ENGINEERING TOMORROW



Data sheet

# **Crankcase pressure regulator** Type KVL



KVL crankcase pressure regulator are used to protect the compressor motor against overload experienced during startup after long off periods or just after defrost periods.

They are installed in the suction line of refrigeration systems.

### **Features**

- Accurate, adjustable pressure regulation
- Wide capacity and operating range
- Pulsation damping design
- Stainless steel bellows
- Compact angle design for easy installation in any position
- "Hermetic" brazed construction
- Available with flare and ODF solder connections
- KVL 12 KVL 22: may be used in the following EX range: Category 3 (Zone 2)



### Data scheet | Crankcase pressure regulator, type KVL

### **Approvals**

UL LISTED, file SA7200

**EAN** 

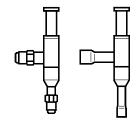
#### **Technical data**

Refrigerants	R22, R134a, R290*, R404A, R407A, R407C, R407F, R407H, R448A, R449A, R449B, R450A, R452A, R454A*, R454C*, R455A*, R507, R513A, R515B, R516A, R600*, R600a*, R1234ze(E)*, R1234yf*, R1270*  * KVL 12 – KVL 22 only					
Dogulation ways	3 – 87 psig					
Regulation range	Factory setting = 29 psig					
Maximum working pressure	KVL 12 – 35 MWP = 261 psig					
Maximum test pressure	$P_e = PS \times 1.1 = 287 \text{ psig}$					
Medium temperature range	-75 – 266 °F					
Maximum P-band	KVL 12 – 22: 29 psi					
Maximum r-panu	KVL 28 – 35: 22 psi					

This product (KVL 12 – KVL 22) is evaluated for R290, R454A, R454C, R455A, R600, R600a, R1234ze(E), R1234yf, R2170 by ignition source assessment in accordance with standard EN ISO80079-36. Flare connections are only approved for A1 and A2L refrigerants.

For complete list of approved refrigerants, visit www.products.danfoss.com and search for individual code numbers, where refrigerants are listed as part of technical data.

#### Ordering



Time		Rated ca [T	pacity 1) R]		Flare connection 2)	Code no.	Solder connection	Code no.
Туре	R22	R134a	R404A/ R507	R407C	[in]	Code no.	[in]	Code no.
KVL 12	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.1	1/2	034L0041	1/2	034L0043
KVL 15	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.1	5/8	034L0042	5/8	034L0049
KVL 22	1.2	0.8	1.0	1.1	-	-	7/8	034L0045
KVL 28	4.1	2.6	3.4	3.8	-	-	1 1/8	034L0046
KVL 35	4.1	2.6	3.4	3.8	-	-	1 %	034L0052

<sup>1</sup>) Rated capacity is based on:

Maximum suction pressure  $p_s = 70$  psig

Suction temperature  $t_s = 10 \,^{\circ}F$ 

Condensing temperature  $t_c = 100 \,^{\circ}F$ Pressure drop across regulator  $\Delta p = 2$  psi

<sup>2</sup>) KVL are supplied without flare nuts. Separate flare nuts can be supplied:

½ in, code no **011L1103** 

% in, code no 011L1167

#### Note

The connection dimensions chosen must not be too small, as gas velocities in excess of 130 ft / s at the inlet of the regulator can result in flow noise.

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar  $\frac{1}{2}$  (t<sub>1</sub>°F - 32) = t<sub>2</sub>°C 1 TR = 3.5 kW 1 in = 25.4 mm



### **Capacities**

## Maximum regulator capacity $Q_e^{-1}$ ) at condensing temperature $t_c = 100 \, ^{\circ}F$

**R22** 

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure ps		Capacity	y Q <sub>e</sub> [TR] a	t suction	temperati	ure t₅ afte	r the regu	lator [°F]	1122
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40	50
	2	10	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	20	0.7	0.6	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	30	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.5	-	-	_	-	-
KVL 12	2	40	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.7	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	2	50	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.8	-	-	-
KVL 22	2	60	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	0.6	-	-
	2	70	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4	0.2	-
	2	80	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.3	-
	2	90	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.6	0.9
	3	10	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	20	0.9	0.8	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	30	0.9	1.1	1.0	0.7	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	3	40	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	0.9	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	3	50	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	0.9	-	-	-
KVL 22	3	60	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	0.8	-	-
	3	70	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.7	0.3	-
	3	80	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.6	-
	3	90	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.1
	4	10	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	20	1.0	0.9	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	30	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.8	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	4	40	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.0	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	4	50	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.1	-	-	-
KVL 22	4	60	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	0.9	-	-
	4	70	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	0.3	-
	4	80	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1	1.9	-
	4	90	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.3	1.3
1) The capacities ar	e based on Liq	uid temperatui	re t <sub>i</sub> = 100	°F							

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar  $\frac{1}{9}$  (t<sub>1</sub> °F - 32) = t<sub>2</sub> °C 1 TR = 3.5 kW

Correction factors for liquid temperature t<sub>1</sub>

tı [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
R22	0.82	0.85	0.88	0.92	0.96	1.0	1.05	1.10



## Maximum regulator capacity Q $_{\!e}$ $^{1}\!)$ at condensing temperature t $_{\!c}\!=100~^{\circ}\!F$

**R22** 

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure ps		Capacity	/ Q <sub>e</sub> [TR] a	t suction	temperat	ure t <sub>s</sub> afte	r the regu	lator [°F]	NZZ
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40	50
	2	10	0.8	1.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	20	2.0	2.7	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	30	2.5	2.9	2.3	1.2	-	-	-	-	-
	2	40	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.0	1.6	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	2	50	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.6	3.5	1.8	-	-	-
KVESS	2	60	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.1	3.8	1.4	-	-
	2	70	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.5	3.9	0.4	-
	2	80	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.5	5.0	3.4	-
	2	90	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.5	5.0	5.5	2.0
	3	10	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	20	2.4	1.9	0.8	-	-	_	_	-	_
	3	30	3.1	3.4	2.8	1.5	-	-	-	-	-
10.11.00	3	40	3.1	3.5	4.0	3.6	2.0	-	_	-	_
KVL 28 KVL 35	3	50	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.5	4.3	2.2	-	-	-
KVESS	3	60	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	4.7	1.8	-	-
	3	70	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	4.7	0.5	-
	3	80	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.1	4.2	-
	3	90	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.1	6.7	2.5
	4	10	1.1	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
	4	20	2.8	2.2	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	30	3.6	3.9	3.3	1.8	-	-	_	-	-
	4	40	3.6	4.1	4.6	4.2	2.3	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	4	50	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.2	4.9	2.5	-	-	-
KVE 33	4	60	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.2	5.8	5.4	2.0	-	-
	4	70	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.2	5.8	6.4	5.5	0.6	-
	4	80	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.2	5.8	4.5	7.1	4.8	-
	4	90	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.2	5.8	4.5	7.1	7.7	2.9
1) The capacities a	re based on Liq	uid temperatui	$re t_i = 100$	°F							

Correction	Correction factors for liquid temperature t <sub>I</sub>											
tı [°F]	°F] 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120											
R22												

System capacity  $\times$  correction factor = table capacity

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Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar  $\frac{1}{9}$  (t<sub>1</sub> °F - 32) = t<sub>2</sub> °C 1 TR = 3.5 kW



## Maximum regulator capacity Q $_{e}$ $^{1}$ ) at condensing temperature $t_{c}$ = 100 $^{\circ}$ F

## R134a

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure ps		Capa	icity Q <sub>e</sub> [	TR] at s	uction t	emperat	ture t <sub>s</sub> af	ter the	egulato	or [°F]	
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
	2	10	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	20	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	30	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	-	_	_	-	_
KVL 12	2	40	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.7	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	2	50	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.8	-	-	-
KVL 22	2	60	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0	-	-
	2	70	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.2	-
	2	80	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5
	2	90	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5
	3	10	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	20	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.5	-	-	-	_	-	-
(VL 12	3	30	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.7	-	-	-	-	-
	3	40	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.8	-	_	-	-
KVL 15	3	50	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.0	-	-	-
KVL 22	3	60	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.3	-	-
	3	70	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.5	-
	3	80	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8
	3	90	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9
	4	10	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	20	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	30	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.8	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	4	40	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.0	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	4	50	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.2	-	-	-
KVL 22	4	60	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.5	-	-
	4	70	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.8	-
	4	80	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.1
	4	90	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar  $\frac{1}{9}$  (t<sub>1</sub> °F - 32) = t<sub>2</sub> °C 1 TR = 3.5 kW

Correction	factors for	liquid temp	erature t <sub>i</sub>								
tı [°F]	F] 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120										
R134a	0.79	0.82	0.86	0.90	0.95	1.0	1.06	1.13			



## Maximum regulator capacity Q $_{e}$ $^{1}$ ) at condensing temperature $t_{c}$ = 100 $^{\circ}$ F

## R134a

	Δр	pressure p <sub>s</sub>											
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
	2	10	1.3	1.3	1.1	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	20	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	30	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.2	1.9	1.3	-	-	-	-	-
	2	40	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.5	1.7	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	2	50	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.0	3.1	2.1	-	-	-
KVL 33	2	60	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.7	2.7	-	-
	2	70	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.7	4.2	3.4	-
	2	80	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	4.1
	2	90	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.2
	3	10	1.6	1.5	1.4	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
W 20	3	20	1.9	2.1	2.1	1.8	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	30	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.7	2.4	1.6	-	-	-	-	-
	3	40	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.1	2.1	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	3	50	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	3.8	2.6	-	-	-
KVE 33	3	60	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.6	3.3	-	-
	3	70	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.1	4.1	-
	3	80	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.1	5.7	5.1
	3	90	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.1	5.7	6.3
	4	10	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	20	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.1	1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	30	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.1	2.8	1.8	-	-	-	-	-
	4	40	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.7	3.5	2.4	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	4	50	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.4	3.0	-	-	-
VL 35	4	60	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.3	3.8	-	-
	4	70	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.3	5.9	4.8	-
	4	80	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.3	5.9	6.6	5.9
	4	90	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.3	5.9	6.6	7.3

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar  $\frac{1}{9}$  (t<sub>1</sub> °F - 32) = t<sub>2</sub> °C 1 TR = 3.5 kW

Correction factors for liquid temperature  $\mathbf{t}_{l}$ 

tı [°F	]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
R134	4a	0.79	0.82	0.86	0.90	0.95	1.0	1.06	1.13



## Maximum regulator capacity Q $_{e}$ $^{1}$ ) at condensing temperature $t_{c}$ = 100 $^{\circ}$ F

## R404A/R507

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure ps		Capacity Q	e [TR] at su	ction temp	erature t, a		gulator [°F]	
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40
	2	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	20	0.5	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	30	0.6	0.6	0.5	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	2	40	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.6	-	-	-	ı
KVL 15	2	50	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.7	-	-	-
KVL 22	2	60	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.7	-	-
	2	70	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.5	-
	2	80	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	-
	2	90	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.1
	3	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	20	0.6	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	30	0.8	0.8	0.6	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	3	40	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.7	_	_	_	-
KVL 15	3	50	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.8	-	-	-
KVL 22	3	60	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.8	-	-
	3	70	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	0.6	-
	3	80	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.5	-
	3	90	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.3
	4	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	20	0.7	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	30	0.9	0.9	0.7	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	4	40	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.9	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	4	50	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.0	-	-	-
KVL 22	4	60	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.0	-	-
	4	70	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.7	0.7	-
	4	80	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.7	-
	4	90	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.5
1) The capacities ar	e based on Liq	uid temperatur	re t <sub>I</sub> = 100 °	F						

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar  $\frac{1}{9}$  (t<sub>1</sub> °F - 32) = t<sub>2</sub> °C 1 TR = 3.5 kW

Correction factors for liquid temperature  $t_{\rm l}$ 

tı [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
R404A/R507	0.71	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.92	1.0	1.10	1.24



## Maximum regulator capacity Q $_{\!\!e}$ $^{1}\!)$ at condensing temperature t $_{\!\!c}\!\!=$ 100 $^{\circ}\!F$

# R404A/R507

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure ps		Capacity Q <sub>e</sub> [TR] at suction temperature t <sub>s</sub> after the regulator [°F]								
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40		
	2	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	2	20	1.2	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	2	30	2.0	1.7	1.1	-	-	-	-	-		
	2	40	2.0	2.3	2.2	1.5	-	-	-	-		
KVL 28 KVL 35	2	50	2.0	2.4	2.7	2.8	1.7	-	-	-		
KVESS	2	60	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.2	1.6	-	-		
	2	70	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.4	3.3	1.1	-		
	2	80	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.4	3.9	3.2	-		
	2	90	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.5	3.9	4.3	2.6		
	3	10	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	3	20	1.4	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	3	30	2.5	2.1	1.3	-	-	-	-	-		
10.11.00	3	40	2.6	3.0	2.9	1.9	-	-	-	-		
KVL 28 KVL 35	3	50	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.4	2.1	-	-	-		
KVESS	3	60	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.8	3.9	2.1	-	-		
	3	70	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.9	4.3	4.2	1.3	-		
	3	80	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.9	4.3	4.8	4.0	-		
	3	90	2.6	3.1	3.3	3.9	4.3	4.8	5.4	3.3		
	4	10	0.1	-	-	-	_	-	-	-		
	4	20	1.7	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	4	30	2.8	2.5	1.5	-	-	-	-	-		
10.11.00	4	40	3.0	3.4	3.3	2.1	-	-	-	-		
KVL 28 KVL 35	4	50	3.0	3.4	3.9	4.0	2.4	-	-	-		
255	4	60	3.0	3.4	3.9	4.3	4.4	2.4	-	-		
	4	70	3.0	3.4	4.0	4.4	4.9	4.8	1.7	-		
	4	80	3.0	3.4	4.0	4.4	4.9	5.5	4.6	-		
	4	90	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.4	4.9	5.6	6.2	3.7		
1) The capacities ar	e based on Liq	uid temperatur	re t <sub>I</sub> = 100 °	F								

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar  $\frac{1}{9}$  (t<sub>1</sub> °F - 32) = t<sub>2</sub> °C 1 TR = 3.5 kW

Correction factors for liquid temperature t <sub>1</sub>										
tı [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120		
R404A/R507	0.71	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.92	1.0	1.10	1.24		



## Maximum regulator capacity Q $_{e}$ $^{1}$ ) at condensing temperature $t_{c}$ = 100 $^{\circ}$ F

R407C

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure p <sub>s</sub>	Capacity Q <sub>e</sub> [TR] at suction temperature t <sub>s</sub> after the regulator [°F]								
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40	50
	2	10	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	20	0.6	0.5	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	30	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.4	-	-	_	-	-
KVL 12	2	40	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.6	-	-	-	-
KVL 15 KVL 22	2	50	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.7	-	-	-
	2	60	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.6	-	-
	2	70	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	0.2	-
	2	80	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.2	-
	2	90	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5	0.9
KVL 12	3	10	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	20	0.8	0.7	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	30	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.6	-	-	-	-	-
	3	40	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	0.8	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	3	50	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	0.8	-	-	-
KVL 22	3	60	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	0.7	-	-
	3	70	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.6	0.3	-
	3	80	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.5	-
	3	90	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.0
	4	10	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	20	0.9	0.8	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	30	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7	-	-	-	-	-
KVL 12	4	40	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	0.9	-	-	-	-
KVL 15	4	50	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.0	-	-	-
KVL 22	4	60	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7	0.8	-	-
	4	70	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	0.3	-
	4	80	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.8	-
	4	90	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2	1.2

Correction factors for liquid temperature t<sub>1</sub>

tı [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
R407C	0.78	0.81	0.85	0.89	0.94	1.0	1.07	1.15

Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar  $\frac{1}{9}$  (t<sub>1</sub> °F - 32) = t<sub>2</sub> °C 1 TR = 3.5 kW



## Maximum regulator capacity Q $_{e}$ $^{1}$ ) at condensing temperature $t_{c}$ = 100 $^{\circ}$ F

R407C

Туре	Pressure drop in regulator Δp	Maximum suction pressure ps	Capacity Q <sub>e</sub> [TR] at suction temperature t <sub>s</sub> after the regulator [°F]								
	[psi]	[psi]	-30	-20	-10	0	10	20	30	40	50
	2	10	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	20	1.7	2.3	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	30	2.2	2.5	2.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-
10.11.00	2	40	2.2	2.6	2.9	2.7	1.4	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	2	50	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.2	1.6	-	-	-
KVESS	2	60	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.7	3.5	1.3	-	-
	2	70	2.3	2.7	2.9	3.3	3.8	4.1	3.6	0.4	-
	2	80	2.3	2.7	3.0	3.4	3.8	4.2	4.7	3.2	-
	2	90	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.4	3.9	4.2	4.7	5.2	1.9
	3	10	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3	20	2.0	1.6	0.7	-	-	-	_	-	-
	3	30	2.7	3.0	2.4	1.3	-	-	-	-	-
	3	40	2.8	3.1	3.6	3.2	1.8	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	3	50	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.1	3.9	2.0	-	-	-
KVE33	3	60	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.6	4.3	1.6	-	-
	3	70	2.9	3.2	3.7	4.1	4.6	5.1	4.3	0.5	-
	3	80	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.1	5.7	3.9	-
	3	90	2.9	3.3	3.8	4.2	4.7	5.2	5.7	6.3	2.4
	4	10	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	20	2.4	1.9	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4	30	3.1	3.4	2.9	1.6	-	-	-	-	-
	4	40	3.2	3.7	4.1	3.7	2.1	-	-	-	-
KVL 28 KVL 35	4	50	3.2	3.7	4.1	4.7	4.4	2.3	-	-	-
KVL 33	4	60	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.3	4.9	1.8	-	-
	4	70	3.3	3.8	4.2	4.8	5.3	5.9	2.1	0.6	-
	4	80	3.4	3.8	4.3	4.8	5.4	6.0	6.6	4.5	-
	4	90	3.4	3.9	4.3	4.9	5.5	6.0	6.7	7.2	2.7
1) The capacities ar	e based on Liq	uid temperatur	re t <sub>I</sub> = 100	°F							

Correction factors for liquid temperature t<sub>1</sub>

tı [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
R407C	0.78	0.81	0.85	0.89	0.94	1.0	1.07	1.15

System capacity  $\times$  correction factor = table capacity

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Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar  $\frac{1}{2}$  (t<sub>1</sub> °F - 32) = t<sub>2</sub> °C 1 TR = 3.5 kW





#### Sizing

For optimum performance, it is important to select a KVL valve according to system conditions and application.

The following data must be used when sizing a KVL valve:

- Refrigerant: HCFC, HFC and HC: KVL 12-22, HCFC and non-flammable HFC: KVL 28-35
- Evaporating capacity: Q<sub>e</sub> in [TR]
- Liquid temperature ahead of expansion valve: t<sub>i</sub> in [°F]
- Suction temperature ahead of compressor:
   t<sub>s</sub> in [°F]
- Maximum suction pressure downstream regulator: p<sub>s</sub> in [psig]
- · Connection type: flare or solder
- · Connection size [in]

### Valve selection Example

When selecting the appropiate valve it may be necessary to convert the actual evaporator capacity using a correction factors. This is required when your system conditions are different than the table conditions.

The selection is also dependant on the acceptable pressure drop across the valve.

The following example illustrates how this is done.

- · Refrigerant: R404A
- Evaporating capacity: Q<sub>e</sub> = 0.7 TR
- Liquid temperature ahead of expansion valve:  $t_l = 120~^{\circ}F$
- Compressor suction temperature: t<sub>s</sub> = -20 °F
- Maximum suction temperature after the regulator: p<sub>s</sub> = 30 psig
- Connection type: solder
- Connection size: % in

**Step 1**Determine the correction factor for liquid temperature tl ahead of the expansion valve.

From the correction factors table (see below) a liquid temperature of 120 °F, R404A corresponds to a factor of 1.24.

Correction factors for liquid temperature t<sub>1</sub>

Metric conversions
1 psi = 0.07 bar
$\frac{1}{2}$ (t <sub>1</sub> °F - 32) = t <sub>2</sub> °C
1 TR = 3.5 kW

tı [°F]	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
R22	0.82	0.85	0.88	0.92	0.96	1.0	1.05	1.10
R134a	0.79	0.82	0.86	0.90	0.95	1.0	1.06	1.13
R404A/R507	0.71	0.75	0.80	0.85	0.92	1.0	1.10	1.24
R407C	0.78	0.81	0.85	0.89	0.94	1.0	1.07	1.15

# **Step 2**Corrected evaporator capacity is

 $Q_e = 1.24 \times 0.7 = 0.87 \, \text{TR}$ 

#### Step 3

Now select the appropriate capacity table and choose the column for a suction temperature  $t_s = -20 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$ .

Using the corrected evaporator capacity, select a valve that provides an equivalent or greater capacity at an acceptable pressure drop.

KVL 12, KVL 15, KVL 22 delivers an evaporator capacity up to 0.9 TR at a maximum suction pressure of 30 psig and a 4 psi pressure drop across the valve.

Based on the required connection size of % in ODF, the KVL 15 is the proper selection for this example.

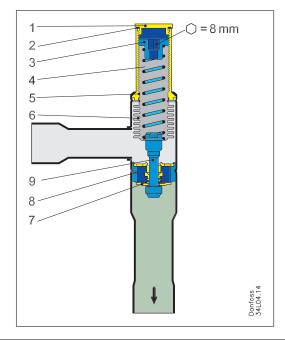
#### Step 4

KVL 15,% in solder connection: code no **034L0049** 



### **Design / Function**

#### KVL



Crankcase pressure regulator type KVL opens on a fall in pressure on the outlet side, i.e. when the suction pressure falls below the set value.

Type KVL regulates on outlet pressure only.

Pressure variations on the inlet side of the regulator do not affect the degree of opening as the valve is equipped with equalization bellows (6).

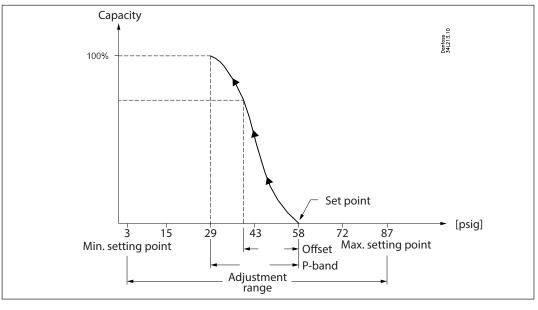
The bellows has an effective area corresponding to that of the valve seat neutralizing any affect to the setting.

The regulator is also equipped with a damping device (9) providing protection against pulsations which can normally arise in a refrigeration system. The damping device helps to ensure long life for the regulator without impairing regulation accuracy.

- 1. Protective cap
- 2. Gasket
- 3. Setting screw
- 4. Main spring
- 5. Valve body
- 6. Equalization bellows
- 7. Valve plate
- 8. Valve seat
- 9. Damping device

#### P-band and Offset

### Example with 58 psig setting



Metric conversions 1 psi = 0.07 bar  $\frac{1}{2}$  (t<sub>1</sub>°F - 32) = t<sub>2</sub>°C

### **Proportional band**

The p-band is defined as the difference between the pressure at which the valve plate starts to open (set point) and the pressure at which the valve is completely open.

#### Example

If the valve is set to open at 58 psig and the valve p-band is 29 psig, the valve will give maximum capacity when the outlet pressure reaches 29 psig.

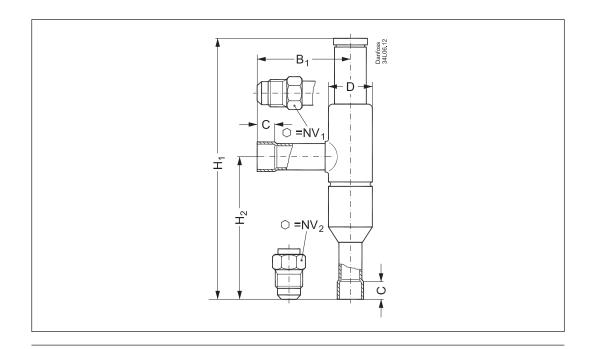
### Offset

The offset is defined as the difference between the pressure at which the valve plate starts to open (set point) and the pressure at which the valve reaches the necessary opening for the actual load.

The offset is always a part of the p-band. Because optimal function of a refrigeration plant is best reached with fully open KVL, the term offset is normally not used in connection with the KVL valve.



### **Dimensions and weights**



	Connection		H <sub>1</sub>	<b>H</b> 2	<b>B</b> 1	C solder	øD	Net weight	
Туре	Flare	Solder ODF	n,	П2	<b>D</b> 1	C solder	ØD	Net weight	
	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[lbs]	
KVL 12	1/2	1/2	7.047	3.898	2.520	0.375	1.181	0.9	
KVL 15	5%	5/8	7.047	3.898	2.520	0.5	1.181	0.9	
KVL 22	-	7/8	7.047	3.898	2.520	0.625	1.181	0.9	
KVL 28	-	1 1//8	10.197	5.945	4.134	0.875	1.693	2.0	
KVL 35	-	1 %	10.197	5.945	4.134	1.0	1.693	2.0	

Metric conversions 1 in = 25.4 mm 1 lb = 0.454 kg