and power source line connection, because the confuse signal line and power source line connection, because the confuse signal line and power source line connection, because the confuse signal line and power source line connection, because the confuse signal line and power source line connection, because the confuse signal line and power source line connection, because the confuse signal line and power source line connection, because the confuse signal line and power source line connection and line signal line a
- burnal the boards at once.

  Connect ground wires before connecting wires between the indoor and outdoor units and between indoor units. The ground wires need to be longer than the wires between the indoor and outdoor units, and protected from undue stress.

  Do not turn on the power source before completing the work. Round crimp terminal

  The ground wires must be connected by the Class D grounding connection.

- Use the round crimp terminals for connections to the terminal block.
  Use dedicated branch circuits, avoiding combination with other devices. Otherwise, it could trip the power source breaker, resulting in secondary accidents.

  Install the overcurrent and earth leakage breakers (sensitivity current: 30 mA) specified to
- respective models.
- Do not connect indoor and outdoor signal cables to extension cables on the way. If the joint is wetted with intruding water, it could cause a ground insulation failure or poor connection, resulting in communication errors. (If it is inevitable to connect cables on the way, make sure to prevent the water intrusion completely.)
- When running wires (wires for power source, remote controller, connecting between indoor and outdoor units, or other) behind the ceiling, protect them using copper or other pipes
- arrio outdoor units, or other; or entitle tree-terming, protect treint using copper or other pipes against assault by rat, or other.

  It is up to 3.5 mm² the size of power supply cables connected to indoor units. When using cables of 5.5 mm² or larger, provide a dedicated pull box for branching connection to indoor units.

  If signal and power source cables are connected mistakenly, it could burn down all PCBs.

  It signal power source cables are connected mistakenly, it could burn down all PCBs.

  It is the power source of 20/24/03/04/15 to connected mistakenly to A5 signal cable, its protected at initial ocasion only.

  If the remote control fails to detect the unit No. (address) at 15 minutes after turning the power on, check and repair all signal cables for misconnection.
- ables for misconnection.

  3. Cut the jumper wire J 105L1 of burnt PCB, and reconnect connectors CnK (yellow) and CnK1 (white) to CnK2 (black).

  At the outside of indoor and outdoor units, take care to avoid direct contacts between remote control and power source cables.
- In no event connect the power source of 220/240/380/415 V to the remote control terminal block. It could cause failures.
- © Connections of Wiring between units, ground wire and remote control cable

  ① When connecting wires between units, ground wire or remote control wire, connect them according to the number of terminals on the power source terminal block or signal terminal block in the control box. Connect the ground wire to the ground terminal
- on the power source terminal olock or signal terminal olock in the control ox. Connect the ground were to the ground terminal on the power source terminal block.

  2 Make sure to install an earth leakage breaker for the power source. Select a breaker for inverter circuit.

  3 When the earth leakage breaker is exclusive for the earth leakage protection, it is necessary to connect also an isolating switch (Switch + Class B fuse) or wiring circuit breaker in series to the earth leakage breaker.

  4 Install the isolating switch close to the unit.

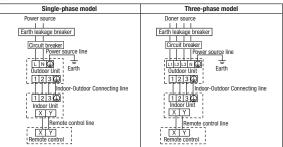
  Connect wires securing by tightening screws firmly. Confirm also no connector or wire (from terminal) in disconnected it, it sho canterla lows.
- terminal) is disconnected in the control box.
- When installing an auxiliary electric heater, consult the electric heater manual or technical data.

## Cable connection for single unit installation

①As for connecting method of power source, select from following connecting patterns. In principle, do not directly connect power souce line to inside unit.

※ As for exceptional connecting method of power source, discuss with the power provider of the country with referring to technical documents, and follow its instruction.

2 For cable size and circuit breaker selection, refer to the outdoor unit installation manual.



## Cable connection for a V multi configuration installation

- (1)Connect the same pairs number of terminal block "(1), (2), and (3)" and "(X) and (Y)" between master and slave indoor units.

  ②Do the same address setting of all inside units belong to same refrigerant system by rotary
- unit's numbers are displayed on the remote control unit by pressing the \( \blacktriangle \) or \( \blacktriangle \) button.

					. [			
Power source		Method o	of setting	Master/Sla	ave of indo	or unit		
Earth leakage breaker		(Factory s	etting: "Ma	ıster")				
Circuit breaker		Indoo	r Unit	Master	Slave 1	Slave 2	Slave 3	
		PCB	SW5-1	0FF	0FF	ON	ON	
L N D Earth		SW	SW5-2	0FF	ON	0FF	ON	
Outdoor Unit		Twin typ	oe_	Triple ty	/pe	Double	twin type	
- 121212	;ī†ī;	213(0)	Earth	1230	Earl	1 1 2 3		그
Indoor Unit Master		or Unit Slav		Indoor Unit			nit Slave 3	Earth
XY	[X	<u> </u>				XY	]	
X Y Remote control	emote co	ntrol line (no	pola rity)					

## ② Remote control, wiring and functions

- Do not install it on the following places
- ①Places exposed to direct sunlight
- 2 Places near heat devices
- (3)High humidity places
- 4)Hot surface or cold surface enough to generate condensation
- ⑤Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly.
- ⑥Uneven surface

## Installation and wiring of remote control

1 Install remote control referring to the attached installation manual.

②Wiring of remote control should use 0.3mm<sup>2</sup> ×2 core wires or cables.

The insulation thickness is 1mm or more. (on-site configuration)

3 Maximum prolongation of remote control wiring is 600 m.

If the prolongation is over 100m, change to the size below

But, wiring in the remote control case should be under 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>. Change the wire size outside of the case according to wire connecting. Waterproof treatment is necessary at the wire connecting section. Be careful about contact failure.

100 - 200m	0.5mm <sup>2</sup> × 2 cores
Under 300m	0.75mm <sup>2</sup> × 2 cores
Under 400m	1.25mm <sup>2</sup> × 2 cores
Under 600m	2.0mm <sup>2</sup> × 2 cores

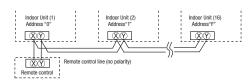
- 4 Avoid using multi-core cables to prevent malfunction.
- ⑤Keep remote control line away from earth (frame or any metal of building).
- ⑥Make sure to connect remote control line to the remote control and terminal block of indoor unit. (No polarity)

## Control plural indoor units by a single remote control

①A remote control can control plural indoor units (Up to 16).

In above setting, all plural indoor units will operate under same mode and temperature setting. ②Connect all indoor units with 2 core remote control line.

③Set unique remote control communication address from "0" to "F" to each inside unit by the rotary switch SW2 on the indoor unit's PCB.



## Master/ slave setting when more than one remote control unit are used

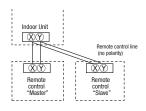
A maximum of two remote control units can be connected to one indoor unit (or one group of indoor units.)

The air-conditioner operation follows the last operation of the remote control regardless of the master/slave setting of it.

Acceptable combination is "two (2) wired remote controls", "one (1) wired remote control and one (1) wireless kit" or "two (2) wireless kits".

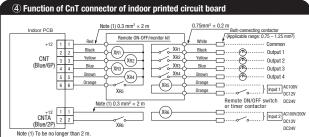
Set one to "Master" and the other to "Slave".

Note:The setting "Remote control unit sensor enabled" is only selectable with the master remote control unit in the position where you want to check room temperature.



No.	Item	Operation from the eco touch remote control (RC-EX series)	Operation from the standard remote control ( RC-E series)		
1	Check the number of units connected in the multi remote control system.	[Menu] ⇒ [Service setting] ⇒ [Service & Maintenance] ⇒ [Service password] ⇒ [IU address]	Press the AIR CON NO button to display the IU address.     Press the A or button and check addresses of connected indoor units one by one.		
2	Check if each unit is connected properly in the remote control system.	[Menu] ⇒ [Service setting] ⇒ [Service & Maintenance] ⇒ [Service password] ⇒ [IU address] ⇒ [Check run mode]	<ol> <li>Press the AIR CON NO button to display the IU address.</li> <li>Press the A or ▼ button and select one of IU addresses.</li> <li>Press the □ MODE button. The unit starts to blow air.</li> </ol>		
3	Setting main/sub remote controls	[Menu] ⇒ [Service setting] ⇒ [R/C function settings] ⇒ [Service password] ⇒ [Main/Sub of R/C]	Set SW1 to "Sub" for the sub remote control unit.		
data [Service & Maintenance] ⇒ [Service password] ⇒ [Operation data]		[Service & Maintenance] ⇒ [Service password] ⇒	Press the CHECK button. ⇒ "OFFICATA ▼" is displayed. ⇒ Press the □□ (SET) button. ⇒ "InhiAubing" is displayed. ⇒ Select one of addresses for connected indoor units by pressing the □□ or □ button. ⇒ Press the □□ (SET) button. ⇒ "INHIAUBING" is displayed. ⇒ Select data by pressing the □□ or □ button.		
5	Checking inspection display	[Menu] ⇒ [Service setting] ⇒ [Service & Maintenance] ⇒ [Service password] ⇒ [Error display]	Press the CHECK button. ⇒ "OFFROATA ▼" is displayed. ⇒ Press the ▼ button. ⇒ "BYBROATA ▲" is displayed. ⇒ Press the ③ (SET) button. ⇒ "BYBROATA A" is displayed. ⇒ Data is displayed.		
6	6 Cooling test run from remote control   Menu  ⇒ [Service setting] ⇒ [Installation settings] ⇒ [Service password] ⇒ [Test run] ⇒ [Cooling test run] ⇒ [Start]    7 Trial operation of drain pump from remote control   Menu  ⇒ [Service setting] ⇒ [Installation settings] ⇒ [Install		1) Start the system by pressing the (DOWOFE) button.  2) Select **E (COO)** with the (SO) (MODE) button.  3) Press the (LEST) button for 3 seconds or longer. The screen display will switch to **SETS NN **.  4) Pressing the (SET) button, while the **ETS NN ** is displayed, starts the cooling test run. The screen display will switch to **TEST NN*.		
7			① Start the system by pressing the  ②○NOOFE button. The display will chang to "# ETR RIM ▼" ② Press the ☑ button once to display "0RMRFUT" ≎". ③ Pressing the ③ (SET) button starts the drain pump operation. The display will show "+50 10 18 TIP".		

The menu configuration may vary depending on models of the remote control. If the model of your remote control is different, refer to the installation manual attached to the remote control.



- ■XR1-4 are DC 12 V relays. (Equivalent to Omron's LY2F)
- $\bullet$  Xrs is a DC 12 V, 24 V or 100 V, 200 V relay. (Equivalent to Omron's MY2F)
- Maker and model of CnT connector (Site side)

Connector : Molex 5264-06 Terminal : Molex 5263T

CnTA connector is used on FDT, or other. <Check with the specifications.> (Site side) Maker and model Connector: J.S.T. Mfg. XAP02V-1-E

Connector: J.S.T. Mfg. XAP02V-1-E Terminal: J.S.T. Mfg. SXA-01T-P0.6

Output 1 – 4 and input1/2 can be selected/set as required from following items.
 Factory default is set as shown below.

Output

Outpt	JL .		
1	RUN output	8	Fan ON output 3
2	Heating output	9	Defrost/oil return output
(3)	Compressor ON output	10	Ventilation output
	Inspection (error) output	11)	Heater output
(5)	Cooling output	(12)	Free cleaning output
6	Fan ON output 1	13	Indoor overload error output
7	Fan ON output 2		

Input

① RUN/STOP	<li>Setting temp. shift</li>
RUN permit prohibition	6 Compulsory thermostat OFF
③ Emergency stop	7 Temporary stop
Cooling/Heating	Silent mode

Factory default setting

i actory	uciauit s	cuny			
CnT-2	Output 1	RUN output	CnT-5	Output 4	Inspection (error) output
CnT-3	Output 2	Heating output	CnT-6	Input 1	RUN/STOP
CnT-4	Output 3	Compressor ON output	CnTA	Input 2	RUN/STOP

●For the setting method, refer to the technical data

## **⑤** Operation and setting from remote control A : Refer to the instruction manual for RC-EX series ○ : Nearly same function setting and operations are possible. \*1: Remote controls before RC-EX1A don't have this function. B: Refer to the installation manual for RC-EX series \*2: Remote controls before RC-EX3 don't have this function. △ : Similar function setting and opperations are possible. C: Loading a utility software vie Internet Setting & display iten Description RC-EX3A RC-E5 .Remote Control network 1 Control plural indoor units by a single remote control A remote control can control plural indoor units up to 16 (in one group of remote control network). An address is set to each indoor unit. 2 Main/sub setting of remote controls A pair of remote controls (including option wireless remote control) can be connected within the remote control В network. Set one to "Main" and the other to "Sub" 2.TOP scrren, Switch manipulation "Control","State", or "Details" can be selected. (3-8) "Cooling","Heating","Fan","Dry" or "Auto" can be set. 1 Menu 2 Operation mode 3 Set temp. 4 Air flow direction "Set temperature" can be set by 0.5°C interval. Α "Air flow direction" [Individual flap control] can be set. Select Enable or Disable for the "3D AUTO" (in case of FDK). \*1 Α 5 Fan speed 'Fan speed" can be set. 6 Timer setting 7 ON/OFF "Timer operation" can be set. "On/Off operation of the system" can be done. 8 F1 SW 9 F2 SW The system operates and is controlled according to the function specified to the F1 switch. The system operates and is controlled according to the function specified to the F2 switch 10 Select the language Select the language to display on the remote control Α Select from English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Turkish, Portuguese, Russian, Polish, Japanese and Chinese. 3 Useful functions 1 Individual flap control The moving range (the positions of upper limit and lower limit) of the flap for individual flap can be set. $\triangle$ Α Set also the left and right limit positions for FDK. \*1 2 Anti draft setting ......You can set Enable or Disable for anti draft motion performed at each blow outlet in each operation mode Α When the panel with the anti-draft function is assembled. ON/OFF setting .....You can set ON/OFF (operation/stop) of anti draft function for the enabled blow outlet set in Details. The period of time to start operation after stopping can be set. 3 Timer settings Set On timer by hour The period of set time can be set within range of 1hour-12houres (1hr interval) The operation mode, set temp-and fan speed at starting operation can be set. Α $\triangle$ Set Off timer by hour The period of time to stop operation after starting can be set Α Δ The period of set time can be set within range of 1hour-12houres (1hr interval) Set On timer by clock The clock time to start operation can be set. The set clock time as a be set by 5-minutes intervals. [Once (one time only)] or [Everyday] operation can be switched. The operation mode, set temp. and fan speed at starting operation can be set. Α The clock time to stop operation can be set. The set clock time can be set by 5-minute intervals. [Once (one time only)] or [Everyday] operation can be switched Set Off timer by clock Α $\triangle$ Status of timer settings can be seen. Confirmation of timer settings Set the operation mode, setting temperature, air flow capacity and air flow direction for the choice setting operations 4 Favorite setting Α Set them for the Favorite set 1 and the Favorite set 2 respectively. On timer and Off timer on weekly basis can be set. 8-operation patterns per day can be set at a maximum. [Administrator password] Weekly timer orberation factories per day can be set at a maximum. The setting clock time can be set by 5-minute intervals. Holiday setting is available. The operation mode, set temp. and fan speed at starting operation can be set. Α 6 Home leave mode When leaving home for a long period like a vaction leave, the unit can be operated to maintain the room temperature not to be hotter in summer or not to be colder in winter. The judgment to switch the operation mode (Cooring $\Leftrightarrow$ Heating) is done by the both factors of the set temp. and outdoor air temp The set temp. and fan speed can be set. Administrator password1 On/Off operation of the external ventilator can be done. It is necessary to set from [Menu] ⇒ [Service setting] ⇒ [R/C function settings] ⇒ [Ventilation setting]. If the "Independent" is selected for the ventilation setting, the ventilator can be operated or stopped. 7 External Ventilation When the ventilator is combined. Α Select the language to display on the remote control. Select from English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Turkish, Portuguese, Russian, Polish, Japanese and Chinese. \*1 8 Select the language Α 9 Silent mode control The period of time to operate the unit by prioritizing the quietness can be set • Start and end can be set for the silent mode Α Administrator password 4.Energy-saving setting To prevent the timer from keeping ON, set hours to stop operation automatically with this timer. 1 Sleep timer $\triangle$ The selectable range of setting time is from 30 to 240 minutes. (10-minute intervals) When setting is "Enable", this timer will activate whenever the 0N timer is set. Α 2 Peak-cut timer Power consumption can be reduced by restructing the maximum capacity For the consumption can be reduced by restricting the final multi-dapacity. Set the [Start time], the [End time] and the capacity limit % (Peak-cut %). 4-operation patterns per day can be set at maximum. The setting time can be changed by 5-minute intervals. The setectable range of capacity limit % (Peak-cut %) is from 0% to 40-80% (20% interval). Α Holiday setting is available. After the elapse of the set time period, the current set temp. will be set back to the [Set back time.] \* The setting can be done in cooling and heating mode respectively. \* Selectable range of the set time is from 20 min. to 120 min. (10 min. interval). \* Set the [Set back temp.] by 1°C interval. 3 Automatic temp set back When the motion sensor is used, it is necessary to set Enable or Disable for the "Power control" and the "Auto-off". 4 Motion sensor control Α When the panel with the motion sensor is assembled The filter sign can be reset 1 Filter sign reset Filter sign reset Setting next cleaning date The next cleaning date can be set. 6.User setting The current date and time can be set or revised. If a power failure continues no longer than 80 hours, the clock continues to tick by the built-in power source. 1 Internal settings Clock setting Α Date and time display [Display] or [Hide] the date and/or time can be set, and [12H] or [24H] display can be set. When select [Enable], the +1hour adjustment of current time can be set. When select [Disable], the [Summer time] adjustment can be reset Summer time Contrast The contrast of LCD can be adjusted higher or lower. Switching on/off a light can be set and period of the lighting time can be set within the range of 5sec-90 sec (5sec interval) Backlight It can set with or without [Control sound (beep sound)] at touch panel. Control sound Operation lamp luminance This is used to adjust the luminance of operation lamp. Α Permission/Prohibition setting of operation can be set [On/Off] [Change set temp] [Change operation mode] [Change flap direction] [Change fan speed] [High power operation] [Energy-saving operation] [Timer] Request for administrator can be set. 2 Administrator settings ermission/Prohibition setting Administrator password [Individual flap control] [Weekly timer] [Select the language] [Anti draft setting] \*1 The period of time to operate the outdoor unit by prioritizing the quiteness can be set. The [Start time] and the [End time] for operating outdoor unit in silent mode can be set. Outdoor unit silent mode time Α The period of the operation time can be set once aday by 5-minute interals. The upper/lower limit of temp. setting range can be set. The limitation of indoor temp. setting range can be set for each operation mode in cooling and heating. Setting temp, range Α $\triangle$

ting & display item		Description	RC-EX3A	RC-E
	Temp increment setting	·		110-1
Auministrator settings			A	
[Administrator password]				
			A	
The S. display from  Americanize unitary  Compared and an experiment uniting and the compact by 1.50 or 1.60.  For the gradual processed of the processed of th				
	The brush processor at defining on the changed by 0.5°C or 1.8°C.  A Company intermediate password can be changed by 0.5°C or 1.8°C.  A Company intermediate password can be reported.  Physical processor of the password of	Α		
		Description The temp increment setting can be changed by 0.0°C or 1.0°C.  Ways of displaying attering temperatures can be selected.  The selection of the selec	В	
	F1/F2 function setting *1			
		[High power operation], [Energy-saving operation], [Silent mode cont.], [Home leave mode], [Favorite set 1],	A	
rvice settina		į avonitė set 2 j and į niter sigin resetį.		
	Installation date	The (Installation date) can be registed.		
		When registering the [Instaration date], the [Next service date] is displayed automatically.	В	
[Service password]				
	Company information		ь	
Definitionate password	ь			
	В	C		
	A display from more control strollings interest and st			
Some A depty from  2 Amment have entropy  2 Amment have entropy  3 Amment have entropy  3 Amment have entropy  3 Amment have entropy  4 Amment have entropy  4 Amment have entropy  5 Amment have entropy  4 Amment have entropy  5 Amment have entropy  4 Amment have entropy  5 Amment have entropy  6 Amment have entropy  6 Amment have entropy  6 Amment have entropy  7 Amment have entropy  7 Amment have entropy  8 Amment have entropy  8 Amment have entropy  8 Amment have entropy  9 A	В	_		
	В	_		
	III back up function			
	В			
The Company of Committee of Company (Company (Co		В		
The [Company] can be registered within 26 characters.   Fine [Phone No.C. can be registered within 13 digits.				
n/c tunction setting			R	
[Service password]	Return air temp		R	
			-	
	R/C sensor	It can be set the mode to switch to the remote control sensor. It can be selected from cooling and heating.		
0j °C Fa Ex Uj				
			В	
	°C / °F		В	
	Fan speed		В	
Operation mode  ©C / F Set the unit for setting temperatures °C or °F can be selected.  Fan speed Fan speeds can be selected.  External input When two or more indoor units are connected to one unit of remote control, the range to apply CNT inputs can be sel.  Upper/lower flap control [Stop at fixed position] or [Stop at any position] can be selected for the upper and lower louvers.  Leth/right flap control 1 [Fixed position stop] or [Stop at any position] can be selected for the right and left louvers.  Ventilation setting Combination control for ventilator can be set.  Auto-restart The operation control method after recovery of power failure happened during operation can be set.  Auto temp setting [Enable] or [Disable] of [Auto temp setting] can be selected.  Auto fan speed [Enable] or [Disable] of [Auto tan speed] can be selected.				
IU settings				
			В	
[Service password]				
Service password				
Setting & display from  2 Asimistations cellings  [Administrator password]  Administrator password and password per administrator password control password per administrator p			C	
			<u>C</u>	
	Fan circulator operation	In case that the fan is operated as the circulator, the fan control rule can be set.		
		the overload alarm, at 30 minutes after the start of operation, the overload alarm signal is transmitted from the external output (CNT-5).	В	L
	External output setting *1		В	
Service & Maintenance	IU address		_	_
[Consider pages 17]			В	C
[Service password]	Next service date			
		The [Next service date] and [Company information] is displayed on the message screen.		
			В	C
		The second secon		
			_	
			R	_
			В	
	Special settings	[Erase IU address] [CPU reset] [Restore of default setting] [Touch panel calibration]	В	Δ
			В	
		Shows registered [Contact company] and [Contact phone].		
		This is displayed when any error occurs	Λ.	
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o commountil				-

## 1.10.3 Installation of wired remote control (Option parts)

(1) Model RC-EX3A

## 1) Safety precautions

Please read this manual carefully before starting installation work to install the unit properly. Every one of the followings is important information to be observed strictly.

<b>∆</b> WARNING	Failure to follow these instructions properly may result in serious consequences such as death, severe injury, etc.
<b>∴</b> CAUTION	Failure to follow these instructions properly may cause injury or property damage.

It could have serious consequences depending on the circumstances.

■The following pictograms are used in the text.



Keep this manual at a safe place where you can consult with whenever necessary. Show this manual to installers when moving or repairing the unit. When the ownership of the unit is transferred, this manual should be given to a new owner.

## **!**\WARNING

- Consult your dealer or a professional contractor to install the unit.

  Improper installation made on your own may cause electric shocks, fire or dropping of the unit.
- Installation work should be performed properly according to this installation manual.

Improper installation work may result in electric shocks, fire or break-down.

- Be sure to use accessories and specified parts for installation work.
  Use of unspecified parts may result in drop, fire or electric shocks.
- Install the unit properly to a place with sufficient strength to hold the weight.

If the place is not strong enough, the unit may drop and cause injury.

Be sure to have the electrical wiring work done by qualified electrical installer, and use exclusive circuit.

Power source with insufficient and improper work can cause electric shock and fire.

- Shut OFF the main power source before starting electrical work. Otherwise, it could result in electric shocks, break-down or malfunction.
- Do not modify the unit.

  It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.
- Be sure to turn OFF the power circuit breaker before repairing/inspecting the unit.

Repairing/inspecting the unit with the power circuit breaker turned ON could cause electric shocks or injury.

## **MARNING**

Do not install the unit in appropriate environment or where inflammable gas could generate, flow in, accumulate or leak.

If the unit is used at places where air contains dense oil mist, steam, organic solvent vapor, corrosive gas (ammonium, sulfuric compound, acid, etc) or where acidic or alkaline solution, special spray, etc. are used, it could cause electric shocks, break-down, smoke or fire as a result of significant deterioration of its performance or corrosion.

Do not install the unit where water vapor is generated excessively or condensation occurs.

It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.

Do not use the unit in a place where it gets wet, such as laundry room.

It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.

Do not operate the unit with wet hands.

It could cause electric shocks.

Do not wash the unit with water.

Use the specified cables for wiring, and connect them securely with care to protect electronic parts from external forces.

Improper connections or fixing could cause heat generation, fire, etc.

Seal the inlet hole for remote control cable with putty.

It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.

If dew, water, insect, etc. enters through the hole, it could cause electric shocks, fire or break-down.

If dew or water enters the unit, it may cause screen display anomalies.

When installing the unit at a hospital, telecommunication facility, etc., take measures to suppress electric noises.

It could cause malfunction or break-down due to hazardous effects on the inverter, private power generator, high frequency medical equipment, radio communication equipment, etc.

The influences transmitted from the remote control to medical or communication equipment could disrupt medical activities, video broadcasting or cause noise interference.

Do not leave the remote control with its upper case removed.

If dew, water, insect, etc. enters through the hole, it could cause electric shocks, fire or break-down.

## **ACAUTION**

## Do not install the remote control at following places.

- (1) It could cause break-down or deformation of remote control.
  - · Where it is exposed to direct sunlight
  - Where the ambient temperature becomes 0 °C or below, or 40 °C or above
  - Where the surface is not flat
  - · Where the strength of installation area is insufficient
- (2) Moisture may be attached to internal parts of the remote control, resulting in a display failure.
  - Place with high humidity where condensation occurs on the remote control
  - · Where the remote control gets wet
- (3) Accurate room temperature may not be detected using the temperature sensor of the remote control.
  - · Where the average room temperature cannot be detected
  - Place near the equipment to generate heat
  - Place affected by outside air in opening/closing the door
  - Place exposed to direct sunlight or wind from air-conditioner
  - Where the difference between wall and room temperature is large

To connect to a personal computer via USB, use the dedicated software.

Do not connect other USB devices and the remote control at the same time.

It could cause malfunction or break-down of the remote control/personal computer.

## 2) Accessories & Prepare on site

Following parts are provided.

Accessories R/C main unit, wood screw (ø3.5 x 16) 2 pcs, Quick reference

Following parts are arranged at site. Prepare them according to the respective installation procedures.

01 0 1 0 1		
Item name	Q'ty	Remark
Switch box For 1 piece or 2 pieces (JIS C 8340 or equivalent)	1	
Thin wall steel pipe for electric appliance directly on a wall. (JIS C 8305 or equivalent)	As required	These are not required when installing directly on a wall.
Lock nut, bushing (JIS C 8330 or equivalent)	As required	
Lacing (JIS C 8425 or equivalent)	As required	Necessary to run R/C cable on the wall.
Putty	Suitably	For sealing gaps
Molly anchor	As required	
R/C cable (0.3 mm <sup>2</sup> x 2 pcs)	As required	See right table when longer than 100 m

When the cable length is longer than 100 m, the max size for wires used in the R/C case is  $0.5 \ \text{mm}^2$ . Connect them to wires of larger size near the outside of R/C. When wires are connected, take measures to prevent water, etc. from entering inside.

≦ 200 m	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> x 2 cores
≦ 300m	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> x 2 cores
≦ 400m	1.25 mm <sup>2</sup> x 2 cores
≦ 600m	2.0 mm <sup>2</sup> x 2 cores

## 3) Installation place

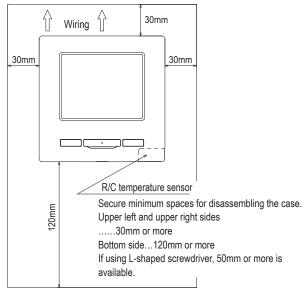
Secure the installation space shown in the figure.

For the installation method, "embedding wiring" or "exposing wiring" can be selected.

For the wiring direction, "Backward", "Upper center" or "Upper left" can be selected.

Determine the installation place in consideration of the installation method and wiring direction.

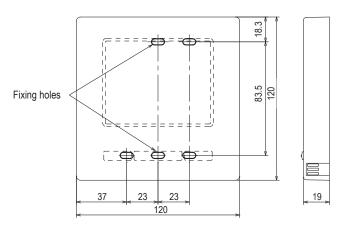
## Installation space



## 4) Installation procedure

Perform installation and wiring work for the remote control according to the following procedure.

Dimensions (Viewed from front)



To disassemble the R/C case into the upper and lower pieces after assembling them once

 $\cdot$  Insert the tip of flat head screwdriver or the like in the recess at the lower part of R/C and twist it lightly to remove. It is recommended that the tip of the screwdriver be wrapped with tape to avoid damaging the case.

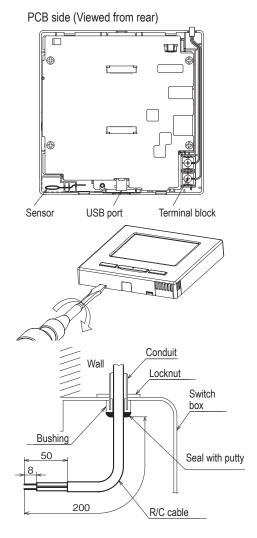
Take care to protect the removed upper case from moisture or dust.

## In case of embedding wiring

(When the wiring is retrieved "Backward")

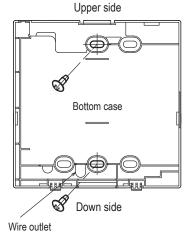
1) Embed the switch box and the R/C wires beforehand.

Seal the inlet hole for the R/C wiring with putty.

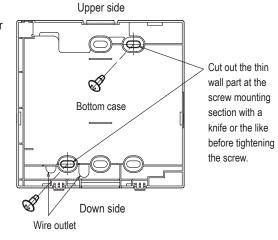


② When wires are passed through the bottom case, fix the bottom case at 2 places on the switch box.

Switch box for 1 pcs



Switch box for 2 pcs

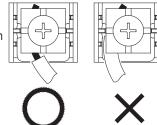


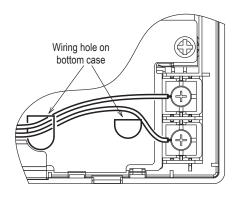
- ③ Connect wires from X and Y terminals of R/C to X and Y terminals of indoor unit. R/C wires (X, Y) have no polarity. Fix wires such that the wires will run around the terminal screws on the top case of R/C.
- 4 Install the upper case with care not to pinch wires of R/C.

## **Cautions for wire connection**

Use wires of no larger than 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> for wiring running through the remote control case. Take care not to pinch the sheath.

Tighten by hand  $(0.7 \ N\cdot m \ or \ less)$  the wire connection. If the wire is connected using an electric driver, it may cause failure or deformation.





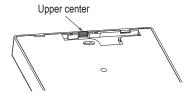
## In case of exposing wiring

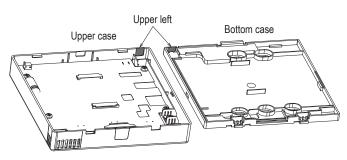
(When the wiring is taken out from the "upper center" or "upper left" of R/C)

1) Cut out the thin wall sections on the cases for the size of wire.

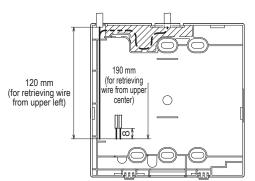
When taking the wiring out from the upper center, open a hole before separating the upper and bottom cases. This will reduce risk of damaging the PCB and facilitate subsequent work.

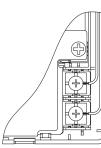
When taking the wiring out from the upper left, take care not to damage the PCB and not to leave any chips of cut thin wall inside.





- ② Fix the bottom R/C case on a flat surface with two wood screws.
- ③ In case of the upper center, pass the wiring behind the bottom case. (Hatched section)
- 4 Connect wires from X and Y terminals of R/C to X and Y terminals of indoor unit. R/C wires (X, Y) have no polarity. Fix wires such that the wires will run around the terminal screws on the top case of R/C.
- ⑤ Install the top case with care not to pinch wires of R/C.
- 6 Seal the area cut in 1 with putty.



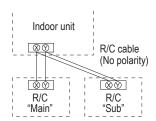


## 5) Main/Sub setting when more than one remote control are used

Up to two units of R/C can be used at the maximum for 1 indoor unit or 1 group.

One is main R/C and the other is sub R/C.

Operating range is different depending on the main or sub R/C.



R/C operation	าร		Main	Sub
Run/Stop, Ch Change flap speed operat	lange set ter direction, Au ions	mp., to swing, Change fan	0	0
High power o	peration, En	ergy-saving operation	0	0
Silent mode of	control		0	×
Useful	Individual fl	ap control	0	×
functions	Anti draft se	etting	0	×
	Timer		0	0
	Favorite se	tting	0	0
	Weekly time	er	0	×
	Home leave	e mode	0	×
	External ve	ntilation	0	0
	Select the I	anguage	0	0
	Silent mode	e control	0	×
Energy-savin	g setting		0	×
Filter	Filter sign r	eset	0	0
User setting	Initial settin	gs	0	0
	Administrator settings	Permission/ Prohibition setting	0	×
		Outdoor unit silent mode timer	0	×
		Setting temp. range	0	×
		Temp increment setting	0	×
		Set temp. display	0	0
		R/C display setting	0	0
		Change administrator password	0	0
		F1/F2 function setting	0	0

			: operable x: n	ot ope	erable
R/C opera	tions			Main	Sub
Service	Installation	Installati	on date	0	×
setting	settings	Compan	y information	0	0
		Test run		0	×
		Static pr	essure adjustment	0	×
		Change	auto-address	0	×
		Address	setting of main IU	0	×
		IU back-	up function	0	×
		Motion s	ensor setting	0	×
		Main/Su	b of R/C	0	0
	settings	Return a	nir temp.	0	×
		R/C sen	sor	0	×
		R/C sen	sor adjustment	0	×
		Operation	n mode	0	×
		°C / °F		0	×
		Fan spe		0	×
		External	input	0	×
		Upper/lo	wer flap control	0	×
		Left/righ	t flap control	0	×
		Ventilation	on setting	0	×
		Auto-res	tart	0	×
		Auto ten	np. setting	0	×
		Auto fan	speed	0	×
	IU settings			0	×
	Service &	IU addre	ess	0	0
	Maintenance	Next ser	vice date	0	×
		Operation	n data	0	×
		Error	Error history	0	0
		display	Display/erase anomaly data	0	×
			Reset periodical check	0	0
		Saving I	U settings	0	×
		Special	Erase IU address	0	×
		settings	CPU reset	0	0
			Restore of default setting	0	×
			Touch panel calibration	0	0
		Indoor u	nit capacity display	0	×

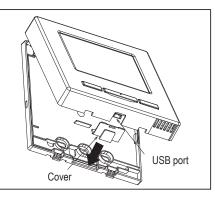
## **Advice: Connection to personal computer**

It can be set from a personal computer via the USB port (mini-B). Connect after removing the cover for USB port of upper case.

Replace the cover after use.

Special software is necessary for the connection.

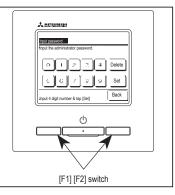
For details, view the web site.



## Advice: Initializing of password

Administrator password (for daily setting items) and service password (for installation, test run and maintenance) are used.

- The administrator password at factory default is "0000". This setting can be changed (Refer to User's Manual).
  - If the administrator password is forgotten, it can be initialized by holding down the [F1] and [F2] switches together for five seconds on the administrator password input screen.
- Service password is "9999", which cannot be changed.
   When the administrator password is input, the service password is also accepted.



## Advice

When connecting two or more FDT/FDTC to one R/C, unify the panel type either to a panel with anti draft function or a standard panel.

## PJA012D730/B

## (2) Model RC-E5

Read together with indoor unit's installation manual.

## **MARNING**

Fasten the wiring to the terminal securely and hold the cable securely so as not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal.

Loose connection or hold will cause abnormal heat generation or fire.

Make sure the power source is turned off when electric wiring work.
Otherwise, electric shock, malfunction and improper running may occur.



## **ACAUTION**

- Do not install the remote control at the following places in order to avoid malfunction.
  - (1) Places exposed to direct sunlight (
    - (4) Hot surface or cold surface enough to generate condensation (5) Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly
  - (2) Places near heat devices (5) Places exposed
  - (3) High humidity places (6) Uneven surface



Do not leave the remote control without the upper case.

In case the upper cace needs to be detached, protect the remote control with a packaging box or bag in order to keep it away from water and dust.

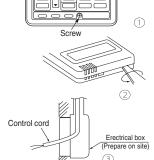


Accessories Remote control, wood screw (ø3.5x16) 2 pieces
Prepare on site Remote control cord (2 cores) the insulated thickness in 1mm or more.

[In case of embedding cord] Erectrical box, M4 screw (2 pieces)
[In case of exposing cord] Cord clamp (if needed)

## Installation procedure

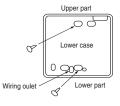
- Open the cover of remote control, and remove the screw under the buttons without fail.
- ② Remove the upper case of remote control. Insert a flat-blade screwdriver into the dented part of the upper part of the remote control, and wrench slightly.

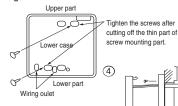


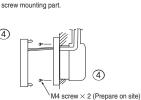
## [In case of embedding cord]

3 Embed the erectrical box and remote control cord beforehand.

Prepare two M4 screws (recommended length is 12-16mm) on site, and install the lower case to erectrical box. Choose either of the following two positions in fixing it with screws.



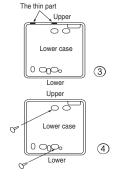




- Connect the remote control cord to the terminal block. Connect the terminal of remote control (X,Y) with the terminal of indoor unit (X,Y). (X and Y are no polarity)
- Install the upper case as before so as not to catch up the remote control cord, and tighten with the screws.

## [In case of exposing cord]

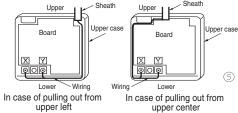
- 3 You can pull out the remote control cord from left upper part or center upper part. Cut off the upper thin part of remote control lower case with a nipper or knife, and grind burrs with a file etc.
- ④ Install the lower case to the flat wall with attached two wooden screws.



5 Connect the remote control cord to the terminal block.

Connect the terminal of remote control (X,Y) with the terminal of indoor unit (X,Y). (X and Y are no polarity)

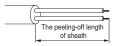
Wiring route is as shown in the right diagram depending on the pulling out direction.



The wiring inside the remote control case should be within 0.3mm² (recommended) to 0.5mm². The sheath should be peeled off inside the remote control case.

The peeling-off length of each wire is as below.

Pulling out from upper left	Pulling out from upper center
X wiring : 215mm	X wiring : 170mm
Y wiring: 195mm	Y wiring: 190mm



- Install the upper case as before so as not to catch up the remote control cord, and tighten with the screws.
- In case of exposing cord, fix the cord on the wall with cord clamp so as not to slack.

## Installation and wiring of remote control

- ① Wiring of remote control should use 0.3mm<sup>2</sup> × 2 cores wires or cables. (on-site configuration)
- 2 Maximum prolongation of remote control wiring is 600 m.

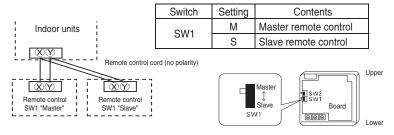
If the prolongation is over 100m, change to the size below.

But, wiring in the remote control case should be under 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>. Change the wire size outside of the case according to wire connecting. Waterproof treatment is necessary at the wire connecting section. Be careful about contact failure.

100 - 200m	$\cdots 0.5$ mm <sup>2</sup> × 2 cores
Under 300m	······0.75mm <sup>2</sup> × 2 cores
Under 400m	······1.25mm <sup>2</sup> × 2 cores
Under 500m	2.0mm <sup>2</sup> × 2 cores

## Master/ slave setting when more than one remote controls are used

A maximum of two remote controls can be connected to one indoor unit (or one group of indoor units.)



Set SW1 to "Slave" for the slave remote control. It was factory set to "Master" for shipment.

Note: The setting "Remote control sensor enabled" is only selectable with the master remote control in the position where you want to check room temperature.

The air-conditioner operation follows the last operation of the remote control regardless of the master/ slave setting of it.

## The indication when power source is supplied

When power source is turned on, the following is displayed on the remote control until the communication between the remote control and indoor unit settled.

At the same time, a mark or a number will be displayed for two seconds first.

This is the software's administration number of the remote control, not an error cord.



When remote control cannot communicate with the indoor unit for half an hour, the below indication will appear

Check wiring of the indoor unit and the outdoor unit etc.



## The range of temperature setting

When shipped, the range of set temperature differs depending on the operation mode as below.

Heating: 16-30°C (55-86°F)

Except heating (cooling, fan, dry, automatic): 18-30°C (62-86°F)

## ●Upper limit and lower limit of set temperature can be changed with remote control.

Upper limit setting: valid during heating operation. Possible to set in the range of 20 to 30°C (68 to 86°F). Lower limit setting: valid except heating (automatic, cooling, fan, dry) Possible to set in the range of 18 to 26°C (62 to 79°F).

When you set upper and lower limit by this function, control as below.

1. When ② TEMP RANGE SET, remote control function of function setting mode is "INDN CHANGE" (factory setting), [If upper limit value is set ]

During heating, you cannot set the value exceeding the upper limit.

[ If lower limit value is set ]

During operation mode except heating, you cannot set the value below the lower limit.

2. When ② TEMP RANGE SET, remote control function of function setting mode is "NO INDN CHANGE" [If upper limit value is set ]

During heating, even if the value exceeding the upper limit is set, upper limit value will be sent to the indoor unit. But, the indication is the same as the temperature set.

[ If lower limit value is set ]

During except heating, even if the value lower than the lower limit is set, lower limit value will be sent to the indoor unit. But, the indication is the same as the temperature set.

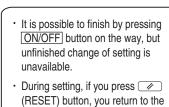
## ●How to set upper and lower limit value

1. Stop the air-conditioner, and press (SET) and (MODE) button at the same time for over three seconds .

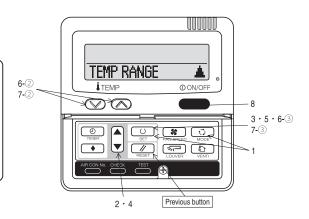
The indication changes to "FUNCTION SET ▼".

- 2. Press ▼ button once, and change to the "TEMP RANGE ▲ " indication.
- 3. Press (SET) button, and enter the temperature range setting mode.
- 4. Select "UPPER LIMIT  $\blacktriangledown$ " or "LOWER LIMIT  $\blacktriangle$ " by using  $\boxed{\blacktriangle}$   $\boxed{\blacktriangledown}$  button.
- 5. Press (SET) button to fix.
- 6. When "UPPER LIMIT ▼" is selected (valid during heating)
  - ① Indication: "  $\bigcirc \lor \land$  SET UP"  $\rightarrow$  "UPPER 30°C  $\lor$ "
  - ② Select the upper limit value with temperature setting button ☑ ⚠. Indication example: "UPPER 26°C ∨ ∧" (blinking)
  - ③ Press ◯ (SET) button to fix. Indication example: "UPPER 26°C" (Displayed for two seconds)

    After the fixed upper limit value displayed for two seconds, the indication will return to "UPPER LIMIT ▼".
- 7. When "LOWER LIMIT ▲" is selected (valid during cooling, dry, fan, automatic)
  - ① Indication: " $\bigcirc$   $\lor \land$  SET UP"  $\rightarrow$  "LOWER 18°C  $\land$ "
  - ② Select the lower limit value with temperature setting button  $\boxed{\lor}$   $\boxed{\land}$ . Indication example: "LOWER 24°C  $\lor$   $\land$ " (blinking)
  - ③ Press (SET) button to fix. Indication for example: "LOWER 24°C" (Displayed for two seconds) After the fixed lower limit value displayed for two seconds, the indication will return to "LOWER LIMIT ▼".
- 8. Press ON/OFF button to finish.



previous screen.



## The functional setting

The initial nation setting for typical using is performed automatically by the indoor unit connected, when remote control and indoor unit are connected.

As long as they are used in a typical manner, there will be no need to change the initial settings.

If you would like to change the initial setting marked "C", set your desired setting as for the selected item. The procedure of functional setting is shown as the following diagram.

[Flow of function setting] Record and keep the setting Consult the technical data etc. for each control details It is possible to finish above setting on the way, and unfinished change of setting is unavailable.

" ": Initial settings
" ": Automatic criterion Stop air-conditioner and press

3.(SET) + 3.(MODE) buttons
at the same time for over three seconds

Note 1: The initial setting marked "%" is decided by connected indoor and outdoor unit, and is automatically defined as following table. | International Content of the Conte Note 1: The initial s Function No. Remote control function02 Remote control function06 Remote control function07 Remote control function13 ndoor and outdoor unit, and is automatically defined as f Model 
"Auto-RIN" mode selectable indoor unit. Indoor unit without "Auto-RIN" mode Indoor unit without "Auto-RIN" mode Indoor unit with two or three step of air flow setting Indoor unit with automatically swing lower Indoor unit without automatically swing lower Indoor unit with three step of air flow setting Indoor unit with three step of air flow setting Indoor unit with two step of air flow setting Indoor unit with two step of air flow setting Item AUTO RUN SET Indoor unit with only one of air flow setting 

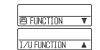
			FUNCTION SET ▼	Indoor unit I	No. are indicated only whe	en	Note2: Fan se	tting of "HII	GH SPEED*		
N ▼ (Remote control fu	inction)		(Indoor unit function) [T	/U FUNCTION ▲ plural indoor		311			Indoor unit air flow s	setting	
(Helliote collitor lu	inction)		(Indoor drift function) [1]	70 FUNCTION A PIGICAL INGOO	Function		Fan ta	ap	श्वता - श्वता - श्वता - श्वता - श्वता - श्वता - श्वत		8:d1 - 8
Function				1/0000 ▲	02 FAN SPEED SET	setting	FAN S	TANDARD	UH - Hi - Me - Lo Hi - Me - Lo	Hi - Lo	Hi - N
01 PODESPSET	setting	1.0		1/0001 ≠		STANDARD *	SPEED		011 111 1110 20 111 1110 20	111 20	
[	Lecolo esp valid	10	Validate setting of ESP:External Static Pressure Invalidate setting of ESP	I/U002 \$ I/U003 \$		HIGH SPEED 1 × HIGH SPEED 2	SET	HIGH SPEED1, 2	UH - UH - Hi - Me UH - Hi - Me	UH - Me	UH - F
02 TAUTO RUN SET	FORMS OF DIABITI	_	Invalidate setting of ESP	1/0003 =	0.3 IFILTER SIGN SET	INTON SPEED 2			ome indoor unit is "HIGH SPEED".		
UZ TIIOTO NON OCT	AUTO RUN ON	1 *		17.0001.1	03 Interestorators I	INDICATION OFF					
	AUTO RUN OFF	*	Automatical operation is impossible			TYPE 1	The filter sign is i	indicated aft	ter running for 180 hours.		
03 MM TEMP SW	LANGUAGUAN TO	10	To set o	other indoor unit, press		TYPE 2 TYPE 3	The filter sign is i	indicated aff	ter running for 600 hours. ter running for 1000 hours.		
(	SMM WALID	+~		N No. button, which		TYPE 4	The filter sign is i	indicated all	ter running for 1000 hours, then the indoor t	init will be ston	ned by
04 EE MODE SW				ou to go back to the indoor		1110	compulsion after	24 hours.	to round, then the moon to	ant min be stop	pour
	응답 VALID 응답 INVALID	0	unit sele	ection screen	04  ⇒, POSITION	_	If you change the	indoor fun	ction "04 ⇒¬POSITION",		
05 ON/OFF SW	ଳା INVALID		Mode button is not working (for example of the control of the cont	mple: I/U 000 ▲ ).		4POSITION STOP O	you must change	the remote	e control function "14 % POSITION" accord op position in the four.	dingly.	
05 TO UNZULL OW 1	- ⊕ ⊕ VALID	10				FREE STOP	You can select the The louver can si				
[	⊕	Ť	On/Off button is not working		05 EXTERNAL INPUT		Tile louvel call s	top at any p	iosidori.		
06 ☑ FAN SPEED SW			1			LEVEL INPUT O	]				
[	는데 VALID 는데 INVALID	*   *	less seems to make the seems the see		06 [datamatamazzamatamanna]	PULSE INPUT	-				
07 E LOUVER SW	G TIMAHTID	28	Fan speed button is not working		OP Inconnecourremental	INVALID O	1				
O/   LLLS COOTERT ON	⊕EZ VALID	- X				VALID	Permission/prohi	bition contro	ol of operation will be valid.		
L	6호 VALID 6호 INVALID	*	Louver button is not working		07 EMERGENCY STOP		1				
08 @ TIMER SW	LALIST HALTO	10	ı			INVALID O	l				
[	⊕ S VALID ⊕ S INVALID	10	Timer button is not working			TANTIN			ed to stop all indoor units connected with the from remote on-off terminal "CNT-6", all ind		
09 SENSOR SET	[OBS HWILLD		Timer button is not working				wnen stop signa	i is inputed	from remote on-off terminal "CN1-6", all ind	oor units are st	toppea imn
	SENSOR OFF	10	Remote thermistor is not working.				]				
1	SENSOR ON	_	Remote thermistor is working.	O !		OFFSET +3.0%	To be reset for pr	roducing +3	1.0°C increase in temperature during heating	3.	
[	■SENSOR +3.0% ■SENSOR +2.0%	+	Remote thermistor is working, and to be set for producing +3.0°0 Remote thermistor is working, and to be set for producing +2.0°0		O8 I № SP OFFSET	OFFSET +2.0% OFFSET +1.0%	To be reset for pr	roducing +2	.0°C increase in temperature during heating .0°C increase in temperature during heating	].	
[	■SENSOR +1.05	+	Remote thermistor is working, and to be set for producing +1.0°0	C increase in temperature.	OD 1/K OF UFFORT	NO OFFSET O	10 be reset for pr	outucing +1	.u o morease in temperature during heating	j.	
[	■SENSOR - 1.0%		Remote thermistor is working, and to be set for producing -1.0°C	C increase in temperature.			1				
[	■SENSOR -2.0°c		Remote thermistor is working, and to be set for producing -2.0°C	C increase in temperature.		OFFSET +2.05			C increase in return air temperature of indoo		
10 AUTO RESTART	■SENSOR -3.0%		Remote thermistor is working, and to be set for producing -3.0°C	increase in temperature.	09 TRETURN AIR TEMP	DEFSET +1.5%			C increase in return air temperature of indoo		
TO I HOTO RESIDENT	ITNVALTO	ТО			OB INCIDENTIATE ICUI.	NO OFFSET O	10 be reset prodi	ucing +1.0°(	C increase in return air temperature of indoor	or unit.	
	INVALID VALID	ľ				OFFSET - 1.0%	To be reset produ	ucing -1 n°C	increase in return air temperature of indoo	r unit	
11 VENT LINK SET						OFFSET -1.5%	To be reset produ	ucing -1.5°C	increase in return air temperature of indoo	r unit.	
	NO VENT	0	la sees of Cisale sells seeds to the contract of the contract	device to CNT - ( ** -	LA DE CALICOTROS	OFFSET -2.05	To be reset produ	ucing -2.0°C	increase in return air temperature of indoo	r unit.	
[	1		In case of Single split series, by connecting ventilation indoor printed circuit board (in case of VRF series, by c	device to CN1 of the	10   X FAN CONTROL	TLOW FAIN SPEED TO	When heating the	ormoetat in	OFF, fan speed is low speed.		
[	VENT LINK		indoor printed circuit board (in case of VAP series, by c indoor printed circuit board), the operation of ventilatio						OFF, fan speed is low speed. OFF, fan speed is set speed.		
[		$\perp$	operation of indoor unit.			SET FAN SPEED					
[			In case of Single split series, by connecting ventilation device to	CNT of the indoor printed		INTERMITTENCE	When heating the	ermostat is	OFF, fan speed is operated intermittently.		
[	NO VENT LINK		circuit board (in case of VRF series, by connecting it to CND of			FAN OFF	When the remote	ermostat is	OFF, the fan is stopped. is working, "FAN OFF" is set automatically.		
12 TEMP RANGE SET			board), you can operate /stop the ventilation device independen	ntily by LC (VENT) button.			Do not set "FAN	OFF* when	the indoor unit's thermistor is working.		
	INDN CHANGE	То	If you change the range of set temperature, the indicati	ion of set temperature					-		
[		10	will vary following the control.		11 FROST PREVENTION TEMP	Typus urou	Change of indoor	r heat excha	anger temperature to start frost prevention of	control.	
[	NO INDN CHANGE		If you change the range of set temperature, the indicati	ion of set temperature		TEMP HIGH TEMP LOW	4				
13 I/U FAN			will not vary following the control, and keep the set tem	perature.		LIGHT LOW TO	1				
10,1	HI-MID-LO	×	Air flow of fan becomes the three speed of *** -* *** -**	त्त क्ष <mark>रती - श्रेता - श</mark> ्रेता - श्रेता -	12 FROST PREVENTION CONTROL		Working only with	h the Sinale	split series.		
[	HI-LO	*	Air flow of fan becomes the two speed of %ant - %ar1.			FAN CONTROL ON O	To control frost p	revention, t	he indoor fan tap is raised.		
[	HE-MID 1 FAN SPEED	- ×	Air flow of fan becomes the two speed of % and - % and .		13 IDRAIN PUMPLINK	FAN CONTROL OFF	4				
[	I HAN SPEED	1 2%	Air flow of fan is fixed at one speed.		19 TORSHTM LOBIL CTUK	Iso In	Drain pump is rui	n durina ~~	oling and dry		
14 S□ POSITION			If you change the remote control function "14 등급P0SI			\$ O AND ⋈	Drain pump is rui	n durina coo	oling, dry and heating.		
			you must change the indoor function "04 🖘 POSITION"	" accordingly.		\$ O AND X AND RE	Drain pump is rui	n during coo	oling, dry, heating and fan.		
[	4POSITION STOP	10	You can select the louver stop position in the four.		14 S FAN REMAINING	© Ó ANDRE	Drain pump is rui	n during coo	oling, dry and fan.		
15 MODEL TYPE	FREE STOP		The louver can stop at any position.		14 1st THIN RETHUNUND	INO REMAINING O	After cooling in a	tonnad is O	FF, the fan does not perform extra operation		
	HEAT PUMP	1 *				0.5 HOUR	After cooling is st	topped is O	FF, the fan perform extra operation for half	an hour.	
13 THORES THE	HEHT PUMP					1 HOUR	After cooling is st	topped is O	FF, the fan perform extra operation for an h	our.	
	COOLING ONLY	*				6 HOUR	After cooling is st	topped is O	FF, the fan perform extra operation for six h	iours.	
16 EXTERNAL CONTROL SET	COOLING ONLY		Monada la collata Oct. Call de la collata de	A frage of frage 1 to 1 to 2							
	COOLING ONLY  INDIVIDUAL	0	If you input signal into CnT of the indoor printed circui	it board from external, the	15   * FAN REMAINING	IND REMAINING IO	After heating !		nating thermostat is OFF the fee do		
	COOLING ONLY		indoor unit will be operated independently according t	to the input from external.	15   * FAN REMAINING	NO REMAINING O			eating thermostat is OFF, the fan does not p		
16 EXTERNAL CONTROL SET	INDIVIDUAL		If you input signal into CnT of the indoor printed circui indoor unit will be operated independently according t if you input into CNT of the indoor printed circuit board fron connect to the same remote control are operated according	to the input from external. n external, all units which	15   * FAN REMAINING	0.5 HOUR 2 HOUR	After heating is s After heating is s	topped or h topped or h	eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex	dra operation fo dra operation fo	or half an h or two hou
	INDIVIDUAL FOR ALL UNITS		indoor unit will be operated independently according t If you input into CNT of the indoor printed circuit board fron	to the input from external. n external, all units which		0.5 HOUR	After heating is s After heating is s	topped or h topped or h	eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex	dra operation fo dra operation fo	or half an h or two hou
16 EXTERNAL CONTROL SET	COOLING ONLY  INDIVIDUAL  FOR ALL UNITS  INDICATION OFF		indoor unit will be operated independently according t If you input into CNT of the indoor printed circuit board fro connect to the same remote control are operated according	to the input from external. m external, all units which g to the input from external.	15   ** FAN REMAINING   16   ** FAN INTERMITTENCE	0.5 HOUR 2 HOUR 6 HOUR	After heating is s After heating is s	topped or h topped or h	eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex	dra operation fo dra operation fo	or half an h or two hou
16 EXTERNAL CONTROL SET	INDIVIDUAL FOR ALL UNITS		indoor unit will be operated independently according t if you input into CNT of the indoor printed circuit board from connect to the same remote control are operated according In normal working indication, indoor unit temperature is:	to the input from external. m external, all units which g to the input from external.		0.5 HOUR 2 HOUR 6 HOUR	After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s	topped or h topped or h topped or h	eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex	dra operation fo dra operation fo oxtra operation f	or half an h or two hou for six hou
16 EXTERNAL CONTROL SET	INDIVIDUAL FOR ALL UNITS  INDICATION OFF INDICATION ON		indoor unit will be operated independently according t If you input into CNT of the indoor printed circuit board fro connect to the same remote control are operated according	to the input from external. m external, all units which g to the input from external.		0.5 HOUR 2 HOUR 6 HOUR	After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s  During heating is with low fan spee	topped or h topped or h topped or h stopped or ad after twe	eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- heating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform nty minutes' OFF.	dra operation fo dra operation fo odra operation f intermittent op	or half an I or two hou for six hou eration for
16 EXTERNAL CONTROL SET	COOLING ONLY  INDIVIDUAL FOR ALL UNITS  INDICATION OFF INDICATION ON		indoor unit will be operated independently according t if you input into CNT of the indoor printed circuit board from connect to the same remote control are operated according. In normal working indication, indoor unit temperature is (Only the master remote control can be indicated.)	to the input from external.  m external, all units which g to the input from external.  indicated instead of air flow.		0.5 HOUR 2 HOUR 6 HOUR	After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s  During heating is with low fan spee During heating is	topped or h topped or h topped or h stopped or ed after twei stopped or	eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- theating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform nty minutes OFF.	dra operation fo dra operation fo odra operation f intermittent op	or half an h or two hou for six hou eration for
16 EXTERNAL CONTROL SET  17 ROOM FOR DISCRIPTION  18 EXCEPTION CATTON	INDIVIDUAL FOR ALL UNITS  INDICATION OFF INDICATION ON		indoor unit will be operated independently according t if you input into CNT of the indoor printed circuit board from connect to the same remote control are operated according In normal working indication, indoor unit temperature is:	to the input from external.  m external, all units which g to the input from external.  indicated instead of air flow.	16   XX FAN INTERNOTTENCE	0.5 HOUR 2 HOUR 6 HOUR  NO REMAINING 2 min OFF smin ON	After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s  During heating is with low fan spee	topped or h topped or h topped or h stopped or ed after twei stopped or	eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- theating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform nty minutes OFF.	dra operation fo dra operation fo odra operation f intermittent op	or half an h or two hou for six hou eration for
16 EXTERNAL CONTROL SET	COOLING ONLY  INDIVIDUAL FOR ALL UNITS  INDICATION OFF INDICATION ON		indoor unit will be operated independently according t if you input in COVI of the indoor printed circuit board from connect to the same remote control are operated according. In normal working indication, indoor unit temperature is (Only the master remote control can be indicated.) Healing preparation indication should not be indicated.	to the input from external.  m external, all units which g to the input from external.  indicated instead of air flow.		O.S. HOUR 2 HOUR 6 HOUR HO REMAINING zominOFF sminON sminOFF sminON	After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s  During heating is with low fan spee During heating is	topped or h topped or h topped or h stopped or ed after twe stopped or	eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- theating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform nty minutes OFF.	dra operation fo dra operation fo odra operation f intermittent op	or half an h or two hou for six hou eration for
16 EXTERNAL CONTROL SET  17 ROOM FOR DISCRIPTION  18 EXCEPTION CATTON	COOLING ONLY  INDIVIDUAL FOR ALL UNITS  INDICATION OFF INDICATION ON		indoor unit will be operated independently according I If you input in CNT of the indoor printed circuit board from connect to the same remote control are operated according. In normal working indication, indoor unit temperature is (Only the master remote control can be indicated.) Heating preparation indication should not be indicated. Temperature indication is by degree C.	to the input from external.  m external, all units which g to the input from external.  indicated instead of air flow.	16   XX FAN INTERNOTTENCE	0.5 HOUR 2 HOUR 6 HOUR  NO REMAINING 2 min OFF smin ON	After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s  During heating is with low fan spee During heating is with low fan spee	topped or h topped or h topped or h stopped or h stopped or ed after twe stopped or ed after five	eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- eating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform ex- theating thermostat is OFF, the fan perform nty minutes OFF.	tra operation for dra operation for extra operation for intermittent op intermittent op	or half an h or two hou for six hou eration for
16 EXTERNAL CONTROL SET  17 ROOM FOR DISCRIPTION  18 EXCEPTION CATTON	COOLING ONLY  INDIVIDUAL FOR ALL UNITS  INDICATION OFF INDICATION ON		indoor unit will be operated independently according t if you input in COVI of the indoor printed circuit board from connect to the same remote control are operated according. In normal working indication, indoor unit temperature is (Only the master remote control can be indicated.) Healing preparation indication should not be indicated.	to the input from external.  m external, all units which g to the input from external.  indicated instead of air flow.	16   XX FAN INTERNOTTENCE	OS HARR 2 HOUR G HOUR NO REMAINING 2001 HOFF Sui HON suithOFF SuithON XI STANDARD  XI STANDARD	After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s  During heating is with low fan spee During heating is with low fan spee	topped or h topped or h topped or h stopped or h stopped or ed after twe stopped or ed after five	eating thermostal is OFF, the fan perform eleating thermostal is OFF, the fan perform eleating thermostal is OFF, the fan perform eleating thermostal is OFF, the fan perform et heating thermostal is OFF, the fan perform thy minutes' OFF.  heating thermostal is OFF, the fan perform minutes' OFF.	tra operation for dra operation for extra operation for intermittent op intermittent op	or half an h or two hou for six hou eration for
16 EXTERNAL CONTROL SET  17 ROOM TOPP DOLIGNITION SET  18 39/49-INDICATION	COOLING ONLY  INDIVIDUAL FOR ALL UNITS  INDICATION OFF INDICATION ON		indoor unit will be operated independently according I If you input in CNT of the indoor printed circuit board from connect to the same remote control are operated according. In normal working indication, indoor unit temperature is (Only the master remote control can be indicated.) Heating preparation indication should not be indicated. Temperature indication is by degree C.	to the input from external.  m external, all units which g to the input from external.  indicated instead of air flow.	16   XX FAN INTERNOTTENCE	OS HARR 2 HOUR G HOUR NO REMAINING 2001 HOFF Sui HON suithOFF SuithON XI STANDARD  XI STANDARD	After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s After heating is s  During heating is with low fan spee During heating is with low fan spee	topped or h topped or h topped or h stopped or h stopped or ed after twe stopped or ed after five	eating thermostal is OFF, the fan perform eleating thermostal is OFF, the fan perform eleating thermostal is OFF, the fan perform eleating thermostal is OFF, the fan perform et heating thermostal is OFF, the fan perform thy minutes' OFF.  heating thermostal is OFF, the fan perform minutes' OFF.	tra operation for dra operation for extra operation for intermittent op intermittent op	or half an h or two hou for six hou eration for

## How to set function

Stop air-conditioner and press (SET) (MODE) buttons at the same time for over three seconds, and the "FUNCTION SET ▼" will be displayed.

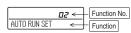


- 2. Press (SET) button.
- Make sure which do you want to set, "■ FUNCTION ▼" (remote control function) or "I/U FUNCTION ▲" (indoor unit function)
- 4. Press ▲ or ▼ button. Selecct "■ FUNCTION ▼" (remote control function) or "I/U FUNCTION A" (indoor unit function).

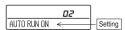


5. Press O (SET) button.

- 6. [On the occasion of remote control function selection]
  - ① "DATA LOADING" (Indication with blinking) Display is changed to "01 ₺₩₩ ESP SET".
  - ② Press ▲ or ▼ button. "No. and function" are indicated by turns on the remote control function table, then you can select from them. (For example)



③ Press (SET) button. The current setting of selected function is indicated. (for example) "AUTO RUN ON"  $\leftarrow$  If "02 AUTO RUN SET" is selected



④ Press ▲ or ▼ button. Select the setting.



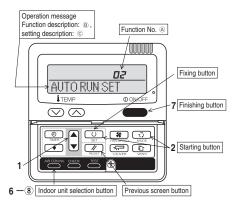
⑤ Press ◯ (SET)

"SET COMPLETE" will be indicated, and the setting will be completed.

Then after "No. and function" indication returns, Set as the same procedure if you want to set continuously ,and if to finish, go to 7.



7. Press ON/OFF button. Setting is finished.



## [On the occasion of indoor unit function selection]

① "DATA LOADING" (Blinking for 2 to 23 seconds to read the data) Indication is changed to "02 FAN SPEED SET". Go to ②.

## [Note]

(1) If plural indoor units are connected to a remote control, the indication is "I/U 000" (blinking) ← The lowest number of the indoor unit connected is indicated.

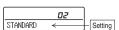


- (2) Press ▲ or ▼ button. Select the number of the indoor unit you are to set If you select "ALL UNIT ▼", you can set the same setting with
- (3) Press (SET) button.
- ② Press ▲ or ▼ button.

"No. and function" are indicated by turns on the indoor unit function table, then you can select from them. (For example)



③ Press O (SET) button.
The current setting of selected function is indicated. (For example) "STANDARD" ← If "02 FAN SPEED SET" is



- ④ Press ▲ or ▼ button. Select the setting
- S Press (SET) button.
  "SET COMPLETE" will be indicated, and the setting will be completed.

Then after "No. and function" indication returns, set as the same procedure if you want to set continuously , and if to finish, go to 7.



When plural indoor units are connected to a remote control, press the AIR CON No. button, which allows you to go back to the indoor unit selection screen. (example "I/U 000 \( \bigsize \)")

- It is possible to finish by pressing ON/OFF button on the way, but unfinished change of setting is
- During setting, if you press (// )(RESET) button, you return to the previous screen.
- Setting is memorized in the control and it is saved independently of power failure.

## [ How to check the current setting ]

When you select from "No. and funcion" and press set button by the previous operation, the "Setting" displayed first is the current

(But, if you select "ALL UNIT ▼ ", the setting of the lowest number indoor unit is displayed.)

## 1.10.4 Installation of outdoor unit Model FDC71VNX-W



Designed for R32 refrigerant Inverter driven split PAC 71VNX-W

# Check before installation work

- Model name and power source Refrigerant piping length
- Piping, wiring and miscellaneous small parts
  - Indoor unit installation manual

●The precautions described below are divided into   ▲ WARNING   and   △ CAUTION  . The matters with possibilities leading to serious consequences such as death or serious personal	
injury due to erroneous handling are listed in the 🛆 WARNING and the matters with possibilities leading to personal injury or damage of the unit due to erroneous handling including	
probability leading to serious consequences in some cases are listed in 🛆 CAUTION . These are very important precautions for safety. Be sure to observe all of them without fail.	
●The meaning of "Marks" used here are as shown below.	

•We recommend you to read this "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully before the installation work in order to gain full advantage of the functions of the unit and to avoid malfunction due to mishandling.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

When install the unit, be sure to check whether the selection of installation place, power source specifications, usage limitation (piping length, height differences between indoor and outdoor units, power source voltage and etc.) and installation spaces. OThis installation manual deals with outdoor units and general installation specifications only. For indoor units, refer to the respective installation manuals supplied with the units.

Never do it under any circumstance.

Always do it according to the instruction

●Units of single phase power source are equipment complying with IEO51000-3-12.
●Be sure to confirm no anomaly on the equipment by commissioning after completed installation and explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user according to the owner's manual.

●Keep the installation manual together with owner's manual at a place where any user can read at any time. Moreover if necessary, ask to hand them to a new

 Tighten the flare nut by using double spanners and torque wrench according to prescribed method. Be sure not to tighten the flare nut too much. damage on the flare part by tightening with excess torque can cause burst or refrigerant leaks which WARNING Installation must be carried out by the qualified installer.
 If you install the system by yourself, it may cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire and personal injury, as a result of a system ⋖

Do not open the service valves for liquid line and gas line until completed refrigerant piping work, air tightness test If the compressor is operated in state of opening service valves before completed connection of refrigerant piping work, you may live the refigerant outlines and after darin be sucked into refrigerant clicuit, which can cause burst or personal injury from a major larger and the refrigerant. • Only use prescribed optional parts. The installation must be carried out by the qualified installer. If you install the system by yourself, it can cause serious trouble such as water leaks, electric shocks, fire.

Use the original accessories and the specified components for installation.
 I pats other than those prochled by use used, it may cause fall of the unit, water leaks, electric shocks, fire, retrigerant leak, substanad performance, court failure and personal injury.

Install the system in full accordance with the instruction manual.
 Incorrect installation may cause bursts, personal injury, water leaks, elements.

revention measures. If the density of refrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of leakage, lack of oxygen can occur, which

● When installing in small rooms, take prevention measures not to exceed the density limit of refrigerant in the event of teakage accordance with ISOS149.

Do not perform any change of protective device itself or its setup condition.
 The forced operation by short-circulting protective device of pressure switch and temperature control or the use of non specified component in cause fire or burst.

● Consult the dealer or an expert regarding removal of the unit. Incorrect installation can cause water leaks, electric shocks or fire.

Do not bundle or wind or process the power cord. Do not deform the power cord by treading it.
 This may cause fire or heating.

serious accidents due to burst of the refrigerant circuit

Stop the compressor before closing valve and disconnecting refrigerant pipes in case of pump down operation.
If dsconnecting refrigerant pipes in state of opening service valves before compressor stopping, you may incur frost bite or injury from an abrupt refrigerant outflow and air can be sucked, which can cause burst or personal injury due to anomalously high pressure in the refrigerant circuit. • Ensure that no air enters in the refrigerant circuit when the unit is installed and removed. If air enter in the refrigerant circuit, the pressure in the refrigerant circuit becomes too high, which can cause burst and personal injury. Be sure to switch off the power source in the event of installation, inspection or servicing.
 If the power source is not shut off, there is a risk of electric shocks, unit failure or personal injury due to the unexpected start of fan. Do not run the unit with removed panels or protections
 Touching rotating equipments, hot surfaces or high voltage parts can cause personal injury due to entrapment, burn or electric Do not perform any repairs or modifications by yourself. Consult the dealer if the unit requires repair.
 If you repair or modify the unit, it can cause water leaks, electric shocks or fire. • Do not process or splice the power cord, or share the socket with other power plugs. This may cause fire or electric shock due to defecting contact, defecting insulation and over-current etc. Be sure to fix up the service panels.
 Incorrect fixing can cause electric shocks or fire due to intrusion of dust or water This unit is designed specifically for R32.
 Using any other refrigerant can cause unit failure and personal injury. If disconnesting refigerant pipes in state of opening service val injury from an abrupt refrigerant outlifow and air can be sucked, high pressure in the refrigerant circuit.

Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves while at work. Hang up the unit at the specified points with ropes which can support the weight in lifting for portage. And to avoid joiling out of alignment, be sure by many up the unit 44-point support.
 An improper manner of profage such as 5-point support can cause death or serious personal injury due to faithing of the unit. The electrical installation must be carried out by the qualified electrician in accordance with "the norm for electrical work" and "national
wining equalition", and has system must be connected to the deforted circuit.
 Power source with insufficient capacity and connect function done by improper work can cause electric shocks and fire. Use the prescribed cables for electrical connection, tighten the cables securely in terminal block and relieve the cables correctly to prevent
overloading the terminal business can cause anomalous heat production or fire. Arrange the wiring in the control box so that it cannot be pushed up further into the box, install the service panel correctly, incorrect installation may result in overheating and fire. hot surface, poisonous gas is produced. Be sure to use the cables conformed to safety standard and cable ampacity for power distribution work.
 Unconformable cables can cause electric lesk, anomalous heat production or fire. • Institute in the allocation with good support.

Unstallable that stallable concessions for states the unit to fall of case material damage and personal injury.

Unstallable that stallable concessions for states the unit to fall and cases material damage and personal injury.

Fixture the unit is stable when installable so that it can withtis tand earliers and or one winds.

Fixture the unit is stable when installable so that it can withtis and cause material damage and personal injury. Be sure to shut off the power before starting electrical work.
 Failure to shut off the power can cause electric shocks, unit failure or incorrect function of equipment. Ventilate the working area well in the event of refrigerant leakage during installation.
 If the refrigerant comes into contact with naked flames, poisonous gas is produced. ■ After completed installation, check that no refrigerant leaks from the system. If refrigerant leaks into the room and comes into contact with an oven or other hot su Use the prescribed pipes, flare nuts and tools for R32 and R410A.
 Using existing parts (for R22 or R407C) can cause the unit failure and s ● Do not perform brazing work in the airtight room It can cause lack of oxygen.

		CAUTION
	<ul> <li>Carry out the electrical work for ground lead with care         on the control to go the control to the control t</li></ul>	Do not use the base flame for outdoor unit which is conroded or damaged the to long periods of operation.      Do not use the base flame for cause the most related the unit stilling down and cause prescrib flury.      Do not install the unit in the locations itself be burnt stilling down and cause prescrib flury.
	<ul> <li>Use the circuit breaker for all pole with correct capacity.</li> <li>Using the incorrect circuit breaker, it can cause the unit malfunction and fire.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Locations where carbon fiber, metal powder or any powder is floating.</li> <li>Locations where any substances that can affect the unit such as suphide gas, chloride gas, acid and alkaline can occur.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Install isolator or disconnect switch on the power source wiring in accordance with the local codes and egulations.</li> <li>The isolator should be locked in accordanced with EN60204-1.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Vehicles and ships</li> <li>Locations where cosmetic or special sprays are offen used:</li> </ul>
<u> </u>	<ul> <li>Take care when carrying the unit by hand.</li> <li>If the nit weight into the last California that carrying the plastic straps, always use the carry hande when carrying the unit by hand last gloves to minimize the last of california alminimist.</li> </ul>	- Ludadors with medical policies of oil mist and steam stan as kilchen and machine paint Ludadors where any madarines with it permise in paint expenditure any madarines with it permise stant) as coustlines are used Ludadors with stally amongsteas scall, as coustlines can be remove hydrogen and none with management.
	<ul> <li>Dispose of any packing materials cornectly.</li> <li>Any imminity policy materials cornectly and a second injury as it contains rails and wood. And to avoid danger of suffication, be sure to keep the plastic wrapper away from children and to dayose after leaf it it.</li> </ul>	Locations we take yield required the control of the control o
	<ul> <li>Pay attention not to damage the drain pan by weld spatter when welding work is done near the indoor unit.</li> <li>If well spatter entending the indoor unit during welding work it can cause pin-hole in drain pan and result in vater leadage. To prevent such damage, keep the indoor unit in its packing or cover it.</li> </ul>	Locations with calcium chloride (e.g., snow melting agent)     Locations where heat radation from other heat source can affect the unit
	<ul> <li>Be sure to insulate the refrigerant pipes so as not to condense the ambient air moisture on them.</li> <li>Insufficient insulation can cause condensation, which can lead to moisture damage on the ceiling, floor, furniture and any other valuables.</li> </ul>	Locations without good air oriculation.     Locations with any obstacles which can prevent in let and outlet air of the unit
	<ul> <li>Be sure to perform air tightness test by pressurizing with nitrogen gas after completed retrigerant piping work.</li> <li>If the density of retrigerant exceeds the limit in the event of retrigerant leakage in the small room, lack of oxygen can occur, which can cause serious accidents.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lozations Wirde story affacts of an example until pass of multiple units installation</li> <li>Lozations where story affairbors against the air outlet of outboor unit</li> <li>Lozations where story affairbors and installation and itself installation</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Perform installation work properly according to this installation manual.</li> <li>Improper installation can cause abnormal vibrations or increased noise generation.</li> </ul>	Do not install the outdoor unit in the borations is listed before our properties of the control of the con
	<ul> <li>After maintenance, all wining, wining ties and the like, should be returned to their original state and wiring route, and the necessary clearance from all metal parts should be secured.</li> </ul>	Locations where outlet art of the outdoor unit bloss deciently to an animal or pehrs. The outlet art can affect activersely to the plant etc.  • Locations where outlet art of the outdoor unit bloss deciently to an animal or pehrs. The outlet art can affect activersely to the plant etc.  • Locations where outlet art of the barmpfiled and massmitted due to insufficient strength of structure.
0	<ul> <li>Earth leakage breaker must be installed.</li> <li>If the earth leakage breaker is not installed, it can cause fire or electric shocks.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Locations where witration and operation sound generated by the outdoor unit can affect seriously, (on the wall or at the place near bed room)</li> <li>Locations where an equipment affected by high harmonics is placed. (If Vest or radio receiver is placed within 5m)</li> </ul>
א	<ul> <li>Do not use any materials other than a tuse with the correct rating in the location where fuses are to be used.</li> <li>Connecting the circuit with cooper wire or other metal thread can cause unit failure and file.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Locations where dramage cannot run off saley.</li> <li>It can affect surrounding environment and cause a claim.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Do not install the unit near the location where leakage of combustible gases can occur.</li> <li>If leaked gases accumulate around the unit, it can cause fire.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do not use the unit for special purposes such as storing foods, coding precision instruments and preservation of animals, plants or art.</li> <li>It can cause the damage of the items.</li> </ul>
	Do not install the unit where corrosive gas (such as sulfurous acid gas etc.) or combustible gas (such as thinner and petroleum gases) can accumulate or collect, or where votalite combustible substances are handled.	<ul> <li>Do not touch any buttons with wet hands         It can cause electric shocks.     </li> </ul>
	Corrosive gas can cause corrosion of heat exchanger, breakage of plastic parts and etc. And combustible gas can cause fire.  Society a senare for inchallation internation and maintenance enautified in the manual	<ul> <li>Do not touch any refrigerant pipes with your hands when the system is in operation.</li> <li>During operation the refrigerant pipes become extremely hat or extremely cold depending the operating condition, and it can cause bum injury or frost injury.</li> </ul>
	Secure a space for insensativity inspection and maintenance specimen in the maintenance. Insufficient space can result in accident such as personal injury due to falling from the installation place.	Do not clean up the unit with water  Home course adverse cleans and the course adverse course course adverse course adver
	<ul> <li>When the outdoor unit is installed on a not or a high place, provide permanent landers and handralis adong the access route and fences and handralis around the outdoor unit.</li> <li>If safety facilities are not provided, it can cause personal injury due to falling from the installation place.</li> </ul>	It can take be built shows.  On not operate the outdoor unit with any article placed on it.
	<ul> <li>Do not instal nor use the system close to the equipment that generates electromagnetic refers or high frequency harmonics.</li> <li>Expirent such as invertes saranda generators, medical all frequency administration debenormunication equipment soral refers the system, and cause retained in the procession of the process</li></ul>	You may incur properly damage or personal injure from a fall of the article.  ● Do not stap onto the outdoor unit.  ∀ou may incur injur from a droor of fall.
	<ul> <li>Do not install the autdoor unit in a location where insects and small animals can inhabit.</li> <li>hisects and small animals can enter the electric parts and cause damage or fire. Instruct the user to keep the surroundings clean.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do not touch the suction or aluminum fin on the outdoor unit.</li> <li>This may cause injury.</li> </ul>

Notabilia as a unit designed for R410A		Dedicated R32 and R410A tools	
● Do not use any retrinerant other than R32 R32 will rise to pressure about 1.6 times biother than that of a conventional retrinerant R22 or R407C).	a)	Gauge manifold	
A cylinder containing R32 has a light blue indication mark on the too.	(q	Charge hose	
• A unit designed for R32 has adopted a different size indoor unit service valve charge port and a different size check joint provided in the unit to prevent the charging of a wrong refrigerant by mistake.	၁	c) Electronic scale for refrigerant charging	
The processed dimension of the flared part of a refrigerant pipe and a flare nut's parallel side measurement have also been altered to raise strength against pressure. Accordingly, you are required to	(p	d) Torque wrench	
arrange dedicated R32 tools listed in the table on the right before installing or servicing this unit.	e	Flare tool	
• Do not use a charge cylinder. The use of a charge cylinder will cause the refrigerant composition to change, which results in performance degradation.	£	Protrusion control copper pipe gauge	
■ In independent with a dylinder in the light plants. ■ In independent with a dylinder in the light plants. ■ In independent in the most be exercised by the content of the exercise will impair armore exercise. ■ All independent make he models destructed exercises by the CP 272 Cheek connected in the models in a catalon and in a catalon and in the connected into the exercise will impair armore exercise.	6	Vacuum pump adapter	
APPRINTING THE SECOND TO SECOND THE SECOND T	h)	) Gas leak detector	

# HAULAGE AND INSTALLATION (Take particular care in carrying in or moving the unit, and always perform such an operation with two or more persons.)



1) Delivery

When a unit is hoisted with slings for haulage, take into consideration the offset of its gravity center position. If not properly balanced, the unit can be thrown off-balance and fall.

Deliver the unit as close as possible to the installation site before removing it from the packaging.
 When some compelling reason necessitates the unpacking of the unit before it is carried in, use nylon slings or protective wood pieces so as not to damage the unit by ropes lifting it.

2) Portage Wooden pallet

### of installation location for the outdoor unit 3) Selection

⊑

Walls surrounding the unit in the four sides are not acceptable.
 There must be a 1-meter of larger space if the above.
 There must be a 1-meter of larger space if the above.
 When more than one unit are installed side by side, provide a 250mm or wider interval between them as a service space.
 order to facilitate servicing of controls, please provide a sufficient space between units so that their top plates can be order to facilitate servicing of controls, please provide a sufficient space between units so that their top plates can be

5) Installation space

removed easily.

Where a danger of short-circuiting exists, install guide louvers.

Where a danger of short-circuiting exists, install guide louvers.

When more than one unit are installed, provide sufficient intake space consciously so that short-circuiting may not occur.

Where pling save and bury the outdoor unit, provide proper snow guards.

Ab barrier wall placed in front of the exhaust diffriser must not be higher than the unit.

Be sure to select a suitable installation place in consideration of following conditions.

A place where it is chrizzula, stable and can endure the unit weight and will not allow wibration transmittance of the unit.

A place where it can be free from possibility to obthering neighbors due to noise or exhaust air from the unit.

A place where the unit is not expresed to oli splashes.

A place where the unit is not expresed to oli splashes.

A place where the unit will not be affected by heat radiation from other heat source.

A place where the unit will not be affected by heat radiation from other heat source.

A place where the unit will not be affected by leat radiation from other hand considerations and service of the unit stelly.

A place where the unit will not be affected by electromagnetic waves and/or high-harmonic waves generated by other equipment.

A place where the unit will not be affected by electromagnetic waves and/or high-harmonic waves generated by other equipment.

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A place where the unit will not be affected by electromagnetic waves and/or high-harmonic waves generated by other equipment.

O place where the unit in places which exposed to a be breaze (e.g. coastal area) or calcium chloride (e.g. snow melting agent), exposed to ammonia substance (e.g. organic fertilizer).

# 4) Caution about selection of installation location

(1) If the unit is installed in the area where the snow will accumulate, following measures are required. The bottom plate of unit and intake, outlet may be blocked by snow.

2. Provide a snow hood to the outdoor unit on site. Install the unit on the base so that the bottom is higher than snow cover surface.



Regarding outline of a snow hood, refer to our technical manual.

② Notabilia for installation

500 Open 100 250 Open 250 150

300 100 250

7 2 2

71

Example installation

Size

Fasten

3. Install the unit under eaves or provide the roof on site.

∏, Intake

Anchor bolt fixed position

6) Installation

 Don't execute drain piping work by using a drain elbow and drain grommets (optional parts). [Refer to DRAIN PIPING WORK.]
 Recommend setting Defrost Control (SW3-1) and Snow Guard Fan Control (SW3-2). [Refer to Setting SW3-1, SW3-2.] generated by defrost control may freeze, following measures are required.

water

Attach heater on a base plate on site, if there is possibility to freeze drain water.
 Traces that they proud has a conceptly drainage system, the drainage paths should have suitable measure against freezing but be sure in order the material of drainage paths with heat.

Use a thicker block to anchor deeper.

Use a long block to extend the width.

Outlet

Anchor bolt position

(2) if the unit can be affected by strong wind, following measures are required. Strong wind can cause damage of fan (fan motor), or can cause performance degradation, or can trigger anomalous stop of the unit due to rising of high pressure. 3.The unit should be installed on the stable and level foundation. If the foundation is not level, te down the unit with wires. 2.install the outlet air blow side of the unit in a position perpendicular to the direction of wind.

In installing the unit, fix the unit's legs with boths specified on the above.
 The protuction of an anchor both on the front side must be kept within 16 and.
 Securely install the unit so that it does not fall over during earthquakes or strong winds, etc.
 Before to that above illustrations for information regarding ourcette foundations.
 In the above illustration and a gradient of 5 mm or less.)
 Intropoper installation can result in a compressor failure, broken piping within the unit and abnormal robes generation.

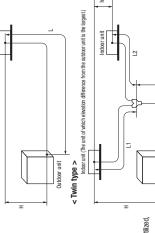


Wind direction

1.Install the outlet air blow side of the unit to face a wall of building, or provide a fence or a windbreak screen.







(riser) < Single type > Outdoor unit

# 2. REFRIGERANT PIPING WORK

Wind direction

Over 500 mm

# Restrictions on unit installation and use

 Observe the following restrictions on unit installation and use. Improper installation can result in a compressor failure or performance degradation Check the following points in light of the indoor unit specifications and the installation site.

2300	Docorintions	Dimensional	Marks appearting in the drawing	in the drawing
Despo	prioris	limitations	Single type	Twin type
One-way pipe length of refrigerant piping		<b>≥50m</b>	Г	L+L1+L2
Main pipe length		<b>≥50m</b>	-	٦
One-way pipe length after the first branching point	J point	≤20m	1	11, 12
One-way pipe length difference from the first branching point to the indoor unit	t branching point to the indoor unit	≥10m	1	L1—L2
Elevation difference between	When the outdoor unit is positioned higher,	≥30m	3	3
indoor and outdoor units	When the outdoor unit is positioned lower,	≤15m	=	=
Elevation difference between indoor units		≥0.5m	I	ч

 The use restrictions appearing in the table above are applicable to the standard pipe size combinations shown in the table below. Where an existing pipe system is utilized,
different one-way pipe length restrictions should apply depending on its pipe size. For more information, please see "6. UTILZATION OF EXISTING PIPING." **△CAUTION** 

### 2) Determination of pipe size

Determine refrigerant pipe size pursuant to the following guidelines based on the indoor unit specifications.

Model 71V	Gas pipe Liquid pipe	φ15.88 φ9.52	unit connected Flare Flare	iping (Main pipe L) φ15.88 φ9.52	Indoor unit connectied $\phi$ 15.88 $\phi$ 9.52	Capacity of indoor unit Model 71V	Branching pipe set DIS-WA1	Refrigerant piping (branch pipe L1,L2) $\phi$ 12.7 $\phi$ 9.52	Indoor unit connectied $\phi$ 12.7 $\phi$ 6.35	Canacity of indoor unit
		Land of the state	סמנמססן מווו כסוווופכנפת	Refrigerant piping (Main pipe L)		In the case a single type Capacity of inc	Branching pipe		III ure case a twill type Indoor unit cor	Capacity of inc

Without nitrogen gas, a large quantity of foreign matters (oxidized film) are created, causing a critical failure from capillary tube or expansion valve clogging. Primary side Station valve Brazing must be performed under a nitrogen gas flow. material, and fill the pipe with nitrogen gas. Plug the end of the pipe with tape, or other Only use nitrogen <N2> About brazing Taping перотій

•When the 40V model is connected as an indoor unit, always use a ¢9.52 liquid pipe for the branch (branching pipe – indoor unit) and a different diameter joint supplied with the branching pipe set for connection with the indoor unit (¢6.35 on the indiud pipe set).

A fact 355 pipe is used for connection with a branching pipe, a refrigerant distribution disorder may occur, causing one of the indoor units to fall short of the rated capacity.

A face pipe must be a part of the main. A branching pipe set should be installed horizontally at a point as close to an indoor unit as possible.

A branching part must be dressed with a heat-installation material supplied as an accessory.

For the details of installation work required at and near a branching area, see the installation manual supplied with your branching pipe set.

# 3) Refrigerant pipe wall thickness and material

**<b>○**CAUTION

Select refrigerant pipes of the table shown on the right wall thickness and material as specified for each pipe size.

than the specified minimum pipe thickness.

A 0.4 Flared pipe end: A (mm)

Copper pipe outer diameter

\*Phosphorus deoxidized seamless copper pipe C1220T, JIS H3300 NOTE 

Select pipes having a wall thickness larger 0-type pipe | 0-type pipe | 0-type pipe | 0-type pipe 15.88 12.7 **DD11111111** 9.52 6.35 Take care so that installed pipes may not touch components within a unit.
 If touching with an internal component, it will generate abnormal sounds and/or vibrations. Pipe diameter [mm]
Minimum pipe wall thickness [mm]
Pipe material\* ● Flare connection is used between the unit and refrigerant pipe. Flare a pipe after engaging a flare nut onto it. Hare dimensions for R52 are different from those for conventional R22 and R407C. Although we recommend the use of flaring tools designed specifically for R32, conventional flaring tools can also be used by adjusting the measurement of profusion B with a profusion control gauge.
■ The pipe should be anchored every 1.5m or less to isolate the vibration.
■ Tighten at flare joint securely with a double spanner. Carry out the on site piping work with the service valve fully closed.
 Give sufficient protection to a pipe end (compressed and blazed, or with an adhesive tape) so that water or foreign menters may not enter the piping.
 Elend a pipe to a radius as large as practical (R100 –R150) Do not bend a pipe repeatedly to correct Please remove the screw of a side cover and remove to the front.

How to remove the side cover

its form.

4) On-site piping work **∴ IMPORTANT** 

With a conventional tool

With an R32 tool

Copper pipe outer diameter

In the case of a rigid (clutch) type

Copper pipe protrusion for flaring: B (mm)

φ15.88

φ6.35 φ9.52 φ12.7

0.7 - 1.3

0 - 0.5

φ6.35 φ9.52 φ12.7 φ15.88

Fix both liquid and gas service valves at the valve main bodies as illustrated on the right, and then fasten them, applying appropriate fastening torque. Do not apply refrigerating machine oil to the flared surface. It can cause refrigerant leakage. Do not hold the valve cap area with a spanner.

Use a torque wrench. If a torque wrench is not available, fasten the flare nut manually first and then tighten it further, using the left table as a guide.

45 – 60 30 – 45 30 – 45 15 – 20 14 – 18 34 – 42 φ6.35 (1/4") φ9.52 (3/8") φ12.7 (1/2") φ15.88(5/8")

### CAUTION

Do not apply force beyond proper fastening torque in tightening the flare nut.

Recommended length of a tool handle 300 250 Tightening torque Tightening angle (N-m) Service valve size (mm)

① Although outdoor and indoor units themselves have been tested for air tightness at the factory, check the connecting pipes after the installation work for air tightness from the service

valve's check joint equipped on the outdoor unit side. While conducting a test, keep the service valve shut all the time.

A Plass the pressure to 0.5 Mar, and then stop. Lave it for five minutes to see if the pressure drops.

b) Then raise the pressure to 1.5 Mar, and stop, Lave it for five minutes to see if the pressure drops.

c) Then raise the pressure to 1.5 Mar, and stop, Lave it for five more minutes to see if the pressure drops.

c) If no pressure of the specified level (4.15 MPa), and record the ambient temperature and the pressure.

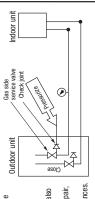
c) If no pressure of the specified level (4.15 MPa), and record the ambient temperature and the pressure.

fall approximately 0.0 MPa. The pressure if changed, should be compensated for.

fall approximately 0.0 MPa. The pressure if changed, should be compensated for.

e) If a pressure drop is observed in checking e) and a) — 0, a leak exists somewhere. Find a leak by applying bubble test liquid to welded parts and flare joints and repair it. After repair,

© In conducting an air-tightness test, use nitrogen gas and pressurize the system with nitrogen gas from the gas side. Do not use a medium other than nitrogen gas under any circumstances. conduct an air-tightness test again.



Pay attention to the following points in addition to the above for the R32 and compatible machines.

Airtighteness test completed

gauge manifold and a charge hose in particular be shared with other refrigerant types (R22, R407C, etc.).

Use a counterflow prevention adapter to prevent vacuum pump To prevent a different oil from entering, assign dedicated tools, etc. to each refrigerant type. Under no circumstances must a

> Vacuuming completed Vacuum gauge check Fill refrigerant

Run the vacuum pump for at least one hour after the vacuum gauge shows -101kPa or lower. (-755mmHg or lower)

When the system has remaining moisture inside or a leaky point, the vacuum gauge Check the system for a leaky point and then

6) Evacuation <Work flow> Confirm that the vacuum gauge indicator does not rise even if the system is left for one hour or more.

oil from entering the refrigerant system.

## 7) Additional refrigerant charge

draw air to create a vacuum again.

indicator will rise

(1) Calculate a required refrigerant charge volume from the following table

ltem Capacity	Additional charge volume (kg) per meter of refrigerant piping (liquid pipe)	Refrigerant volume charged for shipment at the factory (kg)	Installation's pipe length (m) covered without additional refrigerant charge
Model 71V	0.054	2.75	30

● This unit contains factory charged refrigerant covering 30m of refrigerant piping and additional refrigerant charge on the installation site is not required for an installation with up to 30m refrigerant piping. When refrigerant piping exceeds 30m, additionally charge an amount calculated from the pipe length and the above table for the portion in excess of 30m.

● If an existing pipe system is used, a required refrigerant charge volume will vary depending on the liquid pipe size. For further information, please see "6. UTILIZATION OF EXISTING PIPING."

Formula to calculate the volume of additional refrigerant required

Additional charge volume (kg) = { Main pipe length (m) - Length covered without additional charge 30 (m) } x 0.054 (kg/m) + Total length of branch pipes (m) x 0.054 (kg/m)

\*When an additional charge volume calculation result is negative, it is not necessary to charge refrigerant

(2) Charging refrigerant

Since R32 refrigerant must be charged in the liquid phase, you should charge it, keeping the container cylinder upside down or using a refrigerant cylinder equipped with a siphon tube.
A charge refrigerant aways from the liquid phase shorte both with the service both with the cooling mode. In doing so, care must be taken so that refrigerant may be discharged from the cylinder in the liquid phase all the time. When the cylinder valve is the cooling mode. In doing so, care must be taken so that refrigerant may be discharged from the cylinder in the liquid phase all the time. When the cylinder valve is the cooling the cooling phase refrigerant into mist is used to protect the compressor, however, adjust charge conditions so that refrigerant will gasify upon entering the unit.
A in charging efrigerant, always charge a calculated working a scale to measure the charge volume.
A in charging efrigerant, always charge a calculated as radied as charge operation within 30 minutes. Burning the unit with an insufficient quantity of refrigerant for a long time can cause a compressor failure.

8) Heating and condensation prevention

- Improper heat insulation/anti-dew dressing can result in a water leak or dripping causing damage to household effects, etc. (1) Dress refrigerant pipes (both gas and liquid pipes) for heat insulation and prevention of dew condensation.

NOTE Put down the refrigerant volume calculated from the pipe length onto the caution label attached on the back side of the service panel

(2) Use a heat insulating material that can withstand 120°C or a higher temperature. Poor heat insulating capacity can cause heat insulation problems or cable deterioration.

- Improper heat insulation/anti-dew dressing can result in a water leak or dripping causing damage to household effects, etc.

- All gas pipes must be securely heat insulated in order to prevent damage from dripping water that comes from the condensation formed on them during a cooling operation or personal injury from burns because their surface can reach quite a high temperature due to discharged gas flowing inside during a heating operation.

Wrap indoor units' flare joints with heat insulating parts (pipe cover) for heat insulation (both gas and liquid pipes).

Give heat insulation to both gas and liquid side pipes. Bundle a heat insulating material and a pipe tightly together so that no gaps may be left between them and wrap them together with

Although it is verified in a test that this air conditioning unit shows satisfactory performance under JIS condensation test conditions, both gas and liquid pipes need to be dressed with 20 mm or thicker heat insulation materials above the ceiling where relative humidity exceeds 70%.

### 3. DRAIN PIPING WORK

• Execute drain piping by using a drain elbow and drain grommets supplied separately as optional parts, where water drained from the outdoor unit is a

Water may drip where there is a larger amount of drain water. Seal around the drain elbow and drain grommets with putty or adequate cauking material.
 Condensed water may flow out from vicinity of service valve or connected pipes.
 Where you are likely to have several days of sub-zero temperatures in a row, do not use a drain elbow and drain grommets. (There is a risk of drain water freezing inside and blocking the drain.)
 Do not use drain elbow and grommet made of plastic for drain piping when base heate it to outdoor unit is used. Plastic grommet and elbow will be damaged and burnt in worst case.
 Prepare another drain tray made of metallic material for collecting drain when base heate is used.

 When condensed water needs to be led to a drain, etc., install the unit on a flat base (supplied separately as an optional part) or concrete blocks.
 Then, please secure space for the drain elbow and the drain hose. (To be procured on the installer's part) Do not put a grommet on this hole. This is a supplementary drain hole to discharge drain water, when a large quantity of it is gathered. CAUTION Drain hose Drain elbow Grommet

Clearance

# For details of electrical cabling, refer to the indoor unit installation manual **ELECTRICAL WIRING WORK**

Bectrical installation work must be performed by an electrical installation service provider qualified by a power provider of the country.

• Bectrical installation work must be executed according to the technical standards and other regulations applicable to electrical installations in the country.

• Do not use any supply cord lighter than one specified in parentheses for each type below.

- braided cord (code designation) 602-45 IEC 51.

ordinary tough rubber sheathed cord (code designation 60245 IEC 53)
 flat twin tinsel cord (code designation 60227 IEC 41);

The first was anything lighter than polychloopene sheather flexible cond (code designation 60245 IEC57) for supply cords of parts of appliances for outdoor use.

•Council be anything lighter than polychloopene sheather flexible cond (code designation 60245 IEC57) for supply cords of parts of appliances for outdoor use.

•Council be unit to brack connecting the power table.

•A grounding wire must be connected before connecting the power rable.

•The installation of an impulse withstanding type earth leakage breaker is necessary. A failure to install an earth leakage breaker can result in an accordant such as an electric shock or a fire.

•Do not turn on the power until the electrical work is completeted.

•Do not turn on the power until the electrical work is completeted.

-for power supply cables, use conduits.
 -for power supply cables (renote control and signaling wires) and other cables together outside the unit. Laying them together can result in the administrationing or afailure of the unit due to electric noises.

overheat accident)

• Fasten cables so that may not touch the piping, etc.
• When cables are connected, make sur that all electrical components within the electrical component box are free of loose connector coupling or terminal connection and then attach the cover securely, (improper cover attachment can result in malfunctioning or a failure of the unit, if water penetrates into the box.)
• Always use a three-core cable for an indoor-outdoor connecting cable. Never use a shield cable.

# Power cable, indoor-outdoor connecting wires

Always perform grounding system installation work with the power cord unplugged.
 Commercy a pair beging a common farminal number with an indoor-outdoor connecting wire.
 e) in cabing, fasten cables securely with cable clamps so that no external force may work on terminal connections.
 Grounding terminals are provided in the control box.

Grounding wire thickness φ1.6mm CAUTION Always use an earth leakage circuit breaker designed for inverter circuits to prevent a faulty operation Cable length (m) MAX. over current (A) Power cable thickness (mm²) 3.5 Single phase 3 wire 220-240V 50Hz Power source Model 717 Outdoor unit

Earth leakage breaker (Harmonic resistant type)

Indoor unit

×

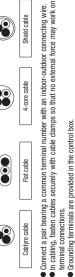
1 2/N 3 ± 1 2/N 3 =

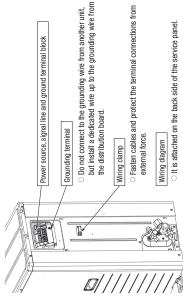
† N I

| X | Y | Remote control

Φ1.6mm x 3

The specifications shown in the above table are for units without heaters. For units with heaters, refer to the installation instructions or the construction instruction unit.
 Switchinger or circuit treaker capacity which is calculated from MAX, over current should be chosen along the regulations in each country.
 (a) Power source cable: Use the cable which is conformed with 60245 EC57. When selecting the power source cable length, make sure that voltage drop is less than 2%. If the wire length gets longer, increase the wire almented.
 (b) Indoor-Outdoor connecting wires: Use the wires which is conformed with 60245 EC57.





SSA564A117 Specification 250V 20A Main fuse specification Model 717

All set to 0FF for shipment

### 5. TEST RUN

**∯** WARNING

Before conduct a test run, make sure that the service valves are open.
 Iffun on power 6 hours prior to a test run to energize the creatk case heart.
 Without this operation, refrigerant may accumulate in the compressor and earth teakage breaker may be activated.
 In case of the first operation after tuming on power, even if the unit does not move for 30 minutes, it is not a breakdown.
 Awarsa give a 2-minute or longer interval before you start the unit again wherever it is stopped.
 Removing the service parel will expose high-voltage live parts and high-temperature parts, which are quite dangerous. Take utmost care not to incur an electric shock or burns. Do not leave the unit with the service panel open.

A failure to observe these instructions can result in a compressor breakdown.

CAUTION
 CAUTION

When you operate switches for on-site setting, be careful not to touch a live part.
 You cannot check discharge pressure from the liquid service valve charge port.
 The A-way valve (20.5) is emegized during a healing operation.
 When power source is cut off to reset the unit, give 3 or more minutes before you turn on power again after power is cut off.
 If this procedure is not observed in turning on power again, "E-5" (Communication error) may occur.

About insulation resistance

• An insulation resistance value may drop to several M ohms immediately after installation or when the unit is left for a long time without power, because refrigerant is gathered in the compressor. When the earth-leakage breaker is actuated due to low insulation (1) Check whether a normal insulation resistance value is restored about 6 hours after power is turned. Turning on power will energize the compressor and heat it to evaporate refrigerant gathered in it.

Chisch whether the earth-leadage breaker is a farmanic resistant type.

This unit is equipped with an inverter and therefore, the use of a harmonic resistant type earth-leadage breaker is necessary to prevent a false actuation. resistance, please check the following:

When you leave the outdoor unit with power supplied to it, be sure to close the panel.

Items to check before a test run

Item

Item No.used in the installation manual

Cooling during a test run Heating during a test run

SW-5-3 SW-5-4 N 出

Normal or After the test operation

Check item

### 1) Test run method

Please remove a side cover.

OFF -(1) A test run can be initiated from an outdoor unit by using SW5-4 for on-site setting.

SW5-3 and SW6-4 for on-site setting operation, when SW5-4 is OPF, or a heating operation, when SW5-4 is ON.

(3) The unit will start a cooling operation, when SW5-4 is ON.

 $\frac{1}{8}$  in case of the first operation after turning on the power source, when the unit runs in the cooling mode at outside temperature  $\frac{1}{8}$ °C or lower, it automatically changes into the cooling mode after it runs in the heating mode for 10 minutes. (4) Do not fail to switch SW5-3 to OFF when a test run is completed.

# 2) Checking the state of the unit in operation

Please remove a service panel.

Use check joints provided on the piping before and after the churway valve installed inside the outdoor unit for checking discharge pressure and suction pressure. As indicated in the table shown on the right, pressure detected at each point will vary depending on whether a cooling or healthing operation has been selected.

Setting SW3-1, SW3-2, SW3-4, on-site.

Please remove a service panel.

(High pressure) Suction pressure (Low pressure) Check joint of the pipe Discharge pressure (High pressure) Suction pressure Heating operation Cooling operation

Electric

### Test run procedure Indoor unit ᄪ

(1) Defrost control switching (SW3-1)

When this switch is turned ON, the unit will run in the defrost mode more frequently.

Set this switch to ON, when installed in a region where outdoor temperature falls below zero during the season the unit is run for a heating operation.

(2) Show guard an acronfol (SM3-2)

When this switch is turned on, the outdoor unit fan will run for 30 seconds in every 10 minutes, when outdoor temperature falls to 3°C or lower and the compressor is not running.

Check

The contents of operation

Switches for on-site setting Power source, signal line and SW5
SW6
SW8
SW8
SW8 Û≷ pround terminal block 123 1234 Switches for on-site setting All set to OFF for shipment ₹**\** 

Check whether the service valves are open.
 At a mort has been canceled when 3 minutes have elapsed since a compressor stop, you can restart the unit by effecting Check Reset from the remote control unit.

rice valves shut

63H1 actuation or operation with service valves shut (occurs mainly during a heating operation)

Blinking continuously Blinking continuously

Open phase

Blinking once Blinking once

E34 E40

Failure event

When the unit is used in a very snowy country, set this switch to ON.
 Uwer noise silent mode (SW3-4).
 Upper limit of compressor speed and fan speed becomes lower in silent mode.

Failure diagnosis in a test run

Primted circuit board LED (The cycles of 5 seconds)

Green LED

Red LED

Error indicated on the remote control unit

Check power cables for loose contact or disconnection

※1 Do not operate SW3-3, SW5-1, SW5-2, SW7, SW8-2, SW8-3.
※2 Refer to TECHNICAL MANUAL about SW9. (Pump down SW)

Heed the following on the first operation after turning on the circuit breaker.

# This outdoor unit may start in the standby mode (waiting for a compressor startup), which can continue up to 30 minutes, to prevent the oil level in the compressor from lowering on the first operation after turning on the circuit breaker. If that is the case, do not suspect a unit failure.

-113 -

### If an error code other than those listed above is indicated, refer to the wiring diagram of the outdoor unit and the indoor unit. Blinking continuously Blinking once E49

The following table illustrates the steady states of the electronic expansion valve. The state of the electronic expansion valve.

		When the unit come	es to a normal stop	When the unit comes	to an abnormal stop
	wileli powei is tullieu oli	During a cooling operation	During a heating operation	During a cooling operation	During a heating operation
Valve for a cooling operation	Complete shut position	Complete shut position	Full open position	Full open position	Full open position
Valve for a heating operation	Full open position	Full open position	Complete shut position	Full open position	Full open position

# **6. UTILIZATION OF EXISTING PIPING.**Check whether an existing pipe system is reusable or not by using the following flow chart.

Cooling capacity drop	0.11kg/m	φ12.7	φ15.88	4	25	15	The pipe length should be at least 5m. If the pipe length is shorter than 5m, the quantity of refrigerant needs to be	reduced. Please consult with our distributor in the area, if you need to recover refrigerant and charge it again.				<ul> <li>Any combinations of pipe sizes not listed in</li> </ul>	the tableare not usable.				: reusable.>	ne branching pipes.			Additional charge volume (Kg) = {Main pipe length (m) _ Length covered without additional charge shown in the table (m)} X	Additional charge would be interested by the stock of pipe shown in the table (kg/m) + Total length of branch pipes (m) × Additional charge volume per meter of pipe shown in the table (kg/m)	eds to be charged.	Example) When an 71V (single installation) is installed in a 30m long existing pipe system (liquid \( \phi\) 127, gas \( \phi\) 15.88), the quantity of refrigerant to charge additionally should be (30m-25m) x 0.11kg/m = 0.55 kg.	00.>		ri.
h limits Cool ↓ :	0.054kg/m	φ9.52	φ15.88	0	20	30	is shorter than	you need to re	ot usable.			0.054ka/m	Φ9.52	φ15.88		0	ng pipes are	use our genui			ength covered v	orial criarge volu Iditional charge	al refrigerant ne	ng existing pipe a e (30m-25m) x 0	oling operati		butor in the area
ar pipe lengtl	0.0	φ9.52	Φ12.7	† loo⊃	32	30	ipe length	the area, if	table are n			0.0	•	φ12.7		0	h branchi	s, please		9	ngth (m) – L	es (m) × Ad	n, no addition	in a 30m lor ally should be	n for a co	tem.	tct our distril
-(Table of pipe size restrictions.) $\odot$ Sendard pipe size $\bigcirc$ S	Additional charge volume per meter of pipe	Liquid pipe	Gas pipe	Usability	Maximum one-way pipe length	Length covered without additional charge	be at least 5m. If the p	t with our distributor in	Any combinations of pipe sizes not listed in the table are not usable.	Dine exetem ofter the branching nine	shle	Additional charging amount of refrigerant per 1m	Liquid pipe	Gas pipe	type Combination of capacity	40+40	<the are="" branching="" existing="" model="" of="" pipes="" reusable.="" types="" units="" which=""></the>	In case of replacement of used branching pipes, please use our genuine branching pipes.		Formula to calculate additional charge volume	olume (kg) = {Main pipe le	Total length of branch pip	% If you obtain a negative figure as a result of calculation, no additional refrigerant needs to be charged	When an 71V (single installation) is installed in a 30m long existing pipe system (liquid $\phi$ 12. the quantity of refrigerant to charge additionally should be $(30m-25m) \times 0.11$ kg/m = $0.55$ kg.	Where the existing unit cannot be run for a cooling operation.>	Wash the pipe system or install a new pipe system.	<ul> <li>If you choose to wash the pipe system, contact our distributor in the area.</li> </ul>
<table of="" pipe="" restrictions="" size=""> ○:Sandard pipe size O:Usable △:Restri</table>	nal charge volui				Maximu	Length covered	ength should	Please consul	nations of pip	m offer the	n ipe system anter une bro ⊘-Standard nine size ⊖-Heable	charding amount	D		Combination type	Twin	l types of e	eplacement		c atclinta	ional charge w		n a negative fig	When an 71V (s he quantity of r	e the existin	the pipe syster	ou choose to w
<table of<br="">©:Standard p</table>	Addition	Dina ciza	1 100 3120		717		The pipe I	reduced.	<ul><li>Any combi</li></ul>	/Dina eveta	∴Standard n	Additional		Pipe size	Model	71V	<the mode<="" td=""><td>In case of 1</td><td></td><td>Formula to</td><td>Addit</td><td></td><td>* If you obtain</td><td>Example) V</td><td><where< td=""><td>Wash</td><td>● If yo</td></where<></td></the>	In case of 1		Formula to	Addit		* If you obtain	Example) V	<where< td=""><td>Wash</td><td>● If yo</td></where<>	Wash	● If yo
START	20 Unit connected to the	_	VES subtract of a substract of the subst	an remarking narray	Does the existing pipe system to rease satisfy all of the following?	( ) The pipe intrins SM or the Mass. (2) The pipe intrins SM or the Mass or pipe size restrictions. (2) The pipe intrinsic SM or the Mass or pipe size restrictions. (3) The pipe intrinsic SM or the Mass or pipe size restrictions.	_		s the unit to result in the secting pile system a YES Chargo the banching pile to a specified type. Chargo is impossible.	MD Charge	is the existing pipe system to reuse thee of coronicon, flaves or density    YES   Repair the damaged parts.   Rep	NO Repair Repair	Is the existing pion system to reuse from the second in the control of the contro	System before)  MM   Art rightness is CIX	no indoor unit connected?	]	Rechast includion metals of the rection give system to reuse  Requir for damaged parts.  Requir for damaged parts.  Requir for damaged parts.	NO 4	Aeril there any bose pipe supports?  Repair the damaged parts.	No locose pipe supports Some locose pipe supports Regair	The existing pipe system is reusable. The existing pipe system is not reusable.	Authors the existing unit can be run for a cooling operation >		(1) Run the unit for 30 minutes for a cooling operation. (2) Short he indoor fan and run the unit for 3 minutes for a cooling operation (returning lignish).	(3) Close the liquid side service valve of the outdoor unit and pump down (refrigerant recovery) (4) Blow with infromer ass. ** If dissolved refrigeration oil or any foreign matters is dissapaned by	the blow, wash the pipe system or install a new pipe system.	<ul> <li>For the flare nut, do not use the old one, but use the one supplied with the outdoor unit.</li> <li>Process a flare to the dimensions specified for RS2.</li> <li>■ Turn on-site setting switch SWR-1 to the ON position. (Where the gas pipe size is φ 19.05)</li> </ul>

### 1.10.5 Instructions for branching pipe set (DIS-WA1, WB1, TA1, TB1)

PSB012D865 /A

### **WARNING / CAUTION**

- This set is for R410A and R32 refrigerant.

  Select a hranching pine and refrigerant.
- Select a branching pipe set correctly rated for the combined total capacity of connected indoor units and install it according to this manual. An improperly installed branching pipe set can cause degraded performance or an abnormal unit stop.
- Provide good heat insulation to the pipes by following instructions contained in this manual.
- Improper heat insulation can result in degraded performance or a water leak accident from condensation.
- Please make sure that only parts supplied as accessories or the manufacturer's approved parts are used in installing the unit, because a leak of refrigerant can result in a lack-of-oxygen accident, if it reaches a concentration beyond the tolerable limit.

This manual explains how to use a branching pipe set that is indispensable in connecting pipes for a twin/triple/double-twin configuration installation (system). For the details of piping work, unit installation work and electrical installation work, please refer to the installation manuals and installation guides supplied with your outdoor and indoor units.

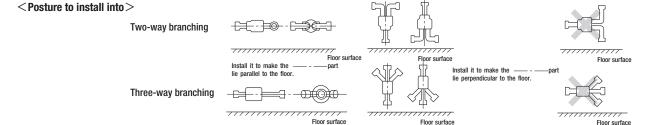
### 1. Branching pipe set specifications

(2) Connect pipes as illustrated in the table below. The pipe from an outdoor unit must be brazed to the pipe connection port "①" and the pipes from indoor units to "②," "③" and "④."

Branching pipe set type	Supported outdoor/inc	loor unit combinations		Part	lists		
branching pipe set type	Outdoor unit model	Indoor unit model	Branching pipe set for a liquid pipe	Branching pipe set for a gas pipe	Different diameter pipe joint	Heat insulation material	
	3HP	1.5HP+1.5HP	ID9.52	ID15.88	Joint A		
	4HP	2HP+2HP			ID9.52 2 pieces		
DIS-WA1		1.5HP+2.5HP	0	① \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Flare joint (for indoor unit side connection)	1 129	
(Two-way branching set)	5HP	2.5HP+2.5HP			(for indoor drift side conflection)		
(Two way branching oot)		2HP+3HP	ID9.52 🕌 ③	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Joint B 2 pieces		
	6HP	3HP+3HP	ID9.52	ID15.88 ID15.88	0D15.88 D12.7	One each for liquid and gas	
	0	2HP+4HP	1 piece	1 piece		one each for inquite and gas	
DIS-WB1 (Two-way branching set)		4HP+4HP	ID9.52	ID15.88			
	8HP	3HP+5HP			Joint C 1 piece 0D12.7 D9.52		
	10HP	5HP+5HP	ID12.7 3 ID9.52 1 piece	1 piece ID25.4 ID15.88		One each for liquid and gas	
DIS-TA1 (Three-way branching set)	6HP	2HP+2HP+2HP	109.52 1 piece	ID12.7 ①	Joint A  ID9.52	One each for liquid and gas	
DIS-TB1 (Three-way branching set)	8HP	3HP+3HP+3HP	109.52 109.52 1 piece	1D15.88 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Joint A   2 pieces	One each for liquid and gas	

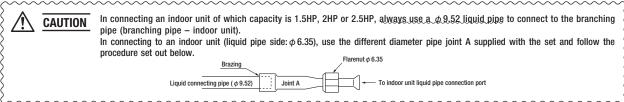
(3) To connect pipes for a Double Twin installation (involving 4 indoor units), please see 2-7. "Double Twin configuration." (4) A branching pipe set must always be installed into the posture as illustrated in the drawing below.

ID stands for inner diameter and OD, outer diameter



### 2. Pipe connecting procedure

Braze the different diameter pipe joint found in the set matching the connected outdoor and indoor unit capacities according to the instructions set out below.



### 2-1 DIS-WA1

	combinations Indoor unit model	Liquid branching pipe	Gas branching pipe			
ЗНР	1.5HP+1.5HP		Joint B			
	2HP+2HP	Flare joint (φ6.35)   Joint A	Joint B 3 ID12.7			
4НР	1.5HP+2.5HP	Connecting pipe (\$\phi 9.52)	ID12.7   Joint B   ID12.7   Joint B   ID12.7   Joint B   ID12.7   ID15.88   ID15.88			
	2.5HP+2.5HP	(φ 6.35)	ID12.7 ID15.88 ID15.88 ID15.88 ID15.88 ID15.88			
5HP	2HP+3HP	Flare joint $(\phi 6.35)$ Joint A  Connecting pipe $(\phi 9.52)$ $(\phi 9.$	ID12.7  Joint B → 1  ID15.88  ID15.88			
	3НР+3НР	ID9.52 ID9.52 ID9.52	ID15.88  ID15.88  ID15.88			
6НР	2HP+4HP	Flare joint $(\phi 6.35)$ Connecting pipe $(\phi 9.52)$ ID9.52  D9.52  CAUTION  ID9.52  Flare joint $(\phi 6.35)$ Joint A  Connecting pipe $(\phi 9.52)$ CAUTION  ID9.52  Flare joint $(\phi 6.35)$ GAUTION	Joint B (D12.7)  Joint B (D15.88)  ID15.88			

### 2-2 DIS-WB1

	ombinations	Liquid branching pipe	Gas branching pipe		
Outdoor unit model	Indoor unit model	Liquid branching pipe	das branching pipe		
8HP	3HP+5HP	ID9.52	ID15.88		
	4HP+4HP	↑① 片③ Joint C ID9.52	ID25.4 3 3 ID15.88		
10HP	5HP+5HP	ID9.52 ID12.73 (2) ID9.52	ID15.88 (2) (3) (3) (1015.88		

### 2-3 DIS-TA1 Applicable to the difference in length of pipes after the branch being less than 3m \* Connection is not allowed when the difference in length of pipes is larger than 3m.

Supported of Outdoor unit model	ombinations Indoor unit model	Liquid branching pipe	Gas branching pipe
6НР	2HP+2HP+2HP	Connecting pipe Joint A ( $\phi$ 9.52)  ID9.52 Flare joint ( $\phi$ 6.35)  Joint A CAUTION Reference	1D12.7 ① ② ③ ④ ID15.88 3

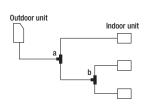
### 2-4 DIS-TB1 Applicable to the difference in length of pipes after the branch being less than 3 m \*Connection is not allowed when the difference in length of pipes is larger than 3 m.

	ombinations	Liquid branching pipe	Gas branching pipe					
Outdoor unit model	Indoor unit model	Liquid branching pipe	uas branching pipe					
8НР	3HP+3HP+3HP	ID9.52 3 ID9.52	① ② ③ ④ ID25.4 3					

Note When connect the indoor unit of an old model that is shown in the model list, use the joint supplied with the branch piping set like \*A

### 2-5. Triple type for same model/same capacity or different model/same capacity

When the difference in length of pipes after the branch is longer than 3m and shorter than 10m

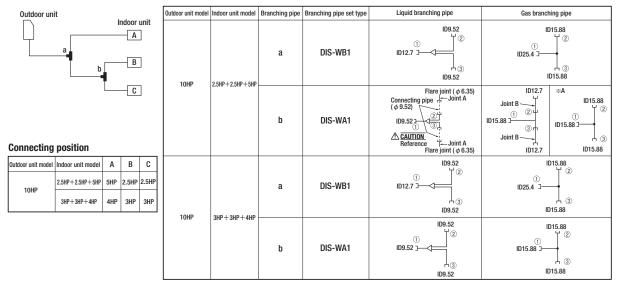


Outdoor unit model	Indoor unit model	Branching pipe	Branching pipe set type	Liquid branching pipe	Gas branching pipe
		a		Flare joint $(\phi 6.35)$ $\longrightarrow$ Joint A Connecting pipe $(\phi 9.52)$ $\bigcirc$	Joint B 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
6НР	2HP+2HP+2HP	b	DIS-WA1	Flare joint $(\phi 6.35)$ Flare joint $(\phi 6.35)$ Flare joint $(\phi 6.35)$ Flare joint $(\phi 6.35)$	Joint B  Joint B  Joint B  Joint B
OUD.		a	DIS-WB1	ID9.52 1D9.52 1D9.52 Joint C ID9.52	ID15.88  ID25.4 3 3 3 1D15.88
8HP	3HP+3HP+3HP	b	DIS-WA1	ID9.52 (2) (2) (3) (109.52 (10	ID15.88  ID15.88  ID15.88

### 2-6. Triple type for same model/different capacity or different model/different capacity

Applicable to the difference in length of pipes after the branch being less than 3m

\* Connection is not allowed when the difference in length of pipes is larger than 3m.



Note When connect the indoor unit of an old model that is shown in the model list, use the joint supplied with the branch piping set like \* A.

### 2-7. Double Twin type

Pipes should be connected as follows for a Double Twin installation (4 connected indoor units. The capacity of an outdoor unit available for this configuration is either 8HP or 10HP only):

s either 8HP or 10	HP only).		•			
Outdoor unit capacity	Indoor unit capacity	Branching pipe	Branching pipe set type	Outdoor unit model	Liquid branching pipe	Gas branching pipe
8HP 10HP	2HP×4 units 2.5HP×4 units		DIO WD4	8HP	ID9.52 Joint C ID9.52	ID15.88
Outdoor unit b	Indoor unit	a	DIS-WB1	10HP	ID9.52 ① ① ② ID12.7 ③ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	ID25.4 3 3 ID15.88
a			200 1104	8НР	Flare joint (\$\phi\$ 6.35)  Connecting pipe	ID12.7  Joint B  ©  ID15.88  Joint B  Joint B
		b	DIS-WA1	10HP	D9.52 →	ID15.88

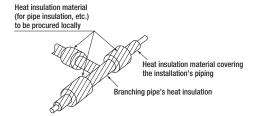
Note When connect the indoor unit of an old model that is shown in the model list, use the joint supplied with the branch piping set like \* A.

### 3. Heat insulation work

(1) Condensation can also occur on liquid pipes with this model. Please provide good heat insulation to both liquid and gas pipes.

(2) For the heat insulation of a branching pipe, always use the heat insulation material supplied with the set and provide heat insulation according to the instructions set out below.

It has an adhesive layer on the entire inner face.
 Remove a separator and wrap it around the branching pipe.



2. Apply a heat insulation material (to be procured locally) to the joint between the branching pipe's heat insulation and the heat insulation material covering the installation's piping as described above and wrap a tape over the gap shown as a hatched (///) area to complete dressing of the piping.

### 1.10.6 Safety precautions in handling air-conditioners with flammable refrigerants

PSA012B839A /B

### **R32 REFRIGERANT USED**



This equipment uses flammable refrigerants. If the refrigerant is leaked, together with an external ignition source, there is a possibility of ignition.



There is information included in the user's manual and/or installation manual.



The user's manual should be read carefully.



A service personnel should be handing this equipment with reference to the installation manual.

- This safety precaution sheet is for R32 refrigerant. If you want to know the type of refrigerant in the unit, check the label attached to the outdoor unit.
- The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, MARNING and ACAUTION

⚠ WARNING: Wrong installation would cause serious consequences such as injuries or death

⚠ CAUTION : Wrong installation might cause serious consequences depending on circumstances

### **⚠ WARNING**

- Strict compliance of the domestic laws must be observed when disposing the appliance
- Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.
- Do not pierce or burn
- Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.

### **⚠** CAUTION

### (1. General)

- That the installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum.
- That pipe-work shall be protected from physical damage.
  That compliance with national gas regulations shall
- That mechanical connections shall be accessible for maintenance purposes. Keep any required ventilation openings clear of
- obstruction.
- Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.

### 2. Unventilated areas

The appliance shall be stored in a well-ventilated area where the room size corresponds to the room area as specified for operation.

### Qualification of workers

The staff in servicing operations must hold the national qualification or other relevant qualifications.

### Information on servicing

- 4.1 Checks to the area
- Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimised
- For repair to the refrigerating system, 4.3 to 4.7 shall be completed prior to conducting work on the system.
- 4.2 Work procedure
- · Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimise the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.
- 4.3 General work area
- All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out.
- Work in confined spaces shall be avoided.
- The area around the workspace shall be sectioned off. Ensure that the conditions within the area have
- been made safe by control of flammable material.
- 4.4 Checking for presence of refrigerantThe area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres
- Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e.

non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically

- 4.5 Presence of fire extinguisher
- If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts. appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area
- 4.6 No ignition sources
- No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion.
  All possible ignition sources, including cigarette
- smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space.
- Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks.
- "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.
- 4.7 Ventilated area
- Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work.
- A degree of ventilation shall continue during the
- period that the work is carried out.
  The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.
- 4.8 Checks to the refrigeration equipment
- Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification.
- At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and
- service guidelines shall be followed.

  If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance
- The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants
- the charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed:
- the ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;
- if an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant;
- marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;
- refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

- 4.9 Checks to electrical devices
- Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures.
- If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with.
- If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used.
- This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised
- Initial safety checks shall include:
- that capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking:
- that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system:
- that there is continuity of earth bonding.

### 5. Repairs to sealed components

- During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc
- If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation
- Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected.
- This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.
- Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely.
- Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to the point that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres.
- Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

The use of silicon sealant can inhibit the effectiveness of some types of leak detection equipment. Intrinsically safe components do not have to be isolated prior to working on them.

### **⚠** CAUTION

### Repair to intrinsically safe components

- Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.
- Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere.
- The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer.
- Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak

### 7. Cabling

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

### 8. Detection of flammable refrigerants

- Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks.
- A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

### 9. Leak detection methods

- Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.)
  Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of
- ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used
- Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed.
- Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.
  If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be
- removed/extinguished.
- If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.
- For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.

### 10. Removal and evacuation

- When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration.
- The following procedure shall be adhered to: remove refrigerant;
- purge the circuit with inert gas;
- evacuate;
- purge again with inert gas;
- open the circuit by cutting or brazing.
- The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders.
- For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be "flushed" with OFN to render the unit safe
- This process may need to be repeated several times.
- Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems.

- For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system.
- When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. This operation is absolutely vital if brazing
- operations on the pipe-work are to take place.
- Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and that ventilation is available

### 11. Charging procedures

- In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

  – Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants
- does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the amount of refrigerant contained in
- Cylinders shall be kept upright.Ensure that the refrigeration system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigeration system
- Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressuretested with the appropriate purging gas
- The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning.
- A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

### 12. Decommissioning

- Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail.
- It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely
- Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant.
- It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

  a) Become familiar with the equipment and its

- b) Isolate system electrically.c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that: mechanical handling equipment is available, if
  - required, for handling refrigerant cylinders; all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
- the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person:
- recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
  i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of
- the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

### ( 13. Labelling )

- Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed.
- For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

### 14. Recovery

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed
- safely.
  When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders
- are employed.

  Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available
- All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant).
- Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order.
- Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.
- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants.
- In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order
- · Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition.
- Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release.
- Consult manufacturer if in doubt.
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant.
- The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to
- returning the compressor to the suppliers.

  Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process
- · When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

### 15. Other safety precautions

- A brazed, welded, or mechanical connection shall be made before opening the valves to permit refrigerant to flow between the refrigerating system parts.
- Flammable refrigerant used, refrigerant tubing protected or enclosed to avoid mechanical damage (IEC/EN 60335-2-40/A1).
- Tubing protected to extent that it will not be handled or used for carrying during moving of product (IEC/ EN 60335-2-40/A1).
- Flammable refrigerant used, low temperature solder alloys, such as lead/tin alloys, not acceptable for pipe connections (IEC/EN 60335-2-40/A1).
- Do not use flare nut indoor which is locally procured.

105

115

126

137

### Selection of installation location for the indoor unit

• Minimum installation area for indoor unit

### **⚠** CAUTION

The indoor unit shall be installed in a room with minimum installation area or more according to the refrigerant charge amount (factory refrigerant charge +additional refrigerant charge).

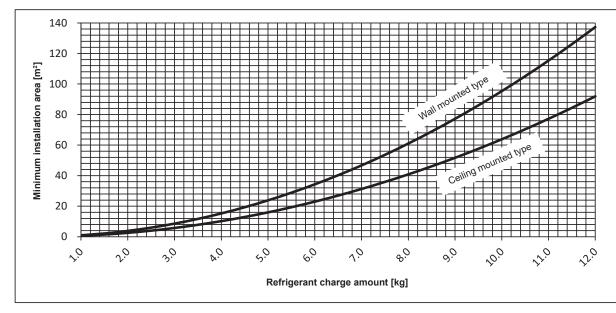
For factory refrigerant charge, refer to the outdoor unit label model name or installation sheet.

For additional refrigerant charge, refer to the outdoor unit installation sheet.

Wall mounted

type

Ceiling mounted type	FDT,FDE,FDU,FDUM	series														
Wall mounted type	SRK series															
Refriger charge amo		1.30	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.50	2.75	3.00	3.25	3.50	3.75	4.00	4.25	4.50	4.75
minimum	Ceiling mounted type	1.1	1.4	2.0	2.6	3.2	4.0	4.8	5.7	6.7	7.8	9.0	10.2	11.5	12.9	14.4
installation area [m²]	Wall mounted type	1.6	2.1	2.9	3.8	4.8	6.0	7.2	8.6	10.1	11.7	13.4	15.3	17.2	19.3	21.5
Refriger charge amo		5.0	5.5	6.0	6.5	7.0	7.5	8.0	8.5	9.0	9.5	10.0	10.5	11.0	11.5	12.0
minimum	Ceiling mounted type	16	19	23	27	31	36	41	46	52	58	64	70	77	84	92



The minimum floor area [m²] is determined based on the installation height of 1.8m for wall mounted type and 2.2m for ceiling mounted type.

• Ceiling opening area

installation area [m<sup>2</sup>]

### **⚠** CAUTION

In case of installing the indoor unit in an enclosed ceiling space, ensure there is a sufficient ventilation opening around the unit. In the event of refrigerant leakage, this countermeasure would prevent an increased concentration of refrigerant.

### 1.11 TECHNICAL INFORMATION (1) Ceiling cassette-4 way type (FDT)

### Model FDT71VNXWVH

	FDT71VH	ation relate		information relates to. Indicated values	ne heating season the s should relate to on	e	
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ooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	No		
neating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
tem	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load				Seasonal efficiency and energy efficie			
cooling	Pdesignc	7.10	kW	cooling	SEER	7.60	A++
neating / Average	Pdesignh	5.80	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.61	A++
neating / Warmer	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	-	-
eating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
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eating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
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	Pdc	5.05	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	6.44	
j=25°C ∷-20°C	Pdc	3.30	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	10.10	
j=20°C	Pdc	2.00	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	17.90	-
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'j=12°C	Pdh	1.50	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	7.00	
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j=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colde emperature 20°C and outdoor temper j=-7°C j=2°C j=2°C j=2°C j=12°C j=12°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  divalent temperature eating / Average eating / Average eating / Colder  Eycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling	Pdh or season, at indocerature Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Cdc  Cdc  Other than 'active Poff		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd  Colder season, at interest at the color of the colo		°C °C
pectaing limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colde emperature 20°C and outdoor temper j=-7°C j=-2°C j=-2	Pdh  or season, at indocerature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd  Colder season, at interest of the color of the colo		°C °C
j=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colde emperature 20°C and outdoor temper j=-7°C j=-2°C j	Pdh  rr season, at indoc rature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd  Colder season, at interest of the color of the colo		°C °C
j=operating limit  declared capacity for heating / Colde emperature 20°C and outdoor temperity in the color of the color o	Pdh or season, at indocrature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd  Colder season, at interest of the color of the colo		°C °C
j=operating limit  declared capacity for heating / Colde emperature 20°C and outdoor temperity in the color of the color o	Pdh  rr season, at indoc rature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd  Colder season, at interest of the color of the colo		c c c kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
j=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colde emperature 20°C and outdoor temper j=-7°C j=-2°C j	Pdh  or season, at indoc erature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd  Colder season, at interest of the color of the colo		c c c kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
peclared capacity for heating / Colde emperature 20°C and outdoor temper []=-7°C []=-2°C []=-2°C []=-1°C []=-10°C []=-10	Pdh  or season, at indoc erature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd  Colder season, at interest at the color of the colo		c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
Tj-bivalent temperature Tj-operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colde emperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj-2°C Tj-2°C Tj-12°C Tj-12°C Tj-bivalent temperature Tj-operating limit Tj15°C Sivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three	Pdh  rr season, at indoc rature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd  Colder season, at interest at the color of the colo		c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
peclared capacity for heating / Colde emperature 20°C and outdoor temper []=-7°C []=-2°C []=-2°C []=-15°C []=-1	Pdh  or season, at indocerature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd  Colder season, at interest at the color of the colo		kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colde emperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature eleating / Average eleating / Average eleating / Colder  Dycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes off mode standby mode hermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three fixed staged variable	Pdh  r season, at indoc rature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww ww w w	Tj=operating limit	COPd  Colder season, at interest at the color of the colo		oc o
Fj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colde emperature 20°C and outdoor temper Fj=-7°C Fj=2°C Fj=12°C Fj=12°C Fj=15°C  Bivalent temperature Fj=operating limit Fj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes off mode standby mode hermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three fixed staged variable  Contact details for obtaining  N	Pdh  or season, at indocerature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd  Colder season, at interest at the color of the colo		oc o
Fj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colde emperature 20°C and outdoor temper Fj=-7°C Fj=2°C Fj=2°C Fj=12°C Fj=12°C Fj=bivalent temperature Fj=operating limit Fj=-15°C  Sivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Average neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes of the mode standby mode hermostat-off mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three  fixed staged variable  Contact details for obtaining more information  M	Pdh  r season, at indocerature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd  Colder season, at interest at the color of the colo		oc o

### Model FDT71VNXWPVH

Indoor unit model name	the inform			If function includes heating: Indicate the heat			
	FDT40VH	-	)	information relates to. Indicated values shoul			
Outdoor unit model name	FDC71VN	X-W		heating season at a time. Include at least the	heating sea	ison 'Averaç	ge'.
				1			
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	No		
neating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
tem	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load	Зуппоот	value	unit	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency cla		vaiac	Glass
cooling	Pdesigno	7.10	kW	cooling	SEER	7.60	A+
neating / Average	Pdesignh		kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.66	A+
neating / Warmer	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	-	-
neating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
							unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature T	designh			Back up heating capacity at outdoor tempera	ture Tdesigr	nh	
neating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	5.80	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
neating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	-	kW
neating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
				1			
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor tem	perature 27	7(19)℃ an	d	Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoor ter	nperature 2	7(19)°C and	
outdoor temperature Tj			ا ا	outdoor temperature Tj			_
	Pdc	7.10	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.40	վ-
Γj=30°C	Pdc	5.05	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.76	<b>-</b>  -
Γj=25°C	Pdc	3.30	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	11.26	- -
rj=20°C	Pdc	2.05	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	19.80	-
Declared canacity for booting / Average	eon of in-	oor		Declared coefficient of performance / A	2 000000 01	indoor	
Declared capacity for heating / Average sea emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		UUI		Declared coefficient of performance / Average temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T		пиоог	
rj=-7°C	Pdh	5.13	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.44	٦_
rj=-7 ℃ Fj=2°C	Pdh	3.00	kW		COPd	4.27	-[
Γj=2 C Γj=7°C	Pan Pdh	2.00	kW		COPa	6.06	-[
•			_	T			Ŧ
Γj=12°C	Pdh	1.58	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	8.32	+
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	5.80	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	3.10	+
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	5.00	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.50	-
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer sea	eon at indu			Declared coefficient of performance / Warme	r season at	indoor	
emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		501		temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T		ilidooi	
Γj=2°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	-	7-
Γj=7°C	Pdh	<u> </u>	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd		T_
Γj=12°C	Pdh	<u> </u>	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd		-   -
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh		kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	<u> </u>	_
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	<u> </u>	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd		-[
emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Fj=-7°C Fj=2°C	Pdh Pdh	-	kW kW	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T   Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C	COPd COPd	-	-
Tj=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	7-
Γj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	-
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	7-
Γj=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-	٦-
Γj=-15°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	-	-
Bivalent temperature	Th. 6 .		ا م	Operating limit temperature	T-1		٦٠٠
neating / Average	Tbiv	-10	ာင	heating / Average	Tol	-20	ე℃
neating / Average neating / Warmer	Tbiv	-	<u></u> ℃	heating / Average heating / Warmer	Tol	-	°c
neating / Average neating / Warmer			_	heating / Average			_
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder	Tbiv	-	<u></u> ℃	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder	Tol	-	°c
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity	Tbiv Tbiv	-	<u></u> ℃	heating / Average heating / Warmer	Tol	-	°c
eating / Average eating / Warmer eeating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling	Tbiv	-	ာိ	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency	Tol Tol	-	°c
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling	Tbiv Tbiv	-	°C °C kW	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling	Tol Tol	-	]°c
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient	Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych	-	°C °C kW	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient	Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc		]°c
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient	Tbiv Tbiv	-	°C °C	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating	Tol Tol	-	°c
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient	Tbiv Tbiv Poyce Poych	0.25	°C °C	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating	Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc		°c
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling	Tbiv Tbiv Poyce Poych	0.25	°C °C	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption	Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	0.25	- - -
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other toff mode	Tbiv Tbiv Peyec Peych Cdc than 'active Poff		kW kW	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling	Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh	0.25	°C °C
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other to fif mode standby mode	Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  Chan 'active Poff Psb		kW kW	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average	Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe	0.25	°C °C - - - - kWh/a kWh/a
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other toff mode standby mode	Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling)		kW kW kW	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer	Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe	0.25	°C °C - - - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode hermostat-off mode	Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  Chan 'active Poff Psb		kW kW	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average	Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe	- - - - 0.25	°C °C - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode	Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating)		c c c c w kw kw w w w	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer	Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe	- - - - 0.25	°C °C - - - - kWh/a kWh/a
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other to fif mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode	Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck		c c c c w kw kw w w w	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer	Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe	- - - - 0.25	°C °C - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other to fif mode standby mode hermostat-off mode  crankcase heater mode	Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck		c c c c w kw kw w w w	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor)	Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe	- - - - 0.25	c °C °C
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other to fif mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode	Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck		c c c c w kw kw w w w	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder  Other items	Tol Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe	0.25 0.25	kWh/akWh/adB(A)
Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other to fill mode standby mode thermostat-off mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three option fixed	Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck		c c c c w kw kw w w w	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor)	Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe		kWh/akWh/adB(A)
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other to fif mode standby mode thermostat-off mode  crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three option	Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  Chan 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck  ns)		c c c c w kw kw w w w	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor)	Tol Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa		kWh/akWh/adB(A)
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other to off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three option  fixed staged	Tbiv Tbiv  Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck  ns)		c c c c w kw kw w w w	heating / Average   heating / Warmer   heating / Colder	Tol Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa GWP		c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other to fif mode standby mode thermostat-off mode  crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three option	Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck  ns)		c c c c w kw kw w w w	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential	Tol Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa GWP		c c c c kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO;
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other to ff mode standby mode thermostat-off mode  Crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three option  fixed staged variable	Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck  No No Yes		c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	heating / Average   heating / Warmer   heating / Colder	Tol Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa GWP		c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other to fif mode standby mode thermostat-off mode  crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three option  fixed staged variable  Contact details for obtaining  Name a	Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv  Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  Chan 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck  No No Yes  nd address		c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor)	Tol Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa GWP		c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Cletctric power input in power modes other to the standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three option  fixed staged variable  Contact details for obtaining more information  Name a Mitsubis	Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv  Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck  No No Yes  and address shi Heavy Ir		c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor)	Tol Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa GWP		°C °C °C 

### (2) Ceiling cassette-4 way compact type (FDTC)

### Model FDTC71VNXWPVH

nformation to identify the model(s) to whice				If function includes heating: Indicate the heati			
ndoor unit model name	FDTC40V		s)	information relates to. Indicated values should			
Outdoor unit model name	FDC71VN	X-W		heating season at a time. Include at least the	heating sea	son 'Averag	ge'.
function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	No		
eating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
tem	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load	Ddociano	7.10	kW	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency cla		6.70	Λ.
cooling leating / Average	Pdesignc Pdesignh	6.00	kW	cooling   heating / Average	SEER SCOP/A	6.70 4.40	A+
neating / Warmer	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	-	-
leating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
	•						unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature	Tdesignh		_	Back up heating capacity at outdoor tempera	ture Tdesigr	ıh	_
eating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	6.00	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
neating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	-	kW
eating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor ter	nnerature 27	7(19)°C an	d	Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoor ter	nnerature 27	7(19)℃ and	
outdoor temperature Tj	iiperature 21	(10) 0 an	u	outdoor temperature Tj	iiperatare 21	(10) C dild	
ij=35°C	Pdc	7.10	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.10	7-
; 30°C	Pdc	5.05	kW	Tj=30℃	EERd	5.56	7-
- j=25°C	Pdc	3.30	kW	Tj=25℃	EERd	9.57	]-
-j=20°C	Pdc	2.00	kW	Tj=20℃	EERd	14.29	-
				1			
Declared capacity for heating / Average se		oor		Declared coefficient of performance / Average		indoor	
emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	•	E 20	7kW	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T	-	2 20	٦
¯j=-7°C ¯j=2°C	Pdh Pdh	5.30 3.23	kW kW	Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C	COPd COPd	3.20 4.42	1
]=2 C ]=7°C	Pan Pdh	2.00	kW		COPa	5.13	1
j=7 ℃ Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.50	kW		COPd	6.17	1_
j=12 0 j=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6.00	kW	Ti=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.87	1_
j=blvalent temperature j=operating limit	Pdh	4.40	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.40	1
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer sea	ason, at indo	oor		Declared coefficient of performance / Warmer	r season, at	indoor	
emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	e Tj		_	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T	-		_
-j=2°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2℃	COPd	-	
j=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	∏j=7℃	COPd	-	-
	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12℃	COPd	-	
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit	Pdh Pdh	-	kW kW	Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd	-	
emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature 'j=-7°C 'j=2°C 'i=7°C	Pdh Pdh Pdh	-	kW kW kW	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T   Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=7°C	COPd COPd COPd	-	-
¯j=7°C ¯j=12°C	Pan Pdh	-	kW		COPa	<u> </u>	-[
j=12 0 j=bivalent temperature	Pdh		kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd		┪_
j=blvalent temperature	Pdh		kW	Ti=operating limit	COPd		1.
j=-15°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15℃	COPd	-	7-
		•				•	
Bivalent temperature			_	Operating limit temperature			_
eating / Average	Tbiv	-10		heating / Average	Tol	-20	J°C
leating / Warmer	Tbiv Tbiv	-		heating / Warmer	Tol Tol	-	_°C
eating / Colder	I UIV		10	heating / Colder	101		10
Cycling interval capacity				Cycling interval efficiency			
or cooling	Pcycc	_	kW	for cooling	EERcyc	_	]-
or heating	Pcych	-	kW	for heating	COPcyc	-	-
Degradation coefficient cooling	Cdc	0.25		Degradation coefficient heating	Cdh	0.25	]-
Electric power input in power modes other				Annual electricity consumption			7
off mode	Poff	20	W	cooling	Qce	371	kWh/a
standby mode	Psb	20	w	heating / Average	Qhe	1,911	kWh/a
hermostat-off mode	Pto(cooling)	28	W	heating / Warmer	Qhe	-	kWh/a
rankcase heater mode	Pto(heating) Pck	50 7	w	heating / colder	Qhe	-	kWh/a
TAINGUSE HEALEI HIOUE	I UN		1 4 4	ı			
Capacity control(indicate one of three option	ons)			Other items Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa Lwa	59	dB(A)
fixed	No			Sound power level(outdoor)  Global warming potential	GWP	66 675	kgCO:
staged	No			Rated air flow(indoor)	-	780	m³/h
variable	Yes			Rated air flow(indoor)	-	3600.0	m³/h
variable	103			Trated all flow(outdoor)		3000.0	1111711
Contact details for obtaining Name a	and address	of the ma	nufacturer o	r of its authorised representative.			

### (3) Duct connected-High static pressure type (FDU)

### Model FDU71VNXWVH

	ich the inform		00 10.	If function includes heating: Indicate the he	aung season u	ic .	
Indoor unit model name	FDU71VH			information relates to. Indicated values sho			
Outdoor unit model name	FDC71VN	X-W		heating season at a time. Include at least the	he heating sea	son 'Averag	je'.
Eunation/indicate if procent)				Average(mandaton)	Voc		
Function(indicate if present)	Yes			Average(mandatory) Warmer(if designated)	Yes No		
neating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
tem	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load			٦	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency of			1
cooling	Pdesignc	7.10	kW	cooling	SEER	6.89	A+
neating / Average	Pdesignh Pdesignh	6.00	kW kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A SCOP/W	4.47	A+
neating / Warmer neating / Colder	Pdesignh	<u> </u>	kW	heating / Warmer heating / Colder	SCOP/W SCOP/C		1 -
leating / Colder	i designin		IKVV	Treating / Colder	300170		unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature	e Tdesignh			Back up heating capacity at outdoor tempe	rature Tdesign	h	Gine
neating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	6.00	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
neating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	-	kW
neating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
				1			
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor to	emperature 27	′(19)℃ an	d	Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoor	temperature 27	'(19)℃ and	
outdoor temperature Tj	D.I.		المدر	outdoor temperature Tj	EES.	4.5.	7
	Pdc	7.10	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.01	+
[j=30°C	Pdc	5.05	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	6.01	-
Fj=25°C	Pdc Pdc	3.30	kW	Tj=25℃	EERd	9.17	-
'j=20°C	Pdc	1.81	kW	<u> </u> Tj=20℃	EERd	13.41	1-
Declared capacity for heating / Average s	season, at inde	oor		Declared coefficient of performance / Avera	age season at	indoor	
emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature				temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature			
Γj=-7°C	Pdh	5.30	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.17	-
, Γj=2°C	Pdh	3.23	kW	Tj=2℃	COPd	4.42	]-
rj=7°C	Pdh	2.00	kW	Tj=7℃	COPd	5.41	]-
Γj=12°C	Pdh	1.50	kW	Tj=12℃	COPd	6.52	
j=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6.00	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.96	<u> </u> -
Γj=operating limit	Pdh	5.00	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.31	-
				1			
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer s		oor		Declared coefficient of performance / Warn		indoor	
emperature 20°C and outdoor temperatu	-		7.34	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	-		7
[]=2°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=2℃	COPd		-
[j=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	ł
Fj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12℃	COPd	-	
			٦	<b>                                 </b>		1	
j=operating limit Declared capacity for heating / Colder se		- -	kW kW	Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared coefficient of performance / Cold temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		- idoor	-
rj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperaturj=-7°C rj=2°C	Pdh asson, at indoc ire Tj Pdh Pdh	- or -	kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit    Declared coefficient of performance / Colditemperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=2°C	er season, at in e Tj COPd COPd	- adoor	]- 
=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperatu  =-7°C  =2°C  =7°C	Pdh ason, at indoc ire Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh	- or - -	kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit   Tj=operating limit	er season, at ine Tj COPd COPd COPd	- idoor	]- - - - -
Tjeoperating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperaturij=-7°C Tj=7°C Tj=12°C	Pdh  ason, at indoc  ire Tj  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh	- - - -	kW kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit	er season, at ine Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	- door	]-
[j=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperaturg=-7°C  j=2°C  j=7°C  j=12°C  j=bivalent temperature	Pdh  ason, at indocure Tj  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh	- or - -	kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit	er season, at in e Tj  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd	- adoor	
=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	Pdh  ason, at indoc  ire Tj  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh	- - - -	kW kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit	er season, at in  Tij  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd		]- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Teoperating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature 1=7°C  Ten To Ten	Pdh eason, at indoc are Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh	- or -  	kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit	er season, at in e Tj  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd		] - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tipoperating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperaturing = 7°C Tip=2°C Tip=12°C Tip=12°C Tip=brualent temperature Tip=operating limit Tip=15°C	Pdh eason, at indoc are Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit	er season, at in  Tij  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd  COPd		]- 
Fi-operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur Fi=-7°C Fi=2°C Fi=12°C Fi-bivalent temperature Fi-operating limit Fi=-15°C Sivalent temperature Sivalent temperature Ti-operating limit Fi-15°C Sivalent temperature Ti-operating / Average	Pdh  asson, at indoo are Tj  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pd		kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at in  Topd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COP	- door	]- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur [j=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=5°C Tj=10°C Tj=5°C Tj=5	Pdh  asson, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir e Tj  COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COP	ddoor	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur [j=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=5°C Tj=10°C Tj=5°C Tj=5	Pdh  asson, at indoo are Tj  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pdh  Pd		kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at in  Topd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COP	- door	
j=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperaturing=7°C j=2°C j=7°C j=12°C j=12°C j=operating limit j=-15°C Sivalent temperature giselent temperature eleating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder	Pdh  asson, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit    Declared coefficient of performance / Colditemperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj=-7°C   Tj=-7°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C   Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder	COPd er season, at ir e Tj  COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COP	- door	
j=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperaturing=7°C j=2°C j=7°C j=7°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=15°C j=bivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Varmer leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity	Pdh  ason, at indocure Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir  Tij COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	- door	
j=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature j=-7°C j=2°C j=7°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  isivalent temperature eating / Average eating / Warmer eating / Colder  cycling interval capacity or cooling	Pdh  asson, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit    Declared coefficient of performance / Colditemperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj=-7°C   Tj=-7°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C   Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder	COPd er season, at ir a Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol	- door	
j=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature j=-7°C j=2°C j=7°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Sivalent temperature seating / Average seating / Warmer seating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling	Pdh  ason, at indocure Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv		kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir  Tij COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	- door	
j=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur j=-7°C j=2°C j=7°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Bivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating	Pdh  asson, at indocure Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pth Pdh Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pt		kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir  Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		
j=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur j=-7°C j=2°C j=7°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Bivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating	Pdh  asson, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir a Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol	- door	
j=operating limit Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperaturing=-7°C j=-2°C j=-2°C j=-2°C j=-15°C j=-15°C j=-15°C Sivalent temperature eating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder Sycling interval capacity or cooling or heating	Pdh  asson, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir  Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		
Ejeoperating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature [j=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=2°C Tj=2°C Tj=5°C Tj=5	Pdh  asson, at indocure Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pth Pdh Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pt		kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir e Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc		]-  -  -
Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur []=-7°C []=-2°C []=-2°C []=-12°C []=-15°C  Bivalent temperature []=-15°C  Bivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient leating / Degradation coefficient leating / Colder	Pdh  asson, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ine in it i		- - - - kWh/a
perperating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature;  j=-7°C j=2°C j=2°C j=7°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Sivalent temperature teating / Average teating / Average teating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient tooling  Electric power input in power modes other fif mode tandby mode	Pdh  ason, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir e Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc		°C - - - - kWh/a kWh/a
perperating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature;  j=-7°C j=2°C j=2°C j=7°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Sivalent temperature teating / Average teating / Average teating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient tooling  Electric power input in power modes other fif mode tandby mode	Pdh  asson, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW k	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir e Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Qce Qhe		°C - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
j=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature j=-7°C j=2°C j=7°C j=j12°C j=ibivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Sidvalent temperature eating / Average eating / Average eating / Colder  Sycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Degradation coefficient ooling	Pdh  ason, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW k	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir e Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc		°C - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
j=operating limit Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperaturing -7°C j=2°C j=2°C j=7°C j=7°C j=1512°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Bivalent temperature eleating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Eycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other iff mode landby mode hermostat-off mode	Pdh  ason, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir e Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Qce Qhe		°C - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
Declared capacity for heating / Colder seemperature 20°C and outdoor temperature;  Tj=-7°C  Tj=2°C  Tj=2°C  Tj=1°C  Tj=1°C  Tj=1°C  Tj=16°C  Sivalent temperature  Reating / Average  Reating / Average  Reating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity  or cooling  Degradation coefficient  Reating / Colder  Reating / Colder	Pdh  ason, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir a Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe		kWh/akWh/akWh/a
Ejeoperating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature [j=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=15°C  Bivalent temperature Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature eleating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Degradation coefficient standby mode learned to the fift mode standby mode learned to the control of the contro	Pdh  asson, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir e Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa		kWh/akWh/akWh/a
Fige-perating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder seemperature 20°C and outdoor temperature 7j=-7°C Fij=2°C Fij=2°C Fij=12°C Fij=12°C Fij=16°C  Sivalent temperature Reating / Average Reating / Average Reating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient Reating / Declared Figure 100  Degradation coefficient Reating / Colder  Declared Figure 100  Degradation coefficient Reating / Colder  Declared Figure 100  Degradation coefficient Reating / Colder  Degradation coefficient Reating /	Pdh  ason, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir a Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe		kWh/akWh/adb(A)dB(A)kgCO
staged	Pdh  asson, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir e Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa		kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
Fige-perating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder seemperature 20°C and outdoor temperature 7j=-7°C Fij=2°C Fij=2°C Fij=12°C Fij=12°C Fij=16°C  Sivalent temperature Reating / Average Reating / Average Reating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient Reating / Declared Figure 100  Degradation coefficient Reating / Colder  Declared Figure 100  Degradation coefficient Reating / Colder  Declared Figure 100  Degradation coefficient Reating / Colder  Degradation coefficient Reating /	Pdh  ason, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir e Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa		kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) kgCC
Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se temperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=2°C Tj=5°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature tenating / Average neating / Average neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes othe standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three opt fixed staged variable	Pdh  asson, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww ww ww ww ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir e Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa		kWh/akkWh/akkWh/akkWh/akkWh/akkWh/akkWh/akkWh/akkwh/ak
Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=16°C  Sivalent temperature Tj=-15°C  Sivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Average neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes othe standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three opt  fixed staged variable  Contact details for obtaining  Name	Pdh  ason, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW w w w w w w w	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir e Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa		kWh/akkWh/akkWh/akkWh/akkWh/akkWh/akkWh/akkWh/akkwh/ak
Ejeoperating limit  Declared capacity for heating / Colder se emperature 20°C and outdoor temperatur [j=-7°C [j=2°C [j=2°C [j=2°C [j=16°C]]]]  Ejeoperating limit [j=-15°C]  Sivalent temperature eneating / Average eneating / Average eneating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other standby mode hermostat-off mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three opton fixed staged variable)  Contact details for obtaining Name more information Mitsu  Mitsu  Name of temperature eneating / Colder energy for the staged variable  Contact details for obtaining Name more information Name Mitsu	Pdh  ason, at indocure Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW ww	Tj=operating limit	COPd er season, at ir e Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol Tol  EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa		kWh//kWh//dB(A) dB(A) kgCC m³/h

### (4) Duct connected-Low/Middle static pressure type (FDUM)

### Model FDUM71VNXWVH

Information to identify the model	s) to which the inform	ation relate			ne heating seaso	iii tiie	
Indoor unit model name	FDUM71V			information relates to. Indicated value			
Outdoor unit model name	FDC71VN	X-W		heating season at a time. Include at le	east the heating	season 'Ave	erage'.
				,			
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	No		
heating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
Item	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load	Symbol	value	unit	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficie		value	Olubb
cooling	Pdesigno	7.10	kW	cooling	SEER	6.89	A++
heating / Average	Pdesignh	6.00	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.45	A+
heating / Warmer	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	-	-
heating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
							unit
Declared capacity at outdoor ten	perature Tdesignh		_	Back up heating capacity at outdoor to	emperature Tdes	ignh	_
heating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	6.00	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
heating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	-	kW
heating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
				1			
Declared capacity for cooling, at	indoor temperature 27	7(19)°C and	d	Declared energy efficiency ratio, at inc	door temperature	27(19)℃	and
outdoor temperature Tj	D4-	7.40	7	outdoor temperature Tj	EED4	4.04	7
Tj=35°C	Pdc Pdc	7.10 5.05	kW kW	Tj=35℃    Tj=30℃	EERd EERd	4.01 6.01	+
Tj=30°C Tj=25°C	Pdc	3.30	kW	Tj=30°C   Tj=25°C	EERd	9.17	1
Tj=20°C	Pdc	1.81	kW	Tj=20℃	EERd	13.41	1_
., ====	1 uc	1.01	1.444	1.0 20 0	LLINU	13.41	1
Declared capacity for heating / A	verage season, at indi	oor		Declared coefficient of performance / /	Average season	at indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor te				temperature 20°C and outdoor temper			
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	5.30	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.17	]_
Tj=2°C	Pdh	3.23	kW	Tj=2℃	COPd	4.42	-
Tj=7°C	Pdh	2.00	kW	∏j=7°C	COPd	5.41	]-
Tj=12°C	Pdh	1.50	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	6.52	
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6.00	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.92	_
Tj=operating limit	Pdh	5.00	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.31	-
				1			
Declared capacity for heating / W		oor		Declared coefficient of performance /		at indoor	
temperature 20°C and outdoor te			7	temperature 20°C and outdoor temper			7
Tj=2℃	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2℃	COPd		ļ-
-			-				-
Гj=7°С	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7℃	COPd	-	1
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW kW	Tj=12℃	COPd	-	]-
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh Pdh		kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd COPd		]-  -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C	Pdh	-	kW kW	Tj=12℃	COPd	-	- - -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit	Pdh Pdh Pdh	-	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd	-	-
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Declared capacity for heating / C	Pdh Pdh Pdh older season, at indoo	-	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared coefficient of performance /	COPd COPd COPd	-	- - -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te	Pdh Pdh Pdh older season, at indoo	- - -	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper	COPd COPd COPd Colder season, a rature Tj	- - at indoor	]-  -  - 
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C	Pdh Pdh Pdh Older season, at indoormperature Tj Pdh	- - - -	kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Declared coefficient of performance /   temperature 20°C and outdoor temper   Tj=-7°C	COPd COPd COPd Colder season, a rature Tj COPd	-	]-  -  -  -  -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C	Pdh Pdh Pdh Older season, at indoo mperature Tj Pdh Pdh	- - -	kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Declared coefficient of performance /   temperature 20°C and outdoor temper   Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	]-  -  -  -  -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C	Pdh Pdh Pdh Older season, at indoormperature Tj Pdh	- - -	kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Declared coefficient of performance /   temperature 20°C and outdoor temper   Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=7°C	COPd COPd COPd Colder season, a rature Tj COPd	- at indoor	]-
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=7°C Tj=12°C	Pdh Pdh Pdh Older season, at indoo mperature Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh	- - - - -	kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper   Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=12°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Colder season, a rature Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	]-             -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Older season, at indoo mperature Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh	- - - - - -	kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper   Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=tvalent temperature     Tj=tvalent temperature   Tj=bivalent temperature     Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=bivalent temperature     Tj=0cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	COPd COPd COPd COPd COlder season, a crature Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	
Tj=7°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit	Pdh Pdh Pdh Older season, at indoo mperature Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh	- - - - - -	kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper   Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=12°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Colder season, a rature Tj COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit	Pdh Pdh Pdh Older season, at indoo mperature Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit    Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper   Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=7°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=7°C Tj=12°C	Pdh Pdh Pdh Older season, at indoo mperature Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit    Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper   Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=7°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	]-             -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=2°C Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C	Pdh Pdh Pdh Older season, at indoo mperature Tj Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C     Tj=bivalent temperature     Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper     Tj=-7°C     Tj=2°C     Tj=12°C     Tj=bivalent temperature     Tj=operating limit     Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	]- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C emperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature neating / Average	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Older season, at indoo mperature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	℃
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=t2°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=2°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Older season, at indoo mperature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	-
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C emperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=2°C Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature eating / Average eneating / Warmer eneating / Colder	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Older season, at indoo mperature Tj Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C     Tj=bivalent temperature     Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance /     temperature 20°C and outdoor temper     Tj=-7°C     Tj=2°C     Tj=12°C     Tj=bivalent temperature     Tj=operating limit     Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature     heating / Average     heating / Warmer     heating / Colder	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	℃
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C emperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity	Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	℃
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C emperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	℃
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature	Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	℃
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=-7°C Tj=-7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature theating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	℃
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature tip=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		℃
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C emperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=2°C Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature eating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd	at indoor	℃
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C emperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Sivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Sivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		℃
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C emperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Sivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling	Pdh		kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Warmer leating / Warmer leating   Degradation coefficient heating     Degradation coefficient heating   Degradation coefficient heating   Annual electricity consumption	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		℃
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=5°C Tj=5°C Bivalent temperature Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power mooff mode	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper   Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature   heating / Average   heating / Average   heating / Colder     Cycling interval efficiency   for cooling   for heating     Degradation coefficient   heating   Annual electricity consumption   cooling	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=-7°C Tj=-7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature theating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Warmer leating / Warmer leating   Degradation coefficient heating     Degradation coefficient heating   Degradation coefficient heating   Annual electricity consumption	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		℃ ℃ - - - - kWh/a
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature temperature temperature heating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power mo off mode standby mode	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=5°C     Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder     Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating     Degradation coefficient heating   Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		°C °C - - - - kWh/a kWh/a
rj=7°C rj=12°C rj=12°C rj=12°C rj=12°C rj=12°C rj=bivalent temperature rj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C emperature 20°C and outdoor te rj=2°C rj=7°C rj=12°C rj=12°C rj=12°C rj=15°C rj=15°C rj=16°C rj=1	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		°C °C - - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=-7°C Tj=-7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C C Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power mo off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		°C °C - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature temperature temperature heating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power mo off mode standby mode	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=5°C     Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder     Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating     Degradation coefficient heating   Average heating     Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Warmer heating / Colder	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		°C °C - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature Declared / Average Declared / Average Declared / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient Cooling Electric power input in power mooff mode standby mode thermostat-off mode Crankcase heater mode	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		°C °C - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=-7°C Tj=-12°C Tj=12°C Tj=to temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Declared Average heating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power mo off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode Capacity control(indicate one of the	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Warmer     Cycling interval efficiency for cooling   To reating     Degradation coefficient heating   Average heating     Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Sound power level(indoor)     Other items   Sound power level(indoor)     Sound power level(outdoor)	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		°C °C - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=112°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling Electric power input in power mo off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of infixed)	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=12°C     Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature   heating / Average   heating / Average   heating / Colder     Cycling interval efficiency   for cooling   for heating     Degradation coefficient   heating / Average   heating / Average   heating / Warmer   heating / Warmer   heating / Sound   Sound	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=7°C Tj=2°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=10 limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Bivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power mo off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode  Crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of the staged)	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=12°C     Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature   heating / Average   heating / Warmer   heating / Colder     Cycling interval efficiency   for cooling   for heating     Degradation coefficient   heating     Annual electricity consumption   cooling   heating / Average   heating / Warmer   heating / Colder     Other items   Sound power level(indoor)   Sound power level(outdoor)   Global warming potential   Rated air flow(indoor)	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=112°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity for cooling Electric power input in power mo off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of infixed)	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=12°C     Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature   heating / Average   heating / Average   heating / Colder     Cycling interval efficiency   for cooling   for heating     Degradation coefficient   heating / Average   heating / Average   heating / Warmer   heating / Warmer   heating / Sound   Sound	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C temperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=-7°C Tj=-7°C Tj=-7°C Tj=12°C Tj=t2°C Tj=t2°C Tj=t2°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Elivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Cycling interval capacity for cooling for heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power mo off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode Crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of the staged distaged warriable)	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder     Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating     Degradation coefficient heating   Average heating / Average heating   Operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature   Operating   Operati	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C emperature 20°C and outdoor te Tj=2°C Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Evaluating limit Tj=-15°C Evaluating limit Tj=-15°C Evaluating / Average Evaluating / Average Evaluating / Colder  Evaluating / Colder  Evaluating / Colder  Evaluating / Colder  Evaluating / Evaluating Evaluation coefficient Evaluation of the evalu	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=12°C     Tj=12°C   Tj=15°C     Operating limit temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature   heating / Average   heating / Oolder     Cycling interval efficiency for cooling   for heating     Degradation coefficient   heating / Average   heating / Average   heating / Average   heating / Oolder     Office of the properation of	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
rj=12°C rj=12°C rj=12°C rj=12°C rj=12°C rj=12°C rj=12°C rj=2°C rj=2°C rj=2°C rj=2°C rj=12°C rj	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=12°C     Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature   heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder     Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating     Degradation coefficient heating     Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Warmer heating / Warmer heating / Colder     Other items   Sound power level(indoor)   Sound power level(outdoor)   Global warming potential   Rated air flow(indoor)   Rated air flow(outdoor)     Rated air flow(outdoor)   Rated air flow(outdoor)     or of its authorised representative.     ing Europe, Ltd.	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		«C «C «C »C kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) dB(A) kgCO₂€ m³/h
j=7°C j=7°C j=12°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit  Declared capacity for heating / C emperature 20°C and outdoor te j=-7°C j=7°C j=7°C j=7°C j=7°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C Sivalent temperature deating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leading / Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating / Cycling interval capacity or cool	Pdh		kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit     Declared coefficient of performance / temperature 20°C and outdoor temper Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=12°C   Tj=12°C     Tj=12°C   Tj=15°C     Operating limit temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature   heating / Average   heating / Oolder     Cycling interval efficiency for cooling   for heating     Degradation coefficient   heating / Average   heating / Average   heating / Average   heating / Oolder     Office of the properation of	COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd COPd		«C «C »C »C «C »C »C «C »C «C »C »C »C «C »C »C »C «C »C

### Model FDUM71VNXWPVH

morniadon to lacitary are model	(s) to which the informa	ation relate	es to:	If function includes heating: Indicate t	the heating seaso	n the	
ndoor unit madal na	` '		UU.	7 I	_		
ndoor unit model name	FDUM40V			information relates to. Indicated value			
Outdoor unit model name	FDC71VN	x-W		heating season at a time. Include at le	east the heating s	eason 'Ave	erage'.
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	No		
eating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
em	symbol	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
Design load			٦	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency	-		1
ooling	Pdesignc	7.10	kW	cooling	SEER	6.38	A+-
eating / Average	Pdesignh	6.00	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.15	A+
eating / Warmer	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	-	-
eating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
hoolared canacity at outdoor ton	anoratura Tdaalanh			Rock up hosting consoity at outdoor t	tomporaturo Tdoo	ianh	unit
eclared capacity at outdoor tent eating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	6.00	kW	Back up heating capacity at outdoor the heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
neating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh		kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	-	kW
eating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
eclared capacity for cooling, at	indoor temperature 27	′(19)°C an	d	Declared energy efficiency ratio, at in	door temperature	27(19)℃	and
outdoor temperature Tj			_	outdoor temperature Tj			,
_j=35°C	Pdc	7.10	kW	Tj=35℃	EERd	4.03	
- Γj=30°C	Pdc	5.05	kW	Tj=30℃	EERd	4.86	]-
_j=25°C	Pdc	3.30	kW	Tj=25℃	EERd	8.85	1_
_j=20°C	Pdc	1.98	kW	Tj=20℃	EERd	12.77	-
Declared capacity for heating / A		oor		Declared coefficient of performance /		at indoor	
emperature 20°C and outdoor to			_	temperature 20°C and outdoor tempe			,
-j=-7°C	Pdh	5.30	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.04	<u> </u> -
j=2°C	Pdh	3.23	kW	Tj=2℃	COPd	4.17	
j=7°C	Pdh	2.00	kW	Tj=7℃	COPd	4.88	
- j=12℃	Pdh	1.56	kW	Tj=12℃	COPd	5.55	]-
j=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6.00	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.73	1_
j-brvalent temperature j-operating limit	Pdh	5.00	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.73	1
j=operating limit	Pan	5.00	KVV		COPa	2.31	-
Declared capacity for heating / V	Varmer season, at indo	or		Declared coefficient of performance /	Warmer season.	at indoor	
emperature 20°C and outdoor to				temperature 20°C and outdoor tempe			
j=2°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2℃	COPd	-	7-
j=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Ti=7℃	COPd	-	1_
j=12℃	Pdh		kW	Tj=12℃	COPd	-	1
-		<u> </u>	+	11 -		<u> </u>	
j=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	-
j=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-	-
Declared capacity for heating / C	Colder season at indoor	or .		Declared coefficient of performance /	Colder season a	t indoor	
emperature 20°C and outdoor to		"		temperature 20°C and outdoor tempe		it indoor	
Γj=-7°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	_ ·	٦.
•		<u> </u>	-	11.1		<u> </u>	╣
j=2°C	Pdh		kW	Tj=2°C	COPd		
⊺j=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7℃	COPd	-	-
_j=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12℃	COPd	-	
j=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	-
j=operating limit	Pdh	_	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-	7_
j=-15°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-15°C	COPd	-	1_
Bivalent temperature	<u> </u>			Operating limit temperature			,
eating / Average	Tbiv	-10	°C	heating / Average	Tol	-20	°C
eating / Warmer	Tbiv	-	℃	heating / Warmer	Tol	_	℃
-	Tbiv			heating / Colder	Tol		°C
eating / Colder	IDIV						
eating / Colder							
	1514		7	Cycling interval efficiency			7
cycling interval capacity or cooling	Pcycc	-	kW	for cooling	EERcyc	-	]-
Cycling interval capacity or cooling		-	kW kW			-	-
Sycling interval capacity or cooling or heating	Pcycc	-	_	for cooling for heating	EERcyc	-	-
Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating	Pcycc	0.25	_	for cooling	EERcyc	0.25	]-
Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating	Pcycc Pcych	0.25	_	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient	EERcyc COPcyc		]-
Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  des other than 'active		kw ]-	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption	EERcyc COPcyc	0.25	]
Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling	Pcycc Pcych		kw - w	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating	EERcyc COPcyc		7
cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power mot film mode	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  des other than 'active	mode'	kw ]-	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption	EERcyc COPcyc	0.25	7
cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power motified tandby mode	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  des other than 'active Poff	mode'	kw - w	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling	EERcyc COPcyc Cdh	0.25	7
Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power most mode tandby mode hermostat-off mode	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  odes other than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating)	mode' 15 15 18 35	w w w w	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average	EERcyc COPcyc Cdh	0.25 390 2,025	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power most mode tandby mode hermostat-off mode	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  des other than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling)	mode' 15 15 18	kw - - w w	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer	EERcyc COPcyc Cdh	0.25 390 2,025	kWh/a kWh/a
cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power most at and by mode hermostat-off mode  rankcase heater mode	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  Cdc  odes other than 'active Poff Psb Pto(rooling) Pto(heating) Pck	mode' 15 15 18 35	w w w w	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder	EERcyc COPcyc Cdh	0.25 390 2,025	kWh/a kWh/a
cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power most at and by mode hermostat-off mode  rankcase heater mode	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  Cdc  odes other than 'active Poff Psb Pto(rooling) Pto(heating) Pck	mode' 15 15 18 35	w w w w	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder  Other items	EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe	390 2,025 -	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power most at and by mode hermostat-off mode  rankcase heater mode	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  Cdc  odes other than 'active Poff Psb Pto(rooling) Pto(heating) Pck	mode' 15 15 18 35	w w w w	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor)	EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe	390 2,025 -	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power mount in mode tandby mode hermostat-off mode Capacity control(indicate one of	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  odes other than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(reating) Pck  three options)	mode' 15 15 18 35	w w w w	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor)	EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	390 2,025 - - - - 65 66	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A)
cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power mount of mode tandby mode hermostat-off mode Trankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of lexed	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  Cdc  odes other than 'active Poff Psb Pto(rooling) Pto(heating) Pck	mode' 15 15 18 35	w w w w	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Varmer heating / colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential	EERcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe	0.25 390 2,025 - - 65 66 675	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO <sub>2</sub>
cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power mount of mode tandby mode hermostat-off mode Trankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of lexed	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  odes other than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(reating) Pck  three options)	mode' 15 15 18 35	w w w	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor)	EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	390 2,025 - - - - 65 66	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power motiff mode tandby mode nermostat-off mode  rankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of wed taged	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  Cdc  odes other than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck  three options)	mode' 15 15 18 35	w w w	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Varmer heating / colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential	EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	0.25 390 2,025 - - 65 66 675	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO <sub>2</sub>
Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power most attacks when the cooling transcription of th	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  Cdc  odes other than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck  three options)	mode' 15 15 18 35	w w w	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor)	EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	0.25 390 2,025 - - 65 66 675 1,440	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO <sub>2</sub> m <sup>3</sup> /h
Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power mode transcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of capacity control(indicate one of capacity capa	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  odes other than 'active Poff Psb Pto(reating) Pck  three options)  No No Yes	mode' 15 15 18 35 7	kw             	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor)	EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	0.25 390 2,025 - - 65 66 675 1,440	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO <sub>2</sub> m³/h
cooling or heating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power most firm mode transcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of cixed transcase)  Contact details for obtaining nore information	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  odes other than 'active Poff Psb Pto(reating) Pck  three options)  No No Yes	mode' 15 15 18 35 7	w W W W W	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor) or of its authorised representative.	EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	0.25 390 2,025 - - 65 66 675 1,440	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO m³/h
cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  legradation coefficient  cooling  lectric power input in power mot  ff mode  tandby mode  hermostat-off mode  rankcase heater mode  lapacity control(indicate one of  ked  taged  tariable  contact details for obtaining	Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  Cdc  odes other than 'active Poff Psb Pto(rooling) Pck  three options)  No No Yes  Name and address Mitsubishi Heavy In	mode' 15 15 18 35 7	w W W W W W	for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder  Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor) or of its authorised representative.	EERcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	0.25 390 2,025 - - 65 66 675 1,440	kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) dB(A) kgCO m³/h

### (5) Ceiling suspended type (FDE)

### Model FDE71VNXWVH

ndoor unit model name	FDE71VH			If function includes heating: Indicate the heat information relates to. Indicated values shoul			
Outdoor unit model name	FDC71VN			heating season at a time. Include at least the			je'.
				a l			
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	No		
neating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
·	ar made at			Harra .	accorde at		-1
tem Design load	symbol	value	unit	Item Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency cla	symbol	value	class
cooling	Pdesigno	7.10	kW	cooling	SEER	6.58	A+-
neating / Average	Pdesignh	6.00	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.45	A+
neating / Warmer	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	-	-
neating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
							unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature	Tdesignh		_	Back up heating capacity at outdoor tempera	ture Tdesign	<u>h</u>	,
neating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	6.00	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
neating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu 	-	kW
eating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor ten	nerature 2	7(19)°C an	d	Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoor ter	nnerature 27	7(19)°C and	
utdoor temperature Tj	iperature 2	(13) C all	u	outdoor temperature Tj	iiperature 21	(13) C and	
Fj=35°C	Pdc	7.10	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	3.80	7.
Fj=30°C	Pdc	5.05	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.55	1-
rj=25°C	Pdc	3.30	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	8.68	1-
- j=20°C	Pdc	2.00	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	15.08	7-
Declared capacity for heating / Average sea		oor		Declared coefficient of performance / Average		indoor	
emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature	-		7	temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T			7
Γj=-7°C	Pdh	5.30	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.10	
Γj=2°C	Pdh	3.23	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	4.41	
Γj=7°C	Pdh	2.00	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.43	-
Γj=12°C	Pdh	1.50	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	6.52	+
rj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6.00	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.78	-
j=operating limit	Pdh	4.30	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.30	-
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer sea	eon at inde	oor		Declared coefficient of performance / Warme	easen at	indoor	
emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		J01		temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature T		IIIUUUI	
i=2°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd		7-
; j=7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd		1_
j=12°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	1_
j=bivalent temperature	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	1_
j=operating limit	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-	1_
j=-7°C j=2°C j=7°C	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh	-	kW kW kW	Tj=-7°C   Tj=2°C   Tj=7°C   Tj=12°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd	-	-
Γj=12℃		-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd		7-
=	Pdh		7		COPa	-	1
j=bivalent temperature	Pdh Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-	
- j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit		-	kW kW	11 -			-
j=bivalent temperature rj=operating limit rj=-15°C	Pdh	-	_	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C	COPd		-
j=bivalent temperature rj=operating limit rj=-15°C Sivalent temperature	Pdh Pdh	-	kW	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature	COPd COPd	-	]-  -  -
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Bivalent temperature leating / Average	Pdh Pdh Tbiv	-10	kw ]°c	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average	COPd COPd	-20	- - - -
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  livalent temperature eating / Average eating / Warmer	Pdh Pdh	-	kW °C °C	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer	COPd COPd	-	℃
j=bivalent temperature rj=operating limit rj=-15°C  Sivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Warmer	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv	-10	kw ]°c	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average	COPd COPd Tol Tol	-20	-
j=bivalent temperature jj=operating limit j=-15°C  bivalent temperature eating / Average eating / Warmer eating / Colder	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv	-10	kW °C °C	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer	COPd COPd Tol Tol	-20	℃
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  iivalent temperature eating / Average eating / Warmer eating / Colder  cycling interval capacity or cooling	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv	-10	kW  °C °C °C	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling	COPd COPd Tol Tol EERcyc	-20	℃
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Bivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Warmer leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv	-10	kW °C °C °C	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency	COPd COPd Tol Tol	-20	°C
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  sivalent temperature eating / Average eating / Warmer eating / Colder  cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv	-10	kW  °C °C °C	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating	COPd COPd Tol Tol EERcyc	-20	℃
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  iivalent temperature eating / Average eating / Average eating / Colder  iivaling interval capacity or cooling or heating	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv	-10	kW  °C °C °C	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling	COPd COPd Tol Tol EERcyc	-20	℃
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  bivalent temperature eating / Average eating / Warmer eating / Colder  cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient eooling	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych	-10 -2 	kW  °C °C °C	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-20	℃
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  divalent temperature eating / Average eating / Warmer eating / Colder  dycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych Cdc	-10 -10	kW  c c c c c kw	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc COPcyc	-20	°C   °C
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Bivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Cdc Cdc than 'active	-10	kW  °C °C °C °C kW  kW	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling	COPd COPd  Tol Tol Tol COPeyc  Cdh	-20  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	°C °C
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  bivalent temperature eating / Average eating / Average eating / Colder  cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  clictric power input in power modes other ff mode tandby mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Cdc Cdc than 'active Poff Psb	-10	kW  °C °C °C  kW  kW  W  W	Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd  Tol Tol Tol COPeyc  Cdh	-20  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	°C °C - - - - - kWh/a kWh/a
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Bivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient leating / Colder	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Cdc Cdc than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling)	-10	kW  °C °C °C °C °C W  kW  kW  W  W	Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe	-20 	°C °C - - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  divalent temperature eating / Average eating / Warmer eating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling electric power input in power modes other fff mode teamby mode eermostat-off mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating)	-10  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	kW  °C °C °C °C °C W  W  W  W  W	Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd  Tol Tol Tol COPeyc  Cdh	-20  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	°C °C - - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  divalent temperature eating / Average eating / Warmer eating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling electric power input in power modes other fff mode teamby mode eermostat-off mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Cdc Cdc than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling)	-10	kW  °C °C °C °C °C W  kW  kW  W  W	Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe	-20 	°C °C - - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient leating  Degradation coefficie	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv  Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	-10  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	kW  °C °C °C °C °C W  W  W  W  W	Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh Qce Qhe Qhe	-20 	°C °C - - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Bivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient looling  Electric power input in power modes other off mode leatingby mode hermostat-off mode  rankcase heater mode	Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv  Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck	-10  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	kW  °C °C °C °C °C W  W  W  W  W	Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa	-20 	c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
rj=bivalent temperature rj=operating limit rj=-15°C  Sivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Average neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode hermostat-off mode  crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three option	Pdh Pdh Pdh  Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck  ns)	-10  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	kW  °C °C °C °C °C W  W  W  W  W	Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	-20  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
rj=pivalent temperature rj=operating limit rj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Average neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient cooling  Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode hermostat-off mode  crankcase heater mode  Capacity control(indicate one of three option	Pdh Pdh Pdh  Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv  Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck  ns)	-10  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	kW  °C °C °C °C RW  kW  kW  W  W	Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	-20  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
rj=bivalent temperature rj=operating limit rj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient leating between the cooling  Cletcric power input in power modes other off mode leating between the cooling  Cletcric power input in power modes other off mode leating between the cooling  Capacity control(indicate one of three option  fixed staged	Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck  ns)	-10  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	kW  °C °C °C °C RW  kW  kW  W  W	Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	-20 	oc o
staged variable  Contact details for obtaining  Name a	Pdh Pdh Pdh  Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv  Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck  No No Yes  and address	-10	kW  °C °C °C  RW  kW  kW  W  W  W  W  M  M  M  M  M  M  M  M  M	Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	-20 	kWh/a kWh/a dB(A) kgCO;
rj=bivalent temperature rj=operating limit rj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient leating by the service of the	Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc Pcych  Cdc  than 'active Poff Psb Pto(cooling) Pto(heating) Pck  No No Yes  and address shi Heavy Ir	-10	kW    °C   °C   °C   °C   °C   °C   °C   °	Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Average heating / Other  Other items Sound power level(indoor) Sound power level(outdoor) Global warming potential Rated air flow(nodoor) Rated air flow(outdoor)	COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	-20 	oc o

### Model FDE71VNXWPVH

	the inform	ation relat	es to:	If function includes heating: Indicate the hea	ting season t	he	
Indoor unit model name	FDE40VH			information relates to. Indicated values shou			
Outdoor unit model name	FDC71VN			heating season at a time. Include at least the			ge'.
Function(indicate if present)				Average(mandatory)	Yes		
cooling	Yes			Warmer(if designated)	No		
neating	Yes			Colder(if designated)	No		
tom	eymbel	value	unit	Item	symbol	value	class
tem	symbol	value	unit	Second officionay and operay officionay of		value	class
Design load cooling	Pdesigno	7.10	kW	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency cla cooling	SEER	6.48	A+-
neating / Average	Pdesignh	6.00	kW	heating / Average	SCOP/A	4.49	A+
neating / Warmer	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Warmer	SCOP/W	-	-
neating / Colder	Pdesignh	-	kW	heating / Colder	SCOP/C	-	-
			1				unit
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature	Tdesignh		_	Back up heating capacity at outdoor tempera	ature Tdesign	ıh	
neating / Average (-10°C)	Pdh	6.00	kW	heating / Average (-10°C)	elbu	0	kW
neating / Warmer (2°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Warmer (2°C)	elbu	-	kW
neating / Colder (-22°C)	Pdh	-	kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)	elbu	-	kW
				1			
Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor ten	perature 27	7(19)°C an	d	Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoor te	mperature 27	7(19)°C and	
outdoor temperature Tj			7	outdoor temperature Tj			7
[j=35°C	Pdc	7.10	kW	Tj=35°C	EERd	4.04	+
Γj=30°C	Pdc	5.05	kW	Tj=30°C	EERd	5.55	4-
Γj=25°C	Pdc	3.30	kW	Tj=25°C	EERd	8.47	4-
_j=20°C	Pdc	1.99	kW	Tj=20°C	EERd	14.22	-
Declared conseit for hootily				Declared coefficient of coeff		inde	
Declared capacity for heating / Average sea emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		OOL		Declared coefficient of performance / Average temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		ınaoor	
emperature 20 C and outdoor temperature Fj=-7°C	Pdh	5.30	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.30	٦.
-	Pan Pdh	3.23	kW	I I -	COPd	4.43	£
[]=2°C			⊣	Tj=2°C			<del>-</del>
Γj=7°C	Pdh	2.00	kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	5.41	1
Γj=12°C	Pdh	1.50	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	6.38	
Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	6.00	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.78	
j=operating limit	Pdh	4.30	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.30	-
				15			
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer sea emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		100		Declared coefficient of performance / Warme temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		Indoor	
Fj=2°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd		٦.
j=2 ℃ j=7°C	Pdh		kW		COPd		+
		<u> </u>	⊣	I I -			Ⅎ⁻
Γj=12°C	Pdh	<u> </u>	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd	-	Ⅎ⁻
ij=bivalent temperature ij=operating limit	Pdh Pdh	-	kW kW	Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd		-l-
Declared capacity for heating / Colder seasemperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		or		Declared coefficient of performance / Colder temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature		ndoor	
Tj=-7°C	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	-	
	Pdh	-	kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	-	_
Γj=2°C	i uii		kW	Tj=7°C	0004		7-
-	Pdh	-		-	COPd	-	
rj=7°C		-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPa	-	-
Γj=7°C Γj=12°C	Pdh		kW kW	Tj=12°C			-
rj=7°C Fj=12°C Fj=bivalent temperature	Pdh Pdh	-	-	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	-
rj=7°C rj=12°C rj=bivalent temperature rj=operating limit	Pdh Pdh Pdh	-	kW	Tj=12°C	COPd COPd	-	
rj=7°C rj=12°C rj=bivalent temperature rj=operating limit	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh	-	kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd	-	- - - -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh	-	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature	COPd COPd COPd COPd	-	- - - - -
rj=7°C rj=12°C rj=bivalent temperature rj=operating limit rj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature neating / Average	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh	-10	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average	COPd COPd COPd COPd	-20	- - - - -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Sivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Warmer	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv	-10	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer	COPd COPd COPd COPd	-20	℃
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Sivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Warmer	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh	-10	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average	COPd COPd COPd COPd	-20	_
rj=7°C rj=12°C rj=bivalent temperature rj=coperating limit rj=-15°C Sivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv	-10	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder	COPd COPd COPd COPd	-20	℃
j=7°C j=12°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C Sivalent temperature eating / Average leating / Warmer leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv	-10	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol	-20	℃
j=7°C j=12°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Bivalent temperature eating / Average eating / Warmer eating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc	-10	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc	-20	℃
rj=7°C rj=12°C rj=bivalent temperature rj=coperating limit rj=-15°C  Bivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv	-10	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol	-20	]°C
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Sivalent temperature seating / Average seating / Average seating / Colder Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc	-10	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc	-20	]°C
ij=7°C j=12°C j=12°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C Sivalent temperature teating / Average teating / Average teating / Colder Sycling interval capacity or cooling or heating	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Tbiv Tbiv Tbiv Pcycc	-10	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol EERcyc	-20	℃
ij=7°C ij=12°C j=12°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C Bivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Warmer leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient looling	Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pdh Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pth Pt	-10  	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol COPd EERcyc COPcyc	-20	℃
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Sivalent temperature teating / Average teating / Average teating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient tooling Electric power input in power modes other	Pdh	-10 -10	kW kW kW	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc	-20	- - - -
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Sivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Average neating / Colder Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode	Pdh	-10 -10	kW kW kW *C *C *C *C *C *C	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol COPc COPcyc	-20 -20 	°C °C
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Sivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode	Pdh	-10 -10	kW kW kW *°C *°C *°C *°C *°C	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol COPc COPcyc	-20      0.25	°C °C - - - - kWh/a kWh/a
Tj=7°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C Sivalent temperature leating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient leating Degradation coefficient leating Degradation coefficient	Pdh	-10	kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol COPecc COPecc CoPecc Cdh		°C °C - - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
j=7°C j=7°C j=12°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Bivalent temperature j=ating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient leading / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient leading / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating	Pdh	-10	kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol COPc COPcyc	-20      0.25	℃
j=7°C j=7°C j=12°C j=bivalent temperature j=operating limit j=-15°C  Bivalent temperature j=ating / Average leating / Average leating / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient leading / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating  Degradation coefficient leading / Colder  Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating	Pdh	-10	kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol COPecc COPecc CoPecc Cdh		°C °C - - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
Tig=7°C Tig=12°C Tig=	Pdh	-10	kW k	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Varmer heating / Colder	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol COPecc COPecc CoPecc Cdh		°C °C - - - - - kWh/a kWh/a kWh/a
Tig=7°C Tig=12°C Tig=	Pdh	-10	kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature   heating / Average   heating / Warmer   heating / Colder     Cycling interval efficiency   for cooling   for heating     Degradation coefficient   heating     Annual electricity consumption   cooling   heating / Average   heating / Warmer   heating / colder	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol COPc COPcyc		kWh/a
Tig=7°C Tig=12°C Tig=	Pdh	-10	kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C     Operating limit temperature   heating / Average   heating / Warmer   heating / Colder     Cycling interval efficiency   for cooling   for heating     Degradation coefficient   heating     Annual electricity consumption   cooling   heating / Average   heating / Average   heating / Colder     Other items   Sound power level(indoor)	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPc COPc COPc Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe		kWh/akWh/addB(A)
Tig=7°C Tig=12°C Tig=bivalent temperature Tig=operating limit Tig=-15°C Sivalent temperature Tig=operating limit Tig=-15°C Sivalent temperature Tig=operating limit Tig=operating limit Tig=operating / Average Tig=operating / Average Tig=operating / Colder Tig=operating / Cold	Pdh	-10	kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa	-20 -20             	kWh/akWh/adB(A)
Tig=7°C Tig=12°C Tig=12°C Tig=bivalent temperature Tig=operating limit Tig=-15°C Sivalent temperature Discouling Tig=operating limit Tig=-15°C Tig=operating limit Tig=operating limit Tig=operating limit Tig=operating / Average Tig=operating / Average Tig=operating / Colder T	Pdh	-10	kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPc COPcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Lwa Lwa GWP	-20 -20             	CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
Fij=7°C Fij=12°C Fij=12°C Fij=12°C Fij=12°C Fij=12°C Fij=12°C Fij=15°C Sivalent temperature Fij=-15°C Sivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Average neating / Colder Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode hermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three option fixed staged	Pdh	-10	kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Qce Qhe Qhe Qhe Lwa Lwa		c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
Fij=7°C Fij=12°C Fij=12°C Fij=12°C Fij=bivalent temperature Fij=-15°C Sivalent temperature fij=-15°C Sivalent temperature meating / Average meating / Average meating / Colder Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode hermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three option	Pdh	-10	kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPc COPcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Lwa Lwa GWP	-20 -20             	CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC
Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=-15°C Sivalent temperature neating / Average neating / Warmer neating / Colder Cycling interval capacity for cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode thermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three option fixed staged variable	Pdh	-10 -10	kW kW kW *°C *°C *°C *°C *°C *°C *°C *°C *°C *°C	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPc COPcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Lwa Lwa GWP		c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
staged variable  Contact details for obtaining  Name a	Pdh	-10 -10	kW k	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPc COPcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Lwa Lwa GWP		c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
Fij=7°C Fij=12°C Fij=12°C Fij=12°C Fij=bivalent temperature Fij=operating limit Fij=-15°C Sivalent temperature meating / Average meating / Average meating / Average meating / Colder Cycling interval capacity or cooling or heating Degradation coefficient cooling Electric power input in power modes other off mode standby mode hermostat-off mode crankcase heater mode Capacity control(indicate one of three option fixed staged variable Contact details for obtaining more information Name a Mitsubi	Pdh	-10 -10	kW kW kW kW kW ww	Tj=12°C Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit Tj=-15°C  Operating limit temperature heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Cycling interval efficiency for cooling for heating  Degradation coefficient heating  Annual electricity consumption cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPc COPcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Lwa Lwa GWP		°C °C °C 
i=7°C j=12°C j=bivalent temperature j=-15°C gleoperating limit j=-15°C gleoperating / Average gleoting / Average gleoting / Colder gleoting / Colder gleoting or heating gleoting or heating gleotic power input in power modes other iff mode gleoting firm ode gleotin	Pdh	-10 -10	kW kW kW kW kW ww	Tj=12°C   Tj=bivalent temperature   Tj=operating limit   Tj=-15°C	COPd COPd COPd COPd Tol Tol Tol Tol COPc COPcyc COPcyc  Cdh  Lwa Lwa GWP		°C °C °C 

### (6) Wall mounted type (SRK)

### Model SRK71VNXWZR

Outdoor unit model name  FDC  Function(indicate if present)  cooling heating  Item Design load Cocoling heating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder Declared capacity at outdoor temperature Tdes heating / Average (-10°C) Pdr heating / Average (-10°C) Pdr heating / Average (-10°C) Pdr heating / Oolder (-22°C) Pdr Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor temperature Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor temperature Tj=30°C Pdc Tj=25°C Pdc Tj=20°C Pdc Declared capacity for heating / Average season temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=7°C Pdr Tj=12°C Pdr Tj=12°C Pdr Tj=bivalent temperature Pdr Tj=operating limit Pdr Declared capacity for heating / Average season temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=12°C Pdr Tj=bivalent temperature Pdr Tj=operating limit Pdr	esignt esignh esignh h	7.10 5.80 - - - 19)°C ar 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	unit  kW	information relates to. Indicated values heating season at a time. Include at le Average(mandatory) Warmer(if designated) Colder(if designated)  Item Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency onling heating / Average heating / Average heating / Colder  Back up heating capacity at outdoor te heating / Average (-10°C) heating / Warmer (2°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indicated outdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=30°C Tj=25°C Tj=20°C	ast the heating :  Yes No No No symbol nocy class SEER SCOP/A SCOP/W SCOP/C emperature Tdes elbu elbu elbu door temperature EERd EERd EERd EERd	value  6.80 4.56 signh 0 27(19)°C	class  A++  A+  -  unit  kW  kW  kW
tem sym Design load Cooling Pde Design load Design loa	Yes  mbol vi esignc esignh esignh h h rature 27(	7.10 5.80 - - - 19)°C and 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Average(mandatory) Warmer(if designated) Colder(if designated)  Item Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency at outdoor teneating / Average (-10°C) heating / Average (-10°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indicate the energy efficiency ratio and energy efficiency ratio and energy efficiency ratio at indicate the energy efficiency ratio and energy efficiency energy efficiency and energy efficiency energy efficiency and energy efficiency energy efficiency energy efficiency energy efficiency energy efficiency energy efficiency energy ener	Yes No No No Symbol nicy class SEER SCOP/A SCOP//C SEED SEER SCOP/C SEED SEED SEED SEED SEED SEED SEED SEE	value  6.80 4.56 signh 0 27(19)°C	class  A++  A+  -  unit  kW  kW  kW
tem sym Design load Cooling Pde Design load Design loa	Yes  mbol vi esignc esignh esignh h h rature 27(	7.10 5.80 - - - 19)°C and 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Warmer(if designated)   Colder(if designated)   Item	symbol ncy class SEER SCOP/A SCOP/C emperature Tdes elbu elbu elou foor temperature EERd EERd EERd	6.80 4.56 - - signh 0 - - -	A++ unit  kW kW
tem sym Design load Design loa	Yes  mbol vi esignc esignh esignh h h rature 27(	7.10 5.80 - - - 19)°C and 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Item  Seasonal efficiency and energy efficience cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Back up heating capacity at outdoor te heating / Average (-10°C) heating / Average (-10°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoutdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=25°C	symbol ncy class SEER SCOP/A SCOP/W SCOP/C emperature Tdes elbu elbu elbu door temperature EERd EERd EERd	6.80 4.56 - - signh 0 - - -	A++ unit  kW kW kW
tem sym Design load Design loa	esignc esignh esignh esignh h esignh esignh esignh esignh cature 27(	7.10 5.80 - - - 19)°C and 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Item  Seasonal efficiency and energy efficiency cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Back up heating capacity at outdoor te heating / Average (-10°C) heating / Warmer (2°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indicate outdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=25°C	symbol ncy class SEER SCOP/A SCOP/W SCOP/C emperature Tdes elbu elbu elbu loor temperature EERd EERd EERd	6.80 4.56 - - signh 0 - - -	A+ unit  kW kW kW
Design load cooling Pde leating / Average Pde leating / Golder Pde leating / Average Pde leating / Average (-10°C) Pde leating / Average (-10°C) Pde leating / Colder (-22°C) Pde leating / Colder (-22°C) Pde leating / Colder (-22°C) Pde leating / Golder (-22°C) Pde leating / Golde	esignt esignh esignh h	7.10 5.80 - - - 19)°C and 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficience cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Back up heating capacity at outdoor to heating / Average (-10°C) heating / Warmer (2°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoutdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=25°C	ncy class SEER SCOP/A SCOP/W SCOP/C Emperature Tdes elbu elbu elbu EERd EERd EERd EERd	6.80 4.56 - - signh 0 - - -	A++ unit  kW kW kW
Design load cooling Pde leating / Average Pde leating / Warmer Pde leating / Colder Pde Pde leating / Colder Pde Pde Pde leating / Colder Pde Pde leating / Colder Pde Pde leating / Average (-10°C) Pdh leating / Average (-10°C) Pdh leating / Colder (-22°C) Pdr leating / Colder leating / Pdr leating / Colder leating / Pdr leating / P	esignt esignh esignh h	7.10 5.80 - - - 19)°C and 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	Seasonal efficiency and energy efficience cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Back up heating capacity at outdoor to heating / Average (-10°C) heating / Warmer (2°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoutdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=25°C	ncy class SEER SCOP/A SCOP/W SCOP/C Emperature Tdes elbu elbu elbu EERd EERd EERd EERd	6.80 4.56 - - signh 0 - - -	A+ unit  kW kW kW
cooling Pde ceating / Average Pde heating / Average Pde heating / Colder Pde heating / Colder Pde Pde heating / Colder Pde Pde Pde heating / Colder Pde	esignh esignh esignh hh hh esignh esignh esignh hh esignh esignh hh esignh	5.80 - - - - 19)°C an 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	cooling heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Back up heating capacity at outdoor te heating / Average (-10°C) heating / Warmer (2°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at ind outdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=25°C	SEER SCOP/A SCOP/C Emperature Tdes elbu elbu elbu foor temperature EERd EERd EERd	4.56 - - signh 0 - - e 27(19)℃	A+ unit  kW kW kW
neating / Average Pde neating / Warmer Pde neating / Warmer Pde neating / Colder Pde	esignh esignh esignh hh hh esignh esignh esignh hh esignh esignh hh esignh	5.80 - - - - 19)°C an 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW kW kW kW kW	heating / Average heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Back up heating capacity at outdoor te heating / Average (-10°C) heating / Warmer (2°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at ind outdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=25°C	SCOP/A SCOP/W SCOP/C emperature Tdes elbu elbu elbu door temperature EERd EERd EERd	4.56 - - signh 0 - - e 27(19)℃	A+ unit  kW kW kW
neating / Warmer Pde neating / Colder Pde	esignh esignh h h h rature 27(	5.80 - - 19)°C an 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW kW kW	heating / Warmer heating / Colder  Back up heating capacity at outdoor te heating / Average (-10°C) heating / Warmer (2°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at ind outdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=25°C	SCOP/W SCOP/C emperature Tdes elbu elbu elbu elbu elcor temperature EERd EERd	signh 0 27(19)°C	unit kW kW kW
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature Tdes Declared capacity at outdoor temperature Tdes Declared capacity at outdoor temperature Tdes Declared (2°C) Pdf Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor temperature Tj Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor temperature Tj Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor temperature Tj Declared capacity for heating / Pdc Declared capacity for heating / Average season Declared capacity for heating / Pdc Declared capacity for heating / Pdc Declared capacity for heating / Pdc Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season	esignh h h rature 27(	5.80 - - 19)°C an 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW and kW kW	heating / Colder	scop/c emperature Tdes elbu elbu elbu foor temperature EERd EERd EERd	- signh 0 e 27(19)°C	kW kW kW
Declared capacity at outdoor temperature Tdees the eating / Average (-10°C) Pdf heating / Warmer (2°C) Pdf heating / Colder (-22°C) Pdf heating / Colder temperature Tj heating / Colder temperature Pdf heating / Colder temperature Pdf heating / Colder temperature Pdf heating / Colder temperature Tj heating / Colder temperature	signh h h h rature 27(	5.80 - - 19)℃ an 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW	Back up heating capacity at outdoor to heating / Average (-10°C) heating / Warmer (2°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoutdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=25°C	emperature Tdes elbu elbu elbu door temperature EERd EERd EERd	0 - - e 27(19)°C 3.68	kW kW kW
reating / Average (-10°C) Pdr reating / Warmer (2°C) Pdr reating / Colder (-22°C) Pdr reating / Pdr reating / Average season remperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj respective Pdr respecti	h h h h h h h h h h h h h	- - 19)°C an 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW nd kW kW	heating / Average (-10°C) heating / Warmer (2°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoutdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=30°C Tj=25°C	elbu elbu elbu door temperature EERd EERd EERd	0 - - e 27(19)°C 3.68	kW kW kW
reating / Average (-10°C) Pdr reating / Warmer (2°C) Pdr reating / Colder (-22°C) Pdr reating / Pdr reating / Average season remperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj respective Pdr respecti	h h h h h h h h h h h h h	- - 19)°C an 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW nd kW kW	heating / Average (-10°C) heating / Warmer (2°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoutdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=30°C Tj=25°C	elbu elbu elbu door temperature EERd EERd EERd	0 - - e 27(19)°C 3.68	kW kW
neating / Warmer (2°C) Pdh neating / Colder (-22°C) Pdh  Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor temperature Tj  rj=35°C Pdc  rj=30°C Pdc  rj=25°C Pdc  Declared capacity for heating / Average season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj  rj=7°C Pdr  rj=7°C Pdr  rj=12°C Pdr	h h rature 27(	- - 19)°C an 7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW nd kW kW	heating / Warmer (2°C) heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoutdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=30°C Tj=25°C	elbu elbu door temperature EERd EERd EERd	- e 27(19)°C	kW kW
neating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared capacity for cooling, at indoor temperature Tj  Tj=35°C  Pdc  Tj=30°C  Pdc  Tj=25°C  Pdc  Declared capacity for heating / Average season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj  Tj=7°C  Pdf  Tj=12°C  Pd	rature 27(	7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW	heating / Colder (-22°C)  Declared energy efficiency ratio, at indoutdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=25°C	loor temperature EERd EERd EERd	3.68	
butdoor temperature Tj  Tj=35°C Pdc  Tj=30°C Pdc  Tj=25°C Pdc  Declared capacity for heating / Average season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj  Tj=7°C Pdr  Tj=7°C Pdr  Tj=12°C Pdr  Tj=bivalent temperature Pdr  Tj=operating limit Pdr  Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj  Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj  Tj=2°C Pdr	c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW	outdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=30°C Tj=25°C	EERd EERd EERd	3.68	and .
butdoor temperature Tj  Tj=35°C Pdc  Tj=30°C Pdc  Tj=25°C Pdc  Declared capacity for heating / Average season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj  Tj=7°C Pdr  Tj=7°C Pdr  Tj=12°C Pdr  Tj=bivalent temperature Pdr  Tj=operating limit Pdr  Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj  Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj  Tj=2°C Pdr	c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	7.10 5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW kW	outdoor temperature Tj Tj=35°C Tj=30°C Tj=25°C	EERd EERd EERd	3.68	and.
Tj=35°C Pdc Tj=35°C Pdc Tj=30°C Pdc Tj=25°C Pdc Tj=20°C Pdc Declared capacity for heating / Average season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=7°C Pdr Tj=12°C Pdr Tj=12°C Pdr Tj=12°C Pdr Tj=bivalent temperature Pdr Tj=operating limit Pdr Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=2°C Pdr	n, at indoo	5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW	Tj=35°C Tj=30°C Tj=25°C	EERd EERd		and
rj=30°C Pdc rj=25°C Pdc rj=25°C Pdc Pdc Declared capacity for heating / Average season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj rj=7°C Pdr rj=12°C Pdr rj=12°C Pdr rj=12°C Pdr rj=operating limit Pdr Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj rj=2°C Pdr	n, at indoo	5.05 3.30 1.88	kW kW	Tj=30°C Tj=25°C	EERd EERd		,
Fij=25°C Pdc Fij=20°C Pdc  Declared capacity for heating / Average season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Fij=7°C Pdr Fij=12°C Pdr Fij=20°C Pdr Fij=20°C And outdoor temperature Pdr Fij=20°C And outdoor temperature Tj Fij=2°C Pdr	n, at indoor	3.30 1.88 or	kW	Tj=25℃	EERd		-
rj=20°C Pdc  Declared capacity for heating / Average season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj rj=-7°C Pdr rj=-2°C Pdr rj=-7°C Pdr rj=-12°C Pdr	n, at indoo	<b>1.88</b> or	1	111 -		5.71	-
Declared capacity for heating / Average season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=2°C Pdt Tj=12°C Pdt Tj=bivalent temperature Pdt Tj=operating limit Pdt  Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=2°C Pdt	n, at indoo	or	kW			9.85	-
emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj  Tj=7°C Pdt  Tj=2°C Pdt  Tj=12°C Pdt  Tj=12°C Pdt  Tj=bivalent temperature Pdt  Tj=operating limit Pdt  Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season  emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj  Tj=2°C Pdt	h h h				EERd	14.14	-
emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj	h h h			Declared earth-in-the	August	at in 2	
Tj=-7°C Pdr Tj=-2°C Pdr Tj=-2°C Pdr Tj=-12°C Pdr Tj=-12°C Pdr Tj=-bivalent temperature Pdr Tj=-operating limit Pdr Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=2°C Pdr	h h h	<u>5.</u> 13		Declared coefficient of performance / A	-	, at indoor	
Tj=2°C Pdh Tj=7°C Pdh Tj=12°C Pdh Tj=12°C Pdh Tj=bivalent temperature Pdh Tj=operating limit Pdh Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=2°C Pdh	h h h	5.13	7,,,,,	temperature 20°C and outdoor temper		2 40	1
rj=7°C Pdh rj=12°C Pdh rj=bivalent temperature Pdh rj=operating limit Pdh Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj rj=2°C Pdh	h h		kW	Tj=-7°C	COPd	3.40	†
Tj=12°C Pdh Tj=bivalent temperature Pdh Tj=operating limit Pdh  Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=2°C Pdh	h	3.00	kW	Tj=2℃	COPd	4.36	ť
Tj=bivalent temperature Pdh Tj=operating limit Pdh  Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=2°C Pdh		2.00	kW kW	Tj=7℃   Tj=12℃	COPd COPd	5.65	ť
Tj=operating limit Pdh  Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=2°C Pdh		1.50 5.80	kW	Ti=bivalent temperature	COPd	6.72 2.96	ť
Declared capacity for heating / Warmer season temperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=2°C Pdh		4.40	kW	11 '			†
emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=2°C Pdh	11	4.40	IKVV	Tj=operating limit	COPd	2.43	1-
emperature 20°C and outdoor temperature Tj Tj=2°C Pdh	a at indee			Declared coefficient of performance / \	Normor coacon	at indoor	
Tj=2°C Pdh	i, at indoc	И		temperature 20°C and outdoor temper		, at indoor	
-	ь Г		kW	Tj=2°C	COPd	-	1.
			kW	Ti=7°C	COPd		1
Tj=7°C Pdh Ti=12°C Pdh		<del>.</del>	kW	11 '	COPd		†
			1	Tj=12°C			†
Tj=bivalent temperature Pdh Tj=operating limit Pdh		-	kW kW	Tj=bivalent temperature Tj=operating limit	COPd COPd		+
¯j=-7°C Pdr ¯j=2°C Pdr		-	kW kW	Tj=-7°C Tj=2°C	COPd COPd	-	- -
rj=7°C Pdh			kW	Tj=7°C	COPd	-	]-
Tj=12℃ Pdh	h [	-	kW	Tj=12℃	COPd	-	1-
Tj=bivalent temperature Pdh	h [	-	kW	Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	-	1-
Tj=operating limit Pdh		-	kW	Tj=operating limit	COPd	-	1-
Γj=-15℃ Pdh	h	-	kW		COPd	-	]-
Bivalent temperature	_		7	Operating limit temperature			1
neating / Average Tbis	iv	-10	℃	heating / Average	Tol	-20	℃
neating / Warmer Tbis		-	℃	heating / Warmer	Tol		°C
neating / Colder Tbir	iv	-	℃	heating / Colder	Tol		℃
Sueling interval conseits:				Cyaling interval off-i			
Cycling interval capacity for cooling Pcy	усс Г		kW	Cycling interval efficiency for cooling	EERcyc	_	1.
or cooling Pcy or heating Pcy			kW	for cooling for heating	COPcyc		1
ccating PCy	, 511		Toxa	not nothing	JOING		
Degradation coefficient				Degradation coefficient			
cooling Cdd	С	0.25	]-	heating	Cdh	0.25	]
				1			
Electric power input in power modes other than			1	Annual electricity consumption			1
off mode Pof		15	W	cooling	Qce	366	kWh/a
standby mode Psb		15	W	heating / Average	Qhe	1,782	kWh/a
	cooling)	50	w	heating / Warmer	Qhe	-	kWh/a
	heating)	25	w	heating / colder	Qhe	-	kWh/a
crankcase heater mode Pck	K	7	W				
				Other items			
itt10dit				Other items	Luc-		],,,,,
Capacity control(indicate one of three options)				Sound power level(indoor)	Lwa	57	dB(A)
Capacity control(indicate one of three options)				Sound power level(outdoor)	Lwa	66	dB(A)
	_			Global warming potential	GWP	675	kgCO
fixed N	No			7 1	GVVI		
staged	No No Yes			Rated air flow(indoor) Rated air flow(outdoor)	-	1,230 3,600	m³/h m³/h

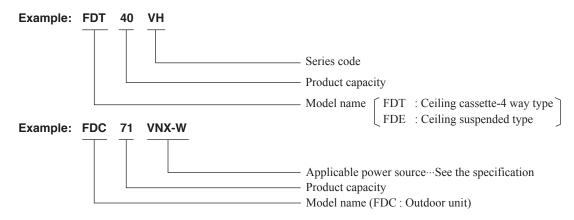
### 2. V MULTI SYSTEM

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### 2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

### 2.1.1 How to read the model name



### 2.1.2 Table of models

Model Capacity	40
Ceiling cassette-4 way type (FDT)	0
Ceiling suspended type (FDE)	0
Outdoor unit to be combined (FDC)	FDC71VNX-W (3 HP)

### 2.1.3 Table of system combinations

Outdoor unit	Туре	Indoor unit assembly capacity	Branch pipe set (Option)
FDC71VNX-W	Twin	40+40	DIS-WA1G

Notes(1) Always use the branch piping set (option) at branches in the refrigerant piping.

- (2) If wireless specifications are used, use 1 wireless indoor unit in combination with wired indoor units.
  (3) The combinations except the above table forbids.

### 2.2 SPECIFICATIONS

### (1) Indoor units

### (a) Ceiling cassette -4 way type (FDT)

Item		Model	FDT40VH	
Power sour	rce	*		1 Phase 220-240V 50Hz / 220V 60Hz
Operation Sound power level Cooling Heating			55	
data	Sound pressure level	Cooling Heating	dB(A)	P-Hi:39 Hi:33 Me:31 Lo:30
	Silent mode sound pres	sure level		_
Exterior din	nensions (Height × Width	× Depth)	mm	Unit 246 × 840 × 840 Panel 35 × 950 × 950
Exterior app	pearance			Plaster white
( Munsell co				( 6.8Y8.9/0.2 ) near equivalent
(RAL color	')			( RAL 9003 ) near equivalent
Net weight			kg	Unit 22 Panel 5.5
Heat excha	ungor			Louver fin & inner grooved tubing
Fan type &		·		Turbo fan ×1
	(Starting method)		W	50 < Direct line start >
T all Illotor (	(Starting metriou)	Cooling		50 < Direct line start >
Air flow Heating			m³/min	P-Hi: 20 Hi: 18 Me: 16 Lo: 14
Available ex	xternal static pressure		Pa	0
Outside air intake			Possible	
	uality / Quantity			Pocket plastic net ×1 (Washable)
Shock & vik	oration absorber			Rubber sleeve (for fan motor)
Electric hea	ater		W	<del>-</del>
Operation	Remote control			(Option) Wired: RC-EX3A, RC-E5, RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-T-5AW-E2
control	Room temperature cont	rol		Thermostat by electronics
CONTROL	Operation display			-
Safety equi	nmonto			Internal thermostat for fan motor.
Salety equi	priients			Frost protection thermostat.
	Refrigerant piping size (	gerant piping size ( O.D. )		Liquid line: φ 6.35 (1/4")
	0			Gas line: $\phi$ 12.7 (1/2")
Installation	ourneoung mounea		m	Flare piping
data		Attached length of piping		
	Insulation for piping			Necessary (both Liquid & Gas lines)
	Drain hose			Hose connectable VP25 (O.D.32)
	o, max lift height		mm	Built-in drain pump, 850
IP number				IPX0
Standard a				Mounting kit, Drain hose
Option part				<del>-</del>
Notes (1)	The data are measured a	t the followi	na condi	tions The pipe length is 7.5m

Notes (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

The pipe length is 7.5m.

Item	Indoor air temperature		Outdoor air temperature		Standards
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	Staridards
Cooling	27°C	19°C	35°C	24°C	ISO5151-T1
Heating	20°C	_	7°C	6°C	ISO5151-H1

<sup>(2)</sup> This air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the ISO.

<sup>(3)</sup> Sound level indicates the value in an anechoic chamber. During operation these values are somewhat higher due to ambient conditions.

(4) The operation data indicate when the air-conditioner is operated at 230V 50Hz or 220V 60Hz.

### (b) Ceiling suspended type (FDE)

Item			Model	FDE40VH
Power sour	ce			1 Phase 220-240V 50Hz / 220V 60Hz
Nominal cooling capacity		у	kW	4.0
	Nominal heating capacit	У	kW	4.5
Operation data	Sound power level	Cooling Heating		60
data	Sound pressure level	Cooling Heating	dB(A)	P-Hi: 46 Hi: 38 Me: 36 Lo: 31
	Silent mode sound press	sure level		-
Exterior dim	nensions (Height x Width	x Depth)	mm	210 × 1070 × 690
Exterior app	pearance			Plaster white
( Munsell co	olor)			( 6.8Y8.9/0.2 ) near equivalent
(RAL color	)			( RAL 9003 ) near equivalent
Net weight	-		kg	28
Heat excha	nger			Louver fin & inner grooved tubing
Fan type &	Q'ty			Centrifugal fan ×2
Fan motor (	Starting method)		W	30 < Direct line start >
Air flow Cooling Heating		m³/min	P-Hi:13 Hi:10 Me:9 Lo:7	
Available external static pressure		Pa	0	
Outside air	intake			Not possible
	ality / Quantity			Pocket plastic net ×2(Washable)
Shock & vib	oration absorber			Rubber sleeve(for fan motor)
Electric hea	iter		W	_
Operation	Remote control			(Option) Wired: RC-EX3A, RC-E5, RCH-E3 Wireless: RCN-E-E3
control	Room temperature conti	ol		Thermostat by electronics
CONTROL	Operation display			_
Safety equip	pments			Overload protection for fan motor Frost protection thermostat
	Refrigerant piping size (	O.D. )	mm	Liquid line: φ 6.35 (1/4")  Gas line: φ 12.7 (1/2")
Installation	Connecting method			Flare piping
data	Attached length of piping	g	m	_
	Insulation for piping			Necessary (both Liquid & Gas lines)
Drain hose				Hose connectable VP20(O.D.26)
Drain pump	, max lift height		mm	
IP number				IPX0
Standard ad	ccessories			Mounting kit, Drain hose
Option parts	S			Motion sensor : LB-E

### Notes (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

Item	Indoor air temperature		Outdoor air	temperature	Standards
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	Standards
Cooling	27°C	19°C	35°C	24°C	ISO5151-T1
Heating	20°C	_	7°C	6°C	ISO5151-H1

<sup>(2)</sup> This air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the ISO.(3) Sound level indicates the value in an anechoic chamber. During operation these values are somewhat higher due to ambient conditions.

<sup>(4)</sup> The operation data indicate when the air-conditioner is operated at 230V 50Hz or 220V 60Hz.

### (2) Outdoor unit

Item			Model	FDC71VNX-W		
Power source	ce			1 Phase 220-240V 50Hz / 220V 60Hz		
Nominal cooling capacity (range)		kW	7.1 [ 3.2(Min.)-8.0(Max.)]			
	Nominal heating capacity	/ (range)	kW	8.0 [ 3.6(Min.)-9.0(Max.)]		
Operation	Sound power level	Cooling Heating		66		
data	Sound pressure level	Cooling Heating	dB(A)	51		
	Silent mode sound	Cooling		49 / 47 (Normal / Silent)		
	pressure level	Heating		46.5 / 45.5 (Normal / Silent)		
Exterior dim	ensions (Height x Width x	Depth)	mm	750×880(+88)×340		
Exterior app	earance			Stucco white		
( Munsell co	olor)			( 4.2Y7.5/1.1 ) near equivalent		
(RAL color)	)			(RAL 7044) near equivalent		
Net weight			kg	60		
Compressor	r type & Q'ty		Ĭ	RMT5118SWP×1		
Compressor	r motor (Starting method)		kW	Direct line start		
Refrigerant	oil (Amount, type)		L	0.675 (DIAMOND FREEZE MB75)		
Refrigerant (Type, amount, pre-charge length)		e length)	kg	R32 2.75 in outdoor unit (Incl. the amount for the piping of 30m)		
Heat exchar	nger		Ĭ	M shape fin & inner grooved tubing		
Refrigerant of	control			Electronic expansion valve		
Fan type & 0	Q'ty			Propeller fan ×1		
Fan motor (S	Starting method)		W	86 < Direct line start >		
A: 0	,	Cooling	m³/min	60		
Air flow		Heating	m /min	50		
Shock & vib	ration absorber			Rubber sleeve(for compressor )		
Electric heat	ter		W	20(Crank case heater)		
0-4-4		,		Internal thermostat for fan motor		
Safety equip	oments			Abnormal discharge temperature protection		
	B (	2.0.\		Liquid line: φ 9.52 (3/8")		
	Refrigerant piping size (	J.D.)	mm	Gas line: φ 15.88 (5/8")		
	Connecting method			Flare piping		
Installation	Attached length of piping	1	m	——————————————————————————————————————		
data	Insulation for piping	•		Necessary (both Liquid & Gas lines)		
	Refrigerant line (one way	/) length	m	Max.50		
	Vertical height diff. between C		m	Max.30 (Outdoor unit is higher) Max.15 (Outdoor unit is lower)		
	Drain hose			Hole size φ 20 x 4 pcs		
IP number				IP24		
Standard ac	ccessories	,		_		
Option parts				_		

Notes  $\,$  (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

The pipe length is 7.5m.

		_			1 1 0	
Item	Indoor air temperature		Item Indoor air temperature Outdoor air temperature			Standards
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	Standards	
Cooling	27°C	19°C	35°C	24°C	ISO5151-T1	
Heating	20°C	_	7°C	6°C	ISO5151-H1	

- (2) This air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the ISO.
- (3) Sound level indicates the value in an anechoic chamber. During operation these values are somewhat higher due to ambient conditions.
- (4) The operation data indicate when the air-conditioner is operated at 230V 50Hz or 220V 60Hz.

### (3) Operation chart

The V Multi is a system that allows for different models and capacities of indoor units to be connected so the individual operating characteristics of the indoor and outdoor are provided. Use the procedure shown in Item (c) to calculate the combined operating characteristics.

### (a) Operating characteristic of outdoor unit

(220-240V 50Hz/220V 60Hz)

Item	Model	FDC71VNX-W
Cooling power consumption	kW	1.55
Heating power consumption	K VV	1.77
Cooling running current		6.1/6.66
Heating running current	A	7.02/7.66
Inrush current < Max. running current>	A	5 <19.1>

Note(1) This packaged air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the following standard. ISO5151-T1 "UNITARY AIR-CONDITIONERS"

### (b) Operating characteristic of indoor unit

**FDT series** (220-240V 50Hz/220V 60Hz)

Item	/lodel	FDT40VH
110111	$\overline{}$	
Cooling power consumption	kW	0.03-0.03/0.03
Heating power consumption	K VV	0.03-0.03/0.03
Cooling running current		0.27-0.25/0.27
Heating running current	A	0.27-0.25/0.27

**FDE series** (220-240V 50Hz/220V 60Hz)

Item	Model	FDE40VH
Cooling power consumption	kW	0.05/0.05
Heating power consumption	KW	0.05/0.05
Cooling running current		0.50/0.50
Heating running current	A	0.50/0.50

Notes(1) This packaged air-conditioner is manufactured and tested in conformity with the following standard. ISO5151-T1 "UNITARY AIR-CONDITIONERS"

(2) The values shown in the above table are common to both cooling and heating operations.

### (c) Calculation of total operation characteristics

Since the operation characteristics of V Multi system depend on combination of indoor unit, calculate the total operation characteristics of the system by using the formulas below according to speciations of each indoor unit or outdoor unit.

### a) Total power consumption

Total power consumption (kW) = Power consumption of outdoor unit +  $\sum$  (Power consumption of indoor unit)

### b) Total running current

Total running current (A) = Running current of outdoor unit +  $\sum$  (Running current of indoor unit)

### c) Total power factor

Total power factor (%) = [Total power consumption (W) / Total running current (A)  $\times$  Power source]  $\times$  100 Total operation characteristics = Operation characteristic value of outdoor unit + Operation characteristic value of indoor unit

[Example]

(Conditions) Operation voltage ······ Indoor unit: 220V, 50Hz

Outdoor unit: 220V, 50Hz

Operation mode ..... Cooling and Heating

Unit······ Outdoor unit: FDC71VNX-W × 1 unit

Indoor unit: FDT40VH × 2 units

### Operation characteristics of each unit

(Cooling/Heating)

Item Model	FDC71VNX-W	FDT40VH
Power consumption (kW)	1.55/1.77	0.03/0.03
Running current (A)	6.1/7.02	0.27/0.27

### ① Total power consumption (kW)

(Cooling) 
$$1.55 + (0.03 \times 2) = 1.61$$

(Heating) 
$$1.77 + (0.03 \times 2) = 1.83$$

### 2 Total running current (A)

(Cooling) 
$$6.1 + (0.27 \times 2) = 6.64$$

(Heating) 
$$7.02 + (0.27 \times 2) = 7.56$$

### 3 Total power factor (%)

(Cooling) 
$$\frac{1.61 \times 1000}{6.64 \times 220} \times 100 = 99\%$$

(Heating) 
$$\frac{1.83 \times 1000}{7.56 \times 220} \times 100 = 99\%$$

2.3 EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS			
(1) Indoor units			
(a) Ceiling cassette-4 way type (FDT)	See	page	13
(b) Ceiling suspended type (FDE)	See	page	18
(2) Outdoor units	See	page	21
(3) Remote control (Option parts)	See	page	22
2.4 ELECTRICAL WIRING			
(1) Indoor units			
(a) Ceiling cassette-4 way type (FDT)	.See	page	25
(b) Ceiling suspended type (FDE)	.See	page	30
(2) Outdoor units	See	page	32
2.5 NOISE LEVEL			
(1) Indoor units			
(a) Ceiling cassette-4 way compact type (FDT)	See	page	33
(b) Ceiling suspended type (FDE)	See	page	35
(2) Outdoor units	.See	page	36
2.6 TEMPERATURE AND VELOCITY DISTRIBUTION			
(1) Indoor units			
(a) Ceiling cassette-4 way type (FDT)	.See	page	39
(b) Ceiling suspended type (FDE)	.See	page	42
2.7 PIPING SYSTEM	See	page	44
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2.9 SELECTION CHART	See	page	49
2.10 APPLICATION DATA			
2.10.1 Installation of indoor unit			
(1) Ceiling cassette-4 way type (FDT)	.See	page	56
(2) Ceiling suspended type (FDE)	See	page	82
2.10.2 Electric wiring work installation	.See	page	91
2.10.3 Installation of wired remote control (Option parts)	See	page	95
2.10.4 Installation of outdoor unit	See	page	107
2.10.5 Instructions for branching pipe set (DIS-WA1,WB1,TA1,TB1)	See	page	115
2.10.6 Safety precautions in handling air-conditioners with flammable refrigerants	See	page	118

### 2.11 TECHNICAL INFORMATION

(1) Ceiling cassette-4 way type (FDT)

### Model FDT40VH

Model(s): FDT40VH							
Item	Symbol	Value	Unit	Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Cooling capacity (sensible)	$P_{rated,c}$	3.9	kW	Total electric power input	$P_{elec}$	0.030	kW
Cooling capacity (latent)	P <sub>rated,c</sub>	0.1	kW	Sound power level (per speed setting,if applicable)	$L_WA$	50.0	dB
Heating capacity	$P_{rated,h}$	4.5	kW				
Contact details	Mitsubishi heavy industries thermal systems,LTD						

### (2) Ceiling suspended type (FDE)

### Model FDE40VH

Model(s): FDE40VH							
Item	Symbol	Vaiue	Unit	Item	Symbol	Vaiue	Unit
Cooling capacity (sensible)	$P_{rated,c}$	3.4	kW	Total electric power input	$P_{elec}$	0.050	kW
Cooling capacity (latent)	P <sub>rated,c</sub>	0.6	kW	Sound power level (per speed setting,if applicable)	$L_WA$	60.0	dB
Heating capacity	$P_{rated,h}$	4.5	kW				
Contact details	Mitsubishi heavy industries thermal systems,LTD						

### 3. OPTION PARTS

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### 3.1 WIRELESS KIT

### 3.1.1 FDT series (RCN-T-5AW-E2)

Notes:

Following function of FDT indoor unit series are not able to be set with this wireless remote control (RCN-T-5AW-E2).

1. Individual flap control system

PJF012D035/B

### Safety precautions

•Please read this manual carefully before starting installation work to install the unit properly. Every one of the followings is important information to be observed strictly.

MARNING Failure to follow these instructions properly may result in serious consequences such as death, severe injury, etc.

 $\triangle$  CAUTION Failure to follow these instructions properly may cause injury or property damage. It could have serious consequences depending on the circumstances.

•The following pictograms are used in the text.



Never do.



Always follow the instructions given.

•Keep this manual at a safe place where you can consult with whenever necessary. Show this manual to installers when moving or repairing the unit. When the ownership of the unit is transferred, this manual should be given to a new owner.

### **!** WARNING



• Consult your dealer or a professional contractor to install the unit.

Improper installation made on your own may cause electric shocks, fire or dropping of the unit.



• Installation work should be performed properly according to this installation manual. Improper installation work may result in electric shocks, fire or break-down.



• Be sure to use accessories and specified parts for installation work.

Use of unspecified parts may result in drop, fire or electric shocks.



• Install the unit properly to a place with sufficient strength to hold the weight. If the place is not strong enough, the unit may drop and cause injury.



Be sure to have the electrical wiring work done by qualified electrical installer, and use exclusive circuit.
 Power source with insufficient and improper work can cause electric shock and fire.



• Shut OFF the main power source before starting electrical work. Otherwise, it could result in electric shocks, break-down or malfunction.



• Do not modify the unit.

It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



• Be sure to turn OFF the power circuit breaker before repairing/inspecting the unit.

Repairing/inspecting the unit with the power circuit breaker turned ON could cause electric shocks or injury.



• Do not install the unit in appropriate environment or where inflammable gas could generate, flow in, accumulate or leak.

If the unit is used at places where air contains dense oil mist, steam, organic solvent vapor, corrosive gas (ammonium, sulfuric compound, acid, etc) or where acidic or alkaline solution, special spray, etc. are used, it could cause electric shocks, break-down, smoke or fire as a result of significant deterioration of its performance or corrosion.



• Do not install the unit where water vapor is generated excessively or condensation occurs. It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



• Do not use the unit in a place where it gets wet, such as laundry room. It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



• Do not operate the unit with wet hands.

It could cause electric shocks.

### **⚠ WARNING**



• Do not wash the unit with water.

It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



• Use the specified cables for wiring, and connect them securely with care to protect electronic parts from external forces.

Improper connections or fixing could cause heat generation, fire, etc.



When installing the unit at a hospital, telecommunication facility, etc., take measures to suppress electric noises.

It could cause malfunction or break-down due to hazardous effects on the inverter, private power generator, high frequency medical equipment, radio communication equipment, etc. The influences transmitted from the remote control to medical or communication equipment could disrupt medical activities, video broadcasting or cause noise interference.



• Do not leave the remote control with its PCB case removed.

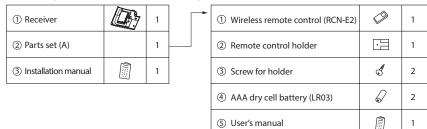
If dew, water, insect, etc. enters through the hole, it could cause electric shocks, fire or break-down.

### **⚠** CAUTION

- Do not install the wireless kit at the following places in order to avoid malfunction. It could cause break-down or deformation of remote control.
  - (1) Places exposed to direct sunlight
  - (2) Places near heat devices
  - (3) High humidity places
  - (4) Hot surface or cold surface enough to (9) Places where the receiver is affected by infrared generate condensation
  - (5) Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly (10) Places where some object may obstruct the communication with the remote control
  - (6) Uneven surface
  - (7) Places affected by the direct air flow of the AC unit
- (8) Places where the receiver is influenced by the fluorescent lamp (especially inverter type) or sunlight
  - rays of any other communication devices

### 1) Accessories

Please make sure that you have all of the following accessories.



### 2 Preparation before installation

### Setting on site

PCB on the receiver has the following switches to set the function. Default setting is shown with \_\_\_\_ mark.

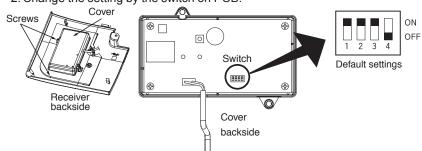
SW1	Prevents interference during plural setting	ON : Normal	OFF : Customized
SW2	Receiver master/ slave setting	ON : Master	OFF : Slave
SW3	Buzzer	ON : Valid	OFF : Invalid
SW4	Auto restart	ON : Valid	OFF : Invalid

### **②Preparation before installation (continued)**

### To change setting

1. Remove the cover by unscrewing two screws from the back of receiver. plural remote controls

2. Change the setting by the switch on PCB.



Up to two receiver or wired remote control can be installed in one indoor unit group.

Master/Slave setting when using

When two receiver or wired remote control are used, it is necessary to change SW on the PCB to set it as slave.

3. When SW1 is turned to OFF position, change the wireless remote control setting.

For the method of changing the setting, refer to Setting to avoid mixed communication of

Wireless remote control

.

\*The receivable area of the signal refer to 

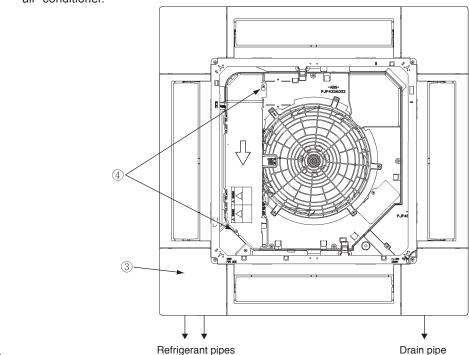
S Receiver

### **3 How** to install the receiver

The receiver can be installed by replacing with a corner panel on the applicable decorative panel.

### Preparation before installation

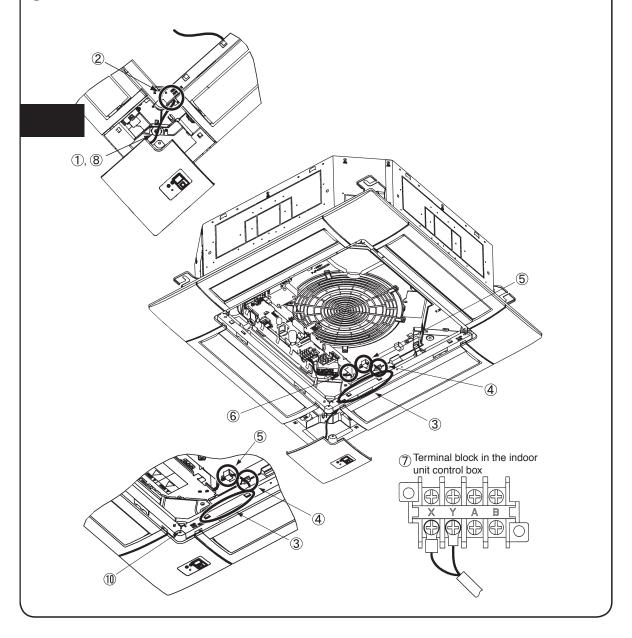
- ① Attach the decorative panel onto the air-conditioner according to the installation manual for the panel.
- 2 Remove the air return grille.
- ③ Remove a corner panel located on the refrigerant pipes side.
- 4 Remove three screws and detach the cover (indicated as shadowed area) from the control box of the air- conditioner.



### ③ How to install the receiver(continued)

#### Installation of the receiver

- ① Loosen the bolts which fix the panel and make a gap between the panel and the indoor unit.
- 2 Put the wiring of the receiver through the opening.
- ③ Put the wiring on the notch on the control box so as not to be pinched by the control box and lid as shown below.
- 4 Connect the wiring to the terminal block provided in the control box. (No polarity)
- ⑤ Attach the receiver to the panel according to the panel installation manual.
- ⑥ Fix the wiring with the clamp so that the wiring do not contact the edge of control box's metal sheet.
- ? Reattach the control box lid with 3 screws removed.

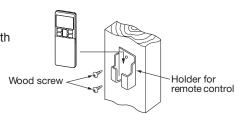


### (4) Wireless remote control

#### Installation tips for the remote control holder

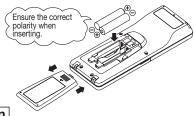
Fix the remote control holder using the screws supplied with this product.

- \* Precautions for installing the holder
- Adjust the position so that it is upright.
- Ensure that the screw heads are not protruding.
- Do not attach the holder on plaster wall



#### How to insert batteries

- 1. Detach the back lid.
- 2. Insert the batteries. (two AAA batteries)
- 3. Reattach the back lid.



#### Setting to avoid mixed communication

- 1. Detach the back lid, and remove the batteries.
- 2. Cut off the switching wire in the battery compartment using nippers.
- 3. Insert the batteries, and attach the back lid.



#### Changing the remote control setting

How to change the Auto Run setting

The Auto Run mode is not available on the building air-conditioning and gas heat pump series (excluding the cooling/heating free multi system).

When using the remote control to operate those models, set the remote control to disable the Auto Run mode.

To disable the Auto Run mode, press the ACL switch while holding down the MODE button, or insert batteries while holding down the MODE button.

\* Note: Once the batteries are removed, the setting is reset to the factory default. When the batteries are removed, repeat the steps described above.

#### Indoor function settings

- 1. How to set indoor functions
  - 1) Press the ON/OFF button to stop the unit.
  - ② Press the desired one of the buttons shown item 2. while holding down the FUNCTION SETTING switch.
  - ③ Use the selection buttons, ▲ and ▼, to change the setting.
  - 4 Press the SET button.

The buzzer on the remote control signal receiver beeps twice, and the LED lamp flashes four times at two-second intervals.



### 4 Wireless remote control (continued)

# Setting details The following functions can be set.

Button	Number indicator	Function setting			
	00	Fun speed setting : Standard			
FAN SPEED	01	Fun speed setting: Setting 1 *			
	02	Fun speed setting: Setting 2 *			
	00	Room heating temperature adjustment : Disable			
MODE	01	Room heating temperature adjustment : +1°C			
MODE	02	Room heating temperature adjustment : +2°C			
	03	Room heating temperature adjustment : +3°C			
	00	Filter sign display : OFF			
	01	Filter sign display : 180 hours			
FILTER	02	Filter sign display : 600 hours			
	03	Filter sign display: 1000 hours			
	04	Filter sign display: Operation stop after 1000 hours have elapsed			
U/P	00	Anti draft setting : Disable			
U/P	01	Anti draft setting : Enable			
SILENT	00	Infrared sensor setting (Motion sensor setting) : Disable			
SILEIVI	01	Infrared sensor setting (Motion sensor setting) : Enable			
	00	Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control) : Disable			
HI POWER	01	Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control) : Power control only			
HIPOWER	02	Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control) : Auto OFF only			
	03	Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control): Power control and Auto OFF			
	00	Cooling fan residual-period running : Disable			
ON TIMER	01	Cooling fan residual-period running : 0.5 hours			
ON THINER	02	Cooling fan residual-period running : 2 hours			
	03	Cooling fan residual-period running : 6 hours			
	00	Heating fan residual-period running : Disable			
OFF TIMER	01	Heating fan residual-period running : 0.5 hours			
OFF HIVER	02	Heating fan residual-period running : 2 hours			
	03	Heating fan residual-period running : 6 hours			
NIOLIT	00	Remote control signal receiver LED : Brightness High			
NIGHT SETBACK	01	Remote control signal receiver LED : Brightness Low			
SETBACK	02	Remote control signal receiver LED : OFF			

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to service manual.

### **5** Receiver

#### 1 Control plural indoor units with one remote control

Up to 16 indoor units can be connected.

- 1. Connect the XY terminal with 2 cores wire. As for the size, refer to the following note.
- For Packaged air-conditioner series, set the indoor unit address with SW2 on the indoor unit PCB from [0] to [F] so as not to duplicate.

Restrictions on the thickness and length of wire (Maximun total extension 600m.)

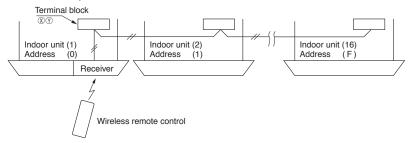
Standard Within 0.3 mm<sup>2</sup> × 100m

Within  $0.5 \text{ mm}^2 \times 200 \text{m}$ Within  $0.75 \text{mm}^2 \times 300 \text{m}$ 

Within 1.25mm<sup>2</sup> × 400m Within 2.0 mm<sup>2</sup> × 600m

### For the shop series

For VRF series, set the indoor unit address with SW1, SW2 and SW5-2 on the indoor unit PCB from [000] to [127] so as not to duplicate.

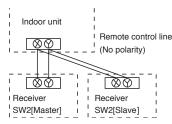


### For the building air-conditioning and gas heat pump series

Set the indoor unit and outdoor unit numbers by manually specifying the addresses. Use the rotary switches SW1 and SW2 provided on the indoor unit PCB (printed circuit board) to set the indoor unit numbers so that they are not duplicated.

### Master/Slave setting when using plural remote control

Up to two receivers can be installed in one indoor unit group.

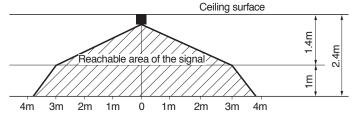


Switch	Setting	Function
SW2	ON	Master
3442	OFF	Slave

#### Wireless remote control's operable area

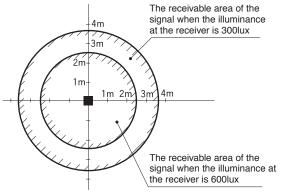
 Standard reachable area of the signal [condition] Illuminance at the receiver: 300lux

(when no lighting is installed within 1m of the receiver in an ordinary office.)



### **5** Receiver (continued)

2. Correlation between illuminance at the receiver and reachable area of the signal in a plain view. The drawing in the right shows the correlation between the reachable area of the signal and illuminance at the receiver when the remote control is operated at 1.0m high under the condition of ceiling height of 2.4m. When the illuminance becomes double, the area is narrowed down to two thirds.

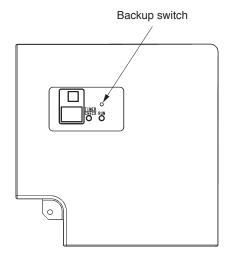


Installation tips when several receivers are installed close
 Minimum distance between the indoor units which can avoid cross communication is 5m under the condition
 of 300lux of illuminance at the receiver.
 (When no lighting is installed within 1m of the receiver in an ordinary office )

#### Backup switch

A backup switch is provided on the receiver. Even when the operation from the wireless remote control is not possible (due to flat batteries, control lost, or control failure), still it possible to operate as temporary means. Press the switch directly when operating it.

- The air-conditioner starts the operation with the condition of Auto mode, 23°C of set point, High fan speed and horizontal louver position.
- 2. The air-conditioner stops the operation when the switch is pressed when in operation.



#### Cooling test run operation

- After safety confirmation, turn on the power.
- Transmit a cooling operation command with the wireless remote control unit, while the backup switch on the receiver is depressed.
- If the backup switch on the receiver is pressed during a test run, it will end the test run.
- If you cannot operate the unit properly during a test run, please check wiring by consulting with inspection guides.

#### How to read the 2-digit display

On the receiver of a wireless kit, a two-digit (7-segment) display is provided.

- 1. An indication will be displayed for one hour after power on.
- 2. An indication will be displayed for 3.5 seconds after transmitting a "STOP" command from the wireless remote control or the operation of the backup switch to stop the unit.
- 3. An indication appearing in (1) or (2) above will go off as soon as the unit starts operation.
- 4. When there are no error records to indicate, addresses of all the connected units are displayed.
- 5. When there are some error records remaining, the error records are displayed.
- 6. Error records can be cleared by transmitting a "STOP" command from the wireless remote control, while the backup button is pressed.

### 3.1.2 FDTC series (RCN-TC-5AW-E2)

### **Safety precautions**

•Please read this manual carefully before starting installation work to install the unit properly. All of the following are important information to be observed strictly.

MARNING Failure to follow these instructions properly may result in serious consequences such as death, severe injury, etc.

<u>^</u>CAUTION Failure to follow these instructions properly may cause injury or property damage. It could have serious consequences depending on the circumstances.

•The following symbols are used in the text.



Never do.



Always follow the instructions given.

•Keep this manual at a safe place where you can consult with whenever necessary. Show this manual to installers when moving or repairing the unit. When the ownership of the unit is transferred, this manual should be given to the new owner.

### **WARNING**



Consult your dealer or a professional contractor to install the unit.
 Improper installation made on your own may cause electric shocks, fire or dropping of the unit.



• Installation work should be performed properly according to this installation manual. Improper installation work may result in electric shocks, fire or break-down.



• Be sure to use accessories and specified parts for installation work.

Use of unspecified parts may result in drop, fire or electric shocks.



• Install the unit properly to a place with sufficient strength to hold the weight. If the place is not strong enough, the unit may drop and cause injury.



• Be sure to have the electrical wiring work done by qualified electrical installer, and use exclusive circuit.

Power source with insufficient and improper work can cause electric shock and fire.



• Shut OFF the main power source before starting electrical work. Otherwise, it could result in electric shocks, break-down or malfunction.



Do not modify the unit.

It could cause electric shocks

It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



• Be sure to turn OFF the power circuit breaker before repairing/inspecting the unit.

Repairing/inspecting the unit with the power circuit breaker turned ON could cause electric shocks or injury.



• Do not install the unit in appropriate environment or where inflammable gas could generate, flow in, accumulate or leak.

If the unit is used at places where air contains dense oil mist, steam, organic solvent vapor, corrosive gas (ammonium, sulfuric compound, acid, etc) or where acidic or alkaline solution, special spray, etc. are used, it could cause electric shocks, break-down, smoke or fire as a result of significant deterioration of its performance or corrosion.



• Do not install the unit where water vapor is generated excessively or condensation occurs. It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



• Do not use the unit in a place where it gets wet, such as laundry room. It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



• Do not operate the unit with wet hands. It could cause electric shocks.

### **⚠ WARNING**



Do not wash the unit with water.

It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



Use the specified cables for wiring, and connect them securely with care to protect electronic parts from external forces.

Improper connections or fixing could cause heat generation, fire, etc.



When installing the unit at a hospital, telecommunication facility, etc., take measures to suppress electric noises.

It could cause malfunction or break-down due to hazardous effects on the inverter, private power generator, high frequency medical equipment, radio communication equipment, etc. The influences transmitted from the remote control to medical or communication equipment could disrupt medical activities, video broadcasting or cause noise interference.



Do not leave the remote control with its PCB case removed.

If dew, water, insect, etc. enter through the hole, it could cause electric shocks, fire or break-down.

### **♠ CAUTION**

- Do not install the wireless kit at the following places in order to avoid malfunction. It could cause break-down or deformation of remote control.
  - (1) Places exposed to direct sunlight
  - (2) Places near heat-generating devices
  - (3) High humidity places
  - (4) Hot surface or cold surface enough to (9) Places where the receiver is affected by infrared generate condensation
  - (5) Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly (10) Places where some object may obstruct the
  - (6) Uneven surface
  - (7) Places affected by the direct air flow of the AC unit
- (8) Places where the receiver is influenced by fluorescent lamp (especially inverter type) or sunlight
  - rays of any other communication devices
  - communication with the remote control
- 1 Accessories Please make sure that you have all of the following accessories. 1) Wireless remote control (RCN-E2) Receiver ⑤ Bracket mounting screw 1 2 Remote control holder 1 2 PCB 6 Wiring (For communication) 1 (3) Screw for holder 2 4 AAA dry cell battery (LR03) 2 ③ PCB mounting support Wiring (For receiving) 1 ⑤ User's manual 1 ④ Bracket (Sheet metal) 8 Installation manual 9 Parts set

### (2) Preparation before installation

### **Setting of PCB**

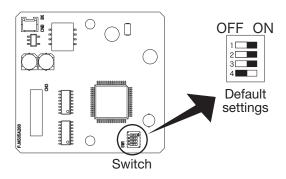
Accessory PCB has the following switches to set the functions. Default setting is shown with

SW1	Prevents interference during multiple setting	ON : Normal OFF : Remote
SW2	Receiver master/slave setting	ON : Master OFF : Slave
SW3	Buzzer	ON : Valid OFF : Invalid
SW4	Auto restart	ON : Valid OFF : Invalid

### 2 Preparation before installation (continued)

### To change setting

1. Change the setting of switches on the accessory PCB.



## Master/Slave setting when using multiple remote controls

Up to two receivers or wired remote controls can be installed on one indoor unit group. In such occasion, it is necessary to change the setting to slave on either one.

To change the setting on the receiver, refer to the instruction manual of the receiver.

When SW1 is turned to OFF position, change the wireless remote control setting.
 For the method of changing the setting, refer to Setting to avoid mixed communication of Wireless remote control.

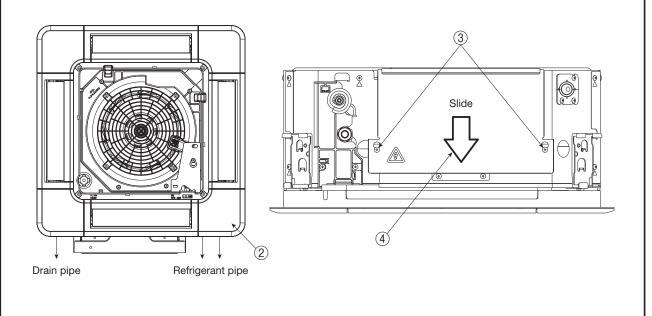
\*For the receivable area of the signal, refer to ⑤ Receiver .

### (3) How to install the receiver

It is possible to install the receiver by replacing the corner lid on the panel.

#### Preparation before installation

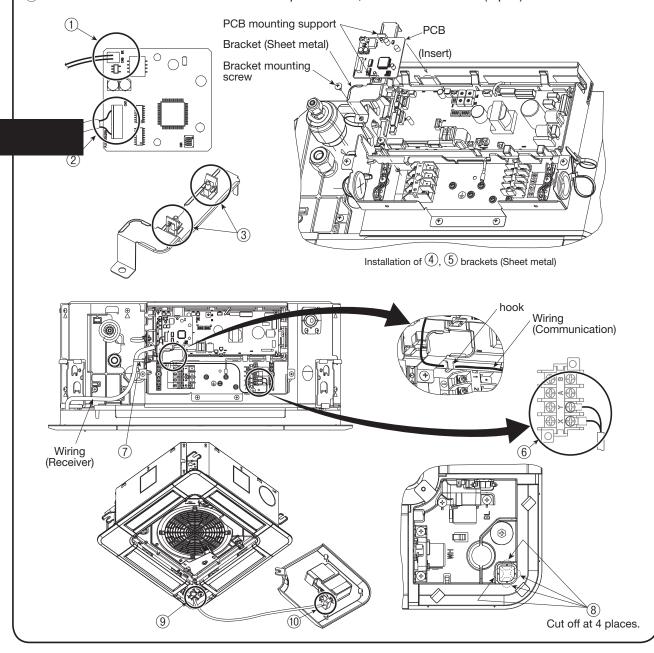
- 1) Remove the inlet grille according to the installation manual of the panel.
- ② Remove the corner lid at the refrigerant pipe side.
- 3 Loosen screws (2 pcs) on the control box of the unit.
- 4) Slide the control lid in the arrow direction, and remove it.



### 3 How to install the receiver (continued)

#### Installation of the receiver

- ① Connect the wire connector (Communication) to CNB on PCB.
- (2) Connect the wire connector (Receiver) to CN3 on PCB.
- (3) Install the PCB mounting supports on the bracket (Sheet metal).
- 4 Install PCB on the PCB mounting supports.
- (5) Insert the bracket (Sheet metal) in one side of control box, and fix the other side with screws as shown in the figure.
- 6 Connect round terminals of wires (Communication) to the terminal block (X, Y) in the control box. The wires have no polarity.
- 7 Fix wires with bands as shown in the figure.
- (8) Cut off the half-blanks on the panel (at 4 places) as shown in the figure.
- (9) Pass the wiring (Communication) through the opening on the panel.
- (10) Connect connectors of the wiring (Communication) and the receiver.
- (1) Install the receiver on the panel according to the installation manual of the panel.
- (2) Install the control box lid with care not to pinch wires, and fix with screws (2 pcs).

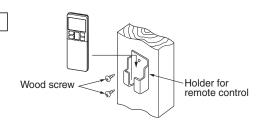


### Wireless remote control

#### Installation tips for the remote control holder

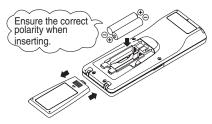
Fix the remote control holder using the screws supplied with this product.

- \* Precautions for installing the holder
- · Adjust the position so that it is upright.
- · Ensure that the screw heads are not protruding.
- · Do not attach the holder on plaster wall.



### How to insert batteries

- 1. Detach the back lid.
- 2. Insert the batteries. (two AAA batteries)
- 3. Reattach the back lid.



### Setting to avoid mixed communication

- 1. Detach the back lid, and remove the batteries.
- 2. Cut off the switching wire in the battery compartment using nippers.
- 3. Insert the batteries, and attach the back lid.



#### g the remote control setting

now to change the Auto Run setting

The Auto Run mode is not available on the building air-conditioning and gas heat pump series (excluding the cooling/heating free multi system).

When using the remote control to operate those models, set the remote control to disable the Auto Run mode.

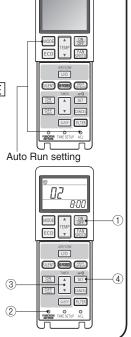
To disable the Auto Run mode, press the ACL switch while holding down the MODE button, or insert batteries while holding down the MODE button.

\* Note: Once the batteries are removed, the setting is reset to the factory default. When the batteries are removed, repeat the steps described above.

### Indoor function settings

- 1. How to set indoor functions
  - (1) Press the ON/OFF button to stop the unit.
    - ss the desired one of the buttons shown item 2. while holding down the NCTION SETTING switch.
  - 3) Use the selection buttons ▲ and ▼ to change the setting.
  - Press the SET button.

The buzzer on the remote control signal receiver beeps twice, and the LED lamp flashes four times at two-second intervals.



## **4** Wireless remote control (continued)

2. Setting details
The following functions can be set.

Button	Number indicator	Function setting				
	00	Fun speed setting : Standard				
FAN SPEED	01	Fun speed setting: Setting 1 *				
	02	Fun speed setting: Setting 2 *				
	00	Room heating temperature adjustment : Disable				
MODE	01	Room heating temperature adjustment : +1°C				
MODE	02	Room heating temperature adjustment : +2°C				
	03	Room heating temperature adjustment : +3°C				
	00	Filter sign display : OFF				
	01	Filter sign display: 180 hours				
FILTER	02	Filter sign display: 600 hours				
	03	Filter sign display: 1000 hours				
	04	Filter sign display : Operation stop after 1000 hours have elapsed				
U/P	00	Anti draft setting : Disable				
(Up/Down)	01	Anti draft setting: Enable				
OII ENT	00	Infrared sensor setting (Motion sensor setting) : Disable				
SILENT	01	Infrared sensor setting (Motion sensor setting) : Enable				
	00	Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control) : Disable				
LII DOWED	01	Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control) : Power control only				
HI POWER	02	Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control) : Auto OFF only				
	03	Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control) : Power control + Auto OFF				
	00	Cooling fan residual-period running : Disable				
ON TIMER	01	Cooling fan residual-period running : 0.5 hours				
ON HIVIER	02	Cooling fan residual-period running : 2 hours				
	03	Cooling fan residual-period running : 6 hours				
	00	Heating fan residual-period running : Disable				
OFF TIMED	01	Heating fan residual-period running : 0.5 hours				
OFF TIMER	02	Heating fan residual-period running : 2 hours				
	03	Heating fan residual-period running : 6 hours				
	00	Remote control signal receiver LED : Brightness High				
NIGHT SETBACK	01	Remote control signal receiver LED : Brightness Low				
SLIDAUN	02	Remote control signal receiver LED : OFF				

### **5** Receiver

### 1 Control multiple indoor units with one remote control

Up to 16 indoor units can be connected.

- 1. Connect the XY terminal with 2 cores wire. As for the size, refer to the note on the right.
- 2. For Packaged air-conditioner series, set the indoor unit address with SW2 on the indoor unit PCB from [1] to [F] so as not to duplicate.

Restrictions on the thickness and length of wire (Maximum length is 600m.)

Standard Within 0.3 mm<sup>2</sup> × 100m

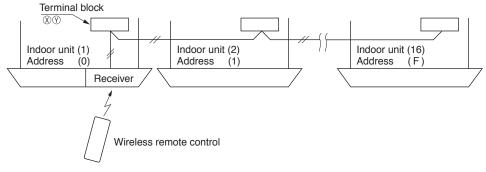
Within  $0.5 \text{ mm}^2 \times 200 \text{m}$ Within  $0.75 \text{mm}^2 \times 300 \text{m}$ 

Within  $0.75\text{mm}^2 \times 300\text{m}$ Within  $1.25\text{mm}^2 \times 400\text{m}$ 

Within  $2.0 \text{ mm}^2 \times 600 \text{m}$ 

### For the shop series

For VRF series, set the indoor unit address with SW1, SW2 and SW5-2 on the indoor unit PCB from [000] to [127] so as not to duplicate.



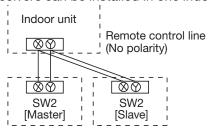
### For the building air-conditioning and gas heat pump series

Set the indoor unit and outdoor unit numbers by manually specifying the addresses.

Use the rotary switches SW1 and SW2 provided on the indoor unit PCB (printed circuit board) to set the indoor unit numbers so that they are not duplicated.

### Master/Slave setting when using multiple remote control

Up to two receivers can be installed in one indoor unit group.



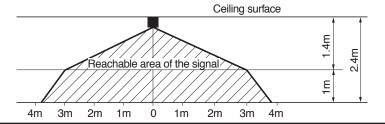
Switch	Setting	Function	
SW2	ON	Master	
3002	OFF	Slave	

### Wireless remote control's operable area

1. Standard reachable area of the signal

[Condition] Illuminance at the receiver: 300lux

(When no lighting is installed within 1m of the receiver in an ordinary office)



### **(5) Receiver (continued)**

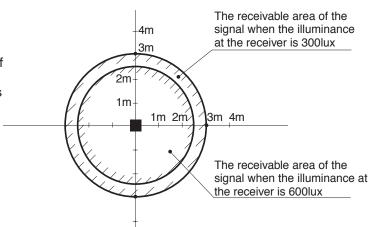
Correlation between illuminance at the receiver and reachable area of the signal in a plain view.

The drawing in the right shows the correlation between the reachable area of the signal and illuminance

at the receiver when the remote control is operated at 1m high

under the condition of ceiling height of 2.4m.

When the illuminance becomes double, the area is narrowed down to two thirds.



3. Installation tips when several receivers are installed close to one another.

Minimum distance between the indoor units which can avoid cross communication is 5m under the condition of 300lux of illuminance at the receiver.

(When no lighting is installed within 1m of the receiver in an ordinary office)

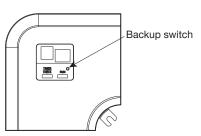
#### Backup switch

A backup switch is provided on the receiver section of the panel surface.

When operation from the wireless remote control unit is not possible (due to flat batteries, a mislaid unit, a unit failure), you can use it as an emergency means. You should operate this switch manually.

If pressed while the air-conditioner is in a halt, it will cause the air-conditioner to start operation in the automatic mode (In case of cooling only, it is in the cooling mode).
 Wind speed: Hi fan, Temperature setting: 23°C, Louver: horizontal

2. If pressed while the air-conditioner is in operation, it will stop the air-conditioner.



#### Cooling test run operation

- · After safety confirmation, turn on the power.
- Transmit a cooling operation command with the wireless remote control unit, while the backup switch on the receiver is pressed.
- If the backup switch on the receiver is pressed during a test run, it will end the test run.
- If you cannot operate the unit properly during a test run, please check wiring by consulting with inspection guides.

#### How to read the two-digit display

On the receiver of a wireless kit, a two-digit (7-segment) display is provided.

- 1. An indication will be displayed for one hour after power on.
- 2. An indication will be displayed for 3.5 seconds after transmitting a "STOP" command from the wireless remote control or the operation of the backup switch to stop the unit.
- 3. An indication appearing in (1) or (2) above will go off as soon as the unit starts operation.
- 4. When there are no error records to indicate, addresses of all the connected units are displayed.
- 5. When there are some error records remaining, the error records are displayed.
- 6. Error records can be cleared by transmitting a "STOP" command from the wireless remote control, while the backup button is pressed.

#### 3.1.3 FDU, FDUM series (RCN-KIT4-E2)

PJZ012D112A

### **Safety precautions**

•Please read this manual carefully before starting installation work to install the unit properly. Every one of the followings is important information to be observed strictly.

MARNING Failure to follow these instructions properly may result in serious consequences such as death, severe injury, etc.

⚠CAUTION Failure to follow these instructions properly may cause injury or property damage. It could have serious consequences depending on the circumstances.

•The following pictograms are used in the text.

0	
$\smile$	ı

Never do.



Always follow the instructions given.

•Keep this manual at a safe place where you can consult with whenever necessary. Show this manual to installers when moving or repairing the unit. When the ownership of the unit is transferred, this manual should be given to a new owner.

### **MARNING**



• Consult your dealer or a professional contractor to install the unit.

Improper installation made on your own may cause electric shocks, fire or dropping of the unit.



• Installation work should be performed properly according to this installation manual. Improper installation work may result in electric shocks, fire or break-down.



• Be sure to use accessories and specified parts for installation work.

Use of unspecified parts may result in drop, fire or electric shocks.



• Install the unit properly to a place with sufficient strength to hold the weight. If the place is not strong enough, the unit may drop and cause injury.



• Be sure to have the electrical wiring work done by qualified electrical installer, and use exclusive circuit. Power source with insufficient and improper work can cause electric shock and fire.



• Shut OFF the main power source before starting electrical work. Otherwise, it could result in electric shocks, break-down or malfunction.



• Do not modify the unit.

It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



• Be sure to turn OFF the power circuit breaker before repairing/inspecting the unit.

Repairing/inspecting the unit with the power circuit breaker turned ON could cause electric shocks or injury.



• Do not install the unit in appropriate environment or where inflammable gas could generate, flow in, accumulate or leak.

If the unit is used at places where air contains dense oil mist, steam, organic solvent vapor, corrosive gas (ammonium, sulfuric compound, acid, etc) or where acidic or alkaline solution, special spray, etc. are used, it could cause electric shocks. break-down, smoke or fire as a result of significant deterioration of its performance or corrosion.



• Do not install the unit where water vapor is generated excessively or condensation occurs. It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



• Do not use the unit in a place where it gets wet, such as laundry room. It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



Do not operate the unit with wet hands.
It could cause electric shocks.

### **↑** WARNING



Do not wash the unit with water.

It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



 Use the specified cables for wiring, and connect them securely with care to protect electronic parts from external forces.

Improper connections or fixing could cause heat generation, fire, etc.



When installing the unit at a hospital, telecommunication facility, etc., take measures to suppress electric noises.

It could cause malfunction or break-down due to hazardous effects on the inverter, private power generator, high frequency medical equipment, radio communication equipment, etc. The influences transmitted from the remote control to medical or communication equipment could disrupt medical activities, video broadcasting or cause noise interference.



• Do not leave the remote control with its PCB case removed.

If dew, water, insect, etc. enters through the hole, it could cause electric shocks, fire or break-down.

(8) Places where the receiver is influenced by

the fluorescent lamp (especially inverter

rays of any other communication devices

### **⚠** CAUTION

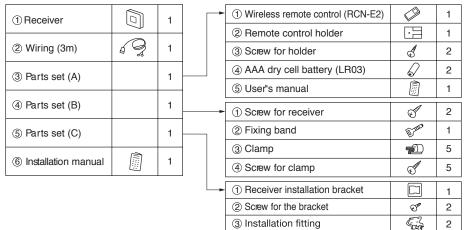
- Do not install the wireless kit at the following places in order to avoid malfunction. It could cause break-down or deformation of remote control.
  - (1) Places exposed to direct sunlight
  - (2) Places near heat devices
  - (3) High humidity places
  - (4) Hot surface or cold surface enough to (9) Places where the receiver is affected by infrared generate condensation
  - (5) Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly (10) Places where some object may obstruct the

type) or sunlight

- (6) Uneven surface
  - communication with the remote control
- (7) Places affected by the direct air flow of the AC unit

### 1 Accessories

Please make sure that you have all of the following accessories.



### (2) Preparation before installation

#### Setting on site

PCB on the receiver has the following switches to set the function. Default setting is shown with mark.

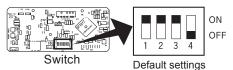
SW1	1 Prevents interference during plural setting ON : Normal		OFF : Customized
SW2	Receiver master/ slave setting	ON : Master	OFF : Slave
SW3			
SW4	Auto restart	ON : Valid	OFF : Invalid

### ② Preparation before installation (continued)

### To change setting

- 1. Remove one screws located on the under of the receiver and detach the board.
- 2. Change the setting by the switch on PCB.





3. When SW1 is turned to OFF position, change the wireless remote control setting.

For the method of changing the setting, refer to Setting to avoid mixed communication of Wireless remote control.

\*The receivable area of the signal refer to (5) Receiver

## Master/Slave setting when using plural remote controls

Up to two receiver or wired remote control can be installed in one indoor unit group.

When two receiver or wired remote control are used, it is necessary to change SW on the PCB to set it as slave.

### (3) How to install the receiver

The following two methods can be used to install the receiver onto a ceiling or a wall. Select a method according to the installation position.

<Installation position> (A) Direct installation onto the

- (A) Direct installation onto the ceiling with wood screws.
- (B) Installation with accessory's bracket

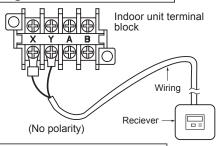
### (1) Drilling of the ceiling (ceiling opening)

Drill the receiver installation holes with the dimensions shown right at the ceiling position where wires can be connected.



(	(A) Direct installation onto the ceiling with wood screws.	88mm(H)×101mm(W)
	(B) Installation with enclosed bracket	108mm(H)×108mm(W)

### (2) Wiring connection of receiver



### **⚠** Caution

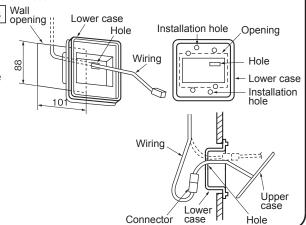
Do not connect the wiring to the power source of the terminal block. If it is connected, printed board will be damaged.

#### (3) Installation of the receiver

Remove the screw on the side of the receiver and sprit it into the upper case and lower case. Install the receiver with one of the two installation methods (A) to (C) shown below.

### (A) Direct installation onto the ceiling with screws

- Use this installation method when the ceiling is wooden, and there is no problem for strength in installing directly with wood screws.
- ① Put through the wiring from the back side to the hole of the lower case.
- ② Fit the lower case into the ceiling opening. Make sure that the clearance between the convex part of the back of the lower case and the ceiling opening must be as equal as possible on both sides.
- ③ Using the two installation holes shown right, fix the lower case onto the ceiling with the enclosed wood screws. (The other four holes are not used.)
- 4 Connect the wiring with the wiring from the upper case by the connector.



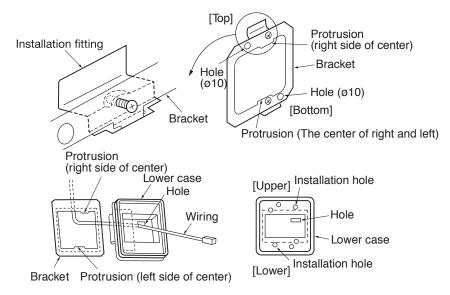
### ③ How to install the receiver(continued)

5 Take out the connector to the backside from the hole of the lower case putting through the wiring at 1).

6 Fit the upper case and the lower case, and tighten the screws.

#### (B) Installation with enclosed bracket

Use this method when installaing onto a gypsum board (7 to 18mm), etc.

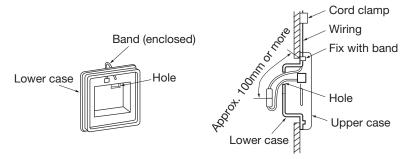


- ① Catch the two protrusion of the enclosed bracket onto the fitting as shown above, and temporarily fix with the screws. (The bracket has an Upper/Lower and front/back orientation. Confirm the Upper/Lower protrusion positions and the positional relation of the ø10 holes on the bracket and the installation hole on the lower case with the above drawing.)
- ② Insert the end of the installation fitting into the back of the ceiling from the opening, and tighten the screws to fix the bracket onto the ceiling.
- 3 Pass the wiring from the rear side through the hole on the lower case.
- 4 Fit the lower case onto the bracket, and fix the lower case to the bracket using the two installation holes shown above. (The other four holes are not used.)
- ⑤ Follow step ① to ⑥ for (A) to complete the installation.

### ③ How to install the receiver (continued)

### (C) Exposed installation

Use the following procedure when installing the case with the wiring exposed.



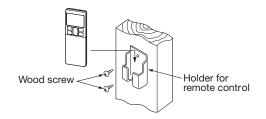
- ① Cut off the thin section on the side of the upper case with a pair of nippers or a knife, and remove the burrs with a file, etc. (The wiring is passed through this section.)
- ② Pass the enclosed band through the wiring outlet hole on the lower case.
- ③ Use on of the light detection adaptor installation methods (A) or (B) explained in section 3, and fix the lower case onto the wall. Do not pass the wiring through the hole on the lower case.
- 4 Fix the wiring using the band while leaving the wiring length from the band fixing section to the end of the wiring connector at 100mm or more.
- (5) Connect the wiring with the wiring protruding front the upper case using a connector.
- (6) Pass the connected connector and the excess wiring through the hole on the lower case.
- Tit the upper case onto the lower case, and tighten the screws.
- Adequately fix the wiring with the enclesed cord clamp.

### (4) Wireless remote control

#### Installation tips for the remote control holder

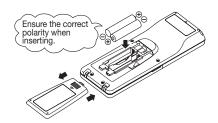
Fix the remote control holder using the screws supplied with this product.

- \* Precautions for installing the holder
- Adjust the position so that it is upright.
- Ensure that the screw heads are not protruding.
- Do not attach the holder on plaster wall.



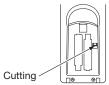
#### How to insert batteries

- 1. Detach the back lid.
- 2. Insert the batteries. (two AAA batteries)
- 3. Reattach the back lid.



#### Setting to avoid mixed communication

- 1. Detach the back lid, and remove the batteries.
- 2. Cut off the switching wire in the battery compartment using nippers.
- 3. Insert the batteries, and attach the back lid.



### 4 Wireless remote control (continued)

### Changing the wireless remote control setting

How to change the Auto Run setting

The Auto Run mode is not available on the building air-conditioner and gas heat pump series (excluding the cooling/heating free multi system).

When using the wireless remote control to operate those models, set the wireless remote control to disable the Auto Run mode.

To disable the Auto Run mode, press the ACL switch while holding down the MODE button, or insert batteries while holding down the MODE button.

\* Note: Once the batteries are removed, the setting is reset to the factory default. When the batteries are removed, repeat the steps described above.

### Indoor function settings

- 1. How to set indoor functions
  - 1) Press the ON/OFF button to stop the unit.
  - ② Press the desired one of the buttons shown below while holding down the FUNCTION SETTING switch.
  - ③ Use the selection buttons, ▲ and ▼, to change the setting.

Infrared sensor setting (Motion sensor setting) : Enable Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control) : Disable

Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control):

Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control):

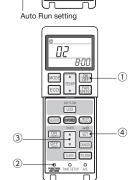
Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control):

(4) Press the SET button.

The buzzer on the wireless remote control signal receiver beeps twice, and the LED lamp flashes four times at two-second intervals.

2. Setting details

The following functions can be set.



SIENT (IVVIE) (#

SLEEP FIL

Button	Number indicator	Function setting	Button	Number indicator	Function setting
	00	Fun speed setting : Standard		00	Cooling fan residual-period running : Disable
FAN SPEED	01	Fun speed setting : Setting 1 *	ON TIMER	01	Cooling fan residual-period running : 0.5 hours
	02	Fun speed setting : Setting 2 *		02	Cooling fan residual-period running : 2 hours
	00	Room heating temperature adjustment : Disable		03	Cooling fan residual-period running : 6 hours
	01	Room heating temperature adjustment : +1°C	OFF TIMER	00	Heating fan residual-period running : Disable
	02	Room heating temperature adjustment: +2°C		01	Heating fan residual-period running : 0.5 hours
	03	Room heating temperature adjustment: +3°C	OFF HIMER	02	Heating fan residual-period running : 2 hours
	00	Filter sign display : OFF		03	Heating fan residual-period running : 6 hours
	01	Filter sign display : 180 hours	NICHT	00	Remote control signal receiver LED : Brightness High
FILTER	02	Filter sign display : 600 hours	NIGHT SETBACK	01	Remote control signal receiver LED : Brightness Low
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	03	Filter sign display : 1000 hours	CETBAOK	02	Remote control signal receiver LED : OFF
	04	Filter sign display : Operation stop after 1000 hours have elapsed	* Refer to service manual.		
U/P	00	Anti draft setting : Disable	1		
0/F	01	Anti draft setting : Enable	1		
SILENT	00	Infrared sensor setting (Motion sensor setting) : Disable	]		
SILENT	04	Infrared consequenting (Metion consequenting) . Fueble	1		

### **(5)** Receiver

HI POWER

#### 1 Control plural indoor units with one remote control

Power control only

Power control and Auto OFF

Auto OFF only

Up to 16 indoor units can be connected.

00

01

02

03

- 1. Connect the XY terminal with 2 cores wire. As for the size, refer to the following note.
- 2. For Packaged air-conditioner series, set the indoor unit address with SW2 on the indoor unit PCB from [0] to [F] so as not to duplicate.

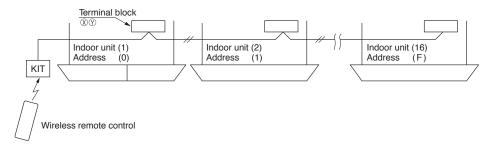
Restrictions on the thickness and length of wire (Maximun total extension 600m.)

 $\begin{array}{cccc} Standard & Within & 0.3 \text{ mm}^2 \times 100m \\ & Within & 0.5 \text{ mm}^2 \times 200m \\ & Within & 0.75 \text{mm}^2 \times 300m \\ & Within & 1.25 \text{mm}^2 \times 400m \\ & Within & 2.0 \text{ mm}^2 \times 600m \end{array}$ 

### **(5)** Receiver (continued)

#### For the shop series

For VRF series, set the indoor unit address with SW1, SW2 and SW5-2 on the indoor unit PCB from [000] to [127] so as not to duplicate.

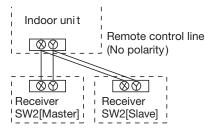


### For the building air-conditioner and gas heat pump series

Set the indoor unit and outdoor unit numbers by manually specifying the addresses. Use the rotary switches SW1 and SW2 provided on the indoor unit PCB (printed circuit board) to set the indoor unit numbers so that they are not duplicated.

### Master/Slave setting when using plural remote control

Up to two receivers can be installed in one indoor unit group.

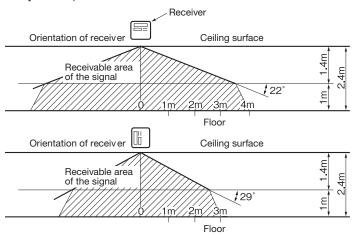


Switch	Setting	Function
SW2	ON	Master
3002	OFF	Slave

#### When installed on ceiling

1. Standard reachable area of the signal

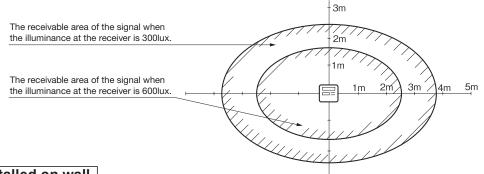
[Condition] Illuminance at the receiver : **300lux** (when no lighting is installed within 1m of the receiver in an ordinary office.)



2. Correlation between illuminance at the receiver and reachable area of the signal in a plain view. [Condition] Correlation between the reachable area of the signal and illuminance at the receiver when the

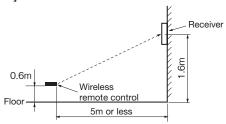
wireless remote control is operated at 1m high under the condition of ceiling height of 2.4m. When the illuminance becomes double, the area is narrowed down to two third.

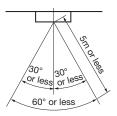
### **(5)** Receiver (continued)



#### When installed on wall

[Condition] Illuminance at the receiver: 800lux.

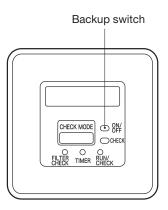




#### **Backup switch**

A backup switch is provided on the receiver section of the panel surface. When operation from the wireless remote control unit is not possible (due to flat batteries, a mislaid unit, a unit failure), you can use it as an emergency means. You should operate this switch manually.

- 1. If pressed while the air-conditioner is in a halt, it will cause the air-conditioner to start operation in the automatic mode (in the case of cooling only, in the cooling mode). Wind speed: Hi fan, Temperature setting: 23°C, Louver: horizontal
- If pressed while the air-conditioner is in operation, it will stop the airconditioner.



#### Cooling test run operation

- After safety confirmation, turn on the power.
- Transmit a cooling operation command with the wireless remote control unit, while the backup switch on the receiver is depressed.
- If the backup switch on the receiver is pressed during a test run, it will end the test run.
- If you cannot operate the unit properly during a test run, please check wiring by consulting with inspection guides.

#### How to read the 6-digit display

A 6-digit indicator (7-segment indicator) is provided on the receiver section.

- 1. An indication will be displayed for one hour after power on.
- 2. An indication appears for 3.5 seconds when a "Stop" command is sent from the wireless remote control unit while the air-conditioner is not running.
- 3. An indication appearing in (1) or (2) above will go off as soon as the unit starts operation.
- 4. When there are no error records to indicate, addresses are displayed for all of the connected units.
- 5. When there are some error records remaining, the error records are displayed.
- 6. Error records can be cleared by transmitting a "Stop" command from the wireless remote control unit, while the backup switch is depressed.

PFA012D635

### 3.1.4 FDE series (RCN-E-E3)

### Safety precautions

•Please read this manual carefully before starting installation work to install the unit properly. Every one of the followings is important information to be observed strictly.

MARNING Failure to follow these instructions properly may result in serious consequences such as death, severe injury, etc.

<u>CAUTION</u> Failure to follow these instructions properly may cause injury or property damage. It could have serious consequences depending on the circumstances.

•The following pictograms are used in the text.

 $\bigcirc$ 

Never do.



Always follow the instructions given.

• Keep this manual at a safe place where you can consult with whenever necessary. Show this manual to installers when moving or repairing the unit. When the ownership of the unit is transferred, this manual should be given to a new owner.

### **WARNING**



• Consult your dealer or a professional contractor to install the unit.

Improper installation made on your own may cause electric shocks, fire or dropping of the unit.



• Installation work should be performed properly according to this installation manual. Improper installation work may result in electric shocks, fire or break-down.



• Be sure to use accessories and specified parts for installation work.

Use of unspecified parts may result in drop, fire or electric shocks.



• Install the unit properly to a place with sufficient strength to hold the weight. If the place is not strong enough, the unit may drop and cause injury.



• Be sure to have the electrical wiring work done by qualified electrical installer, and use exclusive circuit. Power source with insufficient and improper work can cause electric shock and fire.



Shut OFF the main power source before starting electrical work.
 Otherwise, it could result in electric shocks, break-down or malfunction.



• Do not modify the unit.

It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



• Be sure to turn OFF the power circuit breaker before repairing/inspecting the unit.

Repairing/inspecting the unit with the power circuit breaker turned ON could cause electric shocks or injury.



If the unit is used at places where air contains dense oil mist, steam, organic solvent vapor, corrosive gas (ammonium, sulfuric compound, acid, etc) or where acidic or alkaline solution, special spray, etc. are used, it could cause electric shocks, break-down, smoke or fire as a result of significant deterioration of its performance or corrosion.



• Do not install the unit where water vapor is generated excessively or condensation occurs. It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



• Do not use the unit in a place where it gets wet, such as laundry room. It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



• Do not operate the unit with wet hands. It could cause electric shocks.

#### **⚠ WARNING**



• Do not wash the unit with water.

It could cause electric shocks, fire, or break-down.



• Use the specified cables for wiring, and connect them securely with care to protect electronic parts from external forces.

Improper connections or fixing could cause heat generation, fire, etc.



When installing the unit at a hospital, telecommunication facility, etc., take measures to suppress electric noises.

It could cause malfunction or break-down due to hazardous effects on the inverter, private power generator, high frequency medical equipment, radio communication equipment, etc. The influences transmitted from the remote control to medical or communication equipment could disrupt medical activities, video broadcasting or cause noise interference.



Do not leave the remote control with its PCB case removed.

If dew, water, insect, etc. enters through the hole, it could cause electric shocks, fire or break-down.

### **!**\CAUTION

- Do not install the wireless kit at the following places in order to avoid malfunction. It could cause break-down or deformation of remote control.
  - (1) Places exposed to direct sunlight
  - (2) Places near heat devices

  - (3) High humidity places
  - generate condensation

  - (6) Uneven surface
  - (7) Places affected by the direct air flow of the AC unit.
- (8) Places where the receiver is influenced by the fluorescent lamp (especially inverter type) or sunlight.
  - (4) Hot surface or cold surface enough to (9) Places where the receiver is affected by infrared rays of any other communication devices.
  - (5) Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly (10) Places where some object may obstruct the
    - communication with the remote control

### 1 Accessories

Please make sure that you have all of the following accessories.

① Receiver	E.:	1	
② Parts set		1	
③ Installation manual		1	
4 Wiring		1	

-	① Wireless remote control (RCN-E2)	1
	② Remote control holder	1
	③ Screw for holder	\$ 2
	④ AAA dry cell battery (LR03)	2
	⑤ User's manual	1

### (2) Preparation before installation

### Setting on site

PCB on the receiver has the following switches to set the function.

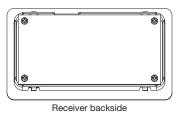
Default setting is shown with mark.

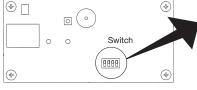
SW1	Prevents interference during plural setting	ON : Normal OFF : Customized
SW2	Receiver master/slave setting	ON : Master OFF : Slave
SW3	Buzzer	ON : Valid OFF : Invalid
SW4	Auto restart	ON : Valid OFF : Invalid

### (2) Preparation before installation (continued)

#### To change setting

- 1. Remove four screws located on the back of the receiver and detach the board.
- 2. Change the setting by the switch on PCB.







Master/Slave setting when using plural remote controls

Up to two receiver or wired remote OFF control can be installed in one Default settings indoor unit group. When two receiver or wired remote control are used, it is necessary to change SW on the PCB to set it as slave.

3. When SW1 is turned to OFF position, change the wireless remote control setting. For the method of changing the setting, refer to Setting to avoid mixed communication of (5) Wireless remote control

\*The receivable area of the signal refer to 6 Receiver

### (3) How to install the receiver

The receiver can be installed by replacing with a cover of the panel. CAUTION: When installing the receiver after unit has been fixed, injury due to falling may result because of working at high place.

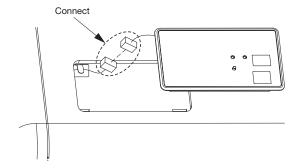
1 Remove the cover

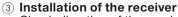
Insert a flat-blade screwdriver into the dented part (2 places), and wrench slightly so as not to damage panel surface.

(2) Connect the wiring

Connect wiring of the receiver to the wiring in the back.

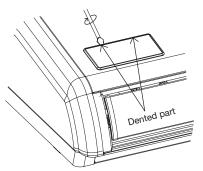
ATTENTION: Do not remove the clamp fixed the wiring.

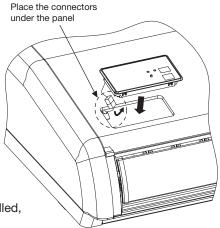




Check direction of the receiver, and fix to the panel.

CAUTION: Connect the connectors before installing the receiver. In case of connecting after the receiver had been installed, it will be necessary to remove the panel.



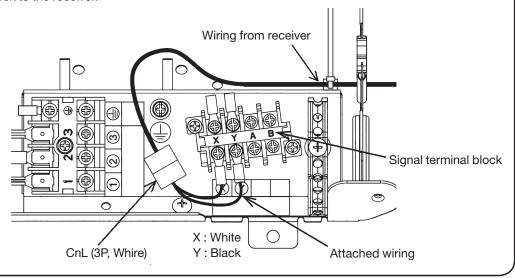


### 4 How to connect the wiring for control box

Connect the attached wiring to the signal terminal block primary side XY (for grill side) in the control box, and connect to the CNL connector (3P white) from the receiver .

\* This installation is unnecessary for indoor unit that have wiring is already connected from the signal

terminal block to the receiver.

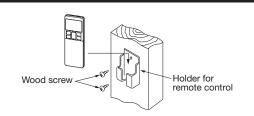


### **(5) Wireless remote control**

#### Installation tips for the remote control holder

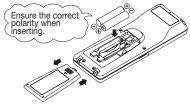
Fix the remote control holder using the screws supplied with this product.

- \* Precautions for installing the holder
- Adjust the position so that it is upright.
- Ensure that the screw heads are not protruding.
- Do not attach the holder on plaster wall.



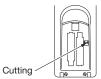
#### How to insert batteries

- 1. Detach the back lid.
- 2. Insert the batteries. (two AAA batteries)
- 3. Reattach the back lid.



#### Setting to avoid mixed communication

- 1. Detach the back lid, and remove the batteries.
- 2. Cut off the switching wire in the battery compartment using nippers.
- 3. Insert the batteries, and attach the back lid.



#### Changing the remote control setting

How to change the Auto Run setting

The Auto Run mode is not available on the building air conditioning and gas heat pump series (excluding the cooling/heating free multi system).

When using the remote control to operate those models, set the remote control to disable the Auto Run mode.

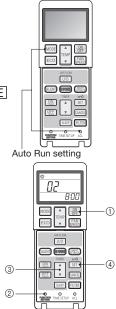
To disable the Auto Run mode, press the ACL switch while holding down the MODE button, or insert batteries while holding down the MODE button.

\* Note: Once the batteries are removed, the setting is reset to the factory default. When the batteries are removed, repeat the steps described above.

#### Indoor function settings

- 1. How to set indoor functions
  - ① Press the ON/OFF button to stop the unit.
  - Press the desired one of the buttons shown item 2. while holding down the FUNCTION SETTING switch.
  - ③ Use the selection buttons, ▲ and ▼, to change the setting.
  - (4) Press the SET button.

The buzzer on the remote control signal receiver beeps twice, and the LED lamp flashes four times at two-second intervals.



### **(5) Wireless remote control (continued)**

## 2. Setting details The following functions can be set.

Button	Number indicator	Function setting		
FAN SPEED	00	Fun speed setting : Standard		
	01	Fun speed setting : Setting 1 *		
	02	Fun speed setting: Setting 2 *		
	00	Room heating temperature adjustment : Disable		
MODE	01	Room heating temperature adjustment : +1°C		
MODE	02	Room heating temperature adjustment : +2°C		
	03	Room heating temperature adjustment : +3°C		
	00	Filter sign display: OFF		
	01	Filter sign display: 180 hours		
FILTER	02	Filter sign display: 600 hours		
	03	Filter sign display: 1000 hours		
	04	Filter sign display: Operation stop after 1000 hours have elapsed		
U/P	00	Anti draft setting : Disable		
(Up/Down)	01	Anti draft setting : Enable		
SILENT	00	Infrared sensor setting (Motion sensor setting) : Disable		
SILEIVI	01	Infrared sensor setting (Motion sensor setting) : Enable		
	00	Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control) : Disable		
HI POWER	01	Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control) : Power control only		
HIPOWER	02	Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control) : Auto OFF only		
	03	Infrared sensor control (Motion sensor control) : Power control + Auto OFF		
	00	Cooling fan residual-period running : Disable		
ON TIMER	01	Cooling fan residual-period running : 0.5 hours		
ON HIVIER	02	Cooling fan residual-period running : 2 hours		
	03	Cooling fan residual-period running : 6 hours		
	00	Heating fan residual-period running : Disable		
OFF TIMER	01	Heating fan residual-period running : 0.5 hours		
OFF TIMER	02	Heating fan residual-period running : 2 hours		
	03	Heating fan residual-period running : 6 hours		
	00	Remote control signal receiver LED : Brightness High		
NIGHT SETBACK	01	Remote control signal receiver LED : Brightness Low		
	02	Remote control signal receiver LED : OFF		

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to service manual.

### **6** Receiver

#### 1 Control plural indoor units with one remote control

Up to 16 indoor units can be connected.

- 1. Connect the XY terminal with 2 cores wire. As for the size, refer to the following note.
- For Packaged air conditioner series, set the indoor unit address with SW2 on the indoor unit PCB from [1] to [F] so as not to duplicate.

Restrictions on the thickness and length of wire (Maximun total extension 600m.)

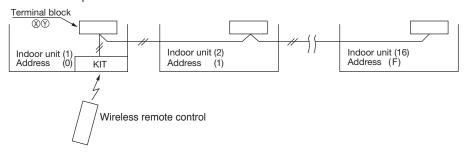
Standard Within 0.3 mm<sup>2</sup> × 100m

Within  $0.5 \text{ mm}^2 \times 200 \text{m}$ Within  $0.75 \text{mm}^2 \times 300 \text{m}$ Within  $1.25 \text{mm}^2 \times 400 \text{m}$ 

Within  $2.0 \text{ mm}^2 \times 600 \text{m}$ 

#### For the shop series

For VRF series, set the indoor unit address with SW1, SW2 and SW5-2 on the indoor unit PCB from [000] to [127] so as not to duplicate.



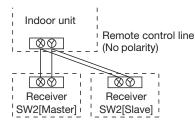
#### For the building air-conditioning and gas heat pump series

Set the indoor unit and outdoor unit numbers by manually specifying the addresses.

Use the rotary switches SW1 and SW2 provided on the indoor unit PCB (printed circuit board) to set the indoor unit numbers so that they are not duplicated.

### Master/Slave setting when using plural remote control

Up to two receivers can be installed in one indoor unit group.



Switch	Setting	Function
SW2	ON	Master
3002	OFF	Slave

### **6** Receiver (continued)

### Wireless remote control's operable area

 Standard signal receiving range [Condition]

Illuminance at the receiver area: 300 lux. (When no lighting fixture is located within 1m of indoor unit in an ordinary office)

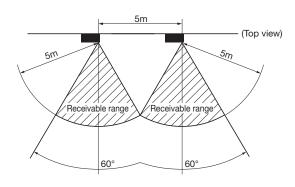
Wireless remote control unit

Within 5m

(Top view)

Points for attention in connecting a plural number of indoor units [Condition]

Illuminance at the receiver area: 300 lux.



#### Backup switch

A backup switch is provided on the receiver section of the panel surface.

When operation from the wireless remote control unit is not possible (due to flat batteries, a mislaid unit, a unit failure), you can use it as an emergency means. You should operate this switch manually.

 If pressed while the air-conditioner is in a halt, it will cause the air-conditioner to start operation in the automatic mode (in the case of cooling only, in the cooling mode).

Wind speed: Hi fan, Temperature setting: 23°C, Louver: horizontal.

TIMER CHECK RUN Backup switch

2. If pressed while the air-conditioner is in operation, it will stop the air-conditioner.

#### Cooling test run operation

- After safety confirmation, turn on the power.
- Transmit a cooling operation command with the wireless remote control unit, while the backup switch on the receiver is depressed.
- If the backup switch on the receiver is pressed during a test run, it will end the test run.
- If you cannot operate the unit properly during a test run, please check wiring by consulting with inspection guides.

#### How to read the two-digit display

A two-digit indicator (7-segment indicator) is provided on the receiver section.

- 1. An indication will be displayed for one hour after power on.
- 2. An indication appears for 3.5 seconds when a "Stop" command is sent from the wireless remote control unit while the air-conditioner is not running.
- 3. An indication appearing in (1) or (2) above will go off as soon as the unit starts operation.
- 4. When there are no error records to indicate, addresses are displayed for all of the connected units.
- 5. When there are some error records remaining, the error records are displayed.
- 6. Error records can be cleared by transmitting a "Stop" command from the wireless remote control unit, while the backup switch is depressed.

### 3.2 MOTION SENSOR KIT

**3.2.1 FDT series (LB-T-5W-E)** 

PJF012D036 ⚠

### **↑ WARNING**

 Connect the wiring to the PCB in the control box on the indoor unit and hold the wiring securely so as not to apply unexpected stress on the PCB.
 Loose connection or hold will cause abnormal heat generation or fire.



Make sure the power source is turned off when electric wiring work.
 Otherwise, electric shock, malfunction and improper running may occur.



## **A** CAUTION

- Do not install the motion sensor kit at the following places in order to aboid malfunction.
  - (1) Places exposed to direct sunlight
  - (2) Places near heat devices
  - (3) High humidity places
  - (4) Hot surface or cold surface enough to generate condensation
  - (5) Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly
  - (6) Places affected by the direct air flow of the Indoor unit
- (7) Places where the motion sensor is influenced by the fluorescent lamp or sunlight
- (8) Places where the motion sensor is affected by infrared rays of any other communication devices



- (9) Places where some object may obstruct the motion sensor
- Do not leave the motion sensor without the cover.
   In case the cover needs to be detached, protect the motion sensor with a packaging or bag.
   In order to keep it away from water and dust.



#### Attention

- · Instruct the customer how to operate it correctly referring to the instruction manual.
- For the installation method of the air-conditioner itself, refer to the installation manual enclosed in the package.

## ① Accessories

Please make sure that you have the motion sensor.

Motion sensor

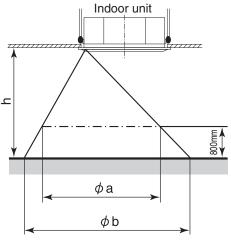


1

## 2 Installing the motion sensor

It is possible to install the motion sensor by replacing with a corner lid on the panel.

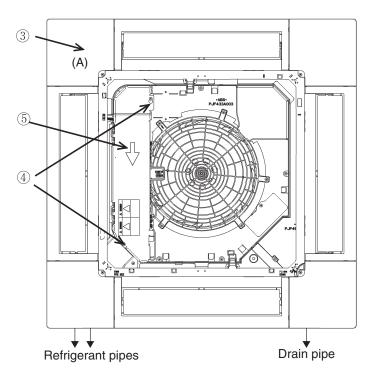
### Aim of the detectable scope



Hight of the ceiling	h[m]	2.7	3.5	4.0
Detectable scope①	$\phi$ a[m]	about 4.5	about 6.4	about 7.6
Detectable scope2	$\phi$ b[m]	about 6.4	about 8.3	about 9.5

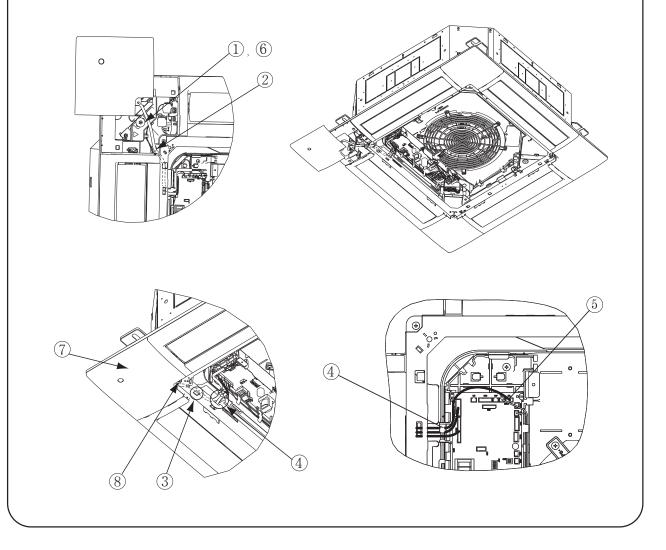
### **Preparation before installation**

- ① Install the panel onto the indoor unit according to the installation manual for the panel.
- 2 Remove the inlet grille.
- 3 Remove the corner lid (A) located on the panel.
- ① Loosen 2 screws for the control lid. (It is unnecessury to remove the screws.)
- 5 Slide the control lid, and open and remove it.



### Installation of the motion sensor

- ① Loosen the bolts which fix the panel, and make a gap between the panel and the indoor unit.
- 2 Pass the wiring of the motion sensor through the opening of the panel.
- 3 Hang the wiring on the hook which is on the panel's inside.
- 4 Pass the wiring through the opening of the control box.
- 5 Connect the connecter to CNL(3P,Black) on PWB in the contorl box.
- 6 Tighten the bolts which fix the panel.
- 7 Install the motion sensor on the panel.
- 8 Fix the motion sensor by the screw.
- 9 Reinstall the control lid, and tighten 2 screws.



## **3 Setting the motion sensor**

The motion sensor will not function if it is only installed. Set the function of the motion sensor by the wired or wireless remote control. Refer to the manual instruction of each remote control for the setting procedure.

Note: It is not possible to set by the following remote control models or older.

Wired:RC-EX1A, RC-E5, RCH-E3

Wireless: RCN-E1R

PJF012D504

### 3.2.2 FDTC series (LB-TC-5W-E)

### **↑ WARNING**

 Connect the wiring to the PCB in the control box on the indoor unit and fix the wiring securely so as not to apply unexpected stress on the PCB.
 Loose connection or fixing will cause abnormal heat generation or fire.



Make sure the power source is turned off during electrical wiring work.
 Otherwise, electric shock, malfunction and abnomal operation may occur.



### **A** CAUTION

- Do not install the motion sensor kit at the following places in order to avoid malfunction.
  - (1) Places exposed to direct sunlight
  - (2) Places near heat-generating devices
  - (3) High humidity places
  - (4) Hot surface or cold surface enough to generate condensation
  - (5) Places directly exposed to oil mist or steam
  - (6) Places affected by the direct air flow of the indoor unit
  - (7) Places where the motion sensor may be influenced by fluorescent lamp or sunlight
- (8) Places where the motion sensor may be affected by infrared rays of any other communication devices



- (9) Places where some object may obstruct the motion sensor
- (10) Places where there may be impact on the motion sensor
- (11) Places with strong radio wave or static electricity
- (12) Dusty place where the motion sensor lens may become tainted or be damaged
- Do not leave the motion sensor without the cover. In case the cover needs to be detached, protect the motion sensor with a packaging or bag in order to keep it away from water and dust.



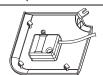
### Attention

- Instruct the customer how to operate the motion sensor kit correctly by referring to the instruction manual.
- For the installation method of the air-conditioner itself, refer to the installation manual enclosed in the package.

## 1 Accessories

Please make sure that all components are in the package.

Motion sensor

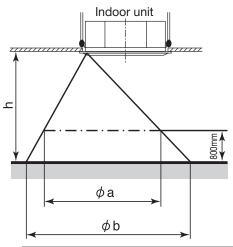


1

## 2 Installing the motion sensor

It is possible to install the motion sensor by replacing the corner lid on the panel.

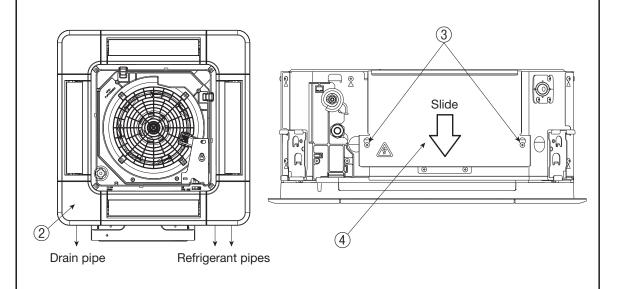
### The detectable area



Height of the ceiling	h[m]	2.7	3.5	4.0
Detectable area①	$\phi$ a[m]	about 4.5	about 6.4	about 7.6
Detectable area②	$\phi$ b[m]	about 6.4	about 8.3	about 9.5

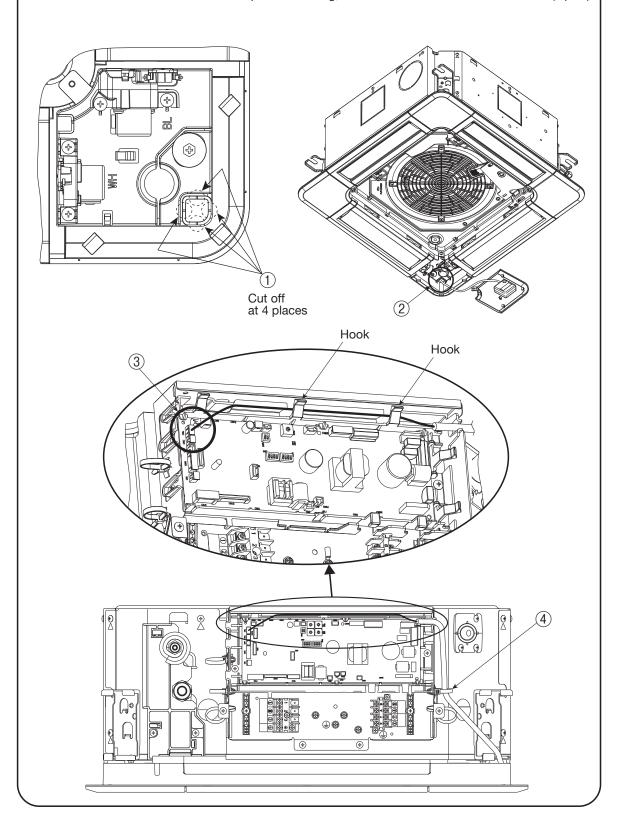
### **Preparation before installation**

- ① Remove the inlet grille according to the installation manual of the panel.
- ② Remove the corner lid at the drain pipe side.
- 3 Loosen screws (2 pcs) on the control box of the unit. (It is not necessary to remove the screws.)
- 4) Slide the control lid in the arrow direction, and remove it.



### Installation of the motion sensor

- ① Cut the half blanking (4 sections) of the panel as shown in the following figure.
- ② Pass the motion sensor wiring through the opening of the panel.
- 3 Connect the wiring connector to CNL (3P, black) on the PCB in the control box.
- 4 Fix the wiring with a band as shown below.
- ⑤ Install the motion sensor on the panel according to the installation manual of the panel.
- (6) Install the control lid with care not to pinch the wiring, and reinstall the control lid with screws (2 pcs.).



# 3 Setting the motion sensor

The motion sensor will not function if it is only installed. Set the function of the motion sensor by the wired or wireless remote control. Refer to the manual instruction of each remote control for the setting procedure.

Note: It is not possible to set by the following remote control models or older ones.

Wired:RC-EX1A, RC-E5, RCH-E3

Wireless: RCN-E1R

PJZ012D122 🛦

# 3.2.3 FDU, FDUM series (LB-KIT)

# **⚠ WARNING**

Connect the wiring to the PCB in the control box on the indoor unit and hold the wiring securely so as not to apply unexpected stress on the PCB.

Loose connection or hold will cause abnormal heat generation or fire.



Make sure the power source is turned off when electric wiring work.
 Otherwise, electric shock, malfunction and improper running may occur.



# **A CAUTION**

- Do not install the motion sensor kit at the following places in order to avoid malfunction.
- (1) Places exposed to direct sunlight
- (2) Places near heat devices
- (3) High humidity places
- (4) Hot surface or cold surface enough to generate condensation
- (5) Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly
- (6) Places affected by the direct air flow of the Indoor unit
- (7) Places where the motion sensor is influenced by the fluorescent lamp or sunlight
- (8) Places where the motion sensor is affected by infrared rays of any other communication devices
- (9) Places where some object may obstruct the motion sensor



- (10) Place that the motion sensor have a shock
- (11) Place with the strong radio wave or Static electricity
- (12) Place that motion sensor lens become tainted or have damaged. Dusty place
- (13) Place where it runs in parallel with strong voltage lines such as power source wiring
- Do not leave the motion sensor without the cover.
  In case the cover needs to be detached, protect the motion sensor with a packaging or bag.
  In order to keep it away from water and dust.



## Attention

- · This manual describes how to install the motion sensor kit.
- Instruct the customer how to operate it correctly referring to the instruction manual.
- For the installation method of the air-conditioner itself, refer to the installation manual enclosed in the package.

# 1 Accessories

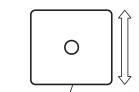
Please make sure that all components are in the package.

Motion sensor	Wiring <1>	Wiring <2>	2 screws	Manual
0	In case of CnL connector on the indoor unit PCB (FDT/FDK/FDTC)	In case of CnL connector is not on the indoor unit PCB	OD OD	

\* Please prepare a relay wiring for connecting the motion sensor and indoor unit on site. (0.2 mm<sup>2</sup> or thicker, triplex (red, white and black) cable for communication, with the maximum length of 8 m.)

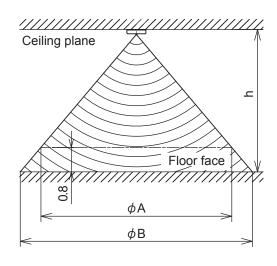
# 2 Installing the motion sensor

- The recommended height is lower than 4000 mm for motion sensor. When the installation height is higher, motion detection accuracy might be reduced.
- · Sensor will detect the object with a different temperature from the surrounding.
- Sensor may not detect small children or infants with little motion.
- · Although motion sensor can be installed on a wall, it is recommended to install it on the ceiling plane.
- If the sensor is installed on the wall, the sensing distance in the front direction is about 5 m, covering the angle of about 100 degrees.



Side of screws for fixing the case

# The detectable area



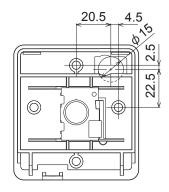
Height of the ceiling	h (m)	2.7	3.5	4.0
Detectable area	$\phi$ A (m)	4.5	6.4	7.6
Detectable area	$\phi$ B (m)	6.4	8.3	9.5

# Installing the motion sensor

There are the following 3 methods to install the motion sensor on the ceiling plane or wall surface (hereinafter called "ceiling plane"). Select the method according to the installation position.

# <How to install>

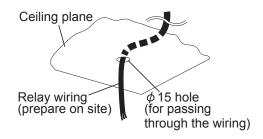
- (A) Direct installation by screws to the ceiling plane with the wiring in the ceiling space.
- (B) Direct installation by screws to the ceiling plane with the wiring in the room.
- (C) Installation with switch box (prepare at the site)

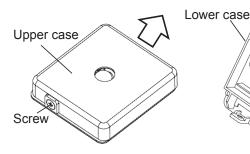


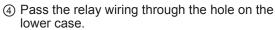
Positional relation for pulling out relay wiring hole and installing holes.

# Option (A)

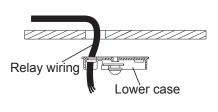
- ► Select this method if the ceiling plane has sufficient strength to install the motion sensor directly with screws.
- ① Prepare a relay wiring on site and lay out the wiring in advance.
- ② Remove the screw at the side of the motion sensor and slide the upper case in the direction of the arrow.
- (3) Pull the wiring of the motion sensor as below.

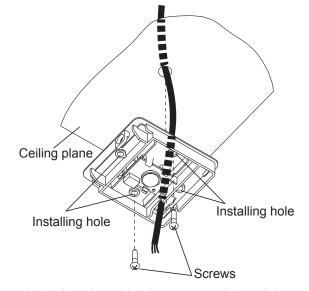






(5) When fixing the lower case to the ceiling plane, tighten it in 2 locations of the installing holes (4 locations) with the attached screws.





(6) Using a crimping terminal, etc., connect the same color to the relay wiring (prepare on site) and the wiring of motion sensor.



- Place the connecting part inside of the ceiling space.
- Seal the wiring hole on the lower case with putty.
- Taking care not to pinch the wirings, slip the upper case into the lower case, and tighten the screws.

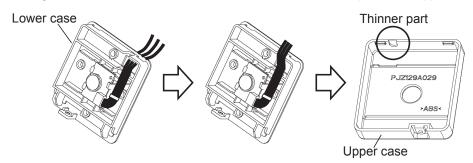


# Caution:

In order to prevent tracking, be sure to perform construction so as not to clog up the connecting part with dust, etc.

# Option (B)

- ► Select this method if the ceiling plane has sufficient strength to install the motion sensor directly with screws.
- ① Remove the screw at the side of the motion sensor and slide the upper case in the direction of the arrow. (The same as ② of Option (A))
- ② Pull the wiring of the motion sensor toward the side. Cut off the thinner part of the upper case.



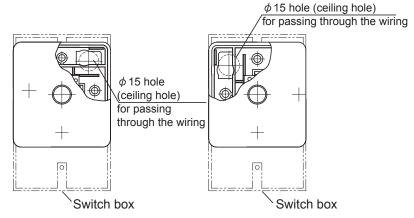
- ③ When fixing the lower case to the ceiling plane, tighten it in 2 locations of the installing holes (4 locations) with the attached screws. (The same as ⑤ of Option (A))
- 4 Using a crimping terminal, etc., connect the same color to the relay wiring (prepare on site) and the wiring of motion sensor.
  - (The same as ⑥ of Option (A))
- (5) Taking care not to pinch the wirings, slip the upper case into the lower case, and tighten the screws. (The same as (9) of Option (A))
- 6 Seal the cut part at Step 2 with putty.



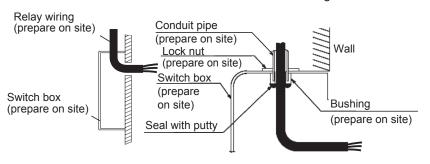
# Option (C)

 Set up the switch box and relay wiring (prepare on site) in advance.

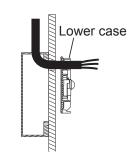
Seal the relay wiring inlet with putty.

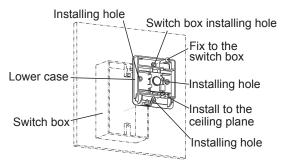


Positional relation for the switch box and installing holes



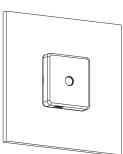
- ② Remove the screw at the side of the motion sensor and slide the upper case in the direction of the arrow. (The same as ② of Option (A))
- ③ Pull the wiring of the motion sensor. (The same as ③ of Option (A))
- ④ Pass the relay wiring through the hole on the lower case from switch box.
- (5) Fix the lower case to switch box using the installing hole (1 place).





- © Connect the same color to the relay wiring (prepare on site) and the wiring of motion sensor.(The same as ⑥ of Option (A))
- ⑦ Place the connecting part between switch box and the hole of the lower case through passed the wiring at step ④.
- Taking care not to pinch the wirings, slip the upper case into the lower case, and tighten the screws. (The same as ③ of Option (A))





# Wiring connection in the control box of indoor unit

**CAUTION**: Attached wirings to the motion sensor vary depending on the model of the indoor unit. Make sure your model before installing.

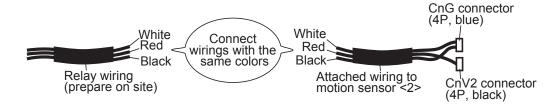
# <In case of the CnL connector is on the indoor unit PCB (FDT/FDK/FDTC)>

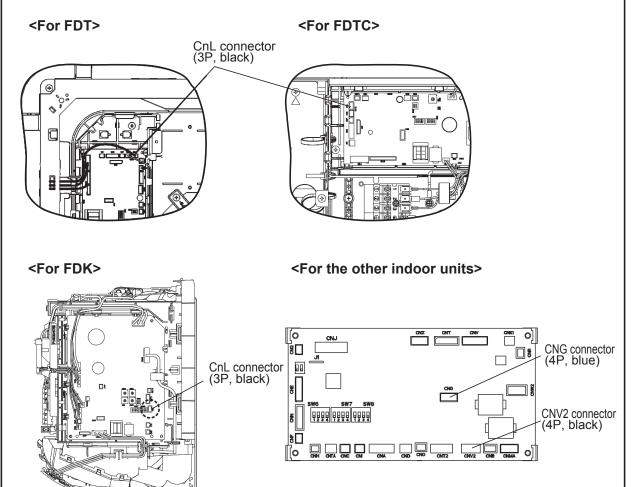
- ① Connect the same color to the relay wiring (prepare on site) and the attached wiring <1>.
- 2 Remove the control box cover from the indoor unit.
- 3 Connect CnL connector (3P, black) to the PCB.



# <Incase of the CnL connector is not on the indoor unit PCB>

- ① Connect the same color to the relay wiring (prepare on site) and the attached wiring <2>.
- ② Remove the control box cover from the indoor unit.
- ③ Connect CnG connector (4P, blue) to the PCB.
- 4 Connect CnV2 connector (4P, black) to the PCB.





# 3 Setting the motion sensor

The motion sensor will not function if it is only installed.

Set the function of the motion sensor by the wired or wireless remote control. Refer to the manual instruction of each remote control for the setting procedure.

Note: It is not possible to set by the following remote control models or older.

Wired:RC-EX1A, RC-E5, RCH-E3

Wireless: RCN-E1R

# PFA012D633 🗥

# 3.2.4 FDE series (LB-E)

# **⚠ WARNING**

Connect the wiring to the PCB in the control box on the indoor unit and hold the wiring securely so as not to apply unexpected stress on the PCB. Loose connection or hold will cause abnormal heat generation or fire.



Make sure the power source is turned off when electric wiring work. Otherwise, electric shock, malfunction and improper running may occur.



# **⚠ CAUTION**

- Do not install the motion sensor kit at the following places in order to avoid malfunction.
  - (1) Places exposed to direct sunlight
  - (2) Places near heat devices
  - (3) High humidity places
  - (4) Hot surface or cold surface enough to generate condensation
  - (5) Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly (10) Place that the motion sensor have a shock
  - (6) Places affected by the direct air flow of the Indoor unit
  - Places where the motion sensor is influenced by the fluorescent lamp or sunlight
- (8) Places where the motion sensor is affected by infrared rays of any other communication devices
- (9) Places where some object may obstruct the motion sensor



- (11) Place with the strong radio wave or Static electricity
- (12) Place that motion sensor lens become tainted or have damaged. Dusty place
- Do not leave the motion sensor without the cover. In case the cover needs to be detached, protect the motion sensor with a packaging or bag. In order to keep it away from water and dust.



# Attention

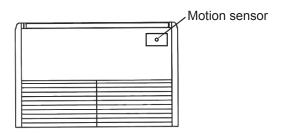
- · This manual describes how to install the motion sensor kit.
- Instruct the customer how to operate it correctly referring to the instruction manual.
- For the installation method of the air-conditioner itself, refer to the installation manual enclosed in the package.

# 1 Accessories

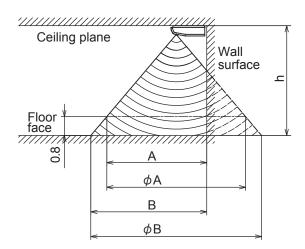
Please make sure that all components are in the package. Motion sensor (\*) Manual Attached wiring to the motion sensor kit \* Wiring from the motion sensor and the attached wiring to the motion sensor kit have been connected when shipped from the factory. Remove the connector at the position of  $\bigcirc$  mark and connect it to the attached wiring to the indoor unit before use.

# 2 Installing the motion sensor

- It is possible to install the motion sensor by replacing the indoor unit.
- The recommended height is lower than 4000 mm for motion sensor. When the installation height is higher, motion detection accuracy might be reduced.
- Sensor will detect the object with a different temperature from the surrounding.
- Sensor may not detect small children or infants with little motion.
- Use the separate motion sensor so that person's activity can be detected when the detectable area differs from the person's activity area.
- Use the separate motion sensor when using both wireless remote control and motion sensor together.



# The detectable area



Height of the ceiling	h (m)	2.7	3.5	4.0
Detectable area	A (m)	2.9	3.9	4.5
Detectable area	φ A (m)	4.5	6.4	7.6
Detectable area	B (m)	3.9	4.8	5.4
Detectable area	φ B (m)	6.4	8.3	9.5

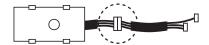
# Installing the motion sensor (before installing the unit)

Motion sensor can be installed by replacing with a cover of the panel.

**CAUTION**: Install the motion sensor before installing the unit.

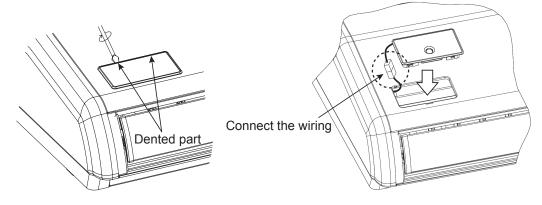
When installing the motion sensor after unit has been fixed, injury due to falling may result because of working at high place.

① Remove the connector that connects the motion sensor and the wiring.



- ② Insert a tool into the dented part (2 places) of the panel cover, and wrench slightly not to damage the paintwork of the panel to remove the cover.
- ③ Connect the wiring from the panel's hole (attached to the indoor unit, color of the wiring: white, red and black, connector: 3P, white) to the wiring from the motion sensor. Make sure to install the motion sensor in the correct direction.

**CAUTION**: Do not remove the clamp fixed the wiring.



(4) Install the motion sensor

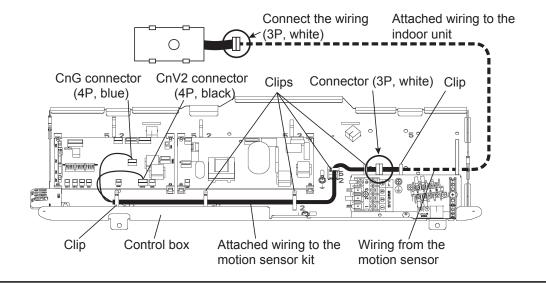
Place the connector under the panel and install it to the panel with careful attention to the direction of the motion sensor.

**CAUTION**: Connect the connectors before installing the motion sensor.

In case of connecting after the motion sensor has been installed, it will be necessary to remove the panel.

# Wiring connection in the control box

- ① Connect the wiring from the motion sensor (attached to the indoor unit, color of the wiring: white, red and black, connector: 3P, white) to the attached wiring to the motion sensor kit.
- ② Fix the wiring with clips (6 places).
- 3 Connect CnG connector (4P, blue) to the PCB.
- 4 Connect CnV2 connector (4P, black) to the PCB.



# 3 Setting the motion sensor

The motion sensor will not function if it is only installed.

Set the function of the motion sensor by the wired or wireless remote control. Refer to the manual instruction of each remote control for the setting procedure.

Note: It is not possible to set by the following remote control models or older.

Wired:RC-EX1A, RC-E5, RCH-E3

Wireless: RCN-E1R

# **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

# **⚠ WARNING**

If a child, person with disease or other persons needed for assist uses this product, people around the person should take sufficient care.



A halt of the air-conditioner due to abnormal situation or motion sensor's control may cause a feeling of sickness or accident.

# **ATTENTION**

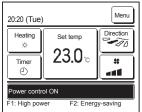
- The sensor may not detect a person near the border of detection range.
- Installation near an object with a different temperature from the surrounding may cause a false detection of human.
- Due to correction of temperature setting, some people may feel chilly.

This product uses infrared sensor to detect person's activity level to support control of air-conditioner. Please set the control you like from the remote control.

Indoor unit control		Description of control	Display of eco touch remote control
Power control	Activity level is large	Lower the indoor temperature setting for comfort.	Power control ON
	Activity level is small	Raise the indoor temperature setting for energy-saving.	Power control ON
② Auto-off	No one is detected for 1 hour	Stop operation and stand by	In auto-off mode
Z Auto-on	No one is detected for 12 hours	Stop operation	-
1 + 2	Any combination of the above	Any of the above	Any of the above
All disabled (default setting)	-	Standard control	-

If the sensor is disconnected or defective, the control will be set as if it no detects (or less) activity level.

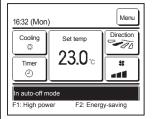
Refer to the next section for setting method.



• When power control is enabled

The amount of human motion is detected by a motion sensor to adjust the Set temp.

During power control, "Power control ON" will be displayed on the message display.



When auto-off is enabled

The unit will enter the "Operation wait" state when an hour has elapsed since the last time a human presence was detected and will be in "Complete stop" state after another 12 hours.

"Operation wait"...The unit stops but will resume operation when human presence is detected. When the unit is in "Complete stop", "In auto-off mode" will be displayed on the message display.

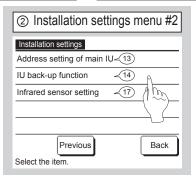
"Complete stop"...When auto-off is enabled, the unit stops. The unit will not resume operation even when human presence is detected.

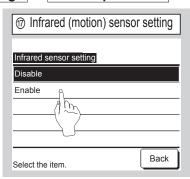
The message "In auto-off mode" will disappear from the message display, and the operation lamp will turn off.

# **Control setting (from eco touch remote control)**

Refer to the installation manual for eco touch remote control to activate the infrared sensor (motion sensor).
 TOP screen Menu ⇒ Service setting ⇒ Installation settings ⇒ Service password

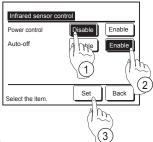






- Refer to the installation manual for eco touch remote control to set control mode.
- Infrared sensor (motion sensor) control (for IUs with motion sensors)

  Presence of humans and the amount of motion are detected by a motion sensor to perform various controls.
- When the R/C is set as the sub R/C, the infrared sensor (motion sensor) control cannot be set.



Tap the Menu button on the TOP screen and select Energy-saving setting ⇒ Infrared sensor control or Motion sensor control.

The Infrared sensor control screen and contents of the current settings are displayed.

- 1) Enable/disable power control.
- (2) Enable/disable auto-off.
- 3 After you set each item, tap the Set button. The display returns to the Energy-saving setting menu screen.

# Control setting (from wireless remote control)

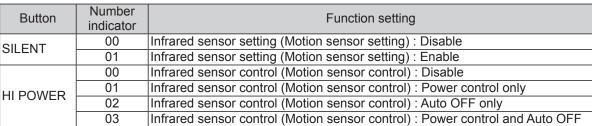
Refer to the installation manual for wireless remote control to enable motion sensor in Indoor function settings

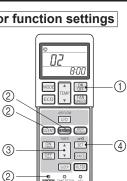
# Indoor function settings

- 1. How to set indoor functions
  - ① Press the ON/OFF button to stop the unit.
  - ② Press the desired one of the buttons shown item 2. while holding down the FUNCTION SETTING switch.
  - ③ Use the selection buttons, ▲ and ▼, to change the setting.
  - 4) Press the SET button.

The buzzer on the remote control signal receiver beeps twice, and the LED lamp flashes four times at two-second intervals.





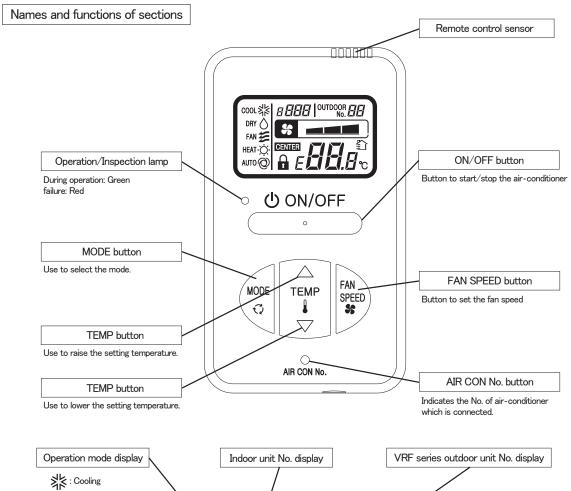


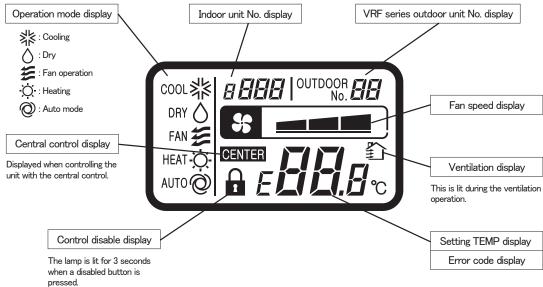
# 3.3 SIMPLE WIRED REMOTE CONTROL (RCH-E3)

Note:

Following functions of FDU indoor unit series are not able to be set with this simple wired remote control (RCH-E3).

1. 4-fan speed setting (P-Hi/Hi/Me/Lo) → 3-fan speed setting (Hi/Me/Lo)





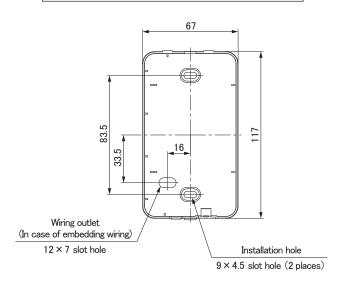
## Installation of remote control

Do not install the remote control at the following places in order to avoid malfunction.

- (1) Places exposed to direct sunlight
  - es
- (2) Places near heat devices(3) High humidity places
- (4) Hot surface or cold surface enough to generate condensation
- (5) Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly
- (6) Uneven surface

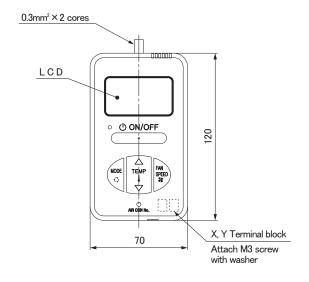
PJZ000Z272

# Remote control installation dimensions

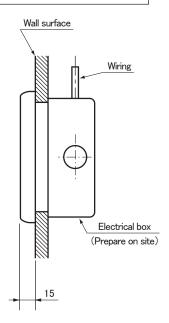


Note: Installation screw for remote control M4 screw (2 pieces)

# In case of exposing wiring

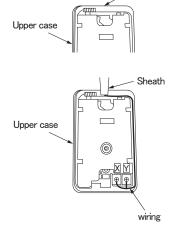


# In case of embedding wiring



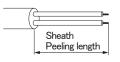
The remote control wiring can be extracted from the upper center. After the thin part in the upper side of the remote control upper case is scraped with a nipper or knife, remove burr with a file.

Thin part



The peeling length of each wiring is as follows:

X wiring : 160mm Y wiring : 150mm



Unit:mm

# Wiring specifications

- (1) Wiring of remote control should use  $0.3 \text{mm}^2 \times 2$  cores wires or cables. (on–site configuration)
- (2) Maximum prolongation of remote control wiring is 600m.

If the prolongation is over 100m, change to the size below.

But, the wiring in the remote control case should be  $0.3 \text{mm}^2$  (recommended) to  $0.5 \text{mm}^2.$ 

Change the wire size outside of the case according to wire connecting. Waterproof treatment is necessary at the wire connecting section. Be careful about contact failure.

Length	Wiring thickness
100 to 200m	0.5mm² × 2 cores
Under 300m	0.75mm² × 2 cores
Under 400m	1.25mm² × 2 cores
Under 600m	2.0mm <sup>2</sup> × 2 cores

Adapted to **RoHS** directive

# **Simple Remote Control Installation Manual**

PJZ012D069 A

Read together with indoor unit's installation manual.

## **<u>∧</u>WARNING**

• Fasten the wiring to the terminal securely and hold the cable securely so as not to apply unexpected stress on the terminal.

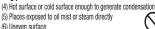
Loose connection or hold will cause abnormal heat generation or fire.

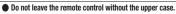
Make sure the power source is turned off when electric wiring work. Otherwise, electric shock, malfunction and improper running may occur.

#### **⚠** CAUTION

Do not install the remote control at the following places in order to avoid malfunction.

- (1) Places exposed to direct sunlight
- (2) Places near heat devices (3) High humidity places
- (5) Places exposed to oil mist or steam directly
- (6) Uneven surface





In case the upper cace needs to be detached, protect the remote control with a packaging box or bag in order to keep it away from water and dust.



Accessories	Remote control, wood screw ( $\phi$ 3.5 $ imes$ 16) 2 pieces
Prepare on site	Remote control cord (2 cores) (Refer to [2. Installation and wiring of remote control]) [In case of embedding cord] Electrical box, M4 screw (2 pieces) [In case of exposing cord] Cord clamp (if needed)

#### 1. Installation procedure

#### In case of embedding cord

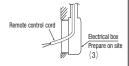
(1) Make certain to remove the screw on the bottom surface of the remote control



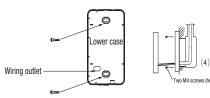
(2) Remove the upper case of the remote control. Insert a flat-blade screwdriver to a concave portion of the bottom surface of the remote control and slightly twist it, and the case is



(3) Pre-bury the electrical box and remote control cord.



(4) Prepare two M4 screws (recommended length: 12 - 16mm), and install the lower case to the electrical box. Do not use a screw whose screw head is larger than the height of the wall around the screw hole.



- (5) Connect the remote control cord to the terminal block. Connect the terminals (X and Y) of the remote control and the terminals (X and Y) of the indoor unit. (No polarity of X and Y)
- (6) Mount the upper case for restoring to its former state so as not to crimp the remote control cord, and secure with the removed screw.

#### In case of exposing cord

Make certain to remove a screw on the bottom surface of the



(2) Remove the upper case of the remote control. Insert a flat-blade screwdriver to a concave portion of the bottom surface of the remote control and slightly twist it and the case is removed.

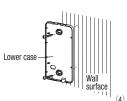


(3) The remote control cord can be extracted from the

After the thin part in the upper side of the remote control upper case is scraped with a nipper or knife, remove burr with a file.



(4) The lower case of the remote control is mounted to a flat wall with two accessory wood screws.



(5) Connect the remote control cord to the terminal block Connect the terminals (X and Y) of the remote control and the terminals (X and Y) of the indoor unit. (No polarity of X and

The wiring route is as shown in the right.



The wiring in the remote control case should be 0.3 mm<sup>2</sup> (recommended) to 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> at maximum.

Further, peel off the sheath.

The peeling length of each wiring is as follows:

X wiring: 160mm Y wiring: 150mm



- (6) Mount the upper case for restoring to its former state so as not to crimp the remote control cord, and secure with the removed screw.
- In the case of exposing installation, secure the remote control cord to the wall surface with a cord clamp so as not to loosen the remote control cord

# 2. Installation and wiring of remote control

- (1) Wiring of remote control should use 0.3mm<sup>2</sup> × 2 cores wires or cables, (on-site configuration)
- (2) Maximum prolongation of remote control wiring is 600 m.

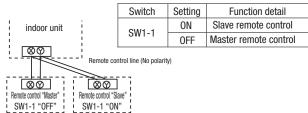
If the prolongation is over 100m, change to the size below.

But, the wiring in the remote control case should be 0.3mm<sup>2</sup> (recommended) to 0.5mm<sup>2</sup>. Change the wire size outside of the case according to wire connecting. Waterproof treatment is necessary at the wire connecting section. Be careful about contact failure.

100 - 200m······0.5mm² × 2 cores Under 300m···········0.75mm² × 2 cores Under 400m······1.25mm² × 2 cores Under 600m······2.0mm<sup>2</sup> × 2 cores

## 3. Master/ slave setting when more than one remote control are used

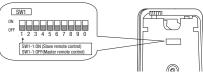
Up to two remote controls can be connected to one unit (or one group) of indoor unit.



(2) Set the switch SW1-1 of the slave remote control is "Slave" (ON). The factory default is set as "Master" (OFF). (Note) • The remote control temperature sensor enabled setting can be set only to the master remote control.

• Install the master remote control at the position to detect room temperature.

• The air-conditioner operation follows the last operation of the remote control in case of the master / slave setting.



## 4. The indication when power source is supplied

At the time of turning the power source on, after the light is on for the first 2 seconds, the display becomes as shown below.

The number displayed on the upper side of LCD in the remote control is the software number,

and this is not an error code.



#### Software number

(The number in the left is one example. Another number may be shown.)

- (2) Then, "88.0 °C" blinks on the remote control until the communication between the remote control and the indoor unit is established.
- In the case of connecting one remote control with one unit (or one group) of indoor unit, make certain to set the master remote control (factory default). If the slave remote control is set, a communication cannot be established.
- If a state where the communication between the remote control and the indoor unit cannot be established continues about for 30 minutes, "E" is displayed. Confirm the wiring of the indoor unit and the outdoor unit and master/slave setting of the remote control.



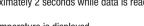
## 5. Confirmation method for return air temperature

Return air temperature can be confirmed by the remote control operation.

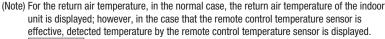
Press AIR CON No. button for over 5 seconds.

"88" blinks on the temperature setting indicator.

("88" blinks for approximately 2 seconds while data is read.)



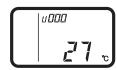
Then, the return air temperature is displayed. (Example) return air temperature: "27 °C" (blinking)



Press () ON/OFF button. Fnd.

[In the case that the remote temperature sensor is ineffective and plural indoor units are connected to one remote control ]

(1) Press AIR CON No. button for over 5 seconds. indoor unit No. indicator: "U 000" (blinking) (Among the connected indoor units, the lowest number is displayed.)



(2) Press TEMP△ or TEMP▽ button. Select the indoor unit No.

Press MODE button.

Dectder the indoor unit No.

(Example) indoor unit No. indicator: "U 000"

"88" blinks on the temperature setting indicator. (blinking for approximately 2 to 10 seconds while data is read) Then, the return air temperature is displayed. When AIR CON No. is pressed, return to the indoor unit selection display (example, "U 000").

Press **()** ON/OFF button. End.

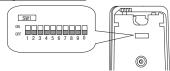
6. Function setting

Each function of the remote control and the indoor unit is automatically set to the initial setting, which is the standard use, on the occasion of connecting the remote control with the indoor unit. In the case of the standard use, the setting change is unnecessary. However, if you whould like to change the initial setting " O ", change the setting for only the item of the function number. Record the setting contents and stored them.

#### (1) Function setting item by switch on PCB

Switch No.	Setting	Setting detail	Initial setting
SW1-1	ON	Slave remote control	
3W1-1	0FF	Master remote control	0
SW1-2	ON	Remote control temperature sensor enabled	
3W1-2	0FF	Remote control temperature sensor disabled	0
SW1-3	ON	"MODE" button prohibited	
3W1-3	0FF	"MODE" button enabled	0
SW1-4 ON		"ON/OFF" button prohibited	
3W1-4	0FF	"ON/OFF" button enabled	0

Switch No.	Setting	Setting detail	Initial setting
SW1-5	ON	"TEMP" button prohibited	
3W1-0	0FF	"TEMP" button enabled	0
SW1-6	ON	"FAN SPEED" button prohibited	※ Note 1
3W1-0	0FF	"FAN SPEED" button enabled	※ Note 1
SW1-7	ON	Auto restart function enabled	
3W1-7	0FF	Auto restart function disabled	0
SW1-8, 9, 0	ON	Not used	
3W 1-6, 9, U	0FF	INOLUSEU	



- As for the slave remote control, function setting is impossible other than SW1-1.
- In the indoor unit with only one fan speed, "FAN SPEED" button cannot

#### (2) Function setting item by button operation

Classification	Function No.	Function	Setting No.	Setting	Initial setting	Remarks
			01	Fan speed: three steps	※ Note 1	The fan speed is three steps, * = = = - * =
	01	Indoor unit fan speed	02	Fan speed: two steps (Hi-Lo)	※ Note 1	The fan speed is two steps, * • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
01	illuool ullit lall speeu	03	Fan speed: two steps (Hi-Me)		The fan speed is two steps, ** • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
		04	Fan: one step	※ Note 1	The fan speed is fixed to one step.	
			01	Remote control temperature sensor: no offset	0	
			02	Remote control temperature sensor: +3.0 °C		At the time of cooling, in the case of remote control temperature sensor enabled, offset temperature at +3.0°C.
		Remote control	03	Remote control temperature sensor: +2.0 °C		At the time of cooling, in the case of remote control temperature sensor enabled, offset temperature at +2.0°C.
	03	thermistor at the time	04	Remote control temperature sensor: +1.0 °C		At the time of cooling, in the case of remote control temperature sensor enabled, offset temperature at +1.0°C.
		of cooling	05	Remote control temperature sensor: -1.0 °C		At the time of cooling, in the case of remote control temperature sensor enabled, offset temperature at -1.0°C.
			06	Remote control temperature sensor: -2.0 °C		At the time of cooling, in the case of remote control temperature sensor enabled, offset temperature at -2.0°C.
Remote			07	Remote control temperature sensor: -3.0 °C		At the time of cooling, in the case of remote control temperature sensor enabled, offsett temperature at -3.0°C.
control			01	Remote control temperature sensor: no offset	0	
function			02	Remote control temperature sensor: +3.0 °C		At the time of heating, in the case of remote control temperature sensor enabled, offset temperature at +3.0°C.
		Remote control	03	Remote control temperature sensor: +2.0 °C		At the time of heating, in the case of remote control temperature sensor enabled, offset temperature at +2.0°C.
	04	thermistor at the time	04	Remote control temperature sensor: +1.0 °C		At the time of heating, in the case of remote control temperature sensor enabled, offset temperature at +1.0°C.
		of heating	05	Remote control temperature sensor: -1.0 °C		At the time of heating, in the case of remote control temperature sensor enabled, offset temperature at -1.0°C.
			06	Remote control temperature sensor: -2.0 °C		At the time of heating, in the case of remote control temperature sensor enabled, offset temperature at -2.0°C.
			07	Remote control temperature sensor: -3.0 °C		At the time of heating, in the case of remote control temperature sensor enabled, offset temperature at -3.0°C.
			01	No ventilator connection	0	
	05	Ventilation setting	02	Ventilator links air-conditioner		In case of Single split series, by connecting ventilation device to CNT of the indoor printed circuit board (in case of VRF series, connecting it to CND of the indoor printed circuit board), the operation of ventilation device is linked with the operation of indoor unit.
	06	"Auto" operation	01	"Auto" operation enabled	※ Note 1	
	06	setting	02	"Auto" operation disabled		"Auto" operation disabled
0.7	Operation permission/	01	Disabled	0		
	07	prohibition	02	Enabled		Operation permission/prohibition control is enabled.
		External input	01	Level input	0	
	08		02	Pulse input		
			01	Standard	* Note 2	
	09	Fan speed setting	02	High speed 1	※ Note 2	
		,	03	High speed 2	* Note 2	
			01	No remaining operation	0	After cooling stopped, no fan remaining operation
	40	Fan remaining	02	0.5 hours		After cooling stopped, fan remaining operation for 0.5 hours
	10	operation at the time of cooling	03	1 hour		After cooling stopped, fan remaining operation for 1 hour
		or cooling	04	6 hours		After cooling stopped, fan remaining operation for 6 hours
			01	No remaining operation	0	After heating stopped or after heating thermostat OFF, no fan remaining operation
		Fan remaining	02	0.5 hours		After heating stopped or after heating thermostat OFF, fan remaining operation for 0.5 hours
	11	operation at the time of heating	03	2 hours		After heating stopped or after heating thermostat OFF, fan remaining operation for 2 hours
Indoor unit		or rieding	04	6 hours		After heating stopped or after heating thermostat OFF, fan remaining operation for 6 hours
function			01	No offset	0	
TUTICUOTI		Setting temperature	02	Setting temperature offset + 3.0 °C		The setting temperature at the time of heating is offset by +3.0 °C.
	12	offset at the time of heating	03	Setting temperature offset + 2.0 °C		The setting temperature at the time of heating is offset by +2.0 °C.
		neating	04	Setting temperature offset + 1.0 °C		The setting temperature at the time of heating is offset by +1.0 °C.
			01	Low fan speed	* Note 1	At the time of heating thermostat OFF, operate with low fan speed.
			02	Setting fan speed		At the time of heating thermostat OFF, operate with the setting fan speed.
13	Heating fan controller	03	Intermittent operation	* Note 1	At the time of heatingr thermostat OFF, intermittently operate.	
		04	Fan off		At the time of heating thermostat OFF, a fan will be stopped.  When the remote control thermistor is enabled, automatically set to "Fan off". Do not set at the time of the indoor unit temperature sensi	
			01	No offset	0	
			02	Return air temperature offset +2.0 °C		Offset the return air temperature of the indoor unit by +2.0 °C.
			03	Return air temperature offset +1.5 °C		Offset the return air temperature of the indoor unit by +1.5 °C.
	14	Return air temperature	04	Return air temperature offset +1.0 °C		Offset the return air temperature of the indoor unit by +1.0 °C.
	14	offset	05	Return air temperature offset -1.0 °C		Offset the return air temperature of the indoor unit by -1.0 °C.
			06	Return air temperature offset -1.5 °C		Offset the return air temperature of the indoor unit by -1.5 °C.

# Note 1: The symbol " \*X " in the initial setting varies depending upon the indoor unit and the outdoor unit to be connected, and this is

automatically dete	rmined as follows:		
Swith No. Function No.	Function	Setting	Product model
	"FAN SPFFD"	"FAN SPEED" button prohibited	Product model whose indoor fan speed is only one step
SW1-6 button			Product model whose indoor fan speed is two steps or three steps
		Fan speed: three steps	Product model whose indoor unit fan speed is three steps
Remote control function 01	Indoor unit fan	Fan speed: two steps (Hi-Lo)	Product model whose indoor unit fan speed is two steps
hemote control function of	speed	Fan speed: two steps (Hi-Me)	
		Fan: one step	Product model whose indoor unit fan speed is only one step
Remote control function 06	"Auto" operation	"Auto" operation enabled	Product model where "Auto" mode is selectable
nemote control function of	setting	"Auto" operation disabled	Product model without "Auto" mode
Indoor unit function 13	Heating fan	Low fan speed	Product model except FDUS
illuooi ullit lulictioii 13	control	Intermittent operation	FDUS

Note 2: Fan speed of "High speed" setting

Fon annual notting	Indoor unit fan speed setting				
Fan speed setting	50 mmil - 50 mm - 50 m	50 mm m - 50 m	50 mmm - 50 mm		
Standard	Hi — Mid — Lo	Hi — Lo	Hi — Mid		
High speed 1 · 2	UHi — Hi — Mid	UHi — Mid	UHi — Hi		

Initial setting of some indoor unit is "High speed"

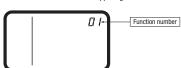
Note 3: As for plural indoor unit, set indoor functions to each master and slave indoor unit.

But only master indoor unit is received the setting change of indoor unit function "07 Operation permission/ prohibition" and "08 External input".



(1) Stop air-conditioner, and simultaneously press AIR CON No. and 7 MODE buttons at the same time for over three seconds.

The function number "01" blinks in the upper right.



- (2) Press  $\boxed{\text{TEMP}} \triangle$  or  $\boxed{\text{TEMP}} \bigcirc$  button. Select the function number.
- (3) Press MODE button. Decide the function number.

#### (4) [In the case of selecting the remote control function (01-06)]

① The current setting number of the selected function number blinks

Function number: "01" (lighting) Setting number: "01" (blinking)



- ② Press TEMP or TEMP Select the setting number.
- ③ Press **₹ MODE** button.

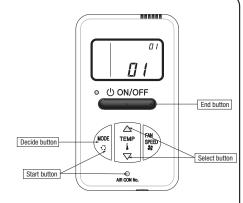
The setting is completed.

Light is on for approximately 3 to 20 seconds while data of the decided function No. and setting No. is transmitted. (Example)

Function number: "01" (lighting for 3 to 20 seconds) Setting number: "01" (lighting for 3 to 20 seconds)



Then, the screen goes back to the function number blinking indication (1), if the setting is sequentially conducted, continue with the same procedures. If the setting is finished, proceed to (5) .



#### [In the case of selecting the indoor unit function (07-14)]

① "88" blinks on the temperature setting indicators.

(blinking for approximately 2 to 10 seconds while data are read)

After that, the current setting number of the selected function number blinks. (Example)

Function number: "07" (lighting) Setting number: "01" (blinking)



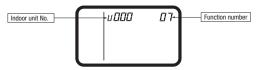
Proceed to (2).

#### [Note]

a. In the case of connecting one remote control to plural indoor units, the display will be as follows:

Indoor unit No. display: "U 000" (blinking)

(Display the lowest number among the connected indoor units.)



b. Press  $\boxed{\text{TEMP} \triangle}$  or  $\boxed{\text{TEMP} \nabla}$  button.

Select the indoor unit No. to be set.

If "U ALL" is selected, the same setting can be set to all units.

c. Press MODE button.

Decide the indoor unit No.

"88" blinks on the temperature setting indicators. (blinking for 2 to 10 seconds while data

When AIR CON No. button is pressed, go back to the indoor unit selection display (for example, "U 000" blinking).

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline 2 \\ \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} \hline TEMP \triangle \\ \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tab$ 

Select the setting number

## 3 Press MODE button

The setting is completed.

Light is on for approximately 3 to 20 seconds while data of the decided function No. and setting No. is transmitted.

(Example)

Indoor unit No.: "U 000" (lighting for 3 to 20 seconds) Function number: "07" (lighting for 3 to 20 seconds) Setting number: "01" (lighting for 3 to 20 seconds)



Then, the screen goes back to the function number blinking indication (1), if the setting is sequentially conducted, continue with the same procedures. If the setting is finished, proceed to (5).

(5) Press ON/OFF button. The setting is completed.

• Even if 🖰 ON/OFF button is pressed during setting, the setting is ended. However, any details where the setting has not been completed will be ineffective.

· The setting contents are stored in the control, and even if the power failure occur, this will not be lost.

[Confirmation method for current setting]

According to the operation, the "setting number" displayed first after selecting "function number" and pressing TMODE button is the currently set content. (However, in the case of selecting "U ALL" (all units), the setting number of the lowest number among the indoor units is displayed.)

# 3.4 OA SPACER (FDTC series)

This manual describes the installation methods for OA spacer (TC-OAS-E2) and the duct joint (TC-OAD-E). 
© This OA spacer is designed for assembling on the indoor unit (FDTC Series), not for be using independently.

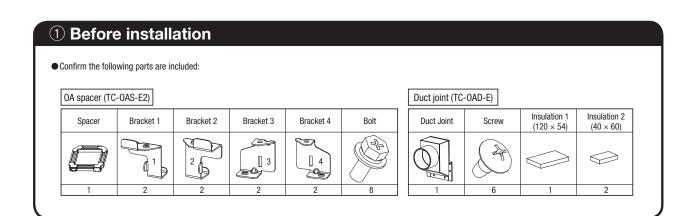
PJZ012D125

Application model	FDTC15-56KXZE1
	FDTC25-60VH

- OPrepare the duct (size: Ø75) and the booster fan at site.
- OFor the installation of indoor unit, refer to the installation manual attached to the indoor unit.

# **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS** Read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully first of all and then strictly follow it during the installation work in order to protect yourself. **.** WARNING • Installation should be performed by the specialist. ! If you install the unit by yourself, it may lead to serious trouble such as water leakage, electric shock, fire, and injury due to overturn of the unit. • Install the system correctly according to these installation manuals. Improper installation may cause explosion, injury, water leakage, electric shock, and fire. • Use the genuine accessories and the specified parts for installation. If parts unspecified by our company are used it could cause water leakage, electric shock, fire, and injury due to overturn of the unit. • Turn off the power source during servicing or inspection work. If the power is supplied during servicing or inspection work, it could cause electric shock and injury by the operating fan. • Shut off the power before electrical wiring work. It could cause electric shock, unit failure and improper running. **∕**!\CAUTION • Do not install and use the unit where corrosive gas (such as sulfurous acid gas etc.) or flammable gas (such as thinner, petroleum etc.) may be generated or accumulated, or volatile flammable substances are handled.

It could cause the corrosion of heat exchanger, breakage of plastic parts etc. And inflammable gas could cause fire.



# ② Prior study before installation (Usage limitation)

#### (1) Temperature conditions for OA spacer

- · Adjust the temperature conditions of mixed air with outdoor air and indoor air within the usage range of suction air temperature for the air-conditioner.
- · The usage temperature conditions of intake outdoor air and indoor air around the ducts are shown in the following table.
- · If the temperature conditions of intake outdoor air do not meet, process the outdoor air

Oneration made	Usage temperature conditions			
Operation mode	Intake outdoor air	Indoor air around the ducts		
In heating	5°C DB or higher	18.5°C WB or lower and 60% RH or lower		
In cooling	29°C DB or lower and 80% RH or lower	20°C DB or higher		

#### (2) Intake outdoor air volume

· Intake outdoor air volume is 3.0 m³/min at the maximum (when two sets of duct joints are used). Up to two sets of duct joint can be installed on OA spacer.

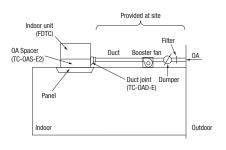
In case one set of duct joint is installed: 1.5 m³/min max.

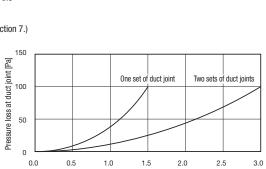
In case two sets of duct joint is installed: 3.0 m3/min max.

• Select the booster fan based on the duct resistance plus the pressure loss at the duct joint. (See the figure)

#### (4) Other conditions

- ${\boldsymbol{\cdot}}$  Determine the capacity of air conditioner based on the calculation of air-conditioning load including the heat load of intake outdoor air.
- · Install the filter for the intake outdoor air and the reverse flow prevention dumper during the duct work at site.
- · Insulate the duct and duct joint in order to prevent dewing.
- · Interlock the operation of booster fan with ON/OFF operation of the indoor unit. (See Section 7.)





(Suspension bolts pitch)

(TC-OAS-F2)

175

Control box

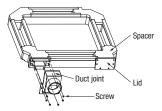
# Introduced outdoor air volume [m³/min]

# ③ Installation of duct joint (TC-OAD-E) onto OA spacer

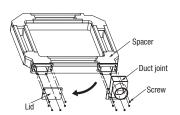
·There are two places where the duct joint can be installed.

### When installing one duct joint

Install OA spacer at either one of two installation places on the duct joint.

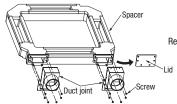


To install the duct joint, screw it in as shown at left.



When installing the duct joint at the lid side, remove the lid and reinstall it at the other end before installing the duct joint.

## When installing two duct joints



Remove the lid and then install two pieces of duct joint.

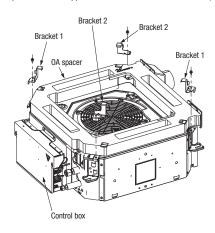
# 4 Installation of OA spacer on the indoor unit

OA spacer can be installed regardless whether the indoor unit has already been hanged or not. (It is recommended to install before hanging the unit for convenience of installation.)

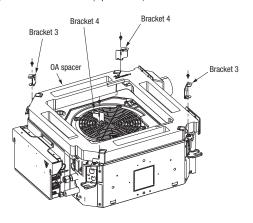
## 1-1. When installing OA spacer before hanging the indoor unit

① Placing OA spacer on the indoor unit, fix the brackets 1 and 2 (2 pieces each) with bolts.

Install OA spacer in the appropriate position that the duct joint side of OA spacer becomes opposite to the control box of indoor unit (FDTC).



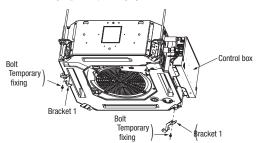
② Fix the brackets 3 and 4 (2 pieces each) with bolts.



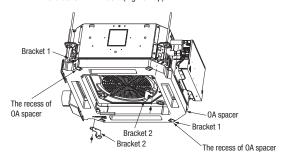
## 1-2. When installing OA spacer after hanging the indoor unit

 After hanging the indoor unit (\*), fix the bracket 1 (2 pieces) temporarily with bolt by 2 turns as shown in the figure.

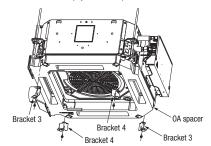
\* For the height (position) of hanging the indoor unit, refer to Section 5.



- ② Install OA spacer.
  - i. Install it in the way that the recess of OA spacer will fit on the bracket
     1 fixed temporarily at the step ①.
  - ii. Tighten the bolt of bracket 1.
  - iii. Fix the bracket 2 with bolt. (Tighten up)



③ Fix the brackets 3 and 4 (2 pieces each) with bolts.

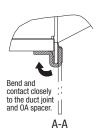


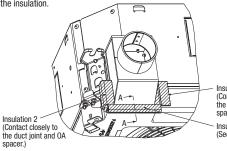
## 2. Applying insulation

Applying the insulation attached to duct joint set (TC-OAD-E)

- 1 Applying the insulation 1 as shown in the figure.
- 2 Applying the insulation 2 as shown in the figure.

\* Be sure to cover the entire surface of sheet metal of the duct joint with the insulation.





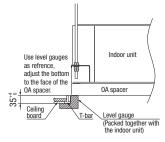
 Insulation 2 (Contact closely to the duct joint and OA spacer.)

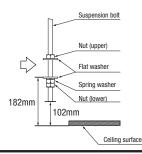
Insulation 1 (See section A-A.)

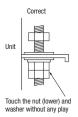
# (5) Installation of indoor unit

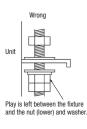
## Work procedure

- 1. This units is designed for 2  $\times$  2 grid ceiling.
  - If necessary, please detach the T bar temporarily before you install it.
  - If it is installed on a ceiling other than  $2 \times 2$  grid ceiling, provide an inspection port on the control box side.
- 2. Arrange the suspension bolt at the right position (530mm530mm).
- 3. Make sure to use four suspension bolts and fix them so as to be able to hold 500N load.
- 4. Ensure that the lower end of the suspension bolt should be 102mm above the ceiling plane. Temporarily put the four lower nuts 182mm above the ceiling plane and the upper nuts on distant place from the lower nuts in order not to obstruct hanging the indoor unit or adjust the indoor unit position, and then hang the indoor unit.
- 5. Adjust the indoor unit position after hanging it by inserting the level gauge (Packed together with the indoor unit.) attached on the package into the air supply port and checking if the gap between the ceiling plane and the indoor unit is appropriate. (\*) In order to adjust the indoor unit position, adjust the lower nuts while the upper nuts are put on distant place. Conrm there is no backlash between the hanger plate for suspension bolt and the lower nut and washer.
  - \* Use the level gauge only when OA spacer has been installed before hanging (4) 1-1 only).

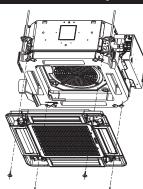








# **6** Installation of panel



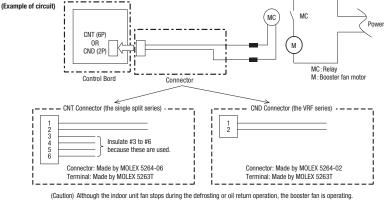
Tighten the panels to the brackets 3 and 4 with bolts. For further details, refer to the installation manual of panel.

(Caution) Connect the connector of lover motor within the control box.

# Interlocking with the indoor unit fan

Connect the Single split series and the VRF series to CNT on the indoor PCB and to CND on the indoor PCB respectively. If a ventilation device is connected been geared with the motion of indoor device (ON: DC12V output, OFF: OV output), the ventilation device is operated/stopped.

Set it at "VENT LINK" by selecting "No. 11 VENT LINK SET" from the functional setting by remote control. For details, refer to the "ELECTRIC WIRNG WORK INSTRUCTION" of indoor unit.



Use a total heat exchanger, if necessary

# 3.5 DUCT JOINT (FDTC series)

PJZ012D073

# • This product is used by assembling on the spacer (TC-0AS-E2)

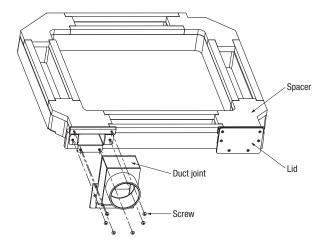
# 1.Before installation

• Confirm the following parts are included:

Duct joint	Screw	Insulation 1 (120 × 54)	Insulation 2 (40 × 60)
1	6	1	2

# 2.Regarding the use of this product

- Fix the product on the spacer (TC-OAS-E2) as shown below.
  For the installation method, refer to the installation manual of the spacer.



# 3.6 FILTER KIT (FDUM series)



This manual contains installation points and operating instructions for the filter kit manufactured by MHI. Carry out the work following the instructions below.

This manual also contains information on the usage after installation,

so keep this manual properly with USER'S MANUAL provided with the indoor unit.

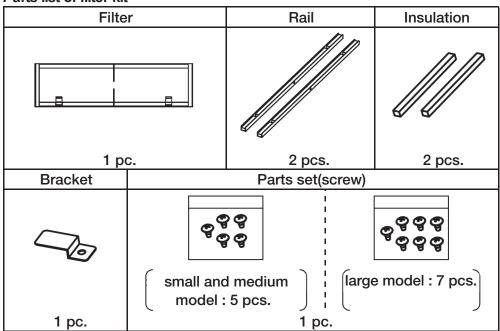


- · After unpacking, carry out this work on the ground.
- Do not carry out the work during operation, or there is a danger of being entangled in the rotating parts and getting injured.
- Clean the air filter regularly.
- · Be sure to entrust qualified serviceman to performance on the air filter.
- · Be sure to cut off the power and stop the unit before performing maintenance.

# 1. Table of filter kit parts No. and corresponding object models

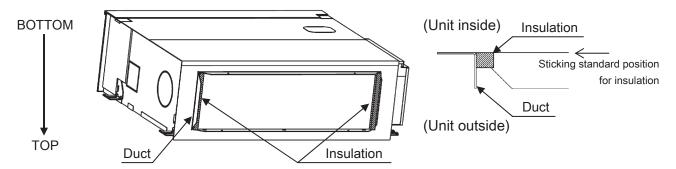
	Small model	Medium model	Large model
Single type	40, 50	60, 71	100 - 140
Multi type	22 - 56	71, 90	112 - 160
Filter Kit	UM-FL1EF	UM-FL2EF	UM-FL3EF

# 2. Parts list of filter kit

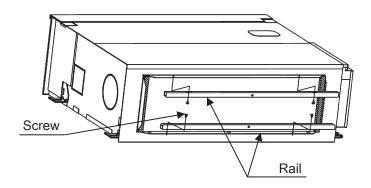


# 3. Installation Points

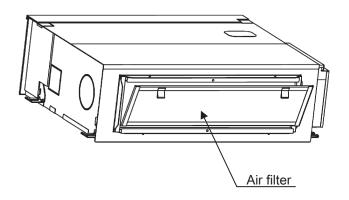
(1) Stick the insulation on both inner sides of the duct, leaving no space up and down.



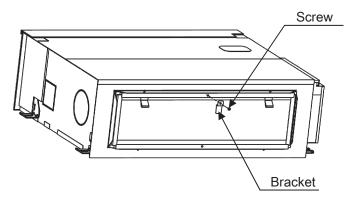
- (\*) After unpacking, bottom side of the unit is located at the upper side.
- (2) Install the rail on both inner sides of the duct with the screw.

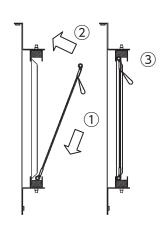


(3) Install the air filter on the rails.



(4) Install the bracket on the rail with the screw.





Installation procesure

(\*\*) When the unit is installed, bottom side of the unit is located at the lower side.

# 3.7 INTERFACE KIT (SC-BIKN2-E)

When RC-EX3A is connected, please use SC-BIKN2-E by all means.

RKZ012A099

# Accessories included in package

Be sure to check all the accessories included in package

No.	Part name			
1	Indoor unit's connection cable (cable length: 1.8m)	1		
2	Wood screws (for mounting the interface: ø4x 25)	2		
3	Tapping screws (for the cable clump and the interface mounting bracket)	3		
4	Interface mounting bracket			
(5)	Cable clamp (for the indoor unit's connection cable)	1		
6	CnT terminal connection cable (total cable length: 0.5m)	1		

# Safety precautions

Before use, please read these Safety precautions thoroughly before installation

● All the cautionary items mentioned below are important safety related items to be taken into consideration, so be sure to observe them at all times.

Incorrect installation could lead to serious consequences such as death, major injury or environmental destruction.

Symbols used in these precautions



Always go along these instruction.

● After completed installation, carry out trial operation to confirm no anomaly, and ask the user to keep this installation manual in a good place for future reference.

# Æ

# Warnings



●Installation must be carried out by a qualified installer.

If you install it by yourself, it may cause an electric shock, fire and personal injury, as a result of a system malfunction.

■Install it in full accordance with the installation manual.

Incorrect installation may cause an electric shock, fire and personal injury.

● Electrical work must be carried out by a qualified electrician in accordance with the technical standard for electrical equipment, the indoor wiring standard and this installation manual.

Incorrect installation may cause an electric shock, fire and personal injury.

Use the specific cables for wiring. And connect all the cables to terminals or connectors securely and clamp them with cable clamps in order for external forces not to be transmitted to the terminals directly.

Incomplete connection may cause malfunction, and lead to heat generation and fire.

●Use the original accessories and specified components for installation.

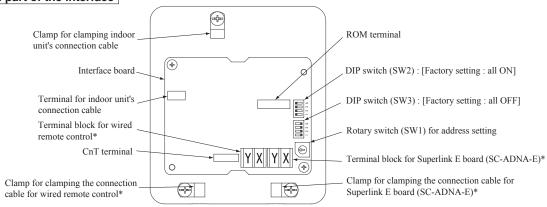
If the parts other than those prescribed by us are used, it may cause an electric shock, fire and sersonal injury.

# Connecting the indoor unit's connection cable to the interface

- (1) Remove the upper case of the interface.
- Remove 2 screws from the interface casing before removal of upper casing. ②Connect the indoor unit's connection cable to the interface.
- Connect the connector of the indoor unit connection cable to the
- connector on the interface's circuit board.
- (3) Fix the indoor unit's connection cable with the cable clamp.
  - Cable can be brought in from the top or from the back.
  - · Cut out the punch-outs for the connection cables running into the casing with cutter.
- (4) Connect the indoor unit's connection cable to the indoor control PCB.
  - Connect the indoor unit's connection cable to the indoor control PCB securely.
  - Clamp the connection cable to the indoor control box securely with the cable clamp provided as an accessory.
  - Regarding the cable connection to the indoor unit, refer to the installation manual for

# Wiring inlet (top or back) 3 Fix the cable with the cable clamp 2 Connect the indoor unit's connection cable (1)Remove the upper case

# Name of each part of the interface



\*Either the connection cables of Superlink E board (SC-ADNA-E) or of wired remote control is connectable.

Switch	Setting	Function	Switch	Setting	Function
SW2-1	ON**	CnT level input	SW2-3	ON**	External input (CnT input)
3 W 2-1	OFF	CnT pulse input	3 W 2-3	OFF	Operation permission/prohibition (CnT input)
SW2-2	ON**	Wired remote control : Enable	SW2-4	ON**	Annual cooling : Enable***
3 W 2-2	OFF	Wired remote control : Disable	5 W Z-4	OFF	Annual cooling : Disable***

<sup>\*\*</sup> Factory setting

\*\*\* Indoor fan control at low outdoor air temperature in cooling

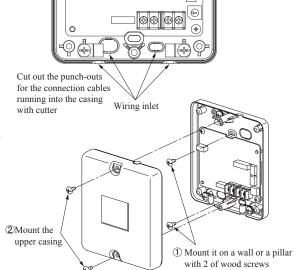
Wiring inlet

# Installation of the interface

- Install the interface within the range of the connection cable length (approximately 1.3m) from the indoor unit.
- Be sure not to extend the connection cable on site. If the connection cable is extended, malfunction may occur.
- Fix the interface on the wall, pillar or the like.
- Don't install the interface and wired remote control at the following places.
  - OPlaces exposed to direct sunlight
  - OPlaces near heating devices
  - OHigh humidity places
  - OSurfaces where are enough hot or cold to generate condensation
  - OPlaces exposed to oil mist or steam directly
  - OUneven surface

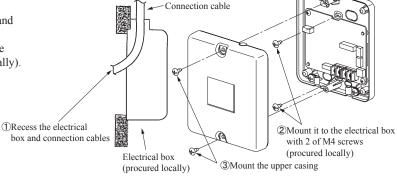
## Mounting the interface directly on a wall

- ①Mount the lower casing of the interface on a flat surface with wood screws provided as standard accessory.
- 2 Mount the upper casing.



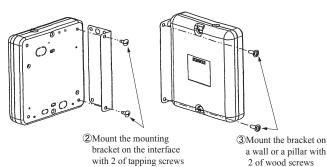
## Recessing the interface in the wall

- ①Recess the electrical box (procured locally) and connection cables in the wall.
- ②Mount the lower casing of the interface to the electrical box with M4 screws (procured locally).
- 3 Mount the upper casing.



# Mounting the interface with the mounting bracket

- 1)Mount the upper casing.
- ②Mount the mounting bracket to the interface with tapping screws provided as standard accessory.
- 3 Mount the mounting bracket on wall or the like with wood screws provided as standard accessory.



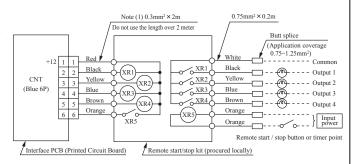
## Installation check items

- ☐ Are the connection cables connected securely to the terminal blocks and connectors?
- ☐ Are the thickness and length of the connection cables conformed with the standard?

# **Functions of CnT connector**

It is available to operate the air-conditioner and to monitor the operation status with the external control unit (remote display) by sending the input/output signal through CnT connector on the indoor control PCB.

- ①Connect a external remote control unit (procured locally) to CnT terminal.
- ②In case of the pulse input, switch OFF the DIP switch SW2-1 on the interface PCB.
- When setting operation permission/prohibition mode, switch OFF the DIP switch SW2-3 on the interface PCB.

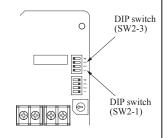


Input/ Output Function		Output	signal	
		Relay	ON/OFF	Content
Output 1	Operation output	XR1	ON	During air-conditioner operation
Output 2	Heating output	XR2	ON	During heating operation
Output 3	Compressor operation output	XR3	ON	During compressor running
Output 4	Malfunction output	XR4	ON	During anomalous stop

- ■XR<sub>1-4</sub> are for the DC 12V relay
- XR5 is a DC 12/24V or AC 220-240V relav
- ●CnT connector (local) maker, model

Connector	Molex	5264-06
Terminals	Molex	5263T

Immust/			SW2-1		SW2-3			Air-	Operation by			
Input/ Output	Function		G wi		Input s	ignal	0 4 4	conditioner	remote control			
Output			Setting	Setting	Level/Pulse	XR5	Content	conditioner	remote control			
				ON*		OFF→ON	External input	ON				
		ON*	Level input	ON.	Level	ON→OFF	1	OFF	Allowed			
	D . 1	OIV	Level input	OFF	LCVCI	OFF→ON	→ON Operation permission	OFF				
Input	External control				OFF	OFF	ON→OFF	Operation prohibition	OFF	Not allowed		
	input			ON*	D1	OFF→ON External input	External input	OFF→ON				
		OFF Pulse input	OFF Pulse input	Dulas innut	FF Pulse input	1		Pulse	OFF-ON	-ON External input	ON→OFF	Allowed
		OII	i disc input	OFF	OFF	T1	OFF→ON	Operation permission	ON			
				OFF	Level	ON→OFF	Operation prohibition	OFF	Not allowed			



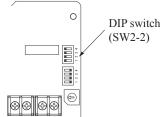
In case of the remote control (RC-EX3 or later model), the external outputs (1-4) and the external input can be changed using the function setting of remote control. For the setting method, refer to the installation manual. Also refer to the technical manual to know how it is adapted to the function setting for the external outputs and input, at the indoor unit side.

# Connection of Superlink E board

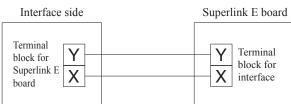
Regarding the connection of Superlink E board, refer to the installation manual of Superlink E board. For electrical work, power source for all of units in the Superlink system must be turned OFF.

①Switch ON the DIP switch SW2-2 (Factory setting: ON) on the interface PCB.

Caution: Wireless remote control attached to the indoor unit can be used in parallel, after connecting the wired remote control. However, some of functions other than the basic functions such as RUN/STOP, temperature setting, etc. may not work properly and may have a mismatch between the display and the actual behavior.



②Wiring connection between the interface and the Superlink E board.



3 Clamp the connection cables with cable clamps.

No.	Names of recommended signal wires
1	Shielded wire
2	Vinyl cabtyre round cord
3	Vinyl cabtyre round cable
4	Vinyl insulated wire vinyl sheathed cable for control

Within 200 m  $0.5 \text{ mm}^2 \times 2 \text{ cores}$ Within 300 m  $0.75 \text{ mm}^2 \times 2 \text{ cores}$ 

Within 400 m  $1.25 \text{ mm}^2 \times 2 \text{ cores}$ 

Within 600 m  $2.0 \text{ mm}^2 \times 2 \text{ cores}$ 

<sup>\*</sup> Factory setting

DIP switch

(SW2-2)

0

# Connection of wired remote control

Regarding the connection of wired remote control, refer to the installation manual of wired remote control.

①Switch ON the DIP switch SW2-2 (Factory setting: ON) on the interface PCB.

Caution: Wireless remote control attached to the indoor unit can be used in parallel, after connecting the wired remote control.

Caution: Wireless remote control attached to the indoor unit can be used in parallel, after connecting the wired remote control. However, some of functions other than the basic functions such as RUN/STOP, temperature setting, etc. may not work properly and may have a mismatch between the display and the actual behavior.

②Wiring connection between the interface and the wired remote control.

# Installation and wiring of wired remote control

- (A) Install the wired remote control with reference to the attached installation manual of wired remote control.
- B 0.3mm<sup>2</sup> × 2 cores cable should be used for the wiring of wired remote control.
- © Maximum length of wiring is 600m.

If the length of wiring exceeds 100m, change the size of cable as mentioned below.

100m-200m:  $0.5\text{mm}^2 \times 2$  cores, 300m or less:  $0.75\text{mm}^2 \times 2$  cores, 400m or less:  $1.25\text{mm}^2 \times 2$  cores, 600m or less:  $2.0\text{mm}^2 \times 2$  cores However, cable size connecting to the terminal of wired remote control should not exceed  $0.5\text{mm}^2$ . Accordingly if the size of connection cable exceeds  $0.5\text{mm}^2$ , be sure to downsize it to  $0.5\text{mm}^2$  at the nearest section of the wired remote control and waterproof treatment should be done at the connecting section in order to avoid contact failure.

- Don't use the multi-core cable to avoid malfunction.
- (E) Keep the wiring of wired remote control away from grounding (Don't touch it to any metal frame of building, etc.).
- © Connect the connection cables to the terminal blocks of the wired remote control and the interface securely (No polarity).
- (3) Clamp the connection cables with cable clamps.

## Control of multiple units by a single wired remote control

Multiple units (up to 16) can be controlled by a single wired remote control. In this case, all units connected with a single wired remote control will operate under the same mode and same setting temperature.

- ①Connect all the interface with 2 cores cables of wired remote control line.
- ②Set the address of indoor unit for remote control communication from "0" to "F" with the rotary switch SW1 on the interface PCB.
- ③After turning the power ON, the address of indoor unit can be displayed by pressing AIR CON No. button on the wired remote control.

  Make sure all indoor units connected are displayed in order by pressing

  or □ button.

## Master/Slave setting wired when 2 of wired remote control are used

Maximum two wired remote control can be connected to one indoor unit (or one group of indoor units)

①Set the DIP switch SW1 on the wired remote control to "Slave" for the slave remote control. (Factory setting: Master)

O Caution: Remote control sensor of the slave remote control is invalid.

When using the wireless remote control in parallel with the wired remote control;
Since temperature setting range of wired remote control is different from that of wireless remote control, please adjust the setting range of wired remote control to be the same setting range of wireless remote control by following procedure. (The set temperature may not be displayed correctly on the wireless remote control, unless change of temperature setting range is done.)
Changing procedure of temperature setting range is as follows.

## How to set upper and lower limit of temperature setting range

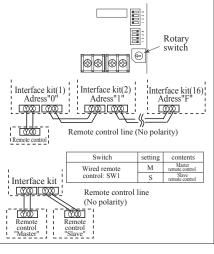
- 1. Stop the air-conditioner, and press (SET) and (MODE) button at the same time for 3 seconds or more.
  - The indication changes to "FUNCTION SET ▼"
- 2. Press ▼button once, and change to the "TEMP RANGE ▲" indication.
- 3. Press  $\bigcirc$  (SET) button, and enter the temperature range setting mode.
- 4. Confirm that the "Upper limit ▼" is shown on the display.
- 5. Press (SET)button to fix.
  - . ①Indication: " $\textcircled{6} \lor \land$  SET UP" $\rightarrow$ "UPPER 28°C  $\lor \land$ "
    - ②Select the upper limit value 30°C with temperature setting button  $\triangle$ ."UPPER30°C  $\vee$ " (blinking)
    - ③Press (SET) button to fix. "UPPER 30°C" (Displayed for two seconds)

      After the fixed upper limit value displayed for two seconds, the indication will returm to "UPPER LIMIT ▼".
- - ②Select the lower limit value 18℃ with temperature setting button ☑."LOWER18℃∧" (blinking)
  - ③Press (SET) button to fix. "LOWER 18°C" (Displayed for two seconds)

    After the fixed lower limit value displayed for two seconds, the indication will returm to "LOWER LIMIT▼"
- 8. Press ON/OFF button to finish.

Temperature setting range

Mode	Temperature setting range
Cooling, Heating, Dry, Auto	18-30°C



• It is possible to quit in the middle by pressing ON/OFF button, but the change of setting is incompleted.

Previous button

ШШ

 During setting, if pressing (RESET) button, it returns to the previous screen.

TEMP RANG



# 3.8 SUPERLINK E BOARD (SC-ADNA-E)



- Read and understand the instructions completely before starting installation.
- Refer to the instructions for both indoor and outdoor units.

# Safety precautions

- Carefully read "Safety precautions" first. Follow the instructions for installation.
- Precautions are grouped into "Warning 🕰 " and "Caution 🖈". The "Warning 🛧 " group includes items that may lead to serious injury or death if not observed. The items included
- in the "Caution A" group also may lead to serious results under certain conditions. Both groups are crucial for safety installation. Read and understand them carefully.

   After installation, conduct the test operation of the device to check for any abnormalities. Describe how to operate the device to the customer following the installation instruction manual. Instruct the customer to keep this installation instruction for future reference.

#### **.**♠Warning

- This device should be installed by the dealer where you purchase the device or a licensed professional shop. If the device is incorrectly installed by the
- customer, it may result in electric shock or fire.

  Install the device carefully following the installation instruction. If the device is incorrectly installed, it may result in electric shock or fire.
- Use the accessory parts and specified parts for installation. If any parts that do not match the specifications are used, it may result in electric shock or fire.
- A person with the electrical service certification should conduct the service based on the "Technical standards for electrical facilities", "Electrical Wiring Code", and the installation instruction. If the work is done incorrectly, it may result in electric shock or fire
- Wiring should be securely connected using the specified types of wire. No external force on the wire should be applied to any terminals. If a secure connection is not achieved, it may result in electric shock or fire.

5 Connection outline

Provide ground connection.

## Note for setting the address

Do not install the device in the following locations.

Set the address between 00 and 47 for the previous Superlink connection and between 000 and 127 for the new Superlink connection. (\*1)

**∴**Caution

The ground line should never be connected to the gas supply piping, the water

These may interfere with the control system resulting in the device becoming 4. Where flammable volatile materials such as paint thinner and gasoline

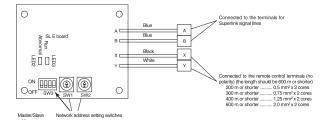
supply piping, the lightning conductor rod, nor the telephone ground. If the grounding is improper, it may result in electric shock.

1.Where there is mist/spray of oil or steam such as kitchens. 2.Where there is corrosive gases such as sulfurous acid gas.

3. Where there is a device generating electromagnetic waves

may exist or where they are handled. This may cause a fire.

Do not set the address overlapping with those of the other devices in the network. (The default is 000)



(\*1) Whether the actual link is either the new Superlink or the previous Superlink depends on the models of the connected outdoor and indoor units. Consult the agent or the dealer.

# 1 Application

Indoor-to-outdoor three core communication specification type 3 (since

# Accessories

SL E board	Metal box	Metal cover	Screw for ground
	[8]	· ·	M4×8L 2 pieces
Pan head screws	Locking supports	Binding band	Grommet
ø4×8L 2 pieces	To secure the print board and		

## 3 Function

Allowing the central control SL1N-E, SL2NA-E, and SL4-AE/BE to control and monitor the commercial air-conditioner unit.

## Control switching

Settings can be changed by the DIP switch SW3 on the SL E board as in the

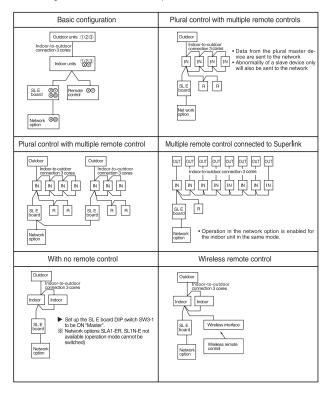
Switch	Symbol	Switch	Remarks
	-1	ON	Master
	ļ	OFF (default)	Slave
		ON	Fixed previous protocol
	SW3	OFF (default)	Automatic adjustment of Superlink protocol
SW3		ON	Indicates the forced operation stop when abnormality has occurred.
	3	OFF (default)	Indicates the status of running/stop as it is, when abnormality has occurred.
	4	ON	The hundredth address activated "1"
		OFF (default)	The hundredth address activated "0"

#### Signal line specification

Communication method	Previous Superlink	New Superlink
Line type	MVVS	MVVS
Line diameter	0.75 - 1.25mm <sup>2</sup>	0.75/1.25mm <sup>2</sup>
Signal line (total length)	up to 1000m	up to 1500/1000m (*2)
Signal line (maximum length)	up to 1000m	up to 1000m

- (\*2) Up to 1500 m for  $0.75 \text{ mm}^2$ , and up to 1000 m for  $1.25 \text{ mm}^2$ . Do not use 2.0 mm<sup>2</sup>. It may cause an error.
- (\*3) Connect grounding on both ends of the shielding wire. For the grounding method, refer to the section "6 Installation".

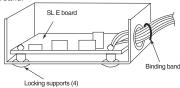
- Set the Superlink network address with SW1 (tens place), SW2 (ones place), and SW3 (hundreds place).
- (2) Set the SL E board SW3-1 to be ON (Master) when using this without any remote control (no wired remote controller nor wireless remote control).
- (3) Set up the plural master/slave device using the DIP switches on the indoor unit board.
- (4) Set up the remote control master/slave device using the slide switch on the remote control board.
- (5) Set up "0" to "F" using the address rotary switch on the indoor unit board when controlling the indoor unit with the multiple remote control.



## 6 Installation

- 1. When using the metal box (mounted on the indoor unit / mounted on the back of the remote control):
  - (1) Mount the SL E board in the metal box using the locking supports.
  - (2) Wiring should go through the provided grommet since then through the wiring to the hole on the Metal box.

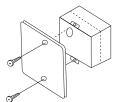
Secure the grommet after inserting the grommet into the Metal box as shown in below figure, then tie the wiring at the outlet of the unit using a binding band.



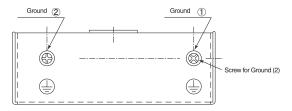
▲ When installed outside the indoor unit, put the metal cover on.



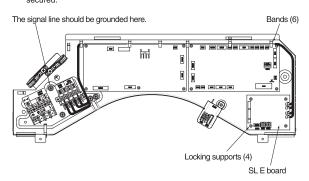
▲ When installed on the back of the remote control, mount it directly on the remote control bottom case.



Connect grounding. Connect grounding for the power line to Ground ①, and grounding for the signal line to Ground ② or to the Ground on the indoor unit control box.



- 2. When connecting to the indoor unit control box (ceiling-concealed type and FDT type only):
- (1) Mount the SL E board in the control box using the locking supports.
- (2) Remove 6 bands from the box and put the wiring through the bands to be secured.



Electrical shock hazard! make sure to turn the power off for servicing. Be cautious so that no abnormal force should be applied to the wiring. Do not let the SL E board hung by the wiring. Do not damage the board with a screw driver.

The board is sensitive to static electricity. Release the static electricity of your body before servicing.

(You can do this by touching the control board which is grounded).

## Location of installation

Install the device at the location where there are no electromagnetic waves nor where there is water and dust. The specified temperature range of the device is 0 to 40°C. Install the device at the location where the ambient temperature stays within the range. If it exceeds the specification, make sure to provide solution such as installing a cooling fan. When used outside of the range, it may cause abnormal operation.

# 7 Indicator display

Check the LED 3 (green) and LED 2 (red) on the SL E board for flashing.

SL E board LEDs			Display on the
Red	Green	Inspection mode	integrated network control device
Off	Flashing	Normal communication	
Off	Off	Disconnection in the remote control communication line (X or Y)     Short-circuit in the remote control communication line (between X and Y)     Faulty indoor unit remote control power     Faulty remote control communication circuit     Faulty CPU on SL E board	No corresponding unit number
One flash	Flashing	Disconnection in the Superlink signal line (A or B)     Short-circuit in the Superlink signal line (between A and B)     Faulty Superlink signal circuit	
Two flashes	Flashing	Faulty address setting for the SL E board (Set up the address for previous SL E board : more than 48 new SL E board : more than 128)	
Three flashes	Flashing	SL E board parent not set up when used without a remote control     Faulty remote control communication circuit	E1
Four flashes	Flashing	Address overlapping for the SL E board and the Superlink network connected indoor unit	E2
Off	Flashing	Number of connected devices exceeds the specification for the multiple indoor unit control	E10

# **HYPER INVERTER PACKAGED AIR-CONDITIONERS**



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